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ESTONIAN HOUSEHOLD INCOME SURVEYS IN THE 1950–1980s

Feasibility study and standard tabulations

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Preface

Household budget surveys are one of the most important sources of information for studies of personal income, expenditure, and standard of living. In Western Europe and the United States, the collection of this kind of statistical material began as early as the second half of the 19th century. In the 20th century, such surveys became universal. This research is based on Estonian household income surveys from the Soviet period. This data needs to be re-examined due to the secrecy and lack of transparency of the Soviet statistical system. Aggregate Soviet statistical data is rarely considered reliable and its poor comparability with non-socialist countries is one of the major obstacles for those trying to estimate the standard of living in state socialist countries. The lack of reliable statistical data related to the development of the economy and standard of living in the USSR has long been problematic.

This study is the result of a research project to determine the feasibility of computerising the individual data from Estonian household income surveys from the state socialist era. These surveys originated in 1958, resumed in 1967, and were conducted regularly at 3-year intervals beginning in 1972. Western researchers regarded these household income surveys as one of the best sample surveys in the USSR. The regularity of the surveys allowed the creation of data sets that describe long-term developments. Fortunately, the individual questionnaires from the Estonian surveys have been archived, with the exception of the 1967 survey. This feasibility study targeted three years of the survey – 1958, 1975 and 1981. A methodology for computerising the questionnaires was developed, data entered, and individual data derived and prepared for analysis. The main objective of the study was to demonstrate that some aspects of Soviet micro-data could be adapted to international standards and thus made comparable to the rest of the world.

The contents of this publication is divided into two parts: the first part contains background information and deals with methodological questions. Its opening chapter discusses the organisation of household income surveys in the USSR. Information has been obtained from archival sources, including interviewer's manuals and the statistics office's instructions. A separate section describes how the data was used during the Soviet period, how the information was disseminated, and what kind of indicators were developed.

The second chapter is a methodological report on the feasibility study. It describes the scope of the individual income surveys and the data that can be derived from them. Technical issues related to preparing, entering, computerising, and cleaning the data are briefly summarised. The representativeness of the data was also tested and weights calculated to compensate for over- or under-represented population groups. The overall conclusion is that the household income surveys had relatively good sample selection, within the Soviet context. Nevertheless, there are a few deficiencies, such as the under-

representation of the rural population in the 1958 survey, that are difficult to overcome.

The second part comprises standard tabulations of the survey data that was computerised during the study. The tabulations employ contemporary statistical indicators: household size and composition, individual employment status, individual and household income, poverty risks, housing, availability of consumer durables, etc. The indicators are expressed in terms of standard variables, including sex, nativity, educational attainment, partnership status, household type, residence, employment status, sector of the economy, and income quintiles. The data used for the standard tabulations was not weighted.

This study required extensive data from archival sources and could not have been realised without appropriate funding. Financial support from the Estonian Science Foundation (grant Nos. 7619 and 7624) and the Estonian Ministry of Education and Sciences (target funding theme 0132703s05) made this project possible. The authors thank Kalju Jurkatamm for computer programming, Loona Kütt and Kristiina Vilbaste for data entry, Irene Kivimaa, Mariliis Kivimaa and Elle Tanner for help with data cleaning.

One of the authors participated in summer schools organised by the ESF GlobalEuroNet economic history network. Financial support from the ESF (GlobalEuroNet) for travel and accommodation expenses is gratefully acknowledged.

Eessõna

Perekonna või leibkonna eelarve uuringud on tähtsaks teabeallikaks rahvastiku sissetulekute, tarbimise ja elustandardi analüüsimisel. Lääne-Euroopas ja Ameerika Ühendriikides algas sellise statistika kogumine juba 19. sajandi teisel poolel. 20. sajandil on vastavaid uuringuid läbiviidud paljudes maailma riikides ja erinevate maade uuringute metoodikaid on kirjeldatud Rahvusvahelise Tööorganisatsiooni poolt (International Labour Office 1992). Käesolev töö käsitleb Eestis nõukogude perioodil organiseeritud leibkondade sissetulekute uuringuid, mille meetodeid, analüüsi ja kõiki tulemusi omal ajal ei avalikustatud. Tänu sellele, et Eesti uuringute algmaterjal on küsitluslehtede kujul säilinud, on võimalus individuaalandmete arvutiseerimiseks ning kaasaegsete meetoditega analüüsimiseks.

Käesoleva teostuvusuuringu eesmärgiks on näidata, et NLiidu statistika poolt korraldatud leibkondade tulu-uuringute andmeid on individuaaltasandil võimalik rakendada kaasaegsetes analüüsides. Vajadus selliste andmete järgi on suhteliselt suur, sest nõukogude periood, nii Eestis kui teistes endistes NLiidu osades, on jätnud sotsiaalmajanduslikku statistikasse arvestatava lünga. Puuduvad rahvusvaheliselt võrreldavad majandusarengu ja elatustaseme indikaatorite trendid. Omaaegsete mikro-andmestike, nagu seda on leibkondade uuringud, kasutussevõtmine on üks võimalus selliste lünkade täitmiseks. Uuringute perioodilisus annab võimaluse pikaajaliste protsesside käsitlemiseks. Lisaks sissetulekute tasemele ning struktuurile ja eluaseme tingimustele selgub uuringutest vastavate nähtuste jaotus rahvastikurühmade vahel. Selline teave on keskseks allikaks elatustaseme ebahütluse ja suhtelise vaesuse leviku käsitlemisel. Viimane on huvipakkuv teema, sest vaesust kui sellist NLiidus üldiselt ei uuritud ning selle hindamine oli keeruline ka välismaiste teadlaste jaoks. Teadaolevalt ei ole seni nõukogude perioodi tulu-uuringute andmestikke pärast NLiidu lagunemist individuaaltasandil teadustöökäsitluseks rakendatud, seega on praegune töö esimene katsetus. Teostuvusuuring on vajalik, et saada ettekujutus leibkonna tulude uuringute metoodikast, korjatud andmete kvaliteedist, andmete arvutiseerimise probleemidest ning sellest, millist teavet tulu-uuringute mikroandmestik uurijatele annab. Loomulikult annab algandmete juurde tagasipöördumine võimaluse omaaegse agregeeritud statistika kontrollimiseks.

Käesolev väljaanne on jaotatud kaheks suuremaks osaks. Esimene, tekstiline osa, sisaldab peamiselt tulu-uuringute andmete uurimise taustinformatsiooni ning teostuvusuuringu metoodilisi küsimusi. Teine osa koosneb teostuvusuuringu käigus läbitöötatud tulu-uuringute andmete standardtabelitest. Esimene osa on jaotatud kaheks peatükiks, millest esimene käsitleb tulu-uuringute korraldamise metoodikat nõukogudeaegses Eestis. Selle eesmärgiks on anda üldisem ülevaade sellest, kuidas nimetatud uuringuid organiseeriti. Oluline on seejuures tähelepanu pöörata uuringu valimi moodustamise protseduuridele, küsitlusmeetoditele ning sellele, mida saadud andmetega peale hakati. Peatükis on lühidalt vaadeldud ka omaaegsete analüüsides tulemusi ja saadud teabe levitamist.

Teine peatükk moodustab käesoleva teostuvusuuringu metoodilise raporti, kus kirjeldatakse teostuvusuuringu jaoks valitud kolme aasta uuringu (1958, 1975 ja 1981) andmestiku kasutuselevõtu üksikasju. Tähelepanu on pööratud valimi esinduslikkusele ja ning võimalustele seda paremini kogurahvastikule laiendada. Samuti on analüüsitud andmekvaliteeti ning võimalikke arvestus- ning sisestusvigasid.

Töö teise ja mahukama osa moodustavad standardtabelid. Tabelite komplekti koostamisel on lähtutud kaasajal levinud statistilistest indikaatoritest, mis kirjeldavad muuhulgas isikute ja leibkondade sissetulekute jaotust, hõivatust, vaesuse levikut ning eluaseme-tingimusi. Valdav enamus tabeleid kasutab sama standardlõiget, milles näidatakse mingi indikaatori väärtus lisaks vanusele veel soo, päritolu, haridustaseme, perekonnaseisu, leibkonnatüübi, hõivestaatuse, elukoha ja leibkonna sissetulekukvintiili lõikes.

Käesolev töö ei oleks valminud mitmete isikute ja institutsioonide abita. Andmesisestuse ettevalmistuse, sisestuse enda ja töötamise tegid võimalikuks Eesti Teadusfondi grant nr 7619 ja nr 7624 ning Haridus ja Teadusministeeriumi sihtfinantseering nr 0132703s05. Autorid tänavad sisestusprogrammi koostajat Kalju Jurkatamme, sisestajaid Loona Kütti ja Kristiina Vilbastet, ning andmepuhastusel abiks olnud Irene Kivimaad, Mariliis Kivimaad ja Elle Tannerit. Üks autoritest on projekti jooksul külastanud Euroopa Teadusfondi projekti GlobalEuroNet suvekoole ja on tänulik selle ettevõtmise teadusliku panuse ja suvekoolidega seotud kulude katmise eest.

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Part I

Methodological Overview

Income Surveys in the USSR

1.1 General overview of household income statistics in the USSR

A large number of surveys were conducted in the USSR throughout the years of its existence. A list of materials archived in the office of the Estonian Soviet Socialist Republic Central Administration of Statistics (*ENSV Statistika Keskvalitsus*, hereafter ENSV SKV) includes numerous examples of surveys on topics such as the use of vacation time, savings and banking services, the amount of time spent on household chores, the clothes and footwear in one's possession, stocks of farm animal feed, the purchase of manufactured goods, and opinions about service establishments and the quality of domestic light industry products. There were also some rather peculiar surveys that are outside the realm of standard statistics (for example, "Families' opinions about the reasons for the loss of food products and animal feed in October–November 1983"). The main purpose of this study is to examine surveys related to income. For this reason, the use of survey statistics from the USSR is confined to household income and budget surveys.

Beginning with readily available information, I. Matyukha, the former Head of the Department of Family Budget Statistics for the Central Administration of Statistics of the USSR (*Центральное Статистическое Управление СССР*, hereafter TsSU SSSR) published an overview of the development of household budget surveys (Matyukha 1967). According to this overview, the first income survey of workers and employees was conducted in 1918 in Petrograd. Several similar local surveys were conducted shortly thereafter in different parts of Soviet Russia and the practice later became widespread in the USSR. According to Matyukha, those early surveys played an important part in planning production and determining salaries. A new era of budget survey statistics commenced in 1951 when it was decided to conduct household budget surveys on a regular basis. Although regularity increased the data collection rate and a great deal of information was collected by means of these surveys, their main deficiency was considered to be their sampling methodology. Households were selected from the enterprises and other institutions where people were employed. As a result, not all sectors were included and the sample was mainly drawn from the industrial sectors of the economy (Levin 1969).

The representativeness of the surveys was compromised by the exclusion of households consisting exclusively of retirees or students and the under-representation of the tertiary sector. Such methods of sample selection produced obvious deviations and the

results over- or underestimated some aspects of economic well-being. Western researchers who studied Soviet household budget surveys in order to estimate the standard of living in the Soviet Union also identified issues with sample selection (McAuley 1977; 1979, Wädekin 1975).¹ The sample size of the household budget surveys was relatively small – for example, even after doubling the size of the sample in 1968 and expanding the coverage of the rural population, the Estonian survey still only comprised about one thousand households. These households were surveyed continuously during the year.

To its credit, the household budget survey covered a whole year and recorded both revenues and expenditures (including the type of expense, the amount of purchases and sums spent). A family obliged to participate in the budget survey had to record all revenues and expenditures monthly. Expenditures were described in great detail; for example, expenditures on a large number of food products and a series of finished and semi-finished industrial products were itemised. Collective farmers accounted for farming expenditures and household income from plant and animal products. Each family kept a journal of revenues and expenditures, and twice a month this data was collected by a statistician who also interviewed the household. Since the survey was rather detailed, the questionnaire form was lengthy – amounting to approximately 50 pages of detailed information per year. This material represents the bulk of Fund R-10 List 17 in the State Archive. In a side note, one of the family budget publications of the Office of Statistics mistakenly stated that the research data was not preserved, because the data was processed in Moscow and only a summary of the information was returned (Grauberg *et al.* 2003; p 5). This was probably the case for certain years, but a large collection of the original questionnaire sheets is still kept in the State Archives.

Income surveys may be considered a sub-category of the household budget survey. It was probably due to issues associated with the sample size of the household budget survey in the USSR that one-time (rather than continuous) income surveys were initiated. The first income survey of this type was conducted in 1958 and the subsequent one in 1967. It appears that this kind of survey was found to provide useful information, because the USSR Council of Ministers regulations of 3 September, 1966 and 25 September, 1974 declared that such surveys were to be organised on a regular basis.² Although family budget surveys were continued, income surveys were found to be of particular importance. Beginning in 1972, the income survey was conducted at 3-year intervals for the entire USSR.

The sample size for the income survey was substantially larger than that for the family budget survey. The 1958 income survey, which covered only the households of workers and employees in the non-agricultural sectors, included 240,000 households throughout the Soviet Union. A classified report on the results of the survey was issued by the TsSU USSR and it briefly describes the indicators that were calculated on the basis of the collected individual data.³ The next income survey was carried out in 1967 with a sample size of 250,000 households. For unknown reasons, the individual records from this survey were not retained in the Estonian archives, unlike those from the 1958 or subsequent surveys. One possible explanation could be the secrecy that surrounded individual income

¹For more research on income distribution in the USSR see Bergson (1984), Ofer (1981), Vinokur and Ofer (1987).

²Estonian State Archives, hereafter ERA. ERA R-10-17-6814, 10.

³ERA R-10-27-23.

data; another reason, suggested by Grauberg *et al.* (2003), could be that the processing was done in Moscow. While the statistical compilations of the 1970s and 1980s were marked “For official use only” (*для служебного пользования*), the files containing the 1950s and 1960s survey data were stamped “Secret” (*секретно*). The latter designation was obviously more restrictive than the former.

The last income survey data maintained in the Estonian Archives is from 1984. According to the published statistical data, at least one more study was conducted at a later date. The March 1989 study covered 310,000 households from the entire Soviet Union. The results of the 1989 income survey are available in a statistical compilation in aggregated form (Goskomstat SSSR 1990).

The unit of the income survey was the household. The survey was justified by the importance of its key data for examining the factors related to income in light of the size and socio-economic characteristics of the family.⁴ Although the studies were called “family surveys”, the units examined are better described as households. The questionnaire instructions stated that the family was defined as all persons “connected by kinship or marriage and with a common budget”. Incomes in the Soviet Union were also studied by means of the so-called income census, which, unlike the household budget and income surveys, was based on data obtained from the accounting offices of enterprises, institutions and organisations and therefore reflected only employees’ incomes. However, these censuses were all-encompassing (the sample was made up of all working individuals) and conducted at intervals of a few years, and thus provided the monthly earnings of all paid employees (Rabkina and Rimashevskaya 1972). The income survey, on the other hand, included other types of earnings besides income from wages.

It is difficult to determine to what extent the findings of the income and family budget surveys were available to the scientists of the USSR, and at what level of accuracy they were allowed to disseminate them. Some research describing and using the related statistics did exist (Matyukha 1973, Zhutkovskaya 1966). In later years, collections of statistics based on those surveys were released for departmental or official use (for example TsSU ESSR 1972; 1980; 1986). Regardless of the deficiencies mentioned above, those surveys were considered to be the most reliable income data for the USSR by numerous Soviet economists (cited in McAuley 1979; p 55).

Finally, it should be noted that surveys of Soviet emigrants have been widely used by Western scientists. Emigration from the USSR mainly refers to that of the Jewish people, which began at the end of the 1960s. A family budget survey was conducted in the mid-1970s among former citizens of the USSR living in Israel, in which data was collected from 1,250 families. More information is available about the so-called *Soviet Interview Project* (SIP) conducted in the USA. In that project, approximately 2,800 people who had immigrated to the USA in 1970–1980 were surveyed. Since in both cases only one particular population was questioned, the data cannot be considered characteristic of the entire Soviet Union (Vinokur and Ofer 1987). Several studies of the economic development and structure of the population of the USSR have been performed using data from the SIP (Gregory 1982, Gregory and Collier Jr 1988, Gregory and Kohlhasse 1988, Gregory and Stuart 1990, Mokhtari and Gregory 1993).

⁴ERA R-10-17-7783, 50.

1.2 Sample of the income survey

One of the main issues with income surveys and family budget surveys in the USSR is sample formation. According to the wording of Soviet statistics, the sample was “mechanically” selected in two phases: in the first phase, enterprises were selected, and in the second, people whose households were included in the sample were chosen from those enterprises. Consequently, sample formation greatly depended on the enterprises that were selected. The main criterion for selecting the enterprises as well as the individual participants was salary. This section describes the process of sample formation for selected Estonian income surveys.

The sample for the 1958 survey was comprised of 150 enterprises and institutions, from which 3,100 households of workers and employees⁵ were selected. The economic sectors which were represented among those who were selected is as follows: 1,302 from industry, 245 from construction, 360 from transportation, 200 from health care, 30 from research institutions, and 135 from government offices.⁶ No collective farmers or pensioner households were included in the 1958 and 1967 surveys. In later surveys, however, collective farmers and retirees were included as separate groups. It is instructive to note that the division of the sample

into different social groups of the Soviet system (workers-employees, collective farmers, retirees) was decided by the TsSU SSSR. For example, a total of 3,670 households was mandated for the 1978 survey, including 2,500 of workers and employees, 1,012 of collective farmers, 70 of retirees- workers and 88 of retirees-collective farmers.⁷ The proportion of each group in the sample was determined centrally (see also Table 1.4).

Selecting the participating enterprises was the responsibility of the ENSV SKV Department of Budget Statistics (DBS) and the town or county statistics offices. Additional information necessary for the selection was obtained from the Work and Salary Statistics departments. The Department of Agricultural Statistics helped to select the collective farms. A chart which contained information about the number of employees and their average salary was created for each enterprise, institution and organisation in the specified economic sector. Industrial enterprises were subdivided into groups according to the

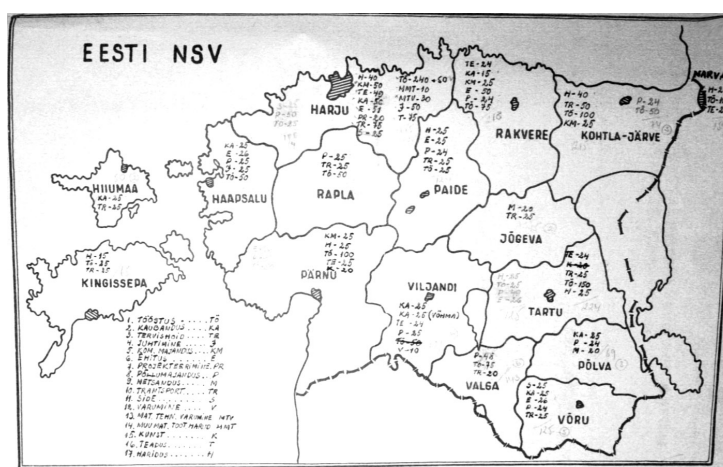


Figure 1.1: Selection of enterprises by economic sector for Estonia’s 1967 income survey.

Source: ERA R-10-17-4639, 25.

⁵In addition to collective farmers, workers and employees formed two distinct groups in the USSR. The former refers to “blue-collar” and the latter to “white-collar” workers.

⁶ERA R-10-18-167, 25.

⁷ERA R-10-17-6814, 10.

number of employees in order to identify large enterprises. The charts were sorted by average salary and number of employees and the participating enterprises were selected according to a predetermined interval.⁸ It was thereby ensured that the full salary scale from the highest- to the lowest-paying institutions was represented among the selected enterprises. We can therefore conclude that the enterprises were not chosen randomly. The selection of enterprises, institutions and organisations was made by local statistics organisations in cooperation with the ENSV SKV; the final inclusion decision was made by the town or county executive committee.

Interviewers were then chosen from the selected enterprises, institutions and organisations by the inspectors of the ENSV SKV and the managerial staff of the enterprises. The potential interviewers were usually bookkeepers or accounting office employees who were trained to conduct the surveys in households. Their help was then solicited to create the lists of workers and employees who would participate in the survey.⁹

Due to security restrictions, several economic sectors and some localities of the USSR were excluded from the surveys, at least during the earlier years. According to a secret TsSU SSSR report, all households connected with the Ministries of Defence, Internal Affairs, and International Trade, the KGB and the project survey organisations were excluded from the 1958 survey. Also excluded were households in remote areas, for example, the far north.¹⁰ This is basically true for the 1967 survey as well (TsSU SSSR 1969). These instructions were eliminated in later surveys. Households of military personnel and employees of other classified institutions could be included in the survey and there are several such examples in the surveys of the 1970s.

The inclusion criteria for enterprises and institutions are difficult to identify from the survey documentation. The head of the DBS compiled a list of enterprises by economic sector, including the number of employees and participants to be selected. The list was then presented to the head of the ENSV SKV for approval. The representativeness of the sample had to be demonstrated from a salary perspective. Table 1.1 is the summary table of such a process for Estonia, compiled from the representativeness tables of various economic sectors and work and salary statistics. The representativeness table was composed for each enterprise by comparing the average salary of the participants with the average salary for the particular economic sector and that of employees not selected for the survey.

The practice of using salary accounting records for sampling purposes entailed some risks. As seen in table 1.2, the representation of some areas of business was relatively small (10–20 individuals selected) and it might happen that all the individuals were employed by the same enterprise. In 1967, the Pärnu Drama Theatre was included, where the average April wage (89.2 roubles) varied considerably from the sector average (100.1 roubles – see table 1.1). The discrepancy resulted from the fact that the average sector's payroll included income from a second workplace, whereas sampling data was only drawn from the salary earned at the main workplace.¹¹ In this case, a letter of explanation that probably resolved the issue was sent to the TsSU SSSR. However, if the problem had

⁸ERA R-10-17-4638, 241–250.

⁹ERA R-10-17-6814, 71–75.

¹⁰R-10-27-23, 1.

¹¹Letter from G.Kimask, head of the ENSV SKV to I.Matyukha, head of the TsSU SSSR budget department. ERA R-10-7-6814, 81.

Table 1.1: Control chart of the enterprise selection for the 1967 income survey

Branch of economy	Average salary			N	Average salary*no. of selected			No of employees Total	II Q wage fund	Average salary
	Considered	Selected	Total		Considered	Selected	Total			
Industry	112.8	113.4	109.2	1200	13541.1	136088	130991	214457	74421.9	115.7
Construction	133.8	135.1	137.5	230	30765	31072.8	31627	39572	16380.4	138.0
Project & design	112	112.1	111.4	20	2240	2242	2228	4114	1631.4	132.2
Agriculture	90.9	89.9	84.3	390	35440.3	35042.6	32886.4	57776	14987.2	86.5
Forestry	81	83.1	79.4	40	3242	3322.8	3176	8207	2021	82.1
Transport	122.8	122.3	122.8	320	39287.5	39041.5	39303	56107	20733.7	123.2
Communication	74.3	75.9	79.2	50	3715	3795	3962.5	9006	2176.1	80.5
Commerce & catering	90.1	89.7	88.1	215	19379.7	19278.3	18933	39605	10824.6	91.1
Procurement	89.3	89	89.3	10	893	890	893	2058	548.9	88.9
Technical procurement	101.8	103	101.8	30	3054	3090	3053	5410	1630.3	100.4
Other material prod.	110.2	110	109.8	10	1102	1100	1098	6841	1586.5	77.3
Housing & services	80.9	81.2	87.9	125	10109.5	10151.2	10994.3	22030	5960.9	90.2
Health care	85	85.4	86.7	170	14449.4	14523.4	14741.6	29183	7772.1	88.8
Education	105.6	106.6	108.5	220	23234.3	23454.9	23866.5	41170	12920.3	104.6
Science & research	117.1	117.1	114.8	75	8785.5	8784.5	8607.5	14512	4787.5	110.0
Art	78.6	78.4	89.2	20	1572	1568	1784	2928	879.4	100.1
Government	110.6	110.1	107.9	75	8297.5	8255	8092.5	14823	5023	113.0
Total	106.6	106.8	105.1	3200	340977.7	341720.8	336217.3	588022	188872.2	107.1

Source: ERA R-10-17-4639, 15.

Notes : Considered – all employees charted in an enterprise; Selected – employees selected for the sample based on the selection charts; Total – all employees of all enterprises; II Q wage fund – 2nd quarter payroll fund in thousands of roubles. Number of employees in an economic sector and the sums of the 2nd quarter payroll were obtained from the statistics of work and salary.

Table 1.2: Distributions of the sample by sector of economy in the USSR, the 1967 survey

Sector	Total	Rus.	Ukr.	Byelor.	Uzb.	Kazakh.	Georg.	Azerb.	Lith.	Mold.	Lat.	Kyrg.	Tajik.	Arm.	Turkm.	Est.
Industry	89965	57590	16180	2455	1570	2490	1060	920	1085	890	1225	790	785	1025	700	1200
Construction	19110	10470	3145	565	590	1225	345	270	300	300	230	280	400	345	415	230
Project & design	1705	1055	290	25	60	70	30	20	25	10	20	20	25	20	15	20
Agriculture	30695	16655	3745	1380	1280	3500	460	490	470	380	350	590	310	440	255	390
Forestry	1345	810	240	90	0	50	20	0	25	20	20	15	0	15	0	40
Transport	23735	13755	4230	670	535	1390	360	340	270	310	320	290	315	235	395	320
Communication	3395	2025	520	120	85	180	50	50	40	40	50	45	45	40	55	50
Trade	15905	9375	2840	495	425	695	245	205	185	225	210	200	205	170	215	215
Procurement	1960	890	395	50	120	160	35	40	25	60	20	40	40	15	60	10
Tech. procurement	2355	1305	400	55	70	150	35	30	35	30	30	40	45	40	60	30
Other material prod.	625	350	70	40	20	35	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	20	10	10
Housing	8005	4925	1295	165	185	345	155	120	90	85	125	70	95	110	115	125
Health care	14435	7955	2725	465	450	655	310	240	180	230	180	215	230	160	270	170
Education	22425	12125	3805	775	895	1145	465	380	285	430	240	365	495	365	435	220
Science	7190	5135	925	115	100	150	85	70	70	70	70	115	55	100	55	75
Art	1260	695	220	40	30	60	25	20	20	20	20	20	25	20	25	20
Government	5890	3285	975	195	185	300	110	95	85	90	80	95	120	80	120	75
Total	250000	148400	42000	7700	6600	12600	3800	3300	3200	3200	3200	3200	3200	3200	3200	3200

Source: ERA R-10-17-4638.

been addressed on a more superficial level, the Pärnu Theatre would probably have been replaced by another cultural institution that paid higher salaries.

The principles for selecting individuals from the designated enterprises, institutions and organisations were relatively simple. The selection processes of workers-employees and collective farmers were different. Initially, a service record was created for each worker and employee working in an enterprise's principal activity. The record included the individual's wages for April of that year. It is difficult to define precisely what was meant by working in the institution's principal activity, but the guidelines prohibited, for example, the enterprise's subsidiary farm workforce participating in the survey. Temporarily employed persons were also excluded. However, students employed by the company were included as working in the field of principle activity. The second criterion for a service record was that the individual had received wages for the entire month of April. The service records were compiled from information obtained from the enterprise's accounting department.¹²

The next step in the sampling process was similar to the selection of enterprises. Workers' service records were sorted in descending order according to salaries, and those to be included in the survey were selected at equal intervals, which were calculated by dividing the number of employees by the number to be selected.¹³ The first name was drawn from the middle of the highest interval, so that the most highly paid person was not selected. This ensured that the entire pay scale was represented in the sample.

The selection of collective farmers was restricted by household characteristics. For example, only households in which there were "family members who had worked at least one day on a collective farm in 1977" were eligible to participate in the 1978 income survey. "If no members of the household were able to work, but they had nevertheless worked at least 40 days on a collective farm during the year, they were also considered to be a collective farm household."¹⁴ A selection chart similar to that for workers and employees was created for each collective farm household. It was called "the collective farm household selection record", and it contained information about the household drawn from village council records, collective farm personal book-keeping journals and collective farm members' lists. The chart included the name of the head of household, the number of family members as of the beginning of the year, the number of individuals able to work, the number of animals (separately listed as cattle, cows, pigs, sheep and goats) and the total number of person-days the members of the household had worked on the collective farm during the preceding year. The amount and type of pension of any retired members of the household was recorded. A pensioners' household was considered to be one in which there were no members of working age and whose members participated in collective farm work for less than 40 person-days per year.

The next step in the selection process was to determine whether or not the families of collective farmers owned cattle. Families were divided into two groups – those with cattle and those without. The Collective Farm Board or the Village Soviet was responsible for the correct categorisation of households into these groups. The household charts of both groups were then arranged in descending order by the number of person-days worked on a collective farm. The charts were selected at intervals, similar to the selection process for workers and employees. However, if a household was selected that had no

¹²ERA R-10-17-7783, 65.

¹³ERA R-10-17-6812, 147–148.

¹⁴ERA 10-17-6812, 148.

members able to work, it was replaced with a household that had the least person-days worked on a collective farm. A statistical form called “The Characteristics of Collective Farm Households Selected for the Income Survey” was completed by the local statistics organisation for each collective farm and submitted to the ENSV SKV DBS. Pensioners’ households were not selected locally, their household charts were sent directly to the DBS for selection.¹⁵

Table 1.3: Distribution of the sample in various areas of the USSR, the 1967 income survey, %

	Total USSR	Russia	Ukraine	Lithuania	Latvia	Estonia
Industry	35.99	38.81	38.52	33.91	38.28	37.5
Construction	7.64	7.06	7.49	9.38	7.19	7.19
Project & design	0.68	0.71	0.69	0.78	0.63	0.63
Agriculture	12.28	11.22	8.92	14.69	10.94	12.19
Forestry	0.54	0.55	0.57	0.78	0.63	1.25
Transport	9.49	9.27	10.07	8.44	10	10
Communication	1.36	1.36	1.24	1.25	1.56	1.56
Trade & catering	6.36	6.32	6.76	5.78	6.56	6.72
Procurement	0.78	0.6	0.94	0.78	0.63	0.31
Technical procurement	0.94	0.88	0.95	1.09	0.94	0.94
Other material production	0.25	0.24	0.17	0.31	0.31	0.31
Housing	3.2	3.32	3.08	2.81	3.91	3.91
Health care	5.77	5.36	6.49	5.63	5.63	5.31
Education	8.97	8.17	9.06	8.91	7.5	6.88
Science	2.88	3.46	2.2	2.19	2.19	2.34
Art	0.5	0.47	0.52	0.63	0.63	0.63
Government	2.36	2.21	2.32	2.66	2.5	2.34
Total	100	100	100	100	100	100

Source: Table 1.2

The time elapsed between preparing the sample and interviewing the selected households might have been about a month. It was therefore possible that the sample population could change during this period, and the survey organisers had to be prepared for such situations. Possible reasons for changes in the sample included the selected respondent leaving the enterprise, being hospitalised due to illness, or refusing to participate in the survey. In such cases, special reports were prepared that stated how many participants had dropped out of the sample and for what reason. The respondents that left were replaced with employees who had approximately the same salary as those they were replacing.¹⁶ Based on 1978 reports, the primary reason for replacing respondents was the selected person having left the residence; other reasons included illness, death, and incompatibility of the type of residence (e.g. an individual worked in town, but lived in a rural area). The instructions manual stipulated that employees selected for the survey had to live in the same town where their workplace was situated. When an enterprise was located in a city, but the selected employee lived out of town, the employee had to be

¹⁵ERA R-10-17-6812, 148–152.

¹⁶Examples: ERA R-10-17-6812, 1–5.

replaced with someone living in the same city. The same rule applied to rural workplaces and employees who lived in urban areas.¹⁷

The sample population was checked for representativeness during the sample formation process. In the case of workers and employees, this was done on the basis of individual wages at the level of the enterprise. If the difference between the average salary of respondents selected from a workplace and the average salary of all workers at that workplace was less than 3%, the sample was considered to be representative.¹⁸ Special statistical forms (P-3) that had to be submitted to the ENSV SKV were used for such purposes. The criteria for collective farmers was the number of person-days worked rather than wages earned. The individual's number of working-days was compared to the average number of working-days on a particular collective farm, and the difference had to be less than 3%.

It must be borne in mind that in the case of workers and employees, the sample formation and relevant quality checks pertained only to the members of the household who were selected at their workplace. However, it is also important to note how other members of selected households were included in the survey. Instructions accompanying the 1967 survey specified those who should be considered members of a household. For instance, family members studying at a university and living in a dormitory were to be listed as members of the household, and their stipends were included in the household income; however, their living conditions were disregarded because only the main residence was included in the study. The criteria were based on family ties and the individual was regarded as temporarily absent from the household. More complex situations arose for which the ENSV SKV DBS had to give specific instructions to interviewers. A few examples are provided below.

Question 3. If a household/family consists of a young boy and an elderly woman who has taken care of the boy throughout his school years and they have lived in the same apartment and are on the same budget, should the boy be considered as a member of the household even if they are not related?

Answer: Treat as one family in the questionnaire.

In this case, a common budget served as the basis for the decision, rather than the relationship. Even though the questionnaire refers to the family, the context is obviously the household. Questions could also arise when members of a household lived in separate residences, but were nevertheless considered one household:

Question 4. If a woman lives with a child in their own house or apartment, but her husband lives in a dormitory, how should the questions about the family's living conditions be answered?

Answer: According to the residence of the larger number of people.

...

¹⁷ERA 10-17-6812, 148.

¹⁸ERA 10-17-6812, 148–148.

Question 6. If there are two men and one woman in a household, but the woman is not married to either of them, should a husband be indicated in Part VI of the questionnaire?

Answer: A husband should not be indicated in Part VI of the questionnaire unless the woman considers him to be a member of her family. Casual and temporary relationships are not considered to constitute a family.

Table 1.4: **Distribution of the sample by social groups, the 1978 income survey**

	Workers and employees	Collective farmers	Workers–pensioners	Collective farmers–pensioners	Total
Russia	142,000	19,775	5,000	1,700	168,475
Ukraine	43,000	14,099	1,600	1,201	59,900
Byelorussia	8,000	2,288	300	212	10,800
Uzbekistan	8,000	3,864	150	136	12,150
Kazakhstan	13,000	2,904	300	96	16,300
Georgia	3,500	1,920	120	80	5,620
Azerbaijan	3,500	1,440	70	60	5,070
Lithuania	3,000	1,035	80	115	4,230
Moldova	2,500	1,320	60	80	3,960
Latvia	2,500	1,012	90	88	4,190
Kyrgyzstan	2,500	1,344	60	56	3,960
Tajikistan	2,500	1,368	25	32	3,925
Armenia	2,500	1,248	45	27	3,820
Turkmenistan	2,500	1,368	30	32	3,930
Estonia	2,500	1,012	70	88	3,670
USSR total	242,000	55,997	8,000	4,003	310,000

Source: ERA R-10-17-6814, 31.

It appears that the interviewers were supposed to consider other forms of family than traditional marriage, and this could be rather complicated due to the individual life experiences of the participants. Most of the problems resulted from one part of the survey that requested information about a woman's previous marriages and number of children. For example, the following problem emerged:

Question 7. A woman lives separately from her husband, but has not divorced him, and lives with another man. How should Part VI of the questionnaire be answered?

Answer: In Part VI of the questionnaire, the current cohabitation should be considered as a marriage. The data about the man with whom she is cohabiting is entered irrespective of the existence of children.

...

Question 18. A woman has 3 children, each of them by a different father, none of whom were married her. The woman is now married. How should the

previous relationships be recorded?

If the woman says that she has lived with the man for a couple of months and considers that it is a marriage, the year and month when the couple began their co-habitation should be recorded¹⁹

Members of the household who were serving in the army, travelling for business reasons, in a sanatorium or hospital, as well as children who were studying in boarding or vocational schools, or temporarily staying with relatives were included among the total number of members of the household.

1.3 Organisation of the survey

A directive to conduct the survey was received from the TsSU SSSR, including interviewer instructions and questionnaires that were translated into Estonian. In later years, data processing instructions were added, which outlined the procedure for entering data onto punched cards. This was done in collaboration with the Statistical Computation Centre. The data collected from the survey was prepared for computing by local statistical offices, but the processing was centralised – performed on a Minsk-32 computer in the TsSU SSSR.²⁰ The TsSU SSSR also issued an agenda, which specified the dates by which certain stages of survey had to be completed.

The TsSU SSSR issued instructions to the ENSV SKV, and the DBS forwarded them to the lower echelons of the statistical administration – town and county statistical inspectors who managed the survey at the local level. Qualified staff from the selected enterprises (typically book-keepers and accountants) were employed as interviewers; they had to prepare lists of respondents, interview householders on site and complete other tasks related to the survey. According to the directive of September 1966 issued by the Council of Ministers of the USSR, the interviewers were released from their principal employment for 10 days while retaining their normal wages.

According to the survey agenda, the enterprises had to be selected in June. In July, the DBS instructed local statistics offices regarding the procedures for conducting the survey. In early August, the participating enterprises were notified of the survey and in the next couple of weeks, local statistical bodies selected interviewers from the enterprises. In late August, interviewer training took place. The first half of September was spent on preparing the lists of employees, selecting respondents and validating representativeness. Local statistical offices reported on the representativeness of the sample to the ENSV SKV. Household interviews had to be completed by mid-October, and after that, random checks of the questionnaires were conducted. The interviewers then submitted the questionnaires to the local statistical offices, who delivered them to the ENSV SKV by 31 October. This department checked the questionnaires again and sent them to the Computation Centre in Estonia for data entry onto the punched cards. At the end of the year, the survey data was sent to the central USSR computing centre in computer-readable form. During the whole time of the survey, local statistical offices and enterprises were obligated to conduct

¹⁹ERA R-10-17-4640, 11–13.

²⁰ERA R-10-17-6814, 53–53.

information sessions for the households selected for the survey regarding the purpose of the survey.²¹

The income surveys were not limited to collecting data on monetary income – payments in kind received by collective farmers were also recorded. The cash value of these products had to be calculated, and the retail prices of the most common agricultural products and foodstuffs (e.g. grain, potatoes, vegetables, hay, fruit, dairy products, meats and fish) were appended to the questionnaire. Subsidies received for the expenses of students at vocational and boarding schools and children attending kindergartens had to be recalculated according to stipulated prices. The cost of services received from the state was therefore included in the total monetary income, although it was not disposable income. For example, the cost of a student at an urban boarding school in 1978

was 37 roubles; the cost of a child in a nursery was 44 roubles. If part of the costs was covered by the parent, the difference between that sum and the “state cost” indicated in the instructions was entered in the questionnaire as the amount of the subsidy.²²

The number of polls and surveys increased considerably in the 1970s, so statisticians started to combine surveys and make simultaneous use of samples. For example, the 1978 income survey was combined with a survey of professional activities. The latter survey was administered to every tenth household participating in that year’s income survey.²³ The 1984 income survey was carried out in tandem with the survey of young families, the purpose of which was to collect data on the formation and development of young families. A family, with or without children, in which at least one spouse was younger than 36, was considered to be a young family. It was the task of the interviewer to select young families during the income survey.²⁴ This was probably one reason why no questions regarding female cohabitation and children were included in the 1984 income survey. Another reason may have been that the micro-census conducted during the same period covered the same range of issues.

As mentioned above, there was also an ideological aspect to the income survey.

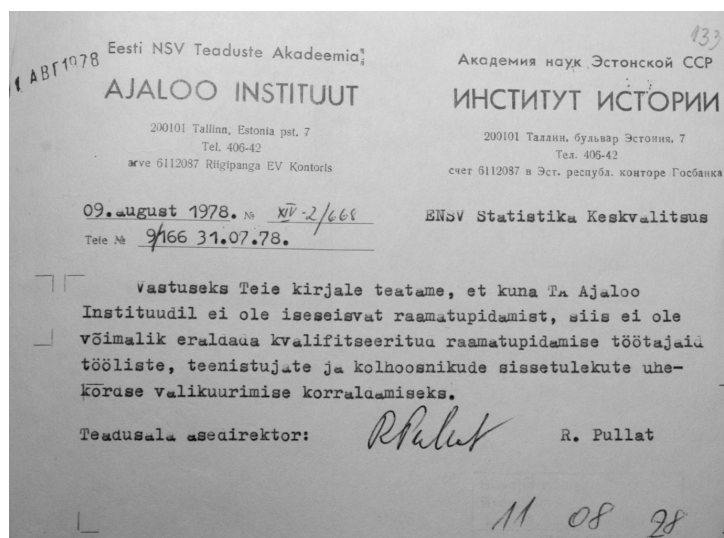


Figure 1.2: Correspondence from the Academy of Sciences Institute of History to the ENSV SKV concerning their inability to provide accounting personnel for the income survey.

Source: ERA R-10-17-6812, 133.

²¹ERA R-10-17-6814, 77–80.

²²ERA R-10-17-6812, 33–34.

²³ERA R-10-17-6814, 71.

²⁴ERA R-10-17-7783, 70.

The survey directives emphasised the need to inform the public of the importance of the survey. It was not promoted as a way to collect statistical data but rather as a means of constantly improving the well-being of the population. According to this reasoning, statistics collected from the survey were used for formulating the next five-year plan, i.e. for increasing wages and raising the income of the most disadvantaged groups.²⁵

It is possible that the survey respondents were subject to a certain amount of pressure to answer questions. In the circulars of the 1967 survey the head of DBS tells the inspectors that “firm measures will be taken in case of refusals to complete questionnaires; support from local party organisations must be sought in order to influence families.”²⁶ Because the party organisations of enterprises (so-called party cells) meddled in the private lives of employees to a considerable extent, this could indeed have been an effective way of exerting pressure (a few examples are given in Tarvel 2009). However, there are reports that refusals to take part in the survey did occur, indicating the existence of individual freedom not to participate in the survey.

We will now briefly describe the initial quality checks. Usually one interviewer had 20–25 households to survey. The interviewers were supposed to check the arithmetic and logic of all questionnaires that they had completed during the survey. Checks of the logic included the relationships between education and age, employment and benefits, age and pension, number of household members, concurrence of data pertaining to the kitchen garden, and so forth.²⁷ In addition, some of the households were visited after the completion of the survey. According to the instructions, the local statistical inspector was supposed to choose at least two households at random, and visit them in the company of the interviewer who had conducted the survey. They repeated some of the questions and also checked the accuracy and logical connections between the responses that had been provided earlier (e.g. correlation of studies with level of education, links between occupation and age). This practice assessed the diligence of the interviewer as well as the consistency of the responses. In the 1978 survey, post-interview visits were made to at least 5% of the households included in the survey. When an error was found, all the households surveyed by that interviewer had to be re-visited. Because the data was being prepared for computer processing that year, the checks were more rigorous. The 1978 questionnaire data was coded for punched card computer entry, and the quality of the data was therefore checked once more at a later stage.²⁸

1.4 Data processing and analysis

This section examines how data collected during the income surveys was used and analysed. The data was analysed both by the TsSU SSSR and the local ENSV SKV, but information about the statistical methods is still quite difficult to obtain because of the secrecy surrounding them. Most of the results of the analyses of that time were published in documents that were used only for administrative purposes. Some of the results also found their way into published statistics that were accessible to everyone. In general,

²⁵“Elamistingimuste valikuurimine” [Survey of living conditions]. Valga newspaper *Kommunist*, 23.09.1978.

²⁶ERA R-10-17-4639, 60

²⁷ERA R-10-17-6812, 17–22.

²⁸ERA R-10-17-6814, 75.

however, materials containing household budget or income survey data were restricted to administrative use. Materials that included data about the income and expenditures of the population were “classified”.²⁹ In the 1970s, computer processing of questionnaire data was introduced and regulations were enacted to keep the processing procedures secret.

One of the unfortunate outcomes of the secrecy surrounding Soviet statistics is that many definitions of indicators and methods of aggregating data are not known. This renders large amounts of published statistical collections unusable. The authors of this study have the advantage of access to newly computerised individual data from the Estonian income surveys, which provides an opportunity to divine the methods that Soviet statisticians used to obtain their results.

Documentation pertaining to the 1958 income survey is scarce. There are no instructions for the organisers or reports about the results to be found in the archives. Therefore, some important questions about this survey have to be answered indirectly. For instance, there is no information on whether salaries reported in the 1958 survey were gross or net, since income tax was not recorded on the questionnaires. The method the TsSU SSSR used to compute average household and individual income is also not known. One of the first results of the 1958 data analysis is found in a report that V.Starovski, head of the TsSU SSSR, sent to S.Timakov, who was the head of the ENSV SKV. The report contained average income by economic sector, the distribution of worker and employee income, average total household income, and other similar indicators.³⁰

Table 1.5: **Income per household member in Estonia – 1958, %**

Rouble	Household average (TsSU SSSR 1959)	Individual average (newly processed 2010)
0-150	1	2
150-250	7	10
250-350	15	18
350-500	25	27
500-750	31	29
750-1000	14	10
1000+	7	4

Sources: ERA R-10-27-23, 28; 1958 income survey data.

The distribution of households by average income according to Starovski’s report corresponds to the results obtained from the newly computerised individual data. The average income of an individual household member in Estonia, 508 roubles, was the highest compared to other Soviet republics, although the average household income – 1,417 roubles, – was not: in the Russian Federation, the figure was 1,501 roubles per household and 448 roubles per household member; in Latvia, 1,448 and 499; the average for the USSR was 1,438 and 428). This was partly due to the fact that the size of the average Estonian household was the smallest in the Soviet Union (2.79 as compared to the USSR average of 3.36). On the other hand, the percentage of working individuals in Estonia was one of the highest compared to other republics (59%, which was second only to Latvia’s

²⁹Letter from the deputy head of TsSU SSSR, 1972. ERA R-10-18-430, 34.

³⁰ERA R-10-27-23, 27.

60%) and the percentage of dependents was one of the lowest (36%, which was again the second lowest, after Latvia).³¹ However, discrepancies appear when the average household income of households in Starovski's report is compared with that in the individual data. The comparison indicates that the TsSU SSSR calculated the average at the household level ($N=3,100$), rather than at the level of individual household members ($N=8,630$). The difference between the two processing methods is illustrated in Table 1.5. Since the survey includes both individual and household data, there is more than one way to calculate the average income per household member. Because the choice of the method of calculation could be one of the reasons why the results of the original processing differ from those in this study, the methods merit attention.

The simplest way of determining the arithmetic average of total individual income $\bar{x}$ is by dividing the sum of the total income x_k of n individuals by n . However, the Soviet statistical approach focused on the household: in order to find the average of total individual income $\bar{x}_{ind}$, they first calculated each household's average total income per member ($\bar{x}$). These results were tallied and divided by the number of households:

$$\bar{x}_{ind} = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^m \bar{x}_i}{m} \quad \text{where} \quad \bar{x} = \frac{x_{1k} + x_{2k} \dots + x_{lk}}{l} \quad \text{and} \quad l * m = N \quad (1.1)$$

where k represents the total income of individuals, l is the number of members in a household and m stands for the number of households. Since the number of households is much smaller than the number of individuals, it is easier to use household averages in calculations, especially when considering the limited processing capacity at that time. The calculation illustrated in formula 1.1 is a possibility that has been taken into account for analysing the individual data from the income surveys of later years.

Starovski's report was not a comprehensive overview, as some aspects – probably those of most interest for policy purposes – received more attention than others. For instance, the distribution of total household income was indicated by the number of children in households where both parents worked outside the home. Special attention was paid to individuals who graduated from high school in 1958, even though their numbers were very small. Their activities after finishing school (starting working, continuing to study, or neither) were shown by their field of work – either as a worker or an employee. The latter information is fairly useless in terms of statistics, as the sample size was far too small for such an analysis (for example, in the Moldova survey, 4 individuals started working, 100% of them as employees; in the Estonian survey there were 9 individuals who began to work, 78% of them as employees).³² It could have been something of particular interest to political leaders and therefore was featured in the report.

Another notable aspect of the 1958 survey report is the tables indicating the type of dwelling. According to these tables, only 8% of households in Estonia lived in private homes (73% lived in state or collectively owned apartments, 5% rented from the state and 14% from other people), which was the lowest figure for the whole Soviet Union. The average percentage of people living in private homes in the USSR was 30% (in Kyrgyzstan

³¹ERA R-10-27-23, 22–28.

³²ERA R-10-27-23, 32.

it was 52%, in Tajikistan 45%, in Ukraine and Belorussia 35%, in Lithuania 18%, and in Latvia 9%). This raises a question whether the Estonian sample was biased against private home owners.

A classified report on the 1958 Estonian survey was found in the archives – a document sent by the head of the ENSV SKV Timakov to the head of the ESSR Council of Ministers and the secretary of the Central Committee of the Estonian Communist Party. In the report, Timakov explains that a one-time household income survey of non-agricultural workers and employees had been conducted in Estonia, for which households had been selected from 150 enterprises, institutions and organisations. In his words, the collected data could be used to describe the composition of households, employment, total individual and household income, type of dwelling etc. He refers to several tables that are similar to those in Starovski's report, but which are somewhat more detailed (for example, they distinguish between the urban and rural population). In the preface to the document, there are some indications that the survey used gross salary in recording wages. According to Timakov, the analysis presented the distribution of household members by the "gross" earnings of parents (*распределение членов семей по совокупному заработку родителей*)³³, but this can also be interpreted as total earnings. Tables were added that showed the distribution of household income by economic sector. It was not a thorough analysis, but no other, more detailed statistical overviews of the 1958 survey have yet been found.

The ENSV SKV (e.g. TsSU ESSR 1980; 1986) and the TsSU SSSR compiled much more detailed and extensive statistical collections from the data of later surveys. The most comprehensive collection about the 1967 survey was prepared by the TsSU SSSR in 1969 (TsSU SSSR 1969) and it provides a good overview of the indicators that were calculated from the data of that year's survey. The collection consists of two parts: the first part compares the 1967 data with that of the 1958 survey, and the second part contains the results of the 1967 study according to the administrative units of the Soviet Union. The first part presents comparative data about the size of households and the distribution of individuals according to their employment status and education. Since the individual data from the 1967 income survey has not been retained in the Estonian archives, this publication probably provides the most detailed information about household income in the 1960s. For that reason, we examined the tables in the collection and tried to identify the data processing procedures at that time.

First of all, there is an unusual division of age groups. In the table showing the age composition of households, the age distribution is by 3-year intervals and does not specify gender. In the section pertaining to adults, there is separate data for men and women that identifies 16-17-year-olds, individuals of working-age, and retirees. The age groups of men and women thus cannot be compared since the retirement age for men was different from that for women. Although the age composition of individuals is presented, their absolute number is not disclosed. It is stated, however, that 3,200 households participated in the 1967 survey in Estonia, 2,464 of them in urban and 736 in rural areas. The distribution by economic sectors is presented in a similar way – by the number of households in a given economic sector (which was probably defined by the survey respondent in the household) and the distribution of individuals in each sector by age and employment.

For some reason, the statisticians used two different methods of showing distribution

³³ERA R-10-18-167, 5–29.

– by percentages, and by individuals per 100 households. For example, the table on the employment status of households contains the following information: 1,200 households were selected from the industrial sector in the 1967 Estonian sample; the average for 100 households was 311 persons, of whom 191 were working, 14 were retired, 3 were receiving state scholarships, 3 were studying in vocational schools and 100 were dependents. The distribution of dependents, however, was given in percentages: 82.5% were under-age, 4.1% were men aged 16–59 (including 3.5% students), 0.2% were men over 60 years of age, 3.1% were women with no children under the age of 16, 2.1% were women who were not students and who had no children under the age of 16, 1.7% were women who were not students and who had children under the age of 7, 0.7% were women who were not students who had children aged 7–16, and 5.6% were women over the age of 55. This type of data is presented for each industrial sector. Thus, the household and individual data are combined in the table, which makes them rather difficult to decipher. A similar form of table is also used to show the size of households.³⁴

One of the explanations for this practice could have been insufficient human resources assigned to perform the computations or calculations. Consequently, the presentation of the data focused only on certain core issues. That would explain why the full range of age groups was rarely shown in the tables. Issues that were of higher importance were probably treated in more detail. For example, the age distribution of unemployed individuals was calculated in 5-year groups for both sexes and separately for urban and rural areas. A lot of attention was also paid to the employment of newly graduated youth. Another reason for the limited presentation of data was probably secrecy, although that particular statistical collection was not classified, but merely restricted to administrative use only.

Some of the income data in the 1967 statistical collection was presented per household. The average total individual income was probably calculated on the basis of household averages (similarly to the processing of the 1958 survey), and not at the individual level. The average total household income in the USSR in 1967 was 214 roubles, of which 193.1 was salary or wages, 9.9 pensions, 1.5 scholarships, 0.3 social benefits, 6.7 support from state organisations, and 2.6 other types of income (the corresponding numbers for Estonia were 220, 198.2, 9.0, 1.2, 0.1, 7.7 and 4.2). The average income per household member in the USSR was 59.6 roubles, whereas in Estonia it was 72.8. The average income per household member working in agriculture was 42.5 roubles in the USSR and 64.5 in Estonia, 43.7 in Ukraine and 34.2 in Belorussia.³⁵ The presentation of parts of this data is rather unusual, such as the cross-tabulation of average total income of a household with the average total income per household member (see Figure 1.3). In other tables, the average individual income from wages was cross-tabulated with the average total income of a member of the household, and the average wage income of the household was represented by the average total income of the household.

With regard to the living conditions of the population, the availability of amenities was portrayed. According to the data, electricity was available in 99.4% of households in the USSR (99.8% in Russia and Belorussia, 100% in Azerbaijan and Armenia, and 99.5% in Estonia). Central heating was available in 60.3% of households in the USSR (including 65% in Russia, 58% in Georgia, 82% in Armenia and 21% in Estonia). The sewer system

³⁴ERA R-10-27-135, 48–69.

³⁵ERA R-10-27-135, 236–268.

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РАСПРЕДЕЛЕНИЕ СЕМЕЙ РАБОЧИХ И СЛУЖАЩИХ С РАЗЛИЧНЫМ СРЕДНЕДУШЕВЫМ ДОХОДОМ ПО РАЗМЕРУ
ДЕНЕЖНОГО ДОХОДА НА СЕМЬЮ
(в процентах)

СССР	Все семьи	В том числе с денежным доходом на семью - рублей												
		до 50,0	50,1-70,0	70,1-90,0	90,1-110,0	110,1-130,0	130,1-150,0	150,1-180,0	180,1-210,0	210,1-250,0	250,1-300,0	300,1-350,0	350,1-450,0	450,1 и выше
Все обследованные семьи	100	1,2	3,0	4,5	5,5	6,1	7,0	12,5	14,0	16,5	13,8	7,5	5,8	2,6
из них семьи со средне- душевым денежным доходом - рублей:														
до 20,0	100	9,8	19,9	22,9	19,3	12,9	7,3	5,7	1,4	0,7	0,1	0,0	0,0	0,0
20,1 - 25,0	100	8,5	7,2	12,3	17,3	19,0	17,1	9,7	5,4	2,8	0,6	0,1	0,0	0,0
25,1 - 30,0	100	0,2	8,3	13,3	9,3	16,1	20,2	19,2	7,3	4,0	1,6	0,4	0,1	0,0
30,1 - 35,0	100	0,2	9,1	-	14,2	11,6	14,5	26,0	15,0	6,0	2,3	0,8	0,2	0,1
35,1 - 40,0	100	1,3	-	9,5	5,2	10,7	14,2	21,3	20,1	12,2	3,8	1,1	0,5	0,1
40,1 - 50,0	100	4,1	-	4,7	5,2	5,2	13,1	16,2	23,8	18,1	7,0	1,7	0,8	0,1
50,1 - 60,0	100	-	4,9	-	5,5	5,8	-	24,4	9,8	27,4	15,7	4,2	1,9	0,4
60,1 - 75,0	100	-	4,2	2,6	-	4,2	8,7	0,0	22,8	18,1	25,0	8,0	5,7	0,7
75,1 - 100,0	100	-	-	7,4	4,9	-	-	13,1	7,8	16,5	21,0	14,3	11,6	3,4
100,1 - 125,0	100	-	-	-	10,0	11,2	-	-	8,6	22,8	-	24,3	14,6	8,5
125,1 и выше	100	-	-	-	-	5,1	12,0	8,8	4,0	2,1	19,6	8,9	17,9	21,6

Figure 1.3: A table in the 1967 income survey statistical collection.

Source: ERA R-10-27-135, 326.

was best developed in Armenia, where 85% of households had access to a central sewer, but in Estonia the percentage was 67.5. Telephones were available in 41% of Armenian households; the average for the USSR was 12.8% and for Estonia 12.9%. According to these results, the Armenian standard of living appeared to be the highest in the USSR. The data also indicated that 76.1% of Armenian, 74% of Moldovan, 87% of Georgian and 89% of Azerbaijani households lived in private homes, while the number for Estonia was only 33.4% and the average for the USSR was 60%. Such figures, which display a relatively large variance across the administrative units of the USSR, raise questions of sampling bias.

In the mid-1970s, L. Tepp, Deputy Head of the ENS SKV, made a classified summary analysis of the relationship between the wage income of workers and employees and their level of education. The report was sent to the Central Committee of the Estonian Communist Party, the Council of Ministers, the budget department of the TsSU SSSR and the ESSR Gosplan (State Planning Committee).³⁶ In this report, Tepp describes the selection of the survey population by a mechanical sampling method (in the two phases described above – the identification of enterprises and institutions followed by the selection of workers and employees from the participating enterprises), which in his opinion ensured the appropriate representation of all population groups. His analysis, however, focused on workers and employees, and did not include collective farmers. Part of his analysis compared the results of the 1967 and 1975 surveys.

In the report, evidence of the quality of the survey sample was provided by demonstrating that the participants' average monthly wages (153.1 roubles) calculated during

³⁶ERA R-10-18-492, 1.

the survey corresponded to the 1975 third quarter accounting of average wages (157.5 roubles) in Estonia, resulting in a 2.8% margin of error. Tepp also mentioned that the 1967 survey margin of error was in a similar range – 2.7% (the average wage according to the survey was 108 roubles, and the third quarter average salary accounting figure was 111 roubles). According to the statisticians, the income survey reflected the status of the whole population exceptionally well. Regarding wage differentials by education, the report showed how wage income had changed between 1967 and 1975 according to educational attainment. The results were calculated using a weighted arithmetic average and median. The average wage had increased by 41.8% during the eight years between the surveys and the increase had been inversely related to the level of education – the lower the level of education, the more wages had increased during the period (20.5% for individuals with higher education and 53.2% for those with primary education). According to Tepp, this demonstrated the levelling (as the report was in Russian, the word *сглаживание* was used) of educational differences, and was interpreted as a weakening connection between level of education and wages. The wage-education relationship remained strong only in the income groups at the extreme ends of the scale (below 70 and over 250 roubles per month).³⁷

Such documents did not usually explain the method of reporting wage income, i.e. whether it was gross or net salary. Nor did they describe the components of the total individual or household income. To shed some light on these issues, we compared the ENSV SKV reports with the individual data.

The April 1976 ENSV SKV report³⁸ on gross wage income distribution in Estonia (based on the wage income census) indicated that gross wage income included premiums and one-time stimulus premiums. According to the report, the average gross wage income for the month of April 1976 was 156 roubles. This roughly corresponded to what Tepp had reported for September 1975 (153.1 roubles). An analysis of the individual data from the 1975 income survey reveals that the average total wage income of workers and employees in September 1975 was 154.4 roubles (153.9 if weighted to accommodate the difference in age composition between the sample and the total population). The difference between the average of the accounting-based gross wages (157.5 roubles) and the ENSV SKV income survey calculations (153.1 roubles) is minimal. This implies that the ENSV SKV and TsSU SSSR statisticians probably used gross wage income in their reports.

To take another example, a classified report submitted to senior government officials in December 1976, which included an analysis of the distribution of population by average total income, stated that a substantial rise in the standard of living had occurred during the 1970–1975 five-year period. Average per capita income had increased to 118.1 roubles by September 1975, based on income survey data. To illustrate this development, a chart was created showing the distribution of total individual income, with the median and quartiles specified (see Figure 1.4). The lower quartile was 83.2, the median 108.8, and the upper quartile 141 roubles.³⁹ When these figures are computed from the 1975 household-level individual data, the median is 104.6 roubles. If the calculation is per-

³⁷ERA R-10-18-492, 4–8.

³⁸*О распределении численности рабочих и служащих в народном хозяйстве республики по размерам заработной платы* [Concerning the distribution of workers and employees in the national economy by wage income]. November 1976. ERA R-10-18-498.

³⁹ERA R-10-18-497, 3–4, 18.

formed at the level of the individual, the median is 97.6 roubles. Both are lower than the median calculated by the ENSV SKV (108.8 roubles), which indicates a problem with the definition of total individual income used by the ENSV SKV.

If one compares the arithmetic averages instead of using the median, the average total individual income (excluding non-monetary benefits) in 1975 according to the individual data is 105.6 roubles. Adding the non-monetary benefits increases the average to 108.1 roubles. If the average is calculated on a household basis, the respective figures are 115.4 and 117.6 roubles. The latter figure is closest to that provided by the ENSV SKV (118.1 roubles). We concluded that the statisticians performed the calculation of average income at the level of the household, rather than at the level of the individual. It also appears that non-monetary benefits were included. Taking into account the individual data from the income surveys, there is no other explanation for the corresponding indicators in the ENSV SKV reports being so high.

This process of reconstruction leads us to conclude that the methodology of Soviet statisticians at that time involved totalling all possible household income and then dividing it by the number of members of the household. The resulting averages were used to calculate quartiles. The discrepancies described above would not have occurred had the calculations been done at the individual level from the start.

According to the recently processed individual data from the 1975 survey, the average total wage for employees who worked for the entire month was 154.4 roubles (153.9 if the data is weighted for age composition). This does not differ significantly from the accounting-based gross salary (157.5 roubles) or from the ENSV SKV calculations based on the income survey data (153.1 roubles), both of which are mentioned in Tepp's report. This is another indication that gross wage income was used by the ENSV SKV to analyse the income survey data. It therefore appears that the Soviet statistical collections which present individual income data used gross income figures that probably included non-monetary benefits.

It is also worth noting that, according to a public statistical collection published in 1981, the average monthly salary of workers and employees in 1975 was 160 roubles. The average monthly salary including benefits and disbursements from public consumption funds was estimated to be 219 roubles (ENSV SKV 1981; 227). This suggests that the statistics available to the public used poorly defined (but otherwise accurate) data, and included the figures from the public consumption funds in the representation of gross

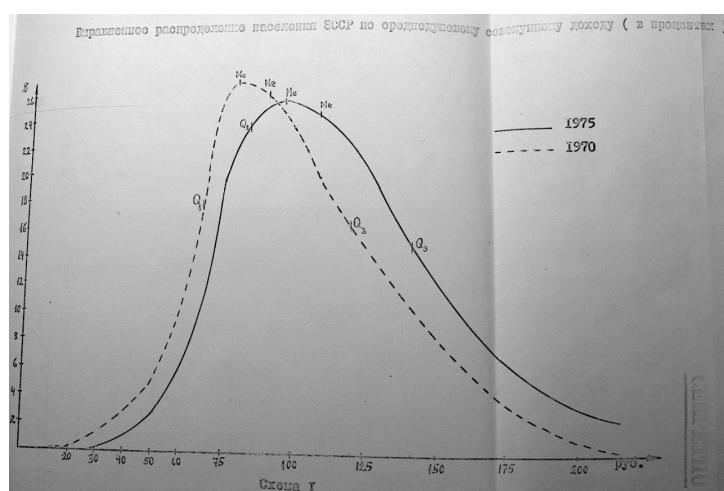


Figure 1.4: Comparison of total individual income distribution in 1970 and 1975 by the ENSV SKV.

Source: ERA R-10-18-497, 5.

income. This demonstrates the ease with which Soviet statistics ignored disputable aspects such as net income vs. gross income and non-monetary income vs. disposable income.

In the 1970s, separate collections of statistical data for internal use were published on the topic of the “increase in economic and cultural prosperity of the population of the ESSR” (TsSU ESSR 1972; 1976; 1981; 1987). The source of the data for these collections was the annual family budget surveys, since indicators for consumption and living conditions were used to portray prosperity. Earnings were also described according to the macroeconomic indicators of that time, including gross national income, the average earned income by economic sector, income from private households etc. The individual data from the income surveys provides the opportunity to verify some of those macro indicators.

2

Feasibility Study

2.1 The need for a feasibility study

This publication is the result of a feasibility study which was designed to determine if Soviet-era household budget survey data could be computerised, and if it could, to evaluate the quality of the data and ascertain its possible uses. Another reason for recovering the individual data was the general unreliability of Soviet socio-economic statistics. The broader aim of the feasibility study was to determine whether the initial data collected during the income surveys could be used for modern scientific analysis. It would then be possible to use the data to draw conclusions about the economic conditions of households and individuals during that time.

In designing the feasibility study, we had the option to choose between two primary types of household budget surveys. The family budget surveys, which recorded income and spending in great detail throughout the year, were larger in terms of volume. The second type was known as a one-time income survey (usually referred to in this text as an income survey), which recorded data only for one month. The advantages and disadvantages of both types of surveys were considered with regard to detail, temporal coverage, consistency and representativeness. The time and financial constraints of the feasibility study were also taken into account, and these set limits on extensive technical work.

The advantages of the family budget surveys included a somewhat broader time coverage (starting from 1952) and an extremely detailed account of household expenditures. However, insufficient consistency between surveys of different years (the questionnaires were changed relatively frequently) and smaller and presumably less balanced samples were identified as the negative aspects of these surveys. The advantages of income surveys were the greater number of households surveyed, better recording of socio-demographic characteristics, more consistency and significantly easier preparation for data entry. The shortcomings of the income surveys, as compared to the family budget surveys, included a lack of information regarding specific household expenses. But for this very reason, the income survey questionnaires were relatively simple and much shorter (2–4 pages) than those of the family budget surveys (up to 50 pages). Moreover, the income survey forms were uniform for all households, whereas the budget surveys used different forms for workers and collective farmers.

In addition to examining the questionnaires, the authors also took into account other

relevant studies about the Soviet Union. According to A. McAuley, who has researched income and poverty in the USSR, income surveys were one of the best that had been conducted in the former Soviet Union (McAuley 1979). Neither McAuley nor any other Western researcher had had the opportunity to study the individual survey data, so his opinion was based on the aggregated data and the research methods used by Soviet statisticians.

After careful consideration, the one-time income survey material was chosen for the feasibility study. One of the main justifications was the smaller number of questions, which required less time for data entry and consequently entailed lower cost. This also allowed more than one point in time to be selected, which was an important factor in the ability to compare surveys from different years. The questionnaire data from the 1958, 1975 and 1981 income surveys was chosen for data entry in the feasibility study. The information based on these results is sufficiently thorough to reveal the possibilities and limitations of the individual data. The quality and implications of the data were also significant. The following section contains an explanation of the issues related to the execution of the feasibility study. The income survey program is described as well as the questionnaires used in various years. The computerisation of the data and the technical problems are discussed. Separate sections are devoted to the quality and representativeness of the data.

2.2 The income survey program

Income surveys were carried out periodically; the first survey took place in 1958 and the second in 1967. Starting from 1972, the survey was conducted every third year. The last survey was conducted in 1989 and a collection of its statistical data published, but none of the original materials are still in the Estonian archives. The last original survey material stored in the Estonian State Archives dates from 1984. The individual data from the 1967 survey are also not in the archives, which implies that the questionnaires were retained by the TsSU SSSR or destroyed after processing. Three of the six studies in the archives were selected for data entry and processing.

The income survey questionnaires did not change substantially throughout the years. According to the instructions, the interviewers had to personally interview all members of the household. If this was not possible (an individual was absent or ill), the information was obtained from other members. Information regarding children was provided by parents. Some of the questions required underlining the answers (for limited options such as gender, relation to the head of the family, etc.) or blanks to be filled in for a written or numerical answer. Some answers were expressed in words and also coded by the interviewer. Codes were assigned by the interviewer to such items as branch of the economy, city or region of residence, and social group. This was probably intended to simplify the subsequent processing of the questionnaires, but the coding was not always explained in detail in the survey instructions.

The header of the questionnaire contained detailed information about the household and the enterprise from which the individual had been selected for the survey. The town or village, street name, house number and apartment number (or in the case of rural residence, the region, village council, street, farm or house number) were recorded for the place of residence. The name and economic sector of the enterprise or institution were also recorded.

The individuals selected from their places of work were also assigned to a Soviet era social group, although this practice was not consistent throughout the years. This could be an (albeit weak) indication of which social groups were considered to be of more value for the survey. In 1958, the groups were comprised of workers, employees, and co-operating craftsmen. Collective farmers were not surveyed and pensioners were not considered to be a separate group at that time. The retired worker and employee group does not appear in the questionnaire until 1975. Collective farmers and collectivised fishermen were included in the questionnaire as social groups in 1972; in 1978 these two groups were merged into one group – collective farmers. As of 1975, no differentiation was made between manual labourers (workers) and white-collar workers (employees). The last surveys also include households consisting only of pensioners. The relevance of the social group is minimal, because this category cannot be used in international comparisons. In addition, the social groups of the members of the respondent's household were not recorded.

The most important part of the questionnaire relates to the individual members of the household. Fortunately, the questions were identical for all members, whether or not they were the individuals selected from an enterprise. Information about the head of the household was entered first. The members determined who was the head of the household. If they could not do so, the interviewer selected the member who contributed the most to the household income. Because there was a significant difference (ca 30%) between the wages paid to men and women at that time due to gender inequality, we have illustrated the gender distribution of heads of households comprised of two or more members in Table 2.1).

Table 2.1: **Percentage of heads of household by gender**

	1958	1975	1981
Male	76	73	73
Female	24	27	27
Total	100	100	100

Source: income survey data 1958, 1975, 1981.

Note: single-person households no included.

The personal questions can be divided into socio-demographic and socio-economic categories. The first category includes questions pertaining to the age, education, and marital and activity status of the respondent. The second contains questions related to income and benefits.

The socio-demographic questions included the given name, surname and name of the father of the individual. The recording of the relationship with the head of the household is especially important. The position of the individuals in the household was established on the basis of their relationship to the head of the household and not to the person selected from an enterprise. Gender and age were recorded next. The question regarding age changed over the years. In 1958, the age of respondents older than one year was recorded in years and for infants less than one year of age, it was recorded in months. Starting from 1972, the number of months was not recorded for children younger than one year – all children under the age of one year were coded 99. Thus, the code 99 came to indicate a child of less than one year of age, which probably prompted later interviewer instructions to cross out the actual age of persons aged 99 and older and to replace it

with the number 98. Although the proportion of individuals of such advanced years is extremely small in the total population, it should be taken into account that the age of those 100 years of age and older has been adjusted downwards. As of 1981, the month and year of birth were recorded, which is much more accurate than the previous practice.

The question regarding the level of education is very important and the following instructions were provided. Incomplete higher education was recorded for those who had completed at least half of the required period of study in an institution of higher education. If less, the previous level of education was recorded. The level of education of those who had studied at polytechnic schools and other institutions of vocational secondary education was recorded as general secondary education or incomplete secondary education. Incomplete secondary education characterised those who had completed a 7- or 8-form school, students at vocational secondary schools or secondary schools (or who had not finished the latter), graduates of “pre-revolutionary” or “bourgeois” pro-gymnasiums, higher basic, or urban schools. Distance learning and evening schools equated with day-time study according to the survey.¹ In 1958, the lack of primary education in the Soviet Union was probably quite widespread, and therefore the questionnaire of that year included a request to record whether the individual was able to read and write, read, or was illiterate. In the later surveys, a lack of primary education was recorded as the lowest level of education.

In addition to educational attainment, the name of the school was also recorded in the survey. The name of the educational institution recorded in 1958 did not expressly indicate the level of the student (e.g. a pupil at a primary school that was part of a secondary school). This deficiency was corrected in 1972, and the type of educational institution was recorded instead of the name. The 1978 survey questionnaire, in which no questions were asked about the educational institution, is an exception to the other surveys.

The recording of the socio-demographic question about marital status requires some explanation. A separate field for recording marital status was provided in 1984, when all persons aged 18 and older were asked about their marital status. This question had not previously been included, which complicates ascertaining the marital status of members of the household. Based on the question about the relationship to the head of household, the marital status of the head of household and his or her spouse can be established, but the marital status of other members of the household members cannot be derived from the questionnaire. The 1972 survey questionnaires contained a separate field for coding married couples, but the system used for completing this field does not function well for identifying marital status. According to the instructions, one or both parents were considered married if they provided maintenance for children younger than 18 years of age. In such cases, the married couple was recorded in the questionnaire by a two digit code.² This means that marital status was not directly revealed by the questionnaires up until 1984 and must be established indirectly. The listing of the father’s name for every individual facilitates establishing relationships between parents and children, and determining the relationship to elderly persons in the household. Parents of the head of household or his or her spouse were interpreted as being married or cohabiting. Other marital relationships in the household were determined by the relationship to the head of

¹ERA R-10-17-6812, 134–135.

²ERA R-10-17-6812, 133.

household (son-in-law, daughter-in-law, brother-in-law, sister-in-law). Uncles and aunts in the household were treated as unmarried, unless their spouse was also listed on the questionnaire. Establishing marital status was the task of data entry clerks.

Occupation and the name of their workplace were recorded for working respondents. Workplace and occupation were not subject to classification or coding. Surveys differed with regard to employment status. The 1958 survey focused on the sources of income of unemployed individuals. Identifying the source of income of unemployed individuals in a separate field implies that they were recorded as being supported by other members of the household. The 1972 survey included a question regarding the reasons for the lack of employment: taking care of children or other members of the household, being occupied with duties in the home, high family income, seasonal work, etc. In 1972, respondents were also questioned about the conditions that would allow them to work. The options included the availability of child care, a shorter working day, special service, a workplace near the place of residence, and other conditions. No questions directed towards the unemployed were posed in later surveys.

The most essential part of the surveys – questions related to income – also underwent changes over the years. The set of questions was simplest in the 1958 survey, which only specified six types of income, and these were not further divided into subcategories. The six types were monthly wages, pensions, stipends, allowances for multi-child families, income from state organisations, and other financial income (See Table 2.2). It is not known whether part-time work was recalculated into a full month in this survey. It would have been reasonable to distinguish between monetary and non-monetary income such as benefits or goods, etc. However, only income received from state organisations was considered to be non-monetary. This was likely to include goods or services received from consumer and public organisations, and these were re-calculated into monetary terms. Such revenues are not monetary income, however, because they were not disposable.

In later surveys, income from wages is distinguished by whether or not the individual was employed on a collective farm, and whether wages were received for the whole month or for a shorter period. The 1972 survey questionnaire contained a separate field for entering the number of days worked by respondents who had worked less than a month. Later, the number of days worked was not specified and therefore calculating the daily salary of those who worked less than a month is impossible. However, as the prevailing system did not encourage part-time work, this is not a serious shortcoming. In 1984, a separate field was added to the questionnaire to record income received from a second job.

Based on the interviewer instructions, the information about the wages of the respondent was obtained from the accounting department at the workplace; this was made easier by the fact that the selected respondents worked in the same enterprise. Wages included lump-sum and other types of bonuses, material incentives, the cost of a rent-free flat and utilities, income tax withheld by the enterprise, the tax on childlessness, and alimony. Thus, gross income was recorded in the questionnaire, which in some cases included expenditures on housing and utilities (although this is not specified in the survey instructions, it probably applied to individuals who lived in flats belonging to the enterprise or institution).

Starting from the 1972 survey, income included compensation for temporary incapacity for work. Those who were receiving this type of compensation were considered as

Table 2.2: Questions regarding income in different surveys

Type of income	1958	1972	1975	1978	1981	1984
Wage income, full-time	x	x	x	x	x	x
Wage income, not full-time	0	x	x	x	x	x
Wage income, secondary job	0	0	0	0	0	x
Number of days worked	0	x	0	0	0	0
Number of days supposed to work	0	x	0	0	0	0
Wage income from collective farm	0	x	x	x	x	0
Temporary disability benefit	0	x	x	x	x	x
Pension, any kind	x	x	0	0	0	0
Pension, old-age	0	0	x	x	x	x
Pension, disability	0	0	x	x	x	x
Pension, for loss of parents	0	0	x	x	x	x
Pension, other	0	0	x	x	x	x
Stipend	x	x	x	x	x	x
Social benefit for large families	x	x	x	x	x	x
Social benefit for low-income families	0	0	x	x	x	x
Social benefit for single mothers	0	0	0	x	x	0
Social benefit for children below 1 year	0	0	0	0	0	x
Social benefit at birth of a child	0	0	0	0	0	x
Income from private household	0	x	x	x	x	x
Income from craftsmanship and services	0	0	0	0	0	x
Other income from state organisations	x	x	x	0	0	0
Alimentary	0	x	x	x	x	x
State support for pre-schoolers	0	x	x	x	x	x
State support as vacation vouchers	0	x	0	x	x	x
State support for schoolchildren	0	0	x	x	x	0
Other money income	x	x	x	x	x	x

Source: ERA R-10-17.

Note: X indicates the presence of a question.

employed and their workplace and occupation were recorded as for other employed persons. Up until 1981, three types of benefits were distinguished – those for pregnancy and childbirth, child care, and illness. In 1984, temporary incapacity for work was not subdivided by category. This was because questions on childbirth and child care allowances had been allotted separate fields.

Four types of pensions were distinguished after the 1958 survey: old-age, disability, survivor's (an individual who had lost one or both parents) and "other". Therefore, the pensioner category could encompass individuals of all ages. "Other" pensions referred to personal pensions, those for military personnel, and pensions paid by collective farms. The recipients of survivor's pensions were usually children, and this was recorded in the questionnaire. For this reason, the total individual income of very young age groups is presented in the standard tabulations of this study.

We examined child allowances separately; these reveal the spread of state social welfare. In 1958 and 1972, there was only one type of child allowance – a benefit allocated to single mothers and those with multiple children. In 1975, a child allowance for low-income families was added, and in 1978, allowances for single mothers and families with multiple children were recorded in separate fields, but in 1984, they were again merged

into one. The 1984 survey included the childbirth allowance and an allowance paid until the child was a year old, increasing the number of types of child allowances to four. Under some conditions, subsidies for pre-school children attending kindergartens and the expenses of students at boarding and vocational schools could also be accounted as child allowances, but these were not disposable income. Subsidies are therefore not recorded as financial income in later processing and are not included with individual income (similarly to the income received from state institutions mentioned previously). The various types of subsidies were included in the questionnaires as of 1972.

The field “other income” was included in all income surveys. According to the instructions for the 1978 survey, this item included lump-sum benefits and allowances, daily allowances, daily allowances for business trips, disability benefits, lottery prizes, holiday pay upon graduation from a vocational school, disability benefits paid by collective farms, income received for leasing a residence, cash received from relatives and acquaintances, income from self-employment, and income from the sale of objects. It was stated in the instructions that the occasional receipt of large sums (received from the sale of a house or car, a lottery prize etc.) should not be recorded in the questionnaire.³ Although the instructions with regard to other income are somewhat vague, it was monetary income and thus should be accounted as disposable income.

Income from state, cooperative and public organisations could, unlike “other income”, be in the form of goods or services. Their value was estimated in roubles and recorded in the questionnaire. The interviewers were supplied with a list of retail prices of agricultural and food products to facilitate conversion into monetary form. The questionnaires did not include this type of income after 1975. It is possible that statisticians decided that payment in kind had become marginal due to the increase in the proportion of monetary wages, therefore a separate question on non-monetary income was no longer necessary.

In 1984, a new category of income was introduced – the proceeds from cottage industry, handicrafts and services provided to citizens. The nature of the services provided to citizens is not known, because the interviewer instructions for that year’s survey have not been found. The cottage industry and handicraft categories, however, probably captured income generated in private households and handicraft co-operatives.

In addition to income, the surveys also recorded information pertaining to the household dwelling, modern amenities available to the household, and some durable goods. In 1958, the questions were only related to the dwelling, and they included ownership status, type of dwelling, number of households living in the dwelling, number of rooms, and the size of the area used by the household. In later surveys, information about living conditions (items considered “amenities” at that time) was added. It included the availability of electricity, plumbing, sewer, hot water, gas, bathtubs or showers, and telephone. The following are some examples from the 1978 interviewer instructions on how these conditions were to be defined:

A dwelling is considered to have a sewer system if it has an interior sewer pipeline, regardless of whether waste waters are directed to a sewer or to a septic field.

³ERA R-10-17-6812, 140–141.

...

A dwelling is considered to be supplied with gas if it has any gas-operated equipment (stove, oven, hot water boiler) or gas heating.

...

An apartment with a telephone for personal or public use is considered to be equipped with a telephone.⁴

In the case of shared apartments and apartment buildings, this approach to recording amenities could be somewhat misleading, as several of them could be for common use (one shower or toilet per corridor, a shared kitchen with a gas stove, etc.). This makes it difficult to compare amenities for personal or shared use. The problem can be partially solved if the type of dwelling (house, apartment, shared flat, dormitory) is taken into account when ascertaining the amenities.

The type of dwelling was defined differently in various surveys and it would be complicated to harmonise it across all surveys. No codes for the type of dwelling were used in the 1958 questionnaire – the interviewer had to describe in words where the household lived. Preset options were provided in the later surveys, but these were somewhat limited. In 1972, the options were: a separate apartment, shared apartment, corridor-type house, cellar, barracks, and dormitory. Only in 1978 was the private house introduced as an option. The deficiency of such a system for recording the type of dwelling was caused by peculiar approaches to ownership of a dwelling and type of dwelling that can be seen in the 1975 survey documents. Ownership of the dwelling was recorded for all households. The options were: the local administration (a town or village council), a housing cooperative, a collective farm, a private house, or a leasehold in a dwelling owned by a local administration or collective farm or enterprise. However, the type of dwelling was only recorded in the case of households living in a house owned by the state, enterprise or collective farm – i.e. only those not living in their own house. Because apartment houses were not privately owned under the Soviet system, we assumed that the cases in which the dwelling type is missing refer to households living in private houses. The question about ownership was eliminated in 1978 and only the type of dwelling was recorded.

An important issue to note is that amenities were not recorded for households who were sub-leasing any type of apartment. The statisticians may have been trying to differentiate between ownership of and the temporary availability of amenities.

The household's private garden was also included in the survey. The income from the sale of produce from a personal subsidiary farm or private garden was taken into account in the income section of the questionnaire, but the size and type of garden or field had to be recorded separately. The questionnaire contained this information as of 1972. For instance, the area of land in use and the number of domestic animals was also recorded. A distinction was made between kitchen gardens and gardens. A kitchen garden was considered as personal land given to employees by an enterprise or collective farm. A garden referred to the land around a summer house or a plot of land in the gardening association.⁵ Agricultural and horticultural land were recorded separately. The amount

⁴ERA R-10-17-6812, 145–146.

⁵ERA R-10-17-6812, 143.

of land used for fruit-trees and bushes, potatoes, vegetables, cereals and other arable crops was recorded. Due to restrictions imposed by the state, a personal subsidiary farm could not be larger than 0.5 hectares, so the area was measured to the 0.01 hectare, i.e. 100 m².

In addition to the area of land, domestic animals and fowls belonging to the household were also counted. The number of cattle, swine, sheep, goats, rabbits, domestic fowl and beehives had to be recorded as of September 30 of the survey year. The income from the sale of products from a personal subsidiary farm was recorded under the income of the head of household.

Finally, the income survey also collected information that was not directly related to income and residence. This information was mainly concerned with working-age females living in the household. The surveys from 1972 to 1981 included questions with regard to their nationality, year of marriage (both previous and current) and number of children. The 18–44 age group was also asked about the number of children they would like to have. In 1978, the date of their first marriage and the birth years of their children were added. Questions with regard to the total number of children born and still alive were added, as well as the nationality of the spouse. After 1981, this so-called female block of questions was discarded. Probable reasons were the micro-census and survey of young families that were carried out in conjunction with the 1984 survey.

2.3 Data entry

The first step in preparation for data entry was to study the survey questionnaires of different years. In principle, it was decided to enter all directly available data from a questionnaire as well as any derivative information. In order to do this, the range of the questions was examined and it was then determined what additional information could be derived during the process of data entry. For example, the nationality (origin) of members of the household was not asked in some years or it was only asked of women of specified ages. In the absence of information, the data entry clerk divined the origin from the first and last name of the person, even though this method does not yield absolutely accurate results. The work that preceded data entry mainly consisted of gathering the variables to be entered and elaborating the classifications. Since one of the goals of the study was international and current comparability, it was expedient to use the international and current classifications that are briefly described below.

One of the challenges was naming the location where the household lived. Both the names and boundaries of municipalities have changed since 1950, which makes it difficult to reconcile the place of residence for different years. For that reason, the address was entered twice – first according to the boundaries and names of localities in 1970 and then according to those of a newly independent Estonia. This entailed extra work for the data entry clerks since the address first had to be coded according to the Soviet “town/district/village council/village” nomenclature and then according to the present “town/county/parish/village” system. Matching the Soviet era village council and name with the correct existing community proved to be a time-consuming task.

Another serious obstacle was coding the sectors of enterprises and occupations of individuals. One option was to use the Soviet taxonomy for economic sectors, and another was to apply the modern international classifications. Since changing the codes from one system to another in the future could be problematic, it was decided to enter the economic

sectors according to both coding systems. Two codes – one for the Soviet classification of economic sectors and the other according to present ISIC standards (*International Standard Industrial Classification of All Economic Activities* used by the UN) – were entered for each enterprise. The occupation of the respondents was also entered according to the Soviet classification system as well as the approximate matching code used by the ISCO-88 (*International Standard Classification of Occupations* used by the ILO). The remaining variables were coded by the clerks in the course of data entry. For example, the level of education, type of educational institution, living conditions and other variables requiring a small number of categories were entered according to the codes in the questionnaires.

After compiling the list of variables and equipping them with the required parameters, the work was given to a programmer who wrote the data entry program. To make the data entry as convenient as possible, it was necessary to consider the ease with which the questionnaire could be read and the program navigated on the screen. Therefore, the data entry program, which was based on FoxPro, followed the design of the questionnaire as much as possible. Variations in the questionnaires for different surveys, such as the order of questions and question blocks, prompted the design of a separate data entry program for each one.

From the very beginning, a great deal of attention was paid to the quality of the data. To ensure that the least number of errors occurred during data entry, error checks were built into the program. Logical controls were designed to alert the data entry clerk to a potential mistake. For example, the spouse of the head of household cannot be of the same sex, a preschooler cannot be employed, a person with basic education cannot study at an institution of higher learning, etc. Some of the checks were applied in a form that allowed the questionable value to be entered, but the program signalled a possible mismatch. Such controls were mostly connected with age, education and occupation. Questionnaires from different surveys naturally had their own nuances, so the control mechanisms had to be adjusted for each one.

The output of the data entry program was a file with a .dbf extension which was later converted to a statistical program (Stata 10) for data cleaning and processing. The data were then cleaned of any mistakes that the program controls had not detected. The aim of data cleaning at this point was to minimise mistakes. The checks made use of logical connections between members of the household and between characteristics of an individual. Cleaning was therefore carried out on two levels. On the household level, the conformity of the members' characteristics with their position in the household was checked, as well as the links between household members. For example, the children of the head of the household cannot be older than their parent, and the age difference between parents and their children cannot be too great or small. On the individual level, educational attainment and employment status were checked against the age of respondents; unrealistically large or small incomes were examined; congruency between the workplace and occupation was checked, etc. One issue concerned the coding of participants' occupations and workplaces (for example, an unknown abbreviation or simply a number was sometimes given as the name of the enterprise). Because ISCO-88 uses relatively detailed divisions in determining occupations, (for example, a distinction is made between drivers of large and small vehicles), it was not always possible to derive the correct codes from the income survey data.

2.4 Representativeness of the sample

The newly created datasets were subjected to further quality assessment. Guided by the findings from the analysis of the metadata, the main focus was placed on the representativeness of the samples. Other data quality issues usually include item non-response, and measurement and processing errors. Since the issue of item non-response is not relevant to the income surveys, because the subjects eliminated from the study were simply replaced, we focused on the three remaining issues, starting with representativeness.

It is only possible to verify the representativeness of indicators for which the available data pertains to the entire population. According to the socio-demographic characteristics of the income survey questionnaires, the sample can be compared to a survey of the entire population, such as a census. Obviously, there is no income data that covers the entire population against which the sample could be assessed – the income survey itself contains the most precise and detailed information on that subject. However, because the sample is representative according to socio-demographic characteristics, it can be assumed that it also represents the entire population with regard to income indicators. The methods of sampling described previously give some idea about the representativeness of the income indicators, even though they only applied to one person from the selected household. In future analyses, it would be possible to compare the income survey data to accounting indicators, which were published for internal use by the ENSV SKV for each five-year period.

The representativeness of the sample was evaluated according to demographic and social indicators such as age composition, average size of household, the proportion of married respondents, of one-member households, of employed household members and of the urban population in the sample. Since this type of socio-demographic data about the whole population was not collected on a regular basis, we have to rely on data from the national censuses of 1959 and 1979. One of those censuses was sufficiently close to the income survey of 1958 and the other to the surveys of 1975 and 1981. The age composition of the whole population is available on an annual basis.⁶

First, we compared the age composition of the survey sample (both men and women) with the age composition of whole population. In Figure 2.1, all age groups of the sample were weighted to match the size of whole population and then the ratios were calculated for each age group. The variance from 1 indicates the over- or under-representation of the corresponding age group in the sample compared to the same age group in the whole population.

All of the survey data is characterised by the underrepresentation of males aged 15–25, as shown in Figure 2.1(a), whereas females in the same age groups are somewhat overrepresented. Older individuals (65+) are underrepresented in the survey samples. Of the three surveys discussed here, the income survey of 1958 seems to deviate most from the total population – the working age population is considerably underrepresented as are individuals of advanced ages. The fact that the age-groups 4–19 are slightly underrepresented reveals the sample bias in favour of the employed population. In the 1975 and 1980 surveys, children are overrepresented, whereas the proportion of the working age population is closer to the total population as compared to 1958. The predominance of the urban population in the 1957 survey may be one reason that the age composition

⁶The data for whole population in 1975 and 1981 were derived from Katus *et al.* (2005).

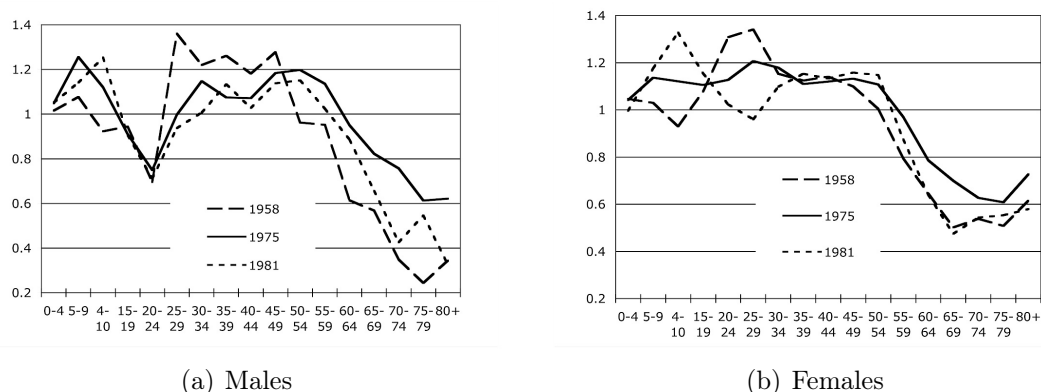


Figure 2.1: Representativeness of the sample by age composition

deviates most significantly from the total population in that year.

Next, we examined how the sample corresponds to the total population with regard to marital status. It should also be mentioned that when comparing the 1975 income survey with the 1979 population census, we have to consider the *ca* 4-year time gap which is significant in the case of a five-year age distribution. Figure 2.2 illustrates the deviance of the proportion of the married population in the sample from the total population. The married population is underrepresented mainly in the age groups 15–19 and 70+. Again, the 1958 survey is distinguished by a larger deviation – the proportion of young married males is somewhat higher, whereas the proportion of older married women is considerably lower as compared to the total population. However, if both extremes of the age scale are excluded, conformity with the total population is quite reasonable.

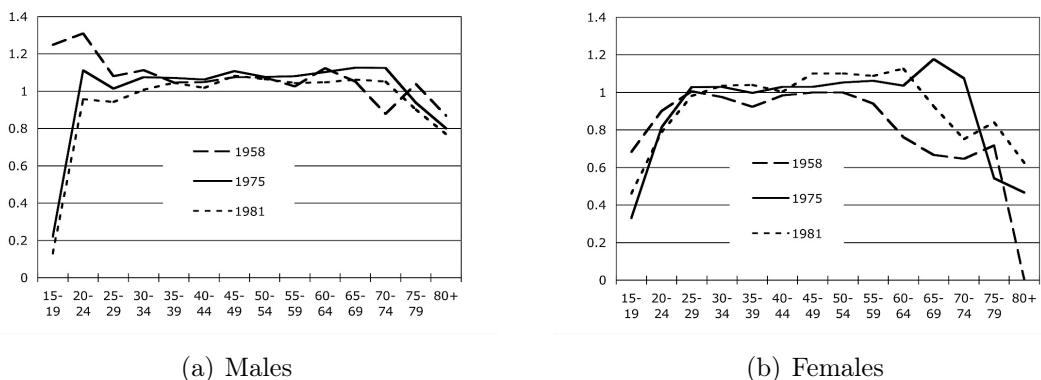


Figure 2.2: Representativeness of the sample by marital status

We then studied the differences between the income survey samples of various years and the total population with regard to household composition. As sampling was based on the place of work, it is possible that certain types of households were underrepresented (e.g. unemployed persons living alone, which would include students). Unfortunately, the data from the 1959 census was not tabulated by household composition, so it cannot be used for our purposes. The comparison of data was therefore limited to the 1979 census. Figure 2.3 illustrates the proportion of one-member households in the total population at the time of the 1979 census and in the income survey samples of various years. The

underrepresentation in the survey samples of single males in all age groups except the oldest, and especially in the 15–24 age group, is striking. For females, underrepresentation mainly occurred in the older age groups, but also among respondents aged 15–24 and 60+.

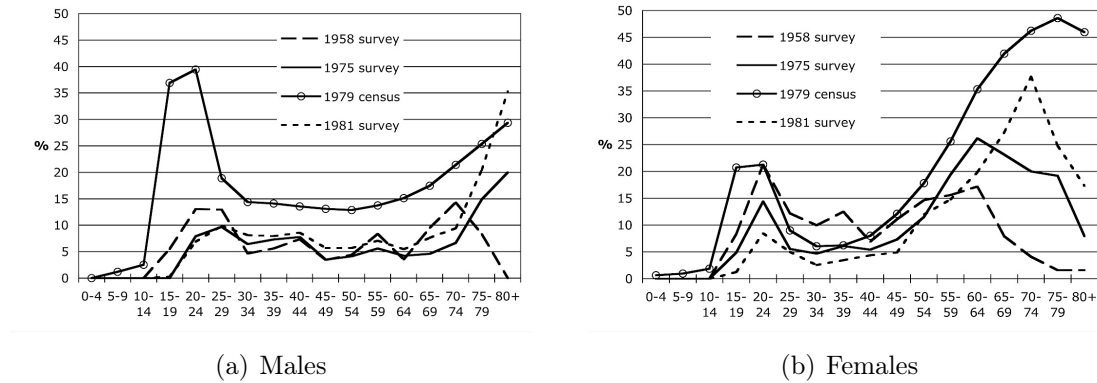


Figure 2.3: Representativeness of the sample by percentage of one-person households

In addition to the proportion of one-member households, the average household size should also be examined. In Figure 2.4, the size of household for each individual has been taken into account and the averages computed for all age groups. The average size of the households in the samples somewhat exceeds that of the total population, probably due to the lower proportion in the sample of persons living alone. This is especially noticeable among males in the 15–24 age group. For females, the difference is more visible in the older age groups.

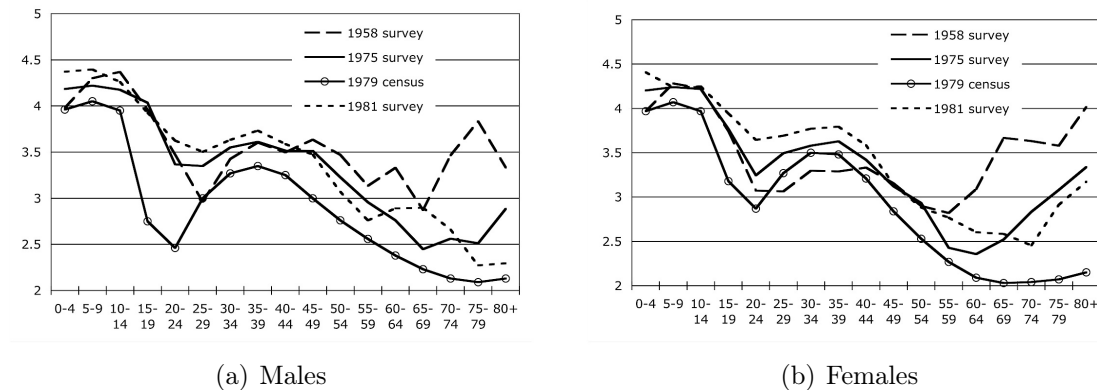


Figure 2.4: Representativeness of the sample by average size of household

The proportion of the working population also merits attention. The 1959 census tables do not contain a detailed age distribution of the employed population. Employment rates are only indicated in 10-year age groups up to age 65. The employment rates in the 1959 and 1979 censuses and the income survey samples are depicted in Figure 2.5. The percentage of employed males and females shown in the survey sample exceeds the respective indicators for the total population. This is most evident among the older age groups, but, in the 1958 survey, it applies to females in the 25–35 age group as well. Except for the latter, there are no major deviations in the working-age population. Employees of

retirement age are largely overrepresented in the 1975 and 1981 survey samples for both sexes. This should be kept in mind when analysing earnings or applying weights.

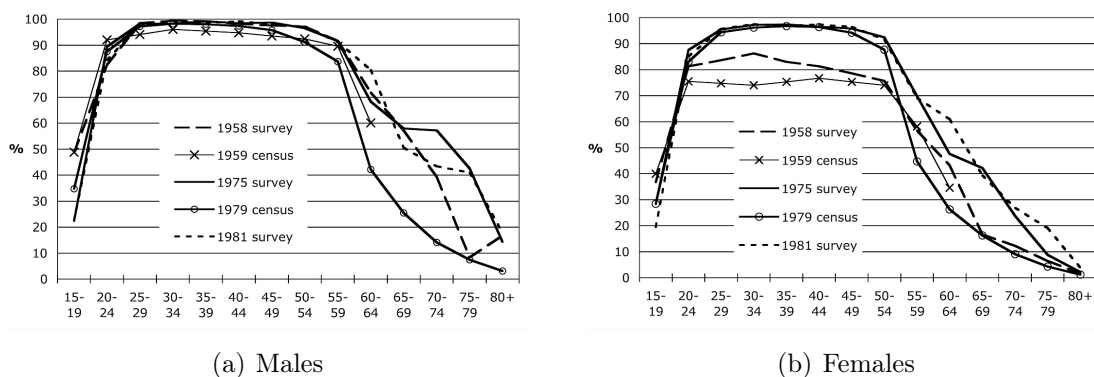


Figure 2.5: Representativeness of the sample by percentage of employed individuals

Finally, we examined the representativeness of the urban and rural populations. We compared the proportion of the urban population recorded in the census with that in the income survey sample. The ratio of the two figures is shown in Figure 2.6. Because we know that the households of collective farmers were not included in the 1958 income survey, it is to be expected that the urban population is overrepresented in the sample. The rural population included households of individuals working in enterprises or agencies that were located in rural areas, state farm workers, and those employed in forestry and mines. Collective farm households were included in the 1975 and 1981 surveys and therefore a significant proportion of the rural population was represented. This might explain why the urban population was somewhat underrepresented in the two later surveys. It should be noted that the rural population does not represent only those engaged in agriculture and forestry.

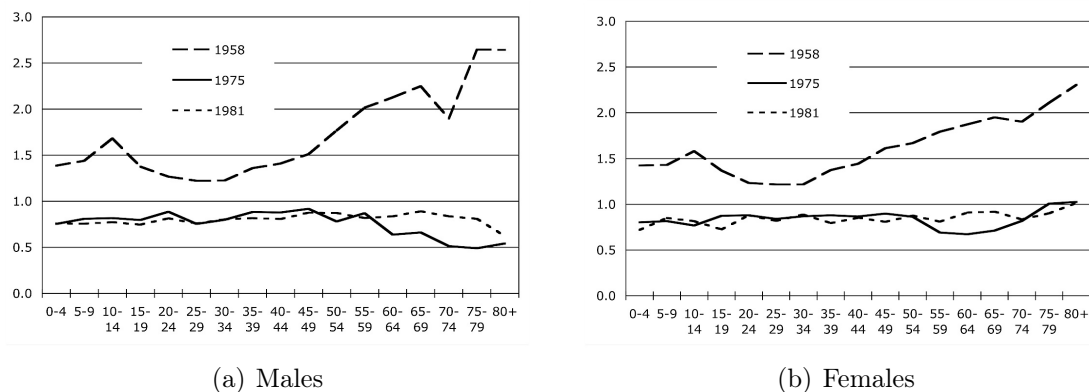


Figure 2.6: Representativeness of the sample by proportion of the urban population (Ratio of proportions of the urban population in the sample and the census.)

These 6 pairs of graphs sum up the major issues with the income surveys. First, the underrepresentation of older age groups is visible in all the surveys examined. This is also true for some of the younger age groups who had recently left their parents' households but could not be included in the sample because they were unemployed (conscripts,

university students, temporary employees). The second issue concerns the overrepresentation of employed older individuals, as mentioned previously. This should be taken into account when analysing income distribution as well as its associated indicators, such as the distribution of poverty (i.e. to estimate the income of individuals of retirement age with and without wages). These shortcomings can be eliminated by weighting.

2.5 Weighting of the sample

It has been shown that the income survey samples tended to underrepresent some population groups in terms of social and demographic variables. In this section, we will address the question of whether this problem can be resolved by weighting. We will use a probability (sampling) weight that is inverse to the likelihood that a specific observation was sampled. Weights are applied according to the sex of the respondents and 5-year age groups. The probability weight w has been calculated as follows:

$$w_{ij} = \frac{N_{ij}}{n_{ij}} \quad (2.1)$$

where the weight for an individual belonging to age group i and distinguished by the indicator j equals the quotient of the number of individuals in the total population N and the sample n . The absolute numbers N and n can also be replaced by the proportions of i and j groups.

The first step was to increase the weight for older age groups of males and females, and also for males aged 15–24. The methods are similar to those used for sample comparison. The sample was first enlarged to the size of total population, based on sex and age composition. Then, these groups were divided by the respective sample group to obtain the probability weight coefficient. The second step was to increase the weight of one-member households so that these would correspond to their proportion of the total population. The main issue was that there were no tabulations of household composition in the 1959 census. Therefore, the number of single individuals had to be derived from the number of unmarried persons (calculated only for those 20 years of age and older, since younger individuals might still have been living in their parents' household). Third, the weight for marital status was added in order to adjust the number of married individuals in the sample. Individuals aged 15 and older were included in this calculation. Fourth, we weighted for employment to balance the proportion of employees 15 years of age and older in the sample. Due to incomplete employment data in the 1958 survey, weighting could only be applied up to age 65; we were able to weight the proportion of older employees for the other surveys. Fifth, the ratio of urban and rural population had to be adjusted, especially for the 1958 survey.

Finally, the sum of the different weights was calculated, because it is impossible to apply several weights at the same time in an analysis. The sum is derived by adding the weights and dividing the sum by the number of weights. The summary weights must then be recalculated so that the average of the weight across the sample is equal to 1. While the previous examples were mainly related to increasing the weight of underrepresented population groups, the average of the summary weights was higher than 1, thereby increasing the sample size in the analysis when tabulating the weighted data. The summary weights were recalculated as follows:

$$w_{j1} = \frac{w_{j0}}{c} \quad \text{where} \quad c = \frac{n_1}{n_0} \quad (2.2)$$

According to this formula, the initial summary weight w_{j0} of an individual j is divided by the factor obtained as a result of dividing the number of individuals in the weighted sample n_1 by the number of individuals initially included in the sample n_0 . The average of the adjusted summary weight must in all instances equal 1. For example, the average of the adjusted summary weights of the weighted sample of 1958 equals 1.000009, which increases the sample of 8,630-individuals by 0.075.

Next, we examined the impact of sample weighting on the data set. Comparing some of the less complicated income indicators for weighted and un-weighted samples achieved this objective. The sum of an individual's monetary income and the net equivalised household income before social transfers were selected as income indicators. For both indicators, the arithmetical mean of the weighted indicator was divided by the arithmetical mean of the un-weighted indicator; the difference between the result and 1 yields the approximate positive or negative impact of the weights. One of our objectives was to examine the impact of different weights on these two indicators and the sum of weights. The impact of one weight on either of the indicators might differ from the impact of weights on various other types of income. In the case of net equivalised income, the impact is a function of the standardised household size and the sum of the types of income.

Graph 2.7 depicts the impact of single weights and summary weights on total individual income in the 1958 survey. The most important effects of weighting occur for 20-year-olds and older individuals – these are the age groups for which the difference between the sample and the total population is the greatest. The weighting of single individuals portrayed in Figure 2.7(a) increases the total individual income of males in the 20–24 age group by *ca* 10%. This is because the weight of single males in this age group was increased in the sample by a factor of 6.2 due to their low incidence, and also because the average total income per person for these individuals (32 in total) is 99.7 roubles as opposed to 72.6 roubles for non-single individuals (213 in total). As a result of weighting the single individuals, the average total individual income of 20–24-year-old males rises from 76.1 to 85.6 roubles.

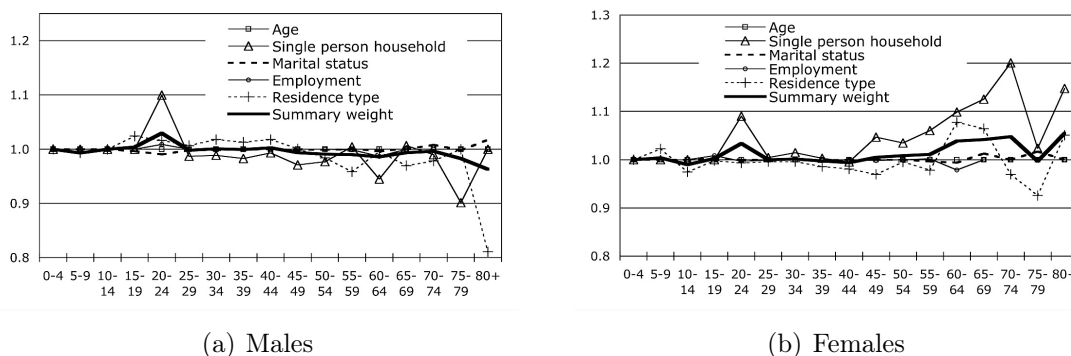


Figure 2.7: The impact of weighting on total individual income in 1958

Note: the unweighted total individual income = 1

The impact of weighting single individuals on the total individual income of elderly females (see Figure 2.7(b)) can be explained by the fact that the unemployed were not

included in the 1958 survey, i.e. a single individual of retirement age had to be employed to be included in the survey (and that also implied a larger total individual income), while an elderly person in a multimember household could simply be counted as an old-age pensioner. Weighting the relatively smaller number of single individuals with higher income so that they were proportionate to the total population increased the average total individual income (as a result of weighting single individuals, the average total individual income of 70–74-year-old females increased from 13.2 to 21.2 roubles).

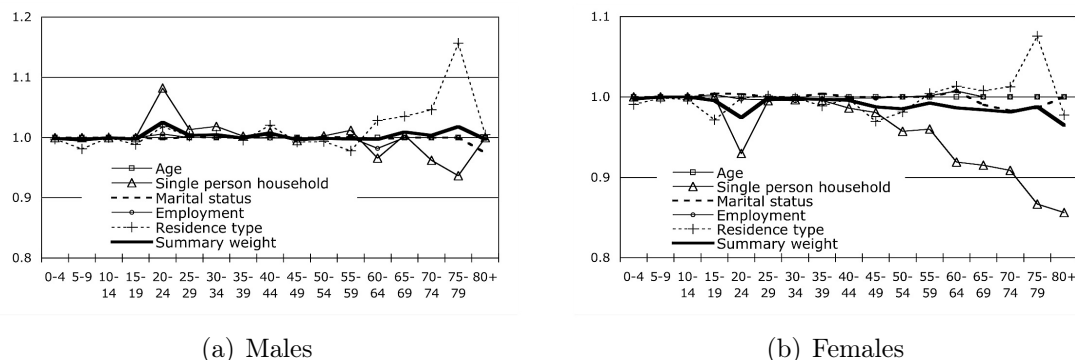


Figure 2.8: The impact of weighting on the net equivalised household income before transfers in 1958

Note: the unweighted net equivalised household income before transfers = 1

Figure 2.8 depicts the impact of the same weighting on net equivalised household income before social transfers. Comparing figures 2.7 and 2.8 illustrates the peculiarities of the impact of weighting. Let us examine the impact of the weighting of one-member households on females (the weight of the three oldest age groups of single females has been increased or lowered by a rate in the range of 10–25%). This weight has increased the total individual income of elderly single females relative to elderly females with a family. However, it has decreased their income on the net equivalised household income before transfers indicator, because the net equivalised income of non-singles is larger due to the income of other members of the household.

Figures 2.9 and 2.10 illustrate the impact of weighting on total individual income and net equivalised household income before transfers in the 1975 survey. The proportion of older employees in the 1975 sample is larger than in the total population, as was discussed in the section on the representativeness of the sample. Decreasing the weight of the employed elderly population has an impact of up to 20% on the total individual income of males and females in these age groups. On the other hand, the weighting of single individuals increases the average total individual income.

Despite the relatively strong impact of weighting single individuals (a difference of 15–25% as shown in previous examples) on the average income, the magnitude of the effects disappears when the different weights are aggregated. The actual impact of weighting on the income indicators remains within *ca* 5%. The application of weights is justified and necessary for data analysis. However, the decision whether to use single weights or the sum of weights requires discussion. It may also be necessary to set an upper limit for weighting.

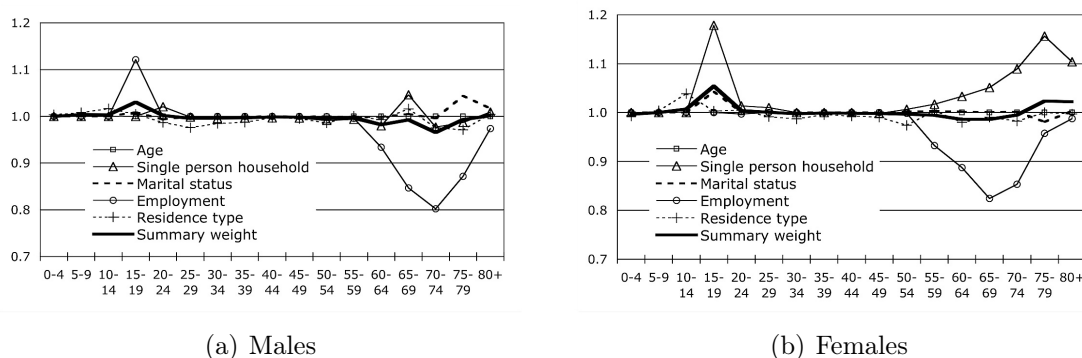


Figure 2.9: The impact of weighting on total individual income, 1975

Note: the unweighted total individual income = 1.

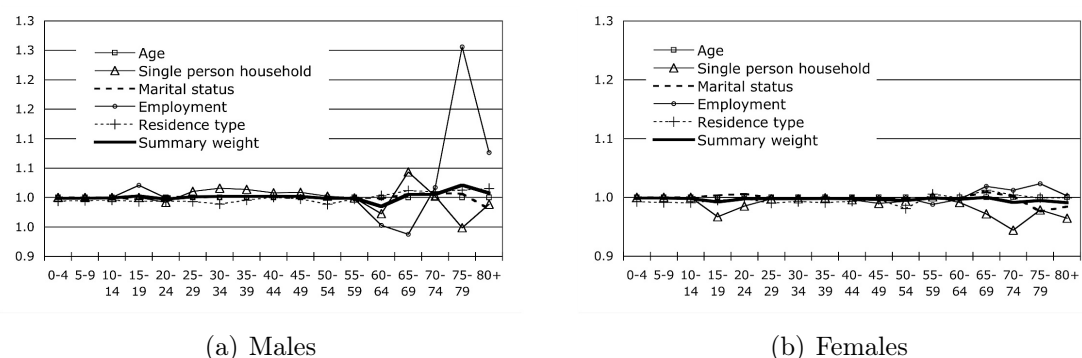


Figure 2.10: The impact of weighting on net equivalised household income before transfers, 1975

Note: the unweighted net equivalised household income before transfers = 1.

2.6 Assessing measurement and processing errors

In this section, we focus on the data issues that resulted from imperfections in the survey methodology or that have emerged in the process of entering the data. These issues can be divided into two groups – problems arising from the coding of household and individual variables, and those related to the measurement and classification of income.

There are several possible sources for the coding problems. Some parts of the income survey questionnaire must be examined to verify that they were completed correctly. One of the most glaring issues was the use of initials instead of first and father's names, which made it difficult during the data cleaning process to determine the sex of the individual. The same problem exists with regard to workplaces and positions – these are occasionally illegible or the interviewer has used unknown abbreviations and acronyms. This has complicated the work of the data entry clerks in coding the occupation and branch of economy variables, and in cleaning and checking the employment variable. Some of the Soviet types of production such as co-operatives and production associations are not reflected in the name of the enterprise, or are difficult to classify under current international categories. In the 1958 survey, the area of activity of some of the co-operatives is still questionable, and these have therefore been classified under the category of “others”. Nevertheless, taking into account the size of the sample, the number of such errors is relatively small, so

this issue has not been treated in detail.

One of the main questions that arose while analysing the income surveys with regard to measuring income was related to the uniform accounting of income and classification of income. The methods used in the surveys to account for income were not consistent – wages were recorded as gross income (including extra income, bonuses, single lump-sum incentives, free accommodation and public utilities, income tax withheld by the enterprise, tax on childlessness, and alimony), but other monetary income was recorded as net income. Therefore, for the purposes of data analysis, gross salary had to approximate to the extent possible the amount actually received. With the exception of the 1958 survey, this was achieved by deducting the taxes that were recorded. This operation was based on the prerequisite that the data on wages and taxes had been collected uniformly for all respondents, so this assumption had to be verified.

The 1978 survey guidelines expressly state that “for each employed family member, the gross salary for the month of September is to be recorded. Data on wages is to be obtained from the accounting department of the respondent’s workplace.”⁷ This meant that the interviewer had to visit the accounting department of each respondent in order to obtain their wage information. Although it is likely that the interviewers did follow these instructions, we still had to check whether it was possible to disallow adherence to the salary recording guidelines empirically. For this purpose, we formed a working hypothesis that interviewer error could have resulted in the household members’ wages being accounted as net income. Considering the level of individual taxes in the Soviet Union in the 1970s, failing to take into account the tax on childlessness would produce an error of at least 6%, and neglecting to account for income tax could result in a 12% difference in gross salary, at least.

In order to check the hypothesis, a wage equation that included the main demographic indicators was formulated, in which one independent dichotomous variable was the effect of the modus vivendi of the respondent on inclusion in the sample (as a member of a household or selected from an enterprise). If the wage level of the selected individual was significantly higher than that of the other members of the household, this could indicate a different method of recording gross salary. In regression equation 2.3 the gross salary y of an individual i is regressed with the vector of the regressors X (sector of the economy, sex, age, place of origin, educational attainment, place of residence, status in the household). Coefficient β shows the amount and direction of the impact of the variables on the gross salary of an individual with the constant α and error term ϵ .

$$y_i = \alpha + X_i\beta + \epsilon_i \quad (2.3)$$

Table 2.3 contains the results of the wage equation. It shows that the gross salary of the selected individuals is higher than that of the other members of the household, but still remains below the 6% pre-set criterion. Taking 177.5 roubles as the constant of the wage regression, the positive impact on gross salary of being the selected individual is about 9 roubles, which differs *ca* 5% from the constant.

Although a difference of 5% is not very large, it does indicate that the wages of the individuals selected for the sample from the enterprises were higher than the wages of the other working members of the household. The cause likely had to do with the process

⁷ERA R-10-17-6812, 137.

Table 2.3: Data quality: the wage equation for 1975

Variable	Coefficient	(Std. Err.)
Primary sector	8.065**	(2.916)
Secondary sector	reference category	
Tertiary sector	-17.790**	(2.209)
Female	-57.946**	(2.156)
Age 15-24	-24.432**	(3.093)
Age 25-34	reference category	
Age 35-44	7.376**	(2.432)
Age 45-54	-1.228	(2.628)
Age 55-64	-41.337**	(3.717)
Foreign origin	-4.882*	(2.202)
Higher education	30.105**	(3.102)
Secondary education	reference category	
Basic education	8.916**	(2.297)
Primary education	3.460	(2.568)
Rural residence	-2.949	(2.362)
Head of household	16.609**	(2.289)
Selected person	9.061**	(1.925)
Constant	177.474**	(3.214)
N	6,451	
R ²	0.258	
F _(15,6435)	149.349	

Level of statistical significance : † : 10% * : 5% ** : 1%

Note: excluding single person households and age groups below 15 and over 65+.

for selecting the individuals, or more broadly, for selecting the enterprises, companies, or collective farms, which is not accounted for in the wage equation. Our working hypothesis regarding the incorrect accounting by interviewers of the wages of the household members was not confirmed.

The same check cannot be applied to the 1981 survey, as a different method for selecting the respondent was used that year. The heading of the questionnaire contained a separate field in which the sequence number of the person selected for the sample was recorded. For some reason, this field was not filled in for the majority of collective farmers, and therefore, selected individuals and household members can be distinguished only if they were not collective farmers. The households containing the sequence number of the selected person included 8,159 persons, 4,927 of whom were receiving income from wages. The same wage equation was applied as for the 1975 survey, and the results are presented in Table 2.4. As it indicates, the impact of being sampled on the gross salary variable remains the same (9.7 roubles comprises ca 4.5% of the constant), which supports the above-mentioned potential selectivity hypothesis. The coefficient remains the same when wages in roubles are replaced by the wage logarithm.

It was also necessary to verify from the income tax and tax on childlessness recorded in the questionnaire that the gross salary of the household members had actually been obtained from the employers' accounting departments. Following is a brief overview of

Table 2.4: Data quality: the wage equation for 1981

Variable	Coefficient	(Std. Err.)
Primary sector	6.561 [†]	(3.838)
Secondary sector	reference category	
Tertiary sector	-18.654**	(2.613)
Female	-69.696**	(2.761)
Age 15-24	-21.927**	(4.044)
Age 25-34	reference category	
Age 35-44	15.840**	(3.112)
Age 45-54	11.079**	(3.243)
Age 55-64	-27.318**	(4.550)
Foreign origin	-0.581	(2.517)
Higher education	15.447**	(3.490)
Secondary education	reference category	
Basic education	3.108	(2.887)
Primary education	-5.367	(3.521)
Rural residence	-1.098	(3.180)
Head of household	16.545**	(2.903)
Selected person	9.754**	(2.390)
Constant	214.916**	(3.824)
N	4,435	
R ²	0.286	
F _(15,4419)	118.098	

Level of statistical significance : † : 10% * : 5% ** : 1%

Note: excluding single person households and age groups below 15 and 65+.

the Soviet tax system; individual data was checked to establish possible reasons for the income tax and tax on childlessness fields not having been completed.

Individuals in the Soviet Union were taxed on agriculture, income and for being unmarried, single, or having too few children. The tax on agriculture mainly applied to the rural population (collective farmers and individual landholders) and was based on the area of land in use. The land tax rate for households of collective farmers was determined by the location (in the 1970s, it was highest in the Harju and Viljandi districts – 50 kopecks per 0.01 ha, and lowest in the Hiiumaa and Saaremaa districts – 20 kopecks per 0.01 ha). Those who did not belong to collective farms were subject to the same tax rates as collective farmers. Up until 1972, they were still considered to be working for pay. Standard legislated limits governed the size of the plot of land and the number of farm animals. A farmer who was not a member of a collective had to pay the agricultural tax at twice the normal rate. These restrictions were abolished as of 1972. Military personnel, the disabled, and employed teachers were entitled to a number of exemptions with regard to the agricultural tax (Kont 1973). The agricultural tax, as well as taxes on buildings and other taxes, were only included in the 1972 income survey; therefore, this tax does not merit further discussion.

Income from the state, co-operative or public organisations or enterprises, arts and handicrafts, rents, and agriculture in urban areas, was subject to income tax. The tax

rate depended on the source of income and this underwent changes over the years, as did the basic income tax exemption (260 roubles in 1954 (Vinokur and Mogilevitš 1954) and 61 roubles in the mid-1970s (Kont 1973)). Some individuals (military personnel and disabled veterans) and types of income were wholly or partially exempt from income tax: the income collective farmers received from collective farms, student grants up to the tax-free minimum, rental income up to a set limit, wages and salaries of the disabled and old-age pensioners up to a set limit, pensions, and a portion of income from handicrafts. If a labourer or white-collar worker had to support more than 3 individuals, the income tax rate was decreased by 30%. Income tax was withheld by the employer, and the calculation, according to a progressive income tax system, was quite complicated, relative to the present time. For example, 5.92 roubles + 12% of the amount exceeding 81 roubles was deducted from wages in the range of 81–100 roubles. Above 100 roubles, the rate was 8.20 roubles + 13% of the amount exceeding 100 roubles. Separate tax rates were applied to income from second jobs (Kont 1973).

The tax collected from unmarried or single individuals and those with too few children was applied to all childless males in the 20–50 age group and to married childless females in the 20–45 age group who had an independent source of income. The tax on childlessness was calculated and withheld in the same way as the tax on income. The tax rate on 80 roubles was 6%, and less for salaries in the 61–80 rouble range. Some groups were exempt from the tax, including military personnel and their wives, the disabled, individuals with earnings below the minimum tax rate, individuals with restricted growth, and several other groups (Kont 1973). Marjahhin (1951) provides an overview of the former system of taxation with regard to collective farmers and workers.

We examined the incidence of income and childlessness tax applied to the selected respondents and their households in the 1975 survey. Only individuals who had received wages from an enterprise or collective farm for the whole month were taken into account. Table 2.5 shows that the tax on income or the tax on childlessness was recorded for 77.8% of the selected respondents, and for 85% of other members of the household.

Table 2.5: **Incidence of income and childlessness taxes, 1975**

Selected person	Income and childlessness tax recorded		
	No	Yes	Total
No	440	2,494	2,934
Yes	815	2,859	3,674
Total	1,255	5,353	6,608

Source: 1975 income survey

Note: only full-time employed considered.

The majority of cases of missing taxes can be explained by the above-cited exemptions. 1,205 of the 1,255 individuals in Table 2.5 were collective farmers, individuals whose earnings were below the tax-exempt minimum, or of pensionable age. The reasons for the missing income and childlessness taxes for the remaining 50 individuals cannot be specified on the basis of the socio-demographic data in the questionnaire.

The incidence of unrecorded income and childlessness tax was considerably lower in the 1981 survey than in 1975. The ratio of unrecorded tax was 1 to 12.7 for individuals selected for the survey, and 1 to 9.8 for the other members of the household (taxes were

recorded for 92.7% of the selected respondents and for 90.7% of other members of the household). Contrary to the 1975 results, the selected individuals have a higher incidence of recorded taxes than other members of the household (see Table 2.6).

Table 2.6: **Incidence of income and childlessness taxes, 1981**

Selected person	Income and childlessness tax recorded		Total
	No	Yes	
No	203	1,982	2,185
Yes	177	2,257	2,434
Total	380	4,239	4,619

Source: 1981 income survey

Note: only full-time employed considered.

Of the 380 individuals who had no tax data in the 1981 survey, ca 70 required closer examination. Several of them were retired and receiving disability compensation, who were thus eligible for tax exemptions, thereby reducing the number of individuals for whom the reason for tax exemptions cannot be established. This is an indication that the 1975 and 1981 questionnaires were completed correctly. The majority of the missing tax data can be explained by tax exemptions that can be verified on the basis of information in the questionnaires.

Because income and childlessness taxes were not recorded in the 1958 income survey, it is difficult to translate that year's earnings into net income. The fact that gross wages were recorded in 1958 was discussed in the previous chapter. One way to convert the recorded amounts to net wages would be to use the taxation manual for that period and compute the tax rates accordingly. This was not undertaken for this study and the standard tables contain only the gross wages for 1958.

There are some additional issues that result from poorly defined types of income. It is not known whether earnings received from subsidies or from state organisations were in monetary or other form. Therefore, such types of income could not be included, although they must have been of unquestionable value to several population groups, including single mothers and families with several children. The incidence of such types of income was relatively low and their impact on the average total income indicators of households and individuals minimal.

Complications occur with regard to types of income for which the qualifying parameters of potential recipients are difficult to establish. Specific guidelines were provided for income derived from selling the products of personal subsidiary farms. These were recorded as income belonging to the head of household. However, other monetary income could have been entered for a household member of any age, e.g. benefits for individuals who were disabled from childhood were recorded as other monetary income. Cash received from relatives or acquaintances could also belong to an individual of any age. Performing logical checks with regard to the recording of other monetary income was therefore difficult.

2.7 Conclusions

The main results of the feasibility study can be summarised as follows. The surveys collected information about basic socio-demographic characteristics and various types of income (e.g. wages, salary, pensions, stipends, family allowances) for all members of the household, and about the dwelling, consumer durables, and small-scale agricultural production for the household. With regard to data quality and measurement error, the reliability and accuracy of income data often poses a problem in survey statistics; however, this seems to be a minor concern in the case of Soviet income surveys – the analysis revealed that the information on salaries (the main source of income) was not self-reported but retrieved from the bookkeeping departments of enterprises or organisations in which the respondents were employed. Furthermore, a short time frame (the preceding month) and the limited variability of incomes in a state socialist setting contributed to the accuracy of the data. The analyses also showed that the data collection procedures included various features, ranging from simple checksums in the questionnaires to systematic re-interviewing, to minimise errors which could have been caused by carelessness.

Table 2.7: **Summary: the quality of household income survey data**

Type of error	Assessment
1. Conceptual error	Minor: the calculation of income generally conformed to the concept of disposable net income; with minor adjustment, the income data and socio-demographic characteristics are comparable to contemporary statistical standards.
2. Reporting error	Minor: incomes were reported with high accuracy; item-specific non-response and digit preference are very low; data is internally consistent.
3. Processing error	Minor: the incidence of errors in editing, coding, data entry and processing is low and does not indicate systematic bias.
4. Coverage error	Major: households whose members were all economically inactive, households of elderly individuals in particular were underrepresented; in the 1958 survey, the agricultural population was grossly underrepresented. To address the problem, post-stratification was applied; the data for older age groups (60+) should be treated with caution.
5. Non-response error	Minor: non-response rates were very low.
6. Sampling error	Minor: sample sizes were sufficiently large to provide reliable estimates.

In the context of today's concern about the growing reluctance to participate in surveys, the analysis revealed very low unit non-response to the Soviet income surveys in Estonia. Refusals were almost exceptional, and the reasons for non-participation were mainly due to changes in residence, employment or ill health. However, an obvious prob-

lem was the coverage of the survey. Income surveys employed a two-stage sampling procedure. In the first stage, instead of using sampling area units – a standard approach in household surveys – the Soviet income surveys selected enterprises or organisations from a list that was stratified by sectors of the national economy. In the second stage, employees were selected from enterprises or organisations that had been identified in the first stage. Although, from the population perspective, both stages were carefully implemented, the procedure excluded households in which all members were economically inactive. To address this problem, special subsamples of retired individuals were added to the surveys as of 1975. It was also established that the samples of two earlier surveys (1958 and 1967) had not included collective farmers.

Comparison with the population censuses corroborated the findings from the meta-data analysis with regard to coverage error. In particular, the analysis revealed an underrepresentation of the elderly population: although the introduction of subsamples of retirees had alleviated the problem, they were evidently too small to completely eliminate the bias. The sampling procedure had caused economically active individuals and those residing with adult children to be overrepresented among the older respondents in the surveys. To account for this coverage error and reduce the resulting bias, a post-stratification procedure was deemed necessary. Using external weights from the censuses, this procedure adjusted the proportions of the sample population according to 5 key demographic characteristics. Micro-data analysis confirmed the high quality of the data with regard to other types of survey error (e.g. item non-response, digit preference, internal consistency). The main findings of the data quality analysis are summarised in Table 2.7.

The overall assessment is that the quality of the newly computerised micro-data is good. With the main caveats having been identified, the household survey material provides unique insight into the economic wellbeing of the various population groups since the late 1950s.

One of the critical data analysis issues is the extent to which the income survey data can be used for international comparisons. The main issue in studying the economic history of the Soviet Union is the well known inability to compare the national accounts with the approaches used in market economies. The direct conversion of personal cash incomes into other currencies in order to compare standards of living is equally unfeasible. This comparison is hampered both by the lack of an authentic rate of exchange as well as differences in consumer options. The computation of purchasing power parity (PPP) required for obtaining a workable exchange rate is extremely labour-intensive.

Some indicators can be compared without establishing the PPP. These are mainly related to the distribution of income among the population (*The World Income Inequality Database* compiled by the U.N. Development Programme assembles income quintiles and deciles and Gini coefficients for different countries). Two aspects of international comparability must be addressed: the socio-demographic variables and income. With regard to the former, one must ensure that the codes used in the income surveys in the Soviet Union correspond to international classifications. As for the latter, the usefulness of indicators based on the income survey data must be determined.

Comparability over time, i.e. with modern income and household budget surveys, is another important aspect. The educational level of the respondents can be adjusted without major difficulty by means of the ISCED (International Standard Classification of Education – used by UNESCO to determine levels of education). Some issues remain to be

resolved, such as the status of incomplete higher education. Establishing the educational level of some students in the 1958 survey was also problematic, because the name of the educational establishment was recorded, but not the level of the student. The income survey employment field was coded dually for individuals using internationally accepted ISIC codes as well as the available Soviet codes. Only the international ISCO-88 code and the name of the profession were entered with regard to occupation. Thus, international (and also temporal) comparability was achieved for a relatively large number of individual and household indicators, such as the proportion of employed individuals and income recipients in the household, the main field of activity, sector of the economy, sources of income etc.), which could be translated into demographic variables.

Comparability issues also arose in connection with the classification and accounting of income. Of most interest was individual disposable income. As described above, gross salary was entered in the questionnaire as gross income (including all taxes withheld by the employer). Pensions, grants, income from private subsidiary farms and state financial aid are all net amounts. As a result, with regard to disposable income, salary income was overstated as compared to other types, and households deriving their main income from salaried work appeared to be better off than households that depended on transfers. One solution was to deduct income and childlessness taxes, if recorded, from wages. This improves the correspondence between the gross salary variable and the amount of actual net disposable income. Alimony should have been deducted from the gross salary of the person paying it, and included in the total monetary income of the recipient. Generally, the payment and receipt of alimony are clearly distinguishable in the questionnaires, with the exception of the 1958 income survey, in which no questions were asked about paying or receiving alimony, and the 1984 survey, in which alimony was included in the other monetary income of the recipient. The latter situation is of minor importance, because alimony and other monetary income are both part of disposable income.

Total individual income also included other types of monetary income - temporary disability compensation, pensions, grants, child benefits and income from the sale of products of private subsidiary farms. Subsidies and incomes received in non-monetary form (goods and services from agencies, enterprises and consumer cooperatives etc.) were excluded. An issue arose as a result of excluding non-monetary income in cases in which this type of income constituted a large portion of the total income of a particular population group. For example, the state's subsidising the boarding school expenses of children of a low-paid single mother substantially decreased the risk of poverty for that household, but this would not be discernible if non-monetary income was not recorded. However, the incidence of non-monetary income was quite low in the income surveys and therefore did not have a major impact on the actual distribution of income.

An internationally comparable analysis of the total income of individuals and households was based on the distribution of income among population groups, and not on the international comparability of the amount of income. Therefore, we had to deal with indicators that were comparable to the relative indicators of other countries. It is important to identify the indicators that can be demonstrated by curves and coefficients. One of the most widely used indicators is income distribution among income recipients. It is graphically represented by the Lorenz curve, which illustrates the cumulative distribution of income by recipient. If the distribution is perfectly equal, the curve becomes a straight line. The more pronounced the curve, the greater the variation in the distribution of

income. When individual income is the basis for accounting, the inequality gap is larger; it decreases for consumer units or households. For example, the lower curve in Figure 2.11(a) depicts the distribution of total individual income in 1975, and the lower curve in Figure 2.11(b) shows the distribution of income of household members in the same year. The numerical value of the gap between the Lorenz Curve and perfectly equal distribution is known as the Gini coefficient.

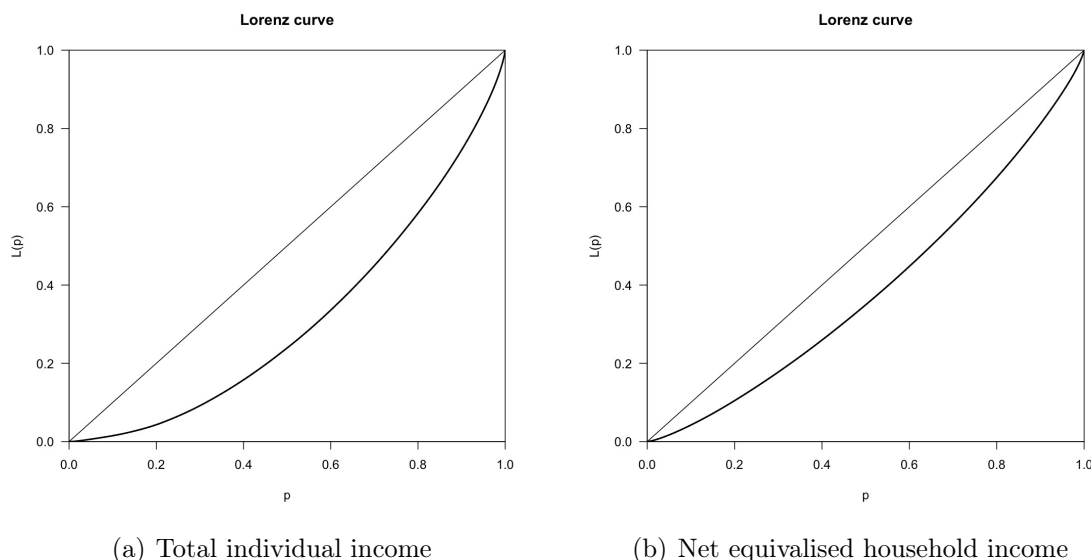


Figure 2.11: Income distribution in 1975

Note: Data is unweighted. Figure (a) represents income earners only.

Source: 1975 income survey, authors' estimates.

The distribution of relative poverty can be assessed on the basis of income distribution. In modern socioeconomic statistics, 60% of the net equivalent income of the household member is considered to be the relative poverty limit. In order to assess the efficacy of social policies, relative poverty should be assessed by both including and excluding transfer income. Income distribution and relative poverty can also be examined according to the demographic variables recorded in the income surveys.

In addition to income, the well-being of households can also be evaluated based on the housing and durable goods indicators and compared internationally. However, differences in quality can be subjective and tend to distort the evaluation and comparison of the latter indicator. The substantial lack of certain durable goods widely used in households does indeed indicate a low level of well-being, but making a valid comparison is quite complicated. Housing indicators, such as the square meters and number of rooms and a description of living conditions, on the other hand, can furnish good material for comparison. Square metres and the number of living rooms per inhabitant provide an eloquent indicator of living conditions.

Part II

Standard Tabulations of the Income Surveys

Explanation of standard tabulations

Standard tabulations have been prepared as individual level calculations. They include nine standard variables, which are sex, nativity, educational attainment, partnership status, type of household, residence, employment status, sector of economy, and income quintiles. Sex, nativity, educational attainment, partnership status, employment status, and sector of economy are individual variables; type of household, residence, and income quintiles are shared by the entire household. Sector of economy applies only for employed individuals.

Some income indicators must be treated as subject to limitations. Since 1958 data do not include taxes, net wage income cannot be calculated. Therefore, net equivalised household income of 1958 includes gross wage income. For 1975 and 1981, both gross and net wage income have been calculated, and in these cases net equivalised household income includes net wage income, as required by definition. Non-monetary income has been excluded from total income, as explained in the first part of the study. The 1958 rouble income has been divided by 10 for comparability with the rouble income after the currency reform.

The number of respondents is shown as 5-year age groups. The rest of the tables use larger intervals (0–14, 15–24, 25–34, 35–44, 45–54, 55–64, 65–74, 75+). Σ at the end of the age scale has the same meaning as “Total.” The N denotes the number of persons in the calculation base of an indicator.

As of the educational attainment variable, higher education group includes incomplete higher education, and primary group includes those without primary education.

The calculation of equivalent household size uses OECD modified scale, which assigns the following weights to household members: 1 to the first adult household member, 0.5 to every next adult, and 0.3 to children.

The cutoff line for the at-risk-of-poverty rate is defined as 60% of the median net equivalised household income. Social transfers include pensions, stipends and parental benefits.

At this stage, all standard tabulations use unweighted data. Statistically unreliable results (N less than 20) have not been excluded or marked in any way.

Tabelite selgitus

Tulu-uuringu tabelikomplekt sisaldab andmete isikupõhist töötlust. Lisaks vanuselisele jaotusele on siin üheksa standardlõiget. Indikaatoreid näidatakse soo, põlisuse, haridustaseme, koosluseisu, leibkonnatüübi, elukoha, hõivestaatuse, majandussektori ning leibkonna sissetulekukvintiliide lõikes. Sugu, põlisus, haridustase, koosluseis ja hõivestaatus on individuaalsed lõiked, st nad tulevad konkreetset isikult. Leibkonnatüüp, elukoht ja sissetulekukvintiliid on leibkonnast tulenevad ning on ühe leibkonna liikmete puhul samad. Majandussektorit arvestatakse ainult töötavate isikute kohta.

Mõnede sissetulekuindikaatorite kasutamine on tinglik. Praeguse seisuga ei ole 1958. aasta andmete pealt võimalik arvutada netopalka. Seega netoekvivalentsissetulek ning sellest sõltuvad indikaatorid (suhteline vaesusmäär) sisaldavad 1958. aasta puhul brutopalka. 1975. ja 1981. aasta puhul on netopalk arvutatud maksude mahaarvamise teel. Mitterahalisi sissetulekuid ei ole kogutulude hulka arvatud, mille põhjuseid on selgitatud töö esimeses osas. 1958. aasta rublad on jagatud 10-ga, et lihtsustada võrdlemist rahareformi järgsete rubladega.

Valimi üldkogumi jaotus on esitatud 5-aastase vanusskaalaga, muude näitajate puhul on kasutatud pikema intervalliga skaalat (0–14, 15–24, 25–34, 35–44, 45–54, 55–64, 65–74, 75+). Σ vanusskaala lõpus on sama tähendusega, mis “Kokku.” Täht N tähistab indikaatori arvutuseliseks olevat isikute arvu.

Haridustaseme puhul sisaldab kõrghariduse rühm ka lõpetamata kõrgharidust ja alghariduse rühm algharidust mitteomavaid isikuid. Kutseharidust omavad isikud on jaotatud vastavalt nende kutsehariduse tasemele.

Leibkonna ekvivalentsuuruse arvutamine on tehtud OECD modifitseeritud skaalat kasutades, mis omistab leibkonna esimesele täiskasvanule kaalu 1, igale järgmisele täiskasvanule kaalu 0.5 ja igale lapsele 0.3.

Suhtelise vaesuse piiriks on 60% leibkonnaliikme netoekvivalentsissetulekute mediaanist. Siirdetulude hulka on loetud pensionid, stipendiumid ja lastetoetused.

Kõik praeguse väljaande standardtabelid kasutavad kaalumata andmeid. Statistiliselt ebausaldusväärseid andmeid (N alla 20) ei ole tabelitest välja jäetud ega vastavalt tähistatud.

1

The 1958 Income Survey

Tabel 1.1: Küsitlute arv - *Number of respondents*

	Vanusrühm - Age group																		Σ
	0-4	5-9	10-14	15-19	20-24	25-29	30-34	35-39	40-44	45-49	50-54	55-59	60-64	65-69	70-74	75-79	80+		
Tegevusala - Activity status																			
Töötav - Working	0	0	0	265	584	910	772	577	460	573	441	302	134	55	23	5	3	5,104	
Õpilane - Studying	0	387	548	321	73	4	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,335	
Pensionär - Pensioner	0	0	0	1	7	3	2	2	5	9	12	43	59	60	44	23	23	293	
Eelkoolialane - Preschooler	709	323	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,032	
Kodune - At home	0	1	1	40	51	86	63	64	56	77	72	78	61	62	59	46	49	866	
Majandusharu (ISIC) - Branch of economy (ISIC)																			
Mittetöötav - Not working	709	711	549	362	131	93	67	66	61	86	84	121	120	122	103	69	72	3,526	
Põllumajandus - Agriculture	0	0	0	2	6	5	9	3	2	6	2	2	1	0	0	0	0	38	
Kalandus - Fishing	0	0	0	1	0	3	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	7	
Kaevandus - Mining	0	0	0	14	32	48	27	32	20	18	8	5	2	1	0	0	0	207	
Tööstus - Industry	0	0	0	129	242	383	306	219	184	232	180	115	33	18	3	0	1	2,045	
Elektri-veevarustus - Electricity and water supply	0	0	0	3	4	9	11	3	9	4	5	0	3	0	0	0	0	51	
Ehitus - Construction	0	0	0	42	50	83	69	56	47	50	36	41	15	7	0	0	0	496	
Kaubandus - Trade	0	0	0	16	33	39	35	28	25	28	25	12	5	0	1	0	0	247	
Hotellid-restoranid - Hotels-restaurants	0	0	0	1	16	21	23	19	15	25	17	8	6	1	1	0	1	154	
Transport - Transportation	0	0	0	31	70	104	90	55	44	61	35	33	13	6	3	0	0	545	
Rahandus - Finance	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	0	0	0	0	4	
Kinnisvara ja äri - Real estate and business	0	0	0	4	13	21	18	19	11	21	21	20	4	5	2	2	0	161	
Avalik teenistus - Public service	0	0	0	4	32	64	51	40	26	36	21	14	9	0	2	0	0	299	
Haridus - Education	0	0	0	5	25	66	60	43	29	31	32	18	14	7	4	1	1	336	
Tervishoid - Health care	0	0	0	7	44	42	45	35	26	28	27	14	11	4	4	1	0	288	
Muud teenused - Other services	0	0	0	6	16	22	27	25	21	32	32	19	16	6	3	1	0	226	
Sugu - Sex																			
Mees - Male	353	367	274	290	245	478	366	267	217	290	204	179	85	63	28	12	12	3,730	
Naine -Female	356	344	275	337	470	525	473	376	304	369	321	244	169	114	98	62	63	4,900	
Põlisus - Nativity																			
Põline - Native origin	433	413	349	455	470	630	486	407	342	470	401	315	178	133	95	53	63	5,693	
Välispäritolu - Foreign origin	276	298	200	172	245	373	353	236	179	189	124	108	76	44	31	21	12	2,937	
Haridustase - Educational level																			
Kõrgem - Higher	0	0	0	0	39	110	97	65	36	38	31	32	10	6	1	0	0	465	
Kesk - Secondary	0	0	0	98	250	207	188	181	123	124	117	55	39	14	15	3	2	1,416	
Põhiharidus - Basic	0	0	29	393	259	320	235	132	89	64	37	26	16	2	4	4	1	1,611	
Algharidus - Primary	709	711	520	136	167	366	319	265	273	433	340	310	189	155	106	67	72	5,138	
Kooseluseis - Partnership status																			
Kooselus - In partnership	0	0	0	14	235	713	684	495	395	488	354	259	126	73	30	13	5	3,884	
Mittekooselus - No partnership	709	711	549	613	480	290	155	148	126	171	171	164	128	104	96	61	70	4,746	
Leibkonnatüüp - Household type																			
Lastega - W/children	635	612	481	213	228	534	531	387	234	244	137	91	74	0	0	0	0	4,401	
Vanuritega - W/elderly	0	0	0	52	36	22	20	25	51	66	61	46	33	109	75	47	52	695	
Laste ja vanuritega - W/children and elderly	74	99	68	31	22	43	73	62	38	52	12	5	9	68	51	27	23	757	
Laste või vanuriteta - WO/children or elderly	0	0	0	331	429	404	215	169	198	297	315	281	138	0	0	0	0	2,777	
Elukoht - Residence																			
Linn - Urban	572	568	474	527	588	823	694	549	440	554	445	369	221	157	103	68	67	7,219	
Maa - Rural	137	143	75	100	127	180	145	94	81	105	80	54	33	20	23	6	8	1,411	
Kokku Total	709	711	549	627	715	1,003	839	643	521	659	525	423	254	177	126	74	75	8,630	

Tabel 1.2: Leibkonnaliikmete arv - *Number of household members*

Leibkonnaliikmete arv % Number of household members %	Vanusrühm - Age group								Σ	N
	0-14	15-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75+		
1	0.0	13.1	10.3	8.5	9.0	12.6	7.6	2.0	7.9	683
2	4.9	15.1	18.2	16.2	23.8	28.7	21.5	15.4	16.1	1,388
3	26.1	24.6	33.6	29.0	28.3	24.7	26.1	29.5	28.1	2,424
4	37.7	22.4	25.5	28.7	21.4	18.3	21.8	25.5	27.0	2,328
5+	31.3	24.7	12.4	17.6	17.5	15.8	23.1	27.5	20.9	1,807
Kokku Total	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	8,630
Keskmine leibkonnaliikmete arv Mean number of household members										
Sugu - Sex										
Mees - Male	4.2	3.7	3.2	3.6	3.6	3.2	3.1	3.6	3.6	3,730
Naine - Female	4.2	3.4	3.2	3.3	3.0	2.9	3.7	3.8	3.4	4,900
Põlisus - Nativity										
Põline - Native origin	4.2	3.5	3.1	3.3	3.2	2.9	3.3	3.5	3.4	5,693
Välispäritolu - Foreign origin	4.2	3.5	3.3	3.5	3.5	3.4	4.0	4.6	3.7	2,937
Haridustase - Educational level										
Kõrgem - Higher		3.2	3.0	3.6	3.2	2.8	3.1		3.1	465
Kesk - Secondary		3.2	3.2	3.3	3.2	3.0	3.6	4.2	3.2	1,416
Põhiharidus - Basic	3.9	3.6	3.2	3.5	3.3	2.8	3.3	3.0	3.4	1,611
Algharidus - Primary	4.2	3.7	3.1	3.4	3.3	3.1	3.5	3.8	3.6	5,138
Kooseluseis - Partnership status										
Kooselus - In partnership		3.4	3.4	3.8	3.6	3.3	3.5	3.6	3.5	3,884
Mittekooselus - No partnership	4.2	3.5	2.4	2.2	2.3	2.7	3.5	3.8	3.5	4,746
Leibkonnatüüp - Household type										
Lastega - W/children	4.0	4.6	3.6	3.9	4.2	4.5			4.0	4,401
Vanuritega - W/elderly		3.9	3.5	3.2	3.3	3.0	2.6	3.1	3.1	695
Laste ja vanuritega - W/children and elderly	5.2	5.8	4.8	5.0	5.1	5.4	4.8	5.1	5.1	757
Laste või vanuriteta - WO/children or elderly		2.6	2.0	2.2	2.5	2.4			2.4	2,777
Elukoht - Residence										
Linn - Urban	4.2	3.5	3.2	3.4	3.2	3.0	3.4	3.8	3.5	7,219
Maa - Rural	4.1	3.4	3.2	3.5	3.3	3.1	3.6	3.8	3.5	1,411
Hõive - Employment										
Töötav - Employed		3.2	3.1	3.3	3.2	2.7	2.3	1.9	3.1	5,104
Mittetöötav - Not employed	4.2	4.0	3.6	3.9	3.8	3.6	3.9	3.9	4.0	3,526
Majandussektor - Sector of economy										
Primaar - Primary		4.8	3.9	3.4	3.8	4.5			4.0	46
Sekundaar - Secondary		3.3	3.1	3.3	3.2	2.8	2.0	3.0	3.2	2,650
Tertsiaar - Tertiary		3.1	3.1	3.4	3.1	2.6	2.4	1.7	3.1	2,408
Mittetöötav - Not employed	4.2	4.0	3.6	3.9	3.8	3.6	3.9	3.9	4.0	3,526
Sissetuleku kvintiiidid - Income quintiles										
I	4.2	3.4	3.3	3.5	3.2	2.6	3.0	3.5	3.5	1,652
II	4.5	3.9	3.4	3.7	3.6	3.0	3.7	3.8	3.8	1,856
III	4.2	3.3	3.3	3.6	3.2	3.2	3.6	3.5	3.5	1,751
IV	3.9	3.4	3.1	3.3	3.2	3.1	3.8	4.1	3.4	1,715
V	3.9	3.4	2.9	3.1	3.1	3.2	3.6	4.2	3.2	1,656
Kokku Total	4.2	3.5	3.2	3.4	3.3	3.0	3.5	3.8	3.5	8,630
N	1,969	1,342	1,842	1,164	1,184	677	303	149	8,630	

Tabel 1.3: Leibkonnaliikmete ekvivalentarv - *Equivalent number of household members*

Leibkonna ekvivalentsuurus % Equivalent household size %	Vanusrühm - Age group								Σ	N
	0-14	15-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75+		
1	0.0	13.1	10.3	8.5	9.0	12.6	7.6	2.0	7.9	683
1.3-1.9	31.7	22.2	46.9	34.0	31.9	32.3	24.4	16.1	33.3	2,878
2-2.9	60.3	49.3	39.3	52.5	50.8	48.9	58.7	70.5	51.0	4,400
3-5	7.9	15.4	3.5	5.0	8.2	6.2	9.2	11.4	7.8	669
Kokku Total	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	8,630
Keskmine leibkonna ekvivalentsuurus Mean equivalent household size										
Sugu - Sex										
Mees - Male	2.2	2.3	1.9	2.0	2.1	2.0	2.0	2.2	2.1	3,730
Naine -Female	2.2	2.1	1.9	2.0	1.9	1.9	2.2	2.3	2.0	4,900
Põlisus - Nativity										
Põline - Native origin	2.2	2.2	1.9	2.0	2.0	1.9	2.0	2.2	2.0	5,693
Välispäritolu - Foreign origin	2.2	2.2	1.9	2.0	2.1	2.1	2.3	2.6	2.1	2,937
Haridustase - Educational level										
Kõrgem - Higher		2.1	1.9	2.0	2.0	1.9	2.0		1.9	465
Kesk - Secondary		2.0	1.9	2.0	2.0	1.9	2.2	2.6	2.0	1,416
Põhiharidus - Basic	2.2	2.2	1.9	2.0	2.1	1.9	2.1	1.9	2.1	1,611
Algharidus - Primary	2.2	2.2	1.9	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.1	2.3	2.1	5,138
Kooseluseis - Partnership status										
Kooselus - In partnership		2.1	2.0	2.2	2.2	2.1	2.1	2.2	2.1	3,884
Mittekooselus - No partnership	2.2	2.2	1.6	1.5	1.6	1.8	2.1	2.3	2.0	4,746
Leibkonnatüüp - Household type										
Lastega - W/children	2.2	2.6	2.0	2.1	2.3	2.5			2.2	4,401
Vanuritega - W/elderly		2.4	2.2	2.1	2.1	2.0	1.8	2.0	2.1	695
Laste ja vanuritega - W/children and elderly	2.7	3.1	2.6	2.7	2.8	2.9	2.6	2.7	2.7	757
Laste või vanuriteta - WO/children or elderly		1.8	1.5	1.6	1.7	1.7			1.7	2,777
Elukoht - Residence										
Linn - Urban	2.2	2.2	1.9	2.0	2.0	1.9	2.1	2.3	2.1	7,219
Maa - Rural	2.2	2.1	1.9	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.2	2.3	2.1	1,411
Hõive - Employment										
Töötav - Employed		2.0	1.9	2.0	2.0	1.8	1.6	1.4	1.9	5,104
Mittetöötav - Not employed	2.2	2.4	2.0	2.2	2.3	2.2	2.3	2.3	2.2	3,526
Majandussektor - Sector of economy										
Primaar - Primary		2.8	2.2	2.1	2.2	2.6			2.4	46
Sekundaar - Secondary		2.0	1.9	2.0	2.0	1.9	1.5	2.0	1.9	2,650
Tertsiaar - Tertiary		2.0	1.9	2.0	2.0	1.8	1.7	1.4	1.9	2,408
Mittetöötav - Not employed	2.2	2.4	2.0	2.2	2.3	2.2	2.3	2.3	2.2	3,526
Sissetuleku kvintilid - Income quintiles										
I	2.2	2.1	1.9	2.0	1.9	1.7	1.9	2.1	2.0	1,652
II	2.3	2.3	2.0	2.1	2.2	1.9	2.2	2.3	2.2	1,856
III	2.2	2.1	2.0	2.1	2.0	2.0	2.2	2.2	2.1	1,751
IV	2.1	2.1	1.9	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.3	2.4	2.0	1,715
V	2.2	2.1	1.8	1.9	2.0	2.1	2.2	2.5	2.0	1,656
Kokku Total	2.2	2.2	1.9	2.0	2.0	1.9	2.1	2.3	2.1	8,630
N	1,969	1,342	1,842	1,164	1,184	677	303	149	8,630	

Tabel 1.4: Leibkonnaliikmed - *Household members*

Leibkonnaliikmed % Household members %	Vanusrühm - Age group								Σ	N
	0-14	15-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75+		
Üksik - Single	0.0	13.1	10.3	8.5	9.0	12.6	7.6	2.0	7.9	682
Perepea või abikaasa - Household head or spouse	0.0	18.4	80.2	88.1	85.5	61.7	28.4	4.7	49.5	4,273
Laps - Child	93.9	56.5	7.0	1.3	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	31.9	2,752
Vanem - Elderly	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.6	2.7	15.7	42.9	63.8	4.3	370
Muu sugulane - Other relative	3.7	7.2	2.1	1.4	2.4	9.5	19.5	28.9	4.9	419
Mittesugulane - Non-relative	2.4	4.8	0.4	0.2	0.3	0.6	1.7	0.7	1.6	134
Kokku Total	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	8,630
Üksikute osakaal % Proportion of single-person households %										
Sugu - Sex										
Mees - Male	0.0	9.0	9.2	6.4	3.8	6.8	11.0	4.2	5.5	3,730
Naine -Female	0.0	15.9	11.1	10.0	12.8	16.2	6.1	1.6	9.7	4,900
Põlisus - Nativity										
Põline - Native origin	0.0	11.8	10.9	8.5	9.5	14.6	9.2	2.6	8.3	5,693
Välispäritolu - Foreign origin	0.0	16.1	9.2	8.4	7.7	7.1	2.7	0.0	7.1	2,937
Haridustase - Educational level										
Kõrgem - Higher		15.4	12.1	5.9	10.1	21.4	0.0		11.4	465
Kesk - Secondary		15.2	9.4	9.5	9.5	8.5	10.3	0.0	10.8	1,416
Põhiharidus - Basic	0.0	12.9	9.2	9.0	8.9	14.3	16.7	0.0	10.6	1,611
Algharidus - Primary	0.0	10.9	11.1	8.2	8.8	12.4	7.3	2.2	5.9	5,138
Kooseluseis - Partnership status										
Kooselus - In partnership		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	3,884
Mittekooselus - No partnership	0.0	16.1	42.5	36.1	31.3	29.1	11.5	2.3	14.4	4,746
Leibkonnatüüp - Household type										
Lastega - W/children	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0			0.0	4,401
Vanuritega - W/elderly		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	12.5	3.0	3.7	695
Laste ja vanuritega - W/children and elderly	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	757
Laste või vanuriteta - WO/children or elderly		23.2	30.5	27.0	17.5	20.3			23.6	2,777
Elukoht - Residence										
Linn - Urban	0.0	13.0	10.5	8.4	8.6	12.7	7.3	2.2	7.9	7,912
Maa - Rural	0.0	13.7	9.2	9.1	11.4	11.5	9.3	0.0	7.9	1,411
Hõive - Employment										
Töötav - Employed		20.7	11.2	9.5	10.6	19.5	29.5	37.5	13.4	5,104
Mittetöötav - Not employed	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	3,526
Majandussektor - Sector of economy										
Primaar - Primary		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0			0.0	46
Sekundaar - Secondary		23.1	11.7	9.3	9.8	16.2	32.0	0.0	13.5	2,650
Tertsiaar - Tertiary		18.1	11.0	10.0	11.4	22.6	28.3	42.9	13.5	2,408
Sissetuleku kvintiliid - Income quintiles										
I	0.0	15.9	10.7	10.6	17.2	24.1	18.1	7.5	10.7	1,652
II	0.0	12.5	10.7	8.4	8.1	11.0	5.5	0.0	7.1	1,856
III	0.0	16.7	11.6	7.0	5.6	11.5	5.0	0.0	8.1	1,751
IV	0.0	11.6	9.9	9.0	7.9	7.9	2.2	0.0	7.2	1,715
V	0.0	8.3	9.1	7.5	6.4	7.4	0.0	0.0	6.5	1,656
Kokku Total	0.0	13.1	10.3	8.5	9.0	12.6	7.6	2.0	7.9	8,630
N	1,969	1,342	1,842	1,164	1,184	677	303	149	8,630	

Tabel 1.5: Leibkonna vanuskoostis - *Household age composition*

Leibkonnaliikmed % Household members %	Vanusrühm - Age group								Σ	N
	0-14	15-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75+		
Laste arv - No. of children										
0	0.0	63.2	35.9	38.1	62.4	73.6	60.7	66.4	40.2	3,472
1	43.2	27.9	40.8	31.4	25.9	18.0	21.8	18.8	33.2	2,866
2+	56.8	8.9	23.3	30.5	11.7	8.4	17.5	14.8	26.6	2,292
Tööealiste arv - No. of working-age										
0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	13.9	5.4	0.6	52
1	9.3	13.8	13.8	14.1	13.3	16.7	23.1	20.8	13.4	1,158
2+	90.6	86.2	86.2	85.9	86.7	83.3	63.0	73.8	86.0	7,420
Vanemaealiste arv - No. of old-age										
0	87.8	89.5	91.4	84.9	83.9	86.3	0.0	0.0	83.2	7,178
1	11.3	9.9	8.0	13.4	15.5	13.6	83.2	82.6	15.2	1,311
2+	0.9	0.6	0.5	1.7	0.6	0.1	16.8	17.4	1.6	141
Kokku Total	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	8,630
Tööealiste osakaal leibkonnas % Working-age in household %										
Sugu - Sex										
Mees - Male	54.8	86.2	76.2	68.8	79.0	89.0	44.3	41.0	71.2	3,730
Naine -Female	55.0	87.2	71.3	72.0	85.4	86.1	45.7	55.3	72.5	4,900
Põlisus - Nativity										
Põline - Native origin	55.0	87.5	74.7	72.2	83.2	88.1	44.7	52.4	73.1	5,693
Välispäritolu - Foreign origin	54.7	85.2	71.7	67.8	81.5	85.1	47.1	55.0	69.6	2,937
Haridustase - Educational level										
Kõrgem - Higher		89.5	78.2	63.3	81.3	89.2	51.4		77.0	465
Kesk - Secondary		88.9	73.3	70.2	81.9	88.6	46.0	54.3	78.3	1,416
Põhiharidus - Basic	59.1	86.2	72.3	71.3	81.3	91.8	48.4	33.0	78.4	1,611
Algharidus - Primary	54.8	85.1	73.3	72.0	83.4	86.5	45.0	53.6	67.7	5,138
Kooseluseis - Partnership status										
Kooselus - In partnership		81.1	69.3	68.1	81.6	87.1	45.0	31.1	73.4	3,884
Mittekooselus - No partnership	54.9	88.0	86.9	78.9	85.6	87.4	45.4	56.0	70.8	4,746
Leibkonnatüüp - Household type										
Lastega - W/children	56.6	70.7	61.4	58.6	66.0	68.9			60.7	4,401
Vanuritega - W/elderly		71.1	64.6	63.0	65.9	63.6	46.1	56.4	59.3	695
Laste ja vanuritega - W/children and elderly	42.8	56.3	46.9	43.5	51.3	55.4	44.1	46.2	45.8	757
Laste või vanuriteta - WO/children or elderly		100	100	100	100	100			100	2,777
Elukoht - Residence										
Linn - Urban	55.2	86.7	73.8	71.0	82.8	87.3	44.9	52.9	72.2	7,219
Maa - Rural	53.5	87.2	72.1	68.6	82.8	86.9	47.8	53.5	70.8	1,411
Hõive - Employment										
Töötav - Employed		88.2	74.6	70.7	82.2	90.0	31.3	18.7	78.1	5,104
Mittetöötav - Not employed	54.9	84.2	62.7	70.2	86.2	82.2	50.2	54.9	63.0	3,526
Majandussektor - Sector of economy										
Primaar - Primary		81.3	70.1	81.0	85.6	71.2			77.0	46
Sekundaar - Secondary		88.2	75.0	72.8	80.7	89.8	31.3	66.7	78.7	2,650
Tertsiaar - Tertiary		88.5	74.1	68.3	83.5	90.6	31.2	11.9	77.5	2,408
Mittetöötav - Not employed	54.9	84.2	62.7	70.2	86.2	82.2	50.2	54.9	63.0	3,526
Sissetuleku kvintilid - Income quintiles										
I	49.3	81.9	62.1	64.9	76.3	84.7	35.3	40.8	63.8	1,652
II	52.9	83.5	66.3	66.3	78.8	85.1	42.7	54.4	67.3	1,856
III	56.5	88.5	71.3	68.6	84.3	86.3	49.7	58.3	72.8	1,751
IV	58.8	88.4	75.7	73.9	85.8	87.7	51.8	58.4	75.2	1,715
V	61.4	91.7	82.5	79.3	89.0	93.4	56.2	62.5	81.0	1,656
Kokku Total	54.9	86.8	73.5	70.6	82.8	87.3	45.3	53.0	71.9	8,630
N	1,969	1,342	1,842	1,164	1,184	677	303	149	8,630	

Tabel 1.6: Põlvkondade arv leibkonnas - *No. of generations in household*

Põlvkondade arv leibkonnas %	Vanusrühm - Age group								Σ	N
Number of generations in household %	0-14	15-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75+		
1	0.0	56.2	31.9	32.0	54.6	63.1	39.9	22.8	34.1	2,943
2	84.6	36.3	58.1	59.9	38.3	23.0	30.7	49.7	54.4	4,698
3+	15.4	7.5	9.9	8.2	7.0	13.9	29.4	27.5	11.5	989
Kokku Total	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	8,630
Keskmine põlvkondade arv leibkonnas										
Mean number of generations in household										
Sugu - Sex										
Mees - Male	2.2	1.5	1.7	1.8	1.6	1.4	1.5	2.0	1.8	3,730
Naine -Female	2.2	1.5	1.8	1.7	1.5	1.6	2.1	2.1	1.8	4,900
Põlisus - Nativity										
Põline - Native origin	2.1	1.5	1.7	1.7	1.5	1.4	1.8	2.0	1.7	5,693
Välispäritolu - Foreign origin	2.2	1.6	1.8	1.8	1.6	1.7	2.2	2.4	1.9	2,937
Haridustase - Educational level										
Kõrgem - Higher		1.3	1.7	1.9	1.5	1.3	1.7		1.7	465
Kesk - Secondary		1.4	1.8	1.8	1.5	1.4	1.9	1.6	1.6	1,416
Põhiharidus - Basic	2.1	1.5	1.8	1.8	1.6	1.3	2.0	1.6	1.7	1,611
Algharidus - Primary	2.2	1.6	1.8	1.7	1.5	1.6	1.9	2.1	1.9	5,138
Kooseluseis - Partnership status										
Kooselus - In partnership		1.7	1.9	1.8	1.5	1.4	1.5	1.7	1.7	3,884
Mittekooselus - No partnership	2.2	1.5	1.4	1.5	1.5	1.7	2.1	2.1	1.8	4,746
Leibkonnatüüp - Household type										
Lastega - W/children	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.0	2.1	2.5			2.1	4,401
Vanuritega - W/elderly		1.6	1.5	1.8	1.6	1.3	1.4	1.7	1.5	695
Laste ja vanuritega - W/children and elderly	2.7	2.8	2.8	2.6	2.7	3.1	2.7	2.8	2.7	757
Laste või vanuriteta - WO/children or elderly		1.1	1.1	1.0	1.0	1.1			1.1	2,777
Elukoht - Residence										
Linn - Urban	2.2	1.5	1.8	1.8	1.5	1.5	1.9	2.1	1.8	7,219
Maa - Rural	2.1	1.5	1.8	1.8	1.5	1.6	1.9	2.1	1.8	1,411
Hõive - Employment										
Töötav - Employed		1.5	1.8	1.8	1.5	1.3	1.2	1.1	1.6	5,104
Mittetöötav - Not employed	2.2	1.6	1.9	1.8	1.6	1.9	2.1	2.1	2.0	3,526
Majandussektor - Sector of economy										
Primaar - Primary		1.6	1.9	1.4	1.4	2.2			1.7	46
Sekundaar - Secondary		1.5	1.8	1.7	1.5	1.3	1.2	2.0	1.6	2,650
Tertsiaar - Tertiary		1.5	1.8	1.8	1.5	1.3	1.2	1.0	1.6	2,408
Mittetöötav - Not employed	2.2	1.6	1.9	1.8	1.6	1.9	2.1	2.1	2.0	3,526
Sissetuleku kvintilid - Income quintiles										
I	2.2	1.6	2.0	1.9	1.7	1.6	1.8	2.0	1.9	1,652
II	2.2	1.6	1.9	1.8	1.6	1.5	1.8	2.2	1.8	1,856
III	2.2	1.5	1.9	1.8	1.5	1.5	2.0	1.9	1.8	1,751
IV	2.1	1.5	1.8	1.7	1.5	1.5	2.0	2.2	1.8	1,715
V	2.1	1.4	1.6	1.6	1.4	1.4	1.9	1.9	1.6	1,656
Kokku Total	2.2	1.5	1.8	1.8	1.5	1.5	1.9	2.1	1.8	8,630
N	1,969	1,342	1,842	1,164	1,184	677	303	149	8,630	

Tabel 1.7: Töötajate arv leibkonnas - *Number of employed in household*

Töötajate arv leibkonnas % Number of employed in household %	Vanusrühm - Age group								Σ	N
	0-14	15-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75+		
1	32.8	31.3	29.2	35.1	32.9	41.2	44.9	40.9	33.3	2,878
2	58.5	40.6	61.2	56.0	47.8	41.9	44.2	47.7	52.5	4,532
3+	8.7	28.1	9.6	8.9	19.3	16.8	10.9	11.4	14.1	1,220
Kokku Total	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	8,630
Töötavate osakaal leibkonnas % Proportion of employed in household %										
Sugu - Sex										
Mees - Male	45.4	65.4	66.8	57.5	60.5	65.6	60.8	47.7	58.5	3,730
Naine -Female	43.9	67.6	63.1	58.7	69.2	66.0	51.1	49.0	59.6	4,900
Põlisus - Nativity										
Põline - Native origin	44.2	65.1	66.0	58.7	65.1	67.3	54.9	49.1	59.5	5,693
Välispäritolu - Foreign origin	45.3	70.4	62.9	57.3	66.8	61.9	51.4	47.9	58.4	2,937
Haridustase - Educational level										
Kõrgem - Higher		61.7	71.4	55.0	62.1	65.1	41.8		64.6	465
Kesk - Secondary		71.8	65.3	59.0	65.6	66.6	56.8	39.3	65.4	1,416
Põhiharidus - Basic	46.0	63.7	63.6	58.8	62.7	72.2	65.1	43.0	62.8	1,611
Algharidus - Primary	44.6	68.1	63.5	58.1	66.2	65.2	53.8	49.3	55.8	5,138
Kooseluseis - Partnership status										
Kooselus - In partnership		69.2	60.6	54.8	61.3	62.5	54.5	40.0	59.9	3,884
Mittekooselus - No partnership	44.7	66.2	77.9	69.4	75.9	70.3	53.7	50.0	58.5	4,746
Leibkonnatüüp - Household type										
Lastega - W/children	45.5	50.6	51.8	46.5	47.8	47.6			48.0	4,401
Vanuritega - W/elderly		54.2	63.3	55.3	56.7	56.6	62.5	53.4	57.7	695
Laste ja vanuritega - W/children and elderly	38.7	45.0	43.5	38.5	44.5	42.7	40.8	39.8	40.8	757
Laste või vanuriteta - WO/children or elderly		79.1	91.2	83.9	80.6	75.6			82.2	2,777
Elukoht - Residence										
Linn - Urban	45.3	66.5	65.4	58.6	65.4	65.7	54.4	48.9	59.5	7,219
Maa - Rural	41.7	67.9	61.8	56.2	66.3	66.6	51.8	47.7	57.5	1,411
Hõive - Employment										
Töötav - Employed		79.6	67.9	61.0	68.7	76.2	77.9	83.3	69.5	5,104
Mittetöötav - Not employed	44.7	44.6	31.6	35.1	46.4	47.2	45.7	46.8	44.1	3,526
Majandussektor - Sector of economy										
Primaar - Primary		61.1	61.2	66.7	65.2	50.0			61.7	46
Sekundaar - Secondary		79.5	67.2	61.6	67.8	75.1	79.0	100	69.2	2,650
Tertsiaar - Tertiary		80.3	68.9	60.3	69.7	77.5	77.4	81.0	70.0	2,408
Mittetöötav - Not employed	44.7	44.6	31.6	35.1	46.4	47.2	45.7	46.8	44.1	3,526
Sissetuleku kvintiilid - Income quintiles										
I	34.5	53.1	46.8	45.0	54.1	59.8	53.6	44.1	46.4	1,652
II	42.0	59.3	55.6	53.1	56.8	59.6	51.9	45.7	52.3	1,856
III	47.1	69.4	61.7	56.3	66.5	68.0	54.9	52.5	60.0	1,751
IV	52.4	74.2	68.9	64.1	73.5	67.1	55.4	57.2	65.6	1,715
V	54.1	78.4	76.7	71.6	77.8	75.6	55.6	48.6	72.0	1,656
Kokku Total	44.7	66.7	64.8	58.2	65.5	65.8	54.0	48.8	59.1	8,630
N	1,969	1,342	1,842	1,164	1,184	677	303	149	8,630	

Tabel 1.8: Tulusaajate arv leibkonnas - *No. of income recipients in household*

Tulusaajate arv leibkonnas % Number of income recipients in household %	Vanusrühm - Age group								Σ	N
	0-14	15-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75+		
1	26.4	23.5	26.7	28.9	24.7	24.7	22.1	18.8	25.7	2,218
2	57.8	38.5	58.0	53.7	46.5	45.1	42.9	47.7	51.1	4,406
3+	15.8	37.9	15.3	17.4	28.7	30.3	35.0	33.6	23.2	2,006
Kokku Total	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	8,630
Tulusaajate osakaal leibkonnas % Proportion of income recipients in household %										
Sugu - Sex										
Mees - Male	49.1	73.0	69.4	61.3	65.2	76.0	81.2	69.2	63.6	3,730
Naine -Female	47.6	73.3	65.9	63.8	76.7	77.7	65.9	61.9	65.6	4,900
Põlisus - Nativity										
Põline - Native origin	47.8	71.9	68.6	63.4	71.6	78.5	72.9	65.0	65.5	5,693
Välispäritolu - Foreign origin	49.3	75.8	65.8	61.5	72.8	73.2	63.2	56.2	63.3	2,937
Haridustase - Educational level										
Kõrgem - Higher		80.6	75.5	61.2	69.9	76.7	72.4		72.0	465
Kesk - Secondary		79.6	68.0	63.8	73.2	81.0	76.9	66.0	71.9	1,416
Põhiharidus - Basic	53.3	69.9	66.4	63.1	70.4	84.2	73.0	53.0	67.8	1,611
Algharidus - Primary	48.3	71.7	65.7	62.4	71.9	75.7	69.7	63.3	61.2	5,138
Kooseluseis - Partnership status										
Kooselus - In partnership		72.4	62.6	58.5	67.0	76.0	77.5	65.0	65.0	3,884
Mittekooselus - No partnership	48.4	73.3	82.7	76.7	84.0	78.5	66.9	62.8	64.6	4,746
Leibkonnatüüp - Household type										
Lastega - W/children	48.5	55.1	53.8	49.3	52.1	55.6			51.1	4,401
Vanuritega - W/elderly		71.5	77.5	72.8	75.2	82.0	82.8	71.1	76.8	695
Laste ja vanuritega - W/children and elderly	47.6	54.8	51.4	48.7	52.2	54.3	51.5	47.2	49.9	757
Laste või vanuriteta - WO/children or elderly		85.1	93.3	87.2	85.6	85.3			87.4	2,777
Elukoht - Residence										
Linn - Urban	48.9	73.3	68.2	63.2	72.0	76.8	71.3	63.3	65.3	7,219
Maa - Rural	45.7	72.2	64.0	60.2	71.3	78.8	65.7	61.3	62.2	1,411
Hõive - Employment										
Töötav - Employed		82.7	70.4	65.5	74.7	83.2	88.6	89.6	73.7	5,104
Mittetöötav - Not employed	48.4	56.7	36.4	40.2	55.0	65.9	64.3	61.6	51.8	3,526
Majandussektor - Sector of economy										
Primaar - Primary		69.8	65.8	73.8	69.4	66.2			68.5	46
Sekundaar - Secondary		82.2	69.9	65.5	73.7	82.2	87.7	100	73.1	2,650
Tertsiaar - Tertiary		83.8	71.1	65.4	75.8	84.3	89.0	88.1	74.5	2,408
Mittetöötav - Not employed	48.4	56.7	36.4	40.2	55.0	65.9	64.3	61.6	51.8	3,526
Sissetuleku kvintiiidid - Income quintiles										
I	38.8	59.2	49.6	50.1	58.7	67.7	63.4	57.5	51.7	1,652
II	46.0	67.2	58.0	57.3	64.0	71.1	69.8	57.6	58.4	1,856
III	51.1	76.3	65.6	61.0	74.7	80.1	73.7	75.6	66.6	1,751
IV	55.5	81.5	71.4	69.3	79.8	81.9	75.6	68.5	71.3	1,715
V	56.5	81.8	78.8	75.3	83.3	85.2	75.8	61.2	76.1	1,656
Kokku Total	48.4	73.1	67.5	62.8	71.9	77.1	70.5	63.1	64.8	8,630
N	1,969	1,342	1,842	1,164	1,184	677	303	149	8,630	

Tabel 1.9: Haridustase - *Educational attainment*

Haridustase %	Vanusrühm - Age group								Σ	N
Educational attainment %	0-14	15-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75+		
Kõrgem - Higher	0.0	0.9	8.9	6.5	4.3	4.9	2.0	0.0	4.0	342
Lõpetamata kõrgem - Incomplete higher	0.0	2.0	2.3	2.1	1.5	1.3	0.3	0.0	1.4	123
Keskeri - Specialised secondary	0.0	9.3	11.1	9.8	5.3	3.0	2.6	0.7	6.2	535
Kesk - Secondary	0.0	16.6	10.4	16.3	15.0	10.9	6.9	2.7	10.2	881
Põhiharidus - Basic	1.5	48.6	30.1	19.0	8.5	6.2	2.0	3.4	18.7	1,611
Algharidus - Primary	15.2	20.9	35.0	42.8	55.2	55.5	57.8	54.4	34.8	3,007
Alghariduseta - No primary	83.3	1.6	2.2	3.4	10.1	18.2	28.4	38.9	24.7	2,131
Kokku Total	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	8,630
Vähemalt keskharidust omavate isikute osakaal %										
Proportion having at least secondary education %										
Sugu - Sex										
Mees - Male	0.0	20.2	28.3	35.1	26.7	23.5	18.7	8.3	19.6	3,730
Naine -Female	0.0	34.6	36.4	34.6	25.8	17.9	9.0	2.4	23.5	4,900
Põlisus - Nativity										
Põline - Native origin	0.0	28.3	39.2	36.8	27.7	21.1	11.0	2.6	23.7	5,693
Välispäritolu - Foreign origin	0.0	30.0	22.6	31.1	22.0	17.4	14.7	6.1	18.1	2,937
Haridustase - Educational level										
Kõrgem - Higher		100	100	100	100	100	100		100	465
Kesk - Secondary		100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	1,416
Põhiharidus - Basic	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1,611
Algharidus - Primary	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	5,138
Kooseluseis - Partnership status										
Kooselus - In partnership		32.1	31.6	35.1	26.5	21.0	15.5	5.6	29.7	3,884
Mittekooselus - No partnership	0.0	28.1	36.0	33.9	25.4	18.8	10.0	3.1	15.3	4,746
Leibkonnatüüp - Household type										
Lastega - W/children	0.0	22.4	30.1	33.7	19.4	13.3			16.5	4,401
Vanuritega - W/elderly		34.1	54.8	48.7	37.0	31.6	12.5	5.1	27.3	695
Laste ja vanuritega - W/children and elderly	0.0	26.4	40.5	45.0	43.8	7.1	10.9	0.0	19.6	757
Laste või vanuriteta - WO/children or elderly		32.1	34.1	31.1	26.3	21.0			29.5	2,777
Elukoht - Residence										
Linn - Urban	0.0	28.9	34.1	36.8	26.6	20.5	11.2	3.0	22.5	7,219
Maa - Rural	0.0	28.6	25.8	23.4	23.8	17.2	16.3	7.1	18.2	1,411
Hõive - Employment										
Töötav - Employed		31.7	33.7	36.6	27.7	21.8	16.7	0.0	31.4	5,104
Mittetöötav - Not employed	0.0	23.9	21.9	19.7	17.1	17.0	10.2	3.5	7.8	3,526
Majandussektor - Sector of economy										
Primaar - Primary		20.0	58.8	42.9	25.0	50.0			41.3	46
Sekundaar - Secondary		21.8	21.0	24.9	17.1	14.2	8.0	0.0	20.6	2,650
Tertsiaar - Tertiary		45.8	48.2	49.4	38.2	27.7	20.8	0.0	43.2	2,408
Mittetöötav - Not employed	0.0	23.9	21.9	19.7	17.1	17.0	10.2	3.5	7.8	3,526
Sissetuleku kvintiilid - Income quintiles										
I	0.0	17.3	15.3	20.9	16.3	5.9	8.3	0.0	10.6	1,652
II	0.0	25.1	21.3	29.9	18.7	18.0	5.3	2.4	15.8	1,856
III	0.0	30.7	30.8	36.6	23.2	13.4	12.3	11.1	21.2	1,751
IV	0.0	33.3	37.9	37.4	33.9	26.8	8.9	4.0	26.8	1,715
V	0.0	38.1	43.8	48.5	39.5	40.2	34.1	0.0	35.1	1,656
Kokku Total	0.0	28.8	32.7	34.8	26.2	20.1	11.9	3.4	21.8	8,630
N	1,969	1,342	1,842	1,164	1,184	677	303	149	8,630	

Tabel 1.10: Põhitegevus - *Main activity*

Tegevusala % Activity status %	Vanusrühm - Age group								Σ	N
	0-14	15-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75+		
Töotab - Working	0.0	63.3	91.3	89.1	85.6	64.4	25.7	5.4	59.1	5,104
Õpib - Studying	47.5	29.4	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	15.5	1,335
Pensionär - Pensioner	0.0	0.6	0.3	0.6	1.8	15.1	34.3	30.9	3.4	293
Eelkooliealine - Preschooler	52.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	12.0	1,032
Kodune - At home	0.1	6.8	8.1	10.3	12.6	20.5	39.9	63.8	10.0	866
Kokku Total	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	8,630
Töötavate isikute osakaal % Proportion of employed %										
Sugu - Sex										
Mees - Male	0.0	64.1	98.9	98.8	97.4	85.2	51.6	12.5	64.7	3,730
Naine -Female	0.0	62.7	84.9	82.2	77.2	51.1	14.6	4.0	54.9	4,900
Põlisus - Nativity										
Põline - Native origin	0.0	57.8	91.2	88.5	86.7	70.0	27.2	6.9	59.5	5,693
Välispäritolu - Foreign origin	0.0	75.3	91.5	90.1	82.7	49.5	21.3	0.0	58.5	2,937
Haridustase - Educational level										
Kõrgem - Higher		43.6	97.1	97.0	94.2	78.6	57.1		89.9	465
Kesk - Secondary		72.4	92.7	92.8	89.6	66.0	31.0	0.0	83.8	1,416
Põhiharidus - Basic	0.0	55.5	89.9	87.8	84.2	66.7	33.3	20.0	72.7	1,611
Algharidus - Primary	0.0	71.9	89.9	86.1	83.8	62.7	24.1	5.0	45.3	5,138
Kooseluseis - Partnership status										
Kooselus - In partnership		81.9	89.7	86.3	82.8	68.6	40.8	16.7	83.2	3,884
Mittekooselus - No partnership	0.0	59.0	96.4	98.2	92.7	58.9	18.0	3.8	39.5	4,746
Leibkonnatüüp - Household type										
Lastega - W/children	0.0	58.0	87.7	86.0	82.9	43.0			48.0	4,401
Vanuritega - W/elderly		42.0	95.2	96.1	92.9	68.4	38.6	8.1	57.7	695
Laste ja vanuritega - W/children and elderly	0.0	62.3	94.8	95.0	92.2	35.7	5.9	0.0	40.8	757
Laste või vanuriteta - WO/children or elderly		68.8	96.6	91.3	85.1	73.0			82.2	2,777
Elukoht - Residence										
Linn - Urban	0.0	62.8	92.1	89.4	85.5	64.7	26.2	5.9	59.5	7,219
Maa - Rural	0.0	65.6	87.7	87.4	86.5	62.1	23.3	0.0	57.5	1,411
Sissetuleku kvintiiid - Income quintiles										
I	0.0	43.6	75.3	78.6	83.7	66.2	39.3	15.0	46.6	1,652
II	0.0	53.8	90.5	84.7	85.5	61.2	21.1	0.0	52.1	1,856
III	0.0	64.7	90.5	97.1	82.2	65.0	22.8	3.7	59.9	1,751
IV	0.0	77.8	95.7	90.6	85.7	63.4	24.4	4.0	65.8	1,715
V	0.0	77.5	95.4	95.0	91.4	66.4	12.2	0.0	71.8	1,656
Kokku Total	0.0	63.3	91.3	89.1	85.6	64.4	25.7	5.4	59.1	8,630
N	1,969	1,342	1,842	1,164	1,184	677	303	149	8,630	

Tabel 1.11: Majandusharu - *Branch of economy*

Majandusharu (ISIC) % Branch of economy (ISIC) %	Vanusrühm - Age group							Σ	N
	15-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75+		
Põllumajandus - Agriculture	0.9	0.8	0.5	0.8	0.7	0.0	0.0	0.7	38
Kalandus - Fishing	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	7
Kaevandus - Mining	5.4	4.5	5.0	2.6	1.6	1.3	0.0	4.1	207
Tööstus - Industry	43.7	41.0	38.9	40.6	33.9	26.9	12.5	40.1	2,045
Elektri-veevarustus - Electricity and water supply	0.8	1.2	1.2	0.9	0.7	0.0	0.0	1.0	51
Ehitus - Construction	10.8	9.0	9.9	8.5	12.8	9.0	0.0	9.7	496
Kaubandus - Trade	5.8	4.4	5.1	5.2	3.9	1.3	0.0	4.8	247
Hotellid-restaurantid - Hotels-restaurants	2.0	2.6	3.3	4.1	3.2	2.6	12.5	3.0	154
Transport - Transportation	11.9	11.5	9.5	9.5	10.6	11.5	0.0	10.7	545
Rahandus - Finance	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.7	0.0	0.0	0.1	4
Kinnisvara ja äri - Real estate and business	2.0	2.3	2.9	4.1	5.5	9.0	25.0	3.2	161
Avalik teenistus - Public service	4.2	6.8	6.4	5.6	5.3	2.6	0.0	5.9	299
Haridus - Education	3.5	7.5	6.9	6.2	7.3	14.1	25.0	6.6	336
Tervishoid - Health care	6.0	5.2	5.9	5.4	5.7	10.3	12.5	5.6	288
Muud teenused - Other services	2.6	2.9	4.4	6.3	8.0	11.5	12.5	4.4	226
Kokku Total	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	5,104
Sekundaarsektoris hõivatud isikute osakaal % Proportion employed in secondary sector of economy %									
Sugu - Sex									
Mees - Male	63.0	62.4	59.4	56.3	57.3	40.4	33.3	59.7	2,412
Naine -Female	54.2	44.9	45.4	42.6	32.2	19.4	0.0	44.9	2,692
Põlisus - Nativity									
Põline - Native origin	47.5	46.8	51.6	46.8	41.7	32.3	12.5	47.0	3,386
Välispäritolu - Foreign origin	75.2	64.0	52.4	56.0	58.2	31.3		61.7	1,718
Haridustase - Educational level									
Kõrgem - Higher	5.9	14.4	20.4	13.8	21.2	25.0		16.0	418
Kesk - Secondary	42.1	43.7	40.4	35.2	33.9	11.1		40.3	1,187
Põhiharidus - Basic	62.2	57.7	53.6	48.2	53.6	50.0	0.0	57.6	1,171
Algharidus - Primary	72.5	68.8	64.8	57.4	49.2	34.9	14.3	61.5	2,328
Kooseluseis - Partnership status									
Kooselus - In partnership	52.5	54.3	52.0	50.4	48.5	35.7	0.0	52.0	3,231
Mittekooselus - No partnership	59.4	51.3	51.7	46.4	40.1	27.8	20.0	51.7	1,873
Leibkonnatüüp - Household type									
Lastega - W/children	60.2	53.6	51.1	50.9	47.9			53.2	2,111
Vanuritega - W/elderly	45.9	47.5	53.4	55.1	44.4	32.4	12.5	46.9	401
Laste ja vanuritega - W/children and elderly	54.5	50.9	38.9	47.5	40.0	28.6		46.3	309
Laste või vanuriteta - WO/children or elderly	57.6	54.3	56.4	46.8	44.8			52.4	2,283
Elukoht - Residence									
Linn - Urban	57.9	52.9	50.2	48.7	44.2	32.4	12.5	51.2	4,293
Maa - Rural	57.0	56.8	61.4	51.3	51.9	30.0		56.0	811
Sissetuleku kvintiiidid - Income quintiles									
I	43.4	37.7	37.9	34.5	36.7	24.2	0.0	36.7	766
II	54.7	50.7	51.1	51.5	41.2	31.3		50.5	971
III	56.6	50.7	57.3	52.0	48.0	46.2	0.0	53.0	1,050
IV	60.6	57.1	57.3	53.3	46.2	54.5	100	56.4	1,125
V	66.7	59.5	53.3	54.0	54.3	0.0		57.8	1,192
Kokku Total	57.7	53.6	51.9	49.1	45.2	32.1	12.5	51.9	5,104
N	849	1,682	1,037	1,014	436	78	8	5,104	

Tabel 1.12: Isikutulu allikad - *Income sources*

Isikutulu allikad % Personal income sources %	Vanusrühm - Age group								Σ	N
	0-14	15-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75+		
Palgatulu - Wage income	0.0	63.0	91.4	89.0	85.3	64.4	26.1	5.4	59.1	5,098
Pension - Pension	1.8	2.8	2.0	5.7	6.8	27.5	39.9	32.9	7.1	614
Sitpendium - Stipend	0.0	6.4	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	89
Abiraha - Social benefits	0.0	1.9	4.5	6.1	3.6	2.4	1.0	0.0	2.8	241
Muu tulu - Other money income	0.5	1.0	2.1	3.0	3.1	1.9	1.3	3.4	1.8	154
Üldse tulu saajaid - Total income earners	2.3	72.0	92.3	90.5	87.9	79.9	61.4	37.6	64.8	5,586
Tulusaajate osakaal % Proportion of income recipients %										
Sugu - Sex										
Mees - Male	2.1	74.2	99.4	99.4	98.8	96.2	93.4	70.8	69.2	3,730
Naine - Female	2.5	70.4	86.3	84.1	80.1	69.5	47.2	31.2	61.3	4,900
Põlisus - Nativity										
Põline - Native origin	2.1	67.4	92.1	89.9	88.5	83.8	63.2	40.5	65.4	5,693
Mittepõline - Foreign origin	2.6	82.0	92.6	91.6	86.3	69.6	54.7	27.3	63.4	2,937
Haridustase - Educational level										
Kõrgem - Higher		82.1	98.6	98.0	95.7	95.2	85.7		96.1	465
Kesk - Secondary		87.1	93.2	94.1	91.7	87.2	79.3	60.0	90.8	1,416
Põhiharidus - Basic	6.9	62.0	90.3	89.1	86.1	88.1	50.0	20.0	76.5	1,611
Algharidus - Primary	2.2	74.6	91.5	87.5	86.3	76.6	58.6	37.4	51.0	5,138
Kooseluseis - Partnership status										
Kooselus - In partnership		83.1	90.5	87.9	85.2	83.1	78.6	66.7	87.1	3,884
Mittekooselus - No partnership	2.3	69.4	98.0	98.9	94.7	75.7	52.0	33.6	46.4	4,746
Leibkonnatüüp - Household type										
Lastega - W/children	2.4	64.6	88.7	87.9	85.3	64.2			51.1	4,401
Vanuritega - W/elderly		64.8	95.2	97.4	93.7	84.8	72.3	43.4	76.7	695
Laste ja vanuritega - W/children and elderly	1.2	67.9	94.8	96.0	93.8	57.1	43.7	26.0	49.9	757
Laste või vanuriteta - WO/children or elderly		77.2	97.7	91.8	87.7	85.9			87.4	2,777
Elukoht - Residence										
Linn - Urban	2.1	72.0	93.0	90.9	87.9	80.0	61.9	38.5	65.2	7,219
Maa - Rural	3.1	71.4	88.9	88.0	88.1	79.3	55.8	28.6	62.1	1,411
Hõive - Employment										
Töötav - Employed		100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	5,104
Mittetöötav - Not employed	2.3	23.5	11.3	12.6	15.9	43.6	47.6	34.0	13.7	3,526
Majandussektor - Sector of economy										
Primaar - Primary		100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0			100.0	46
Sekundaar - Secondary		100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	2,650
Tertsiaar - Tertiary		100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	2,408
Mittetöötav - Not employed	2.3	23.5	11.3	12.6	15.9	43.6	47.6	34.0	13.7	3,526
Sissetuleku kvintilid - Income quintiles										
I	3.2	50.8	78.5	80.3	86.6	73.0	57.8	40.0	51.7	1,652
II	2.4	64.5	90.0	89.7	85.5	76.5	54.8	31.7	58.4	1,856
III	1.5	77.6	93.3	93.4	86.3	80.9	63.3	51.9	66.5	1,751
IV	2.3	86.9	95.7	92.7	89.4	82.5	73.3	30.8	71.3	1,715
V	1.6	79.3	95.8	95.8	91.9	87.6	61.9	33.3	76.1	1,656
Kokku Total	2.3	71.9	92.3	90.5	87.9	79.9	61.1	37.6	64.7	8,630
N	1,969	1,342	1,842	1,164	1,184	677	303	149	8,630	

Tabel 1.13: Isikutulu allikate arv - *Number of income sources*

Isikutulu allikate arv %	Vanusrühm - Age group								Σ	N
Number of personal income sources %	0-14	15-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75+		
0	97.7	28.0	7.7	9.5	12.1	20.1	38.6	62.4	35.2	3,042
1	2.3	68.9	84.7	77.5	77.5	64.5	54.5	34.2	58.0	5,003
2+	0.0	3.1	7.5	13.0	10.4	15.4	6.9	3.4	6.8	585
Kokku Total	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	8,630
Keskmine isikutulu allikate arv										
Mean number of personal income sources										
Sugu - Sex										
Mees - Male	0.0	0.8	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	0.8	0.8	3,730
Naine -Female	0.0	0.7	1.0	1.0	0.9	0.9	0.5	0.4	0.7	4,900
Põlisus - Nativity										
Põline - Native origin	0.0	0.7	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	0.7	0.5	0.7	5,693
Välispäritolu - Foreign origin	0.0	0.8	1.0	1.1	1.0	0.8	0.6	0.3	0.7	2,937
Haridustase - Educational level										
Kõrgem - Higher		0.9	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.1		1.1	465
Kesk - Secondary		0.9	1.0	1.1	1.0	1.2	0.9	0.6	1.0	1,416
Põhiharidus - Basic	0.1	0.6	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	0.7	0.6	0.8	1,611
Algharidus - Primary	0.0	0.8	1.0	1.0	1.0	0.9	0.6	0.4	0.6	5,138
Kooseluseis - Partnership status										
Kooselus - In partnership		0.9	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	0.9	0.8	1.0	3,884
Mittekooselus - No partnership	0.0	0.7	1.1	1.2	1.1	1.0	0.6	0.4	0.5	4,746
Leibkonnatüüp - Household type										
Lastega - W/children	0.0	0.7	1.0	1.0	1.0	0.7			0.6	4,401
Vanuritega - W/elderly		0.7	1.0	1.1	1.0	0.9	0.8	0.5	0.9	695
Laste ja vanuritega - W/children and elderly	0.0	0.7	1.0	1.1	1.1	0.6	0.5	0.3	0.5	757
Laste või vanuriteta - WO/children or elderly		0.8	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.1			1.0	2,777
Elukoht - Residence										
Linn - Urban	0.0	0.8	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	0.7	0.4	0.7	7,219
Maa - Rural	0.0	0.8	1.0	1.1	1.0	1.0	0.6	0.4	0.7	1,411
Hõive - Employment										
Töötav - Employed		1.0	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.2	1.5	1.1	5,104
Mittetöötav - Not employed	0.0	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.4	0.5	0.4	0.1	3,526
Majandussektor - Sector of economy										
Primaar - Primary		1.1	1.0	1.1	1.1	1.0			1.1	46
Sekundaar - Secondary		1.0	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.2	1.0	1.1	2,650
Tertsiaar - Tertiary		1.1	1.1	1.2	1.1	1.3	1.3	1.6	1.1	2,408
Mittetöötav - Not employed	0.0	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.4	0.5	0.4	0.1	3,526
Sissetuleku kvintilid - Income quintiles										
I	0.0	0.5	0.9	1.0	1.0	0.9	0.6	0.5	0.6	1,652
II	0.0	0.7	1.0	1.0	1.0	0.9	0.7	0.3	0.7	1,856
III	0.0	0.8	1.0	1.0	0.9	0.9	0.7	0.6	0.7	1,751
IV	0.0	0.9	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	0.8	0.3	0.8	1,715
V	0.0	0.8	1.0	1.1	1.0	1.1	0.7	0.3	0.8	1,656
Kokku Total	0.0	0.8	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	0.7	0.4	0.7	8,630
N	1,969	1,342	1,842	1,164	1,184	677	303	149	8,630	

Tabel 1.14: Isiku kogutulu suurus - *Size of total individual income*

Isiku kogutulu suurus, rubla % Total individual income, rouble %	Vanusrühm - Age group								Σ	N
	0-14	15-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75+		
0-39	91.1	23.4	7.6	11.4	19.0	27.4	55.7	83.9	18.1	1,013
40-59	8.9	27.9	16.5	16.0	18.3	24.4	27.0	8.9	19.7	1,101
60-79	0.0	24.2	22.8	22.1	17.0	18.3	8.1	5.4	20.6	1,149
80-99	0.0	13.6	20.8	16.3	17.0	14.4	2.7	1.8	16.4	917
100-119	0.0	6.9	14.1	13.5	12.1	6.8	3.2	0.0	11.0	617
120+	0.0	3.9	18.2	20.6	16.5	8.7	3.2	0.0	14.1	789
Kokku Total	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	5,586
Isiku kogutulu mediaan, rubla										
Median total individual income, rouble										
Mees - Male	16.5	65.0	100	105.0	98.1	79.0	50.0	32.5	91.5	2,582
Naine -Female	20.0	54.1	66.1	62.5	55.0	44.3	30.0	30.0	56.5	3,004
Kokku Total	17.6	58.5	81.8	80.0	74.5	57.2	36.0	30.0	70.1	5,586
Keskmine isiku kogutulu, rubla										
Mean total individual income, rouble										
Sugu - Sex										
Mees - Male	16.5	69.7	108.9	112.6	105.2	86.4	57.6	40.4	97.8	2,582
Naine -Female	22.5	56.1	68.8	67.4	61.4	51.5	30.6	26.7	60.9	3,004
Põlisus - Nativity										
Põline - Native origin	19.8	59.1	87.5	85.4	82.0	69.4	43.3	31.3	76.4	3,724
Välispäritolu - Foreign origin	19.5	66.4	90.2	92.7	81.8	63.0	42.1	28.6	81.1	1,862
Haridustase - Educational level										
Kõrgem - Higher		63.1	106.6	126.5	153.7	143.9	120.3		118.4	447
Kesk - Secondary		56.7	86.6	87.5	86.1	73.2	49.5	42.9	78.0	1,286
Põhiharidus - Basic	19.9	61.4	86.6	91.0	82.6	63.9	57.8	48.9	77.9	1,232
Algharidus - Primary	19.7	68.7	85.5	79.1	73.4	59.2	38.7	29.8	71.1	2,621
Kooseluseis - Partnership status										
Kooselus - In partnership		70.6	90.9	92.7	88.2	75.6	55.5	46.2	87.0	3,383
Mittekooselus - No partnership	19.7	59.3	81.9	74.7	68.1	56.7	33.3	26.7	64.0	2,203
Leibkonnatüüp - Household type										
Lastega - W/children	19.9	62.5	88.8	92.8	84.5	55.9			83.0	2,249
Vanuritega - W/elderly		47.9	99.8	90.0	85.1	68.3	45.9	33.1	66.8	533
Laste ja vanuritega - W/children and elderly	16.7	62.0	87.5	92.5	101.1	51.2	35.6	23.4	77.9	378
Laste või vanuriteta - WO/children or elderly		62.6	87.7	78.7	77.5	71.7			75.7	2,426
Elukoht - Residence										
Linn - Urban	19.3	61.1	87.7	87.7	82.5	68.2	42.9	31.6	77.6	4,710
Maa - Rural	20.9	64.4	93.1	89.8	78.8	65.5	43.7	21.7	79.8	876
Hõive - Employment										
Töötav - Employed		66.6	89.2	89.1	83.3	74.8	55.0	40.4	82.4	5,104
Mittetöötav - Not employed	19.7	25.7	34.7	20.7	31.5	39.3	34.3	29.3	30.9	482
Majandussektor - Sector of economy										
Primaar - Primary		53.0	88.0	63.6	73.8	75.7			73.2	46
Sekundaar - Secondary		73.2	97.9	95.3	90.4	77.1	62.1	32.5	89.5	2,650
Tertsiaar - Tertiary		57.7	78.9	82.7	76.4	72.8	51.6	41.6	74.8	2,408
Mittetöötav - Not employed	19.7	25.7	34.7	20.7	31.5	39.3	34.3	29.3	30.9	482
Sissetuleku kvintiliid - Income quintiles										
I	16.1	39.6	51.7	55.2	50.6	44.1	32.5	27.8	47.3	854
II	21.9	51.5	66.7	70.0	68.3	56.8	40.9	29.0	62.2	1,084
III	21.0	58.5	78.0	86.5	77.6	62.2	41.8	31.9	71.7	1,164
IV	19.4	66.0	92.1	96.0	89.9	75.2	47.0	32.7	84.1	1,223
V	25.1	85.1	118.5	125.5	121.7	100.8	62.6	39.7	112.0	1,261
Kokku Total	19.7	61.7	88.6	88.0	81.9	67.9	43.0	30.9	78.0	5,586
N	45	965	1,700	1,053	1,041	541	185	56	5,586	

Tabel 1.15: Isiku palga suurus - *Size of individual wage income*

Isiku palga suurus, rubla % Individual wage income, rouble %	Vanusrühm - Age group							Σ	N
	15-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75+		
0-39	14.3	7.8	11.0	18.5	24.5	50.6	100	13.9	708
40-59	31.1	16.8	17.2	18.4	21.6	25.3	0.0	20.1	1,024
60-79	27.1	23.2	22.5	17.8	20.4	7.6	0.0	22.1	1,127
80-99	15.7	20.6	17.0	18.1	17.9	8.9	0.0	18.1	924
100-119	7.3	13.7	13.1	11.7	6.9	2.5	0.0	11.4	579
120+	4.5	17.9	19.2	15.4	8.7	5.1	0.0	14.4	736
Kokku Total	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	5,098
N	846	1,683	1,036	1,010	436	79	8	5,098	
Isiku palgatulu mediaan, rubla Median wage income, rouble									
Sugu - Sex									
Mees - Male	72.2	100	102.8	96.0	80.0	50.0	31.0	93.0	2,407
Naine -Female	57.1	65.5	62.0	55.0	41.1	31.0	31.0	59.7	2,691
Kokku Total	60.3	80.7	79.0	74.4	61.8	38.0	31.0	73.9	5,098
Keskmine isiku palgatulu, rubla Mean wage income, rouble									
Sugu - Sex									
Mees - Male	76.4	108.2	109.9	103.5	87.6	61.3	31.2	100.2	2,407
Naine -Female	59.4	68.3	67.1	61.3	52.7	36.0	31.4	63.3	2,691
Põlisus - Nativity									
Põline - Native origin	64.1	87.2	84.8	81.5	71.7	52.1	31.3	79.4	3,380
Välispäritolu - Foreign origin	70.0	89.6	90.5	80.5	67.1	46.9		83.3	1,718
Haridustase - Educational level									
Kõrgem - Higher	83.6	105.3	126.2	149.4	151.3	107.2		119.8	418
Kesk - Secondary	62.7	85.7	85.5	85.0	77.1	50.5		79.9	1,186
Põhiharidus - Basic	65.5	86.0	89.4	82.6	67.5	60.6	30.0	79.4	1,172
Algharidus - Primary	70.2	85.7	78.3	73.0	61.2	47.3	31.5	74.7	2,322
Kooseluseis - Partnership status									
Kooselus - In partnership	70.6	90.7	91.9	87.7	79.0	61.1	31.7	87.7	3,226
Mittekooselus - No partnership	64.9	80.8	72.4	67.2	58.1	39.6	31.1	68.8	1,872
Leibkonnatüüp - Household type									
Lastega - W/children	66.0	88.3	91.6	83.7	63.1			84.9	2,108
Vanuritega - W/elderly	59.7	99.3	86.7	82.6	71.4	51.5	31.3	74.8	402
Laste ja vanuritega - W/children and elderly	66.8	86.6	91.8	100.4	57.3	46.8		87.4	308
Laste või vanuriteta - WO/children or elderly	66.8	87.4	77.9	77.3	72.6			77.0	2,280
Elukoht - Residence									
Linn - Urban	66.0	87.2	86.6	82.0	71.4	51.2	31.3	80.5	4,289
Maa - Rural	67.2	92.9	88.3	77.3	65.7	49.9		81.9	809
Hõive - Employment									
Töötav - Employed	66.2	88.2	86.9	81.3	70.7	51.3	31.3	80.7	5,096
Mittetöötav - Not employed		32.5				32.8		32.6	2
Majandussektor - Sector of economy									
Primaar - Primary	52.2	88.0	63.6	73.1	75.7			72.9	46
Sekundaar - Secondary	72.9	97.0	92.6	88.8	74.6	59.6	32.5	88.1	2,644
Tertsiaar - Tertiary	57.3	77.8	80.9	74.1	67.4	47.4	31.1	72.9	2,406
Mittetöötav - Not employed		32.5				32.8		32.6	2
Sissetuleku kvintilid - Income quintiles									
I	42.1	52.2	53.4	50.7	43.7	35.4	31.2	48.8	763
II	55.7	65.8	69.9	67.4	57.7	47.3		64.4	970
III	64.5	77.7	85.5	77.8	65.7	56.2	31.0	75.3	1,050
IV	69.6	92.0	94.9	89.3	79.0	77.8	32.5	86.9	1,125
V	87.8	117.1	122.0	118.8	112.6	94.5		113.5	1,190
Kokku Total	66.2	88.1	86.9	81.3	70.7	51.0	31.3	80.7	5,098
N	846	1,683	1,036	1,010	436	79	8	5,098	

Tabel 1.16: Isiku pensioni suurus - *Size of individual pension income*

Isiku pensioni suurus, rubla % Size of individual pension income, rouble %	Vanusrühm - Age group								Σ	N
	0-14	15-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75+		
0-14	33.3	13.2	37.8	28.8	19.8	7.5	9.1	8.2	15.5	95
15-24	44.4	47.4	35.1	34.8	30.9	39.8	34.7	34.7	37.1	228
25-34	11.1	28.9	13.5	15.2	29.6	21.5	22.3	40.8	23.0	141
35-44	5.6	7.9	8.1	6.1	11.1	8.6	12.4	4.1	8.8	54
45+	5.6	2.6	5.4	15.2	8.6	22.6	21.5	12.2	15.6	96
Kokku Total	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	614
Isiku pensionitulu mediaan, rubla Median pension income, rouble										
Sugu - Sex										
Mees - Male	16.5	20.2	21.0	21.0	26.2	33.5	42.5	31.5	26.5	253
Naine -Female	17.9	21.8	17.6	15.0	23.8	25.0	23.0	24.6	21.5	361
Kokku Total	16.8	20.5	18.4	19.2	24.1	26.4	30.0	30.0	23.0	614
Keskmise isiku pensionitulu, rubla Mean pension income, rouble										
Sugu - Sex										
Mees - Male	17.1	22.3	22.3	33.0	34.3	40.0	42.9	39.6	34.2	253
Naine -Female	21.8	24.7	18.6	17.3	24.9	26.8	25.3	24.2	24.6	361
Põlisus - Nativity										
Põline - Native origin	20.0	24.3	20.1	23.4	25.6	28.3	31.1	29.0	27.2	422
Välispäritolu - Foreign origin	18.8	22.1	21.2	31.4	37.0	37.0	34.9	28.6	31.7	192
Haridustase - Educational level										
Kõrgem - Higher				15.8	47.7	47.6	73.2		46.9	33
Kesk - Secondary		17.4	16.2	34.6	30.7	30.0	39.7	42.9	31.5	114
Põhiharidus - Basic	19.9	27.1	17.6	31.0	17.9	38.8	52.0	7.2	27.6	66
Algharidus - Primary	19.4	19.7	24.2	20.1	27.1	27.8	28.8	28.5	26.4	401
Kooseluseis - Partnership status										
Kooselus - In partnership		30.9	22.4	29.7	31.5	37.0	42.8	40.7	34.1	281
Mittekooselus - No partnership	19.5	22.2	15.3	19.3	25.2	25.2	25.8	25.5	23.9	333
Leibkonnatüüp - Household type										
Lastega - W/children	19.7	23.8	21.2	29.4	30.3	30.7			26.6	177
Vanuritega - W/elderly		21.7	19.0	25.6	38.1	35.9	31.0	30.5	31.2	158
Laste ja vanuritega - W/children and elderly	16.7	16.0	18.6	27.2	23.1	40.9	33.7	24.0	30.0	75
Laste või vanuriteta - WO/children or elderly		24.2	19.2	23.0	28.1	29.5			27.8	204
Elukoht - Residence										
Linn - Urban	19.3	23.7	20.2	28.1	30.2	29.7	31.7	29.7	28.5	525
Maa - Rural	20.0	22.9	24.6	21.1	26.7	37.1	33.9	19.6	29.0	89
Hõive - Employment										
Töötav - Employed		18.6	19.3	27.6	27.5	20.3	16.1	20.4	23.1	264
Mittetöötav - Not employed	19.5	25.1	28.4	22.4	35.8	39.1	34.8	29.5	32.7	350
Majandussektor - Sector of economy										
Primaar - Primary		8.7							8.7	1
Sekundaar - Secondary		20.7	19.0	32.1	20.3	21.0	15.9		23.6	115
Tertsiaar - Tertiary		18.5	19.7	21.4	34.8	20.0	16.1	20.4	22.8	148
Mittetöötav - Not employed	19.5	25.1	28.4	22.4	35.8	39.1	34.8	29.5	32.7	350
Sissetuleku kvintilid - Income quintiles										
I	14.9	17.0	15.4	20.8	24.1	19.1	19.5	20.5	19.2	101
II	23.9	27.7	16.1	19.7	22.4	28.7	29.1	30.5	26.0	125
III	20.1	21.8	20.8	21.5	21.2	30.8	29.5	29.1	27.0	124
IV	17.9	31.7	24.0	29.6	26.4	37.2	31.2	32.7	31.3	129
V	26.8	20.5	23.7	36.0	41.7	31.7	50.2	39.7	36.8	135
Kokku Total	19.5	23.6	20.5	27.0	29.7	30.7	32.0	28.9	28.6	614
N	36	38	37	66	81	186	121	49	614	

Tabel 1.17: Isiku abiraha suurus - *Size of individual social benefit*

	Vanusrühm - Age group					Σ	N
	15-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64		
Isiku abiraha suurus - Size of individual social benefit							
0-9	88.9	88.9	80.8	100	100	88.0	81
10-19	0.0	8.9	15.4	0.0	0.0	8.7	8
20+	11.1	2.2	3.8	0.0	0.0	3.3	3
Kokku Total	100	100	100	100	100	100	92
N	9	45	26	11	1	92	
Isiku abiraha mediaan, rubla							
Median size of individual social benefit, rouble	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	92
Isiku abiraha keskmine suurus, rubla							
Mean size of individual social benefit, rouble							
Sugu - Sex							
Mees - Male		4.0				4.0	1
Naine -Female	7.7	6.1	7.5	5.2	5.0	6.5	91
Põlisus - Nativity							
Põline - Native origin	5.0	6.8	10.3	5.4	5.0	7.1	48
Välispäritolu - Foreign origin	17.2	5.2	5.4	5.0		5.8	44
Haridustase - Educational level							
Kõrgem - Higher		5.0	5.0			5.0	3
Kesk - Secondary	5.0	9.2	6.2	5.8		7.0	15
Põhiharidus - Basic	16.0	6.1	7.8	5.0		7.8	16
Algharidus - Primary	5.8	5.4	7.7	5.0	5.0	6.1	58
Kooseluseis - Partnership status							
Kooselus - In partnership	5.0	6.7	8.4	5.0		6.8	34
Mittekooselus - No partnership	8.1	5.5	7.1	5.4	5.0	6.3	58
Leibkonnatüüp - Household type							
Lastega - W/children	5.3	6.1	7.2	5.0	5.0	6.2	80
Laste ja vanuritega - W/children and elderly	27.0	5.8	8.6	5.8		8.8	12
Elukoht - Residence							
Linn - Urban	8.1	6.1	7.5	5.3	5.0	6.5	72
Maa - Rural	5.0	6.1	7.5	5.0		6.5	20
Hõive - Employment							
Töötav - Employed	7.7	6.2	7.0	5.2	5.0	6.4	83
Mittetöötav - Not employed		5.4	13.5	5.0		7.2	9
Majandussektor - Sector of economy							
Primaar - Primary				5.0		5.0	1
Sekundaar - Secondary	5.5	5.6	6.2	5.5	5.0	5.8	48
Tertsiaar - Tertiary	10.5	6.8	8.3	5.0		7.4	34
Mittetöötav - Not employed		5.4	13.5	5.0		7.2	9
Sissetuleku kvintiidid - Income quintiles							
I	10.5	6.2	8.3	5.0	5.0	7.0	35
II	5.8	5.8	7.7	6.2		6.7	30
III	5.0	6.5	5.0	5.0		6.1	18
IV		5.0	5.0	5.0		5.0	4
V	5.0	5.0	5.0			5.0	5
Kokku Total	7.7	6.1	7.5	5.2	5.0	6.5	92
N	9	45	26	11	1	92	

Tabel 1.18: Isiku muu tulu suurus - *Size of other individual income*

Isiku muu tulu suurus, rubla % Size of other individual income, rouble %	Vanusrühm - Age group								Σ	N
	0-14	15-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75+		
0-9	11.1	7.7	28.9	17.1	32.4	53.8	50.0	40.0	27.3	42
10-19	11.1	38.5	23.7	37.1	21.6	23.1	0.0	40.0	26.6	41
20-29	55.6	23.1	15.8	17.1	13.5	15.4	50.0	0.0	18.8	29
30+	22.2	30.8	31.6	28.6	32.4	7.7	0.0	20.0	27.3	42
Kokku Total	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	154
Isiku muu tulu mediaan, rubla Median size of other individual income, rouble	22.0	20.0	16.5	16.0	16.0	9.0	13.8	11.5	16.0	154
Isiku muu tulu keskmine suurus, rubla Mean size of other individual income, rouble										
Sugu - Sex										
Mees - Male	12.5	34.6	28.9	30.4	23.9	10.5	22.5		25.4	51
Naine - Female	24.6	17.0	24.0	18.9	16.5	15.4	5.0	12.3	19.3	103
Põlisus - Nativity										
Põline - Native origin	19.1	27.9	21.2	17.9	19.8	14.2	13.8	12.3	19.5	115
Välispäritolu - Foreign origin	22.5	10.0	32.6	27.7	23.6	13.0			26.7	39
Haridustase - Educational level										
Kõrgem - Higher		13.8	44.1	29.7	4.2				32.1	12
Kesk - Secondary		23.3	31.3	19.4	16.2	9.5	7.5		22.3	30
Põhiharidus - Basic		19.3	17.5	25.0	17.6	7.5		11.7	18.9	27
Algharidus - Primary	20.6	50.2	16.6	20.0	21.8	15.4	15.8	12.5	20.2	85
Kooseluseis - Partnership status										
Kooselus - In partnership			17.7	24.1	22.7	18.0	15.8	11.7	20.9	75
Mittekooselus - No partnership	20.6	26.5	32.4	18.7	13.8	9.2	7.5	12.5	21.7	79
Leibkonnatüüp - Household type										
Lastega - W/children	20.6	25.0	25.6	22.6	21.2				23.2	84
Vanuritega - W/elderly		12.0		26.0	11.3		15.8	15.2	16.7	13
Laste ja vanuritega - W/children and elderly		20.0	14.0	12.0	17.1		7.5	8.0	13.1	9
Laste või vanuriteta - WO/children or elderly		29.2	25.9	9.8	21.5	13.9			20.9	48
Elukoht - Residence										
Linn - Urban	19.4	27.0	23.3	22.3	18.0	14.7	15.8	17.7	20.7	124
Maa - Rural	25.0	20.0	30.1	18.3	32.3	5.0	7.5	4.2	23.8	30
Hõive - Employment										
Töötav - Employed		28.9	23.7	21.6	20.6	9.1		11.7	21.3	112
Mittetöötav - Not employed	20.6	23.6	40.8	21.0	18.3	24.8	13.8	12.5	21.3	42
Majandussektor - Sector of economy										
Sekundaar - Secondary		38.8	19.9	20.3	31.0	20.0			24.4	53
Tertsiaar - Tertiary		15.8	27.8	23.4	12.5	7.7		11.7	18.6	59
Mittetöötav - Not employed	20.6	23.6	40.8	21.0	18.3	24.8	13.8	12.5	21.3	42
Sissetuleku kvintilid - Income quintiles										
I	20.9	24.9	13.3	16.4	15.0	10.1		11.7	15.6	45
II	16.0	12.0	14.4	23.9	31.9	8.8	15.8	20.8	21.3	42
III	25.0	20.0	23.3	20.0	14.4	10.0		4.2	17.2	23
IV	30.0	22.5	27.8	18.5	20.7	7.0	7.5		21.7	24
V	20.0	38.1	45.8	56.8	11.7	40.0			38.4	20
Kokku Total	20.6	26.5	25.1	21.5	20.3	13.9	13.8	12.3	21.3	154
N	9	13	38	35	37	13	4	5	154	

Tabel 1.19: Leibkonnatulu allikad - *Sources of household income*

Leibkonnatulu allikad % Household income sources %	Vanusrühm - Age group								Σ	N
	0-14	15-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75+		
Palgatulu - Wage income	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	8,630
Pension - Pension	17.1	18.3	12.5	19.5	19.6	40.3	51.8	45.0	20.5	1,768
Stipendium - Stipend	1.1	8.6	0.7	2.5	5.9	4.3	4.0	3.4	3.4	296
Abiraha - Social benefit	14.7	8.0	8.0	10.0	7.9	5.8	4.0	8.7	9.5	819
Muu tulu - Other income	7.9	5.7	4.1	5.9	5.8	5.9	5.0	6.7	5.9	511
Leibkonna tuluallikate arv %										
Number of household income sources %										
1	64	65	77	65	66	51	43	44	65	5,619
2	32	30	21	32	29	43	51	48	31	2,648
3+	5	5	2	3	5	6	7	8	4	363
Kokku Total	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	8,630
Keskmine leibkonna tuluallikate arv										
Mean number of household income sources										
Sugu - Sex										
Mees - Male	1.4	1.4	1.2	1.4	1.4	1.5	1.7	1.8	1.4	3,730
Naine -Female	1.4	1.4	1.3	1.4	1.4	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.4	4,900
Põlisus - Nativity										
Põline - Native origin	1.4	1.4	1.3	1.4	1.4	1.6	1.7	1.7	1.4	5,693
Välispäritolu - Foreign origin	1.4	1.4	1.2	1.4	1.4	1.5	1.6	1.6	1.4	2,937
Haridustase - Educational level										
Kõrgem - Higher		2.0	1.3	1.4	1.5	1.6	1.9		1.5	465
Kesk - Secondary		1.5	1.2	1.5	1.5	1.8	1.9	2.4	1.4	1,416
Põhiharidus - Basic	1.7	1.4	1.3	1.4	1.5	1.6	1.5	1.8	1.4	1,611
Algharidus - Primary	1.4	1.3	1.2	1.3	1.3	1.5	1.6	1.6	1.4	5,138
Kooseluseis - Partnership status										
Kooselus - In partnership		1.2	1.2	1.4	1.4	1.6	1.8	2.0	1.4	3,884
Mittekooselus - No partnership	1.4	1.4	1.3	1.4	1.4	1.5	1.6	1.6	1.4	4,746
Leibkonnatüüp - Household type										
Lastega - W/children	1.4	1.4	1.3	1.4	1.4	1.6			1.4	4,401
Vanuritega - W/elderly		1.8	1.6	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.6	1.7	695
Laste ja vanuritega - W/children and elderly	1.7	1.7	1.5	1.6	1.6	1.7	1.6	1.6	1.6	757
Laste või vanuriteta - WO/children or elderly		1.3	1.2	1.2	1.3	1.5			1.3	2,777
Elukoht - Residence										
Linn - Urban	1.4	1.4	1.3	1.4	1.4	1.6	1.7	1.6	1.4	7,219
Maa - Rural	1.4	1.3	1.2	1.4	1.4	1.6	1.5	1.8	1.4	1,411
Hõive - Employment										
Töötav - Employed		1.3	1.2	1.4	1.4	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.3	5,104
Mittetöötav - Not employed	1.4	1.7	1.3	1.4	1.4	1.7	1.7	1.6	1.5	3,526
Majandussektor - Sector of economy										
Primaar - Primary		1.7	1.4	1.4	1.2	1.5			1.5	46
Sekundaar - Secondary		1.2	1.2	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.0	1.3	2,650
Tertsiaar - Tertiary		1.3	1.3	1.4	1.4	1.6	1.5	1.6	1.4	2,408
Mittetöötav - Not employed	1.4	1.7	1.3	1.4	1.4	1.7	1.7	1.6	1.5	3,526
Sissetuleku kvintilid - Income quintiles										
I	1.5	1.4	1.3	1.4	1.3	1.5	1.4	1.6	1.4	1,652
II	1.4	1.5	1.3	1.4	1.5	1.5	1.8	1.6	1.4	1,856
III	1.4	1.3	1.3	1.4	1.4	1.6	1.7	1.9	1.4	1,751
IV	1.3	1.4	1.2	1.4	1.4	1.6	1.7	1.5	1.4	1,715
V	1.3	1.4	1.2	1.4	1.4	1.6	1.8	1.6	1.4	1,656
Kokku Total	1.4	1.4	1.3	1.4	1.4	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.4	8,630
N	1,969	1,342	1,842	1,164	1,184	677	303	149	8,630	

Tabel 1.20: Leibkonnatulu koostis - *Composition of household income*

Leibkonnatulu koostis % Composition of household income %	Vanusrühm - Age group								Σ	N
	0-14	15-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75+		
Palgatulu - Wage income	94.4	93.6	97.0	94.6	93.7	88.0	85.1	86.8	93.8	8,630
Pensionitulu - Pension income	3.4	3.5	2.1	3.7	4.1	10.0	13.2	11.3	4.3	8,630
Stipendium - Stipend	0.2	1.6	0.1	0.4	1.1	0.8	0.9	0.6	0.6	8,630
Abiraha - Social benefit	0.6	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.4	0.3	8,630
Muu rahaline tulu - Other money income	1.4	1.1	0.7	1.1	1.0	1.0	0.7	1.0	1.0	8,630
Kokku Total	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	8,630
N	1,969	1,342	1,842	1,164	1,184	677	303	149	8,630	
Keskmine palgatulu osakaal % Mean proportion of wage income %										
Sugu - Sex										
Mees - Male	94.4	92.7	97.7	95.4	94.7	88.6	78.8	78.7	94.2	3,730
Naine -Female	94.4	94.3	96.4	94.0	93.0	87.6	87.8	88.3	93.5	4,900
Põlisus - Nativity										
Põline - Native origin	94.5	93.0	97.1	94.9	93.7	88.0	83.5	85.9	93.5	5,693
Välispäritolu - Foreign origin	94.2	95.1	96.7	93.9	93.8	87.9	90.0	89.9	94.3	2,937
Haridustase - Educational level										
Kõrgem - Higher		81.8	95.8	94.4	93.6	87.1	70.9		92.8	465
Kesk - Secondary		93.1	96.9	94.1	92.7	85.3	79.5	76.6	93.4	1,416
Põhiharidus - Basic	90.5	93.7	97.1	95.2	93.1	87.1	94.1	81.4	94.8	1,611
Algharidus - Primary	94.5	95.6	97.2	94.7	94.1	88.7	85.9	87.3	93.7	5,138
Kooseluseis - Partnership status										
Kooselus - In partnership		96.7	97.7	95.3	93.9	86.2	76.9	72.4	94.5	3,884
Mittekooselus - No partnership	94.4	93.0	94.6	92.1	93.3	90.3	89.3	88.7	93.3	4,746
Leibkonnatüüp - Household type										
Lastega - W/children	95.0	94.1	97.2	94.6	94.1	91.3			95.2	4,401
Vanuritega - W/elderly		84.7	89.3	87.1	86.5	78.5	81.9	84.4	84.1	695
Laste ja vanuritega - W/children and elderly	90.3	88.4	92.9	91.1	92.7	85.5	90.0	91.3	90.8	757
Laste või vanuriteta - WO/children or elderly		94.8	97.8	97.0	95.1	88.6			94.9	2,777
Elukoht - Residence										
Linn - Urban	94.8	93.5	97.0	94.7	93.7	88.2	84.7	86.2	93.8	7,219
Maa - Rural	92.9	94.2	96.8	93.8	93.7	86.9	87.7	92.0	93.7	1,411
Hõive - Employment										
Töötav - Employed		96.6	97.1	94.9	94.1	90.4	87.1	83.7	95.2	5,104
Mittetöötav - Not employed	94.4	88.6	95.4	92.3	91.4	83.6	84.4	86.9	91.7	3,526
Majandussektor - Sector of economy										
Primaar - Primary		88.8	97.3	97.3	97.2	86.8			94.5	46
Sekundaar - Secondary		96.9	97.3	95.4	94.7	92.3	91.6	100	95.9	2,650
Tertsiaar - Tertiary		96.4	96.9	94.2	93.5	88.9	84.9	81.3	94.5	2,408
Mittetöötav - Not employed	94.4	88.6	95.4	92.3	91.4	83.6	84.4	86.9	91.7	3,526
Sissetuleku kvintilid - Income quintiles										
I	91.2	90.8	95.9	91.6	93.4	88.4	87.9	83.6	91.5	1,652
II	94.1	91.6	96.7	94.4	91.4	86.1	80.5	88.3	92.6	1,856
III	95.7	95.6	96.3	96.3	94.7	88.4	85.3	83.0	94.5	1,751
IV	96.5	94.0	97.5	95.3	94.3	87.4	88.5	92.1	95.0	1,715
V	96.0	96.2	97.6	95.4	95.0	89.8	83.7	88.3	95.4	1,656
Kokku Total	94.4	93.6	97.0	94.6	93.7	88.0	85.1	86.8	93.8	8,630
N	1,969	1,342	1,842	1,164	1,184	677	303	149	8,630	

Tabel 1.21: Leibkonna kogutulu suurus - *Size of total household income*

Leibkonna kogutulu suurus, rubla % Size of total household income, rouble %	Vanusrühm - Age group								Σ	N
	0-14	15-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75+		
0-99	19.9	24.7	18.8	23.2	24.5	30.7	30.7	22.8	22.8	1,965
100-149	27.9	23.8	26.0	27.3	25.8	23.8	23.4	28.2	26.0	2,243
150-199	27.1	20.0	27.2	24.7	22.8	20.2	22.8	24.2	24.4	2,103
200-249	15.4	16.0	17.2	14.3	14.7	13.7	12.2	11.4	15.3	1,323
250+	9.7	15.5	10.9	10.4	12.2	11.5	10.9	13.4	11.5	996
Kokku Total	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	8,630
Leibkonna kogutulu mediaan, rubla Median total household income, rouble	153.0	153.4	158.9	148.0	149.5	140.0	142.1	145.4	151.4	8,630
Keskmine leibkonna kogutulu Mean total household income										
Sugu - Sex										
Mees - Male	161.0	178.7	173.5	171.6	169.4	165.4	147.7	151.0	168.8	3,730
Naine -Female	161.3	161.2	160.7	147.6	153.5	148.1	157.3	168.8	157.1	4,900
Põlisus - Nativity										
Põline - Native origin	153.9	161.2	163.3	152.2	153.1	149.9	146.6	154.3	155.9	5,693
Välispäritolu - Foreign origin	172.3	183.7	171.6	167.4	179.8	168.0	177.9	206.9	174.1	2,937
Haridustase - Educational level										
Kõrgem - Higher		186.9	211.4	225.5	244.6	231.8	207.1		219.1	465
Kesk - Secondary		174.1	175.6	161.1	172.0	175.2	205.0	202.2	172.2	1,416
Põhiharidus - Basic	146.9	165.1	162.6	158.2	156.8	149.2	202.0	152.1	162.1	1,611
Algharidus - Primary	161.4	165.7	151.0	142.6	149.3	145.0	146.2	165.2	154.2	5,138
Kooseluseis - Partnership status										
Kooselus - In partnership		185.2	177.4	175.0	175.5	170.2	158.1	130.1	175.5	3,884
Mittekooselus - No partnership	161.1	164.3	132.7	101.0	122.2	134.6	152.5	170.9	151.2	4,746
Leibkonnatüüp - Household type										
Lastega - W/children	157.4	184.5	169.8	160.6	161.3	183.0			164.9	4,401
Vanuritega - W/elderly		179.8	205.5	171.4	175.1	155.5	133.3	150.2	160.3	695
Laste ja vanuritega - W/children and elderly	187.7	226.3	199.1	188.4	222.1	206.7	187.0	197.2	196.0	757
Laste või vanuriteta - WO/children or elderly		153.3	152.3	141.3	149.8	141.9			149.0	2,777
Elukoht - Residence										
Linn - Urban	162.8	170.0	166.0	158.2	162.0	153.7	152.0	165.4	162.8	7,219
Maa - Rural	153.8	159.2	169.1	154.4	149.9	162.8	168.9	171.8	159.0	1,411
Hõive - Employment										
Töötav - Employed		170.7	168.8	160.0	158.6	146.3	103.8	72.2	162.2	5,104
Mittetöötav - Not employed	161.1	163.9	143.1	138.2	169.4	170.4	171.9	171.3	162.0	3,526
Majandussektor - Sector of economy										
Primaar - Primary		170.0	190.3	152.1	145.2	175.6			170.9	46
Sekundaar - Secondary		178.2	174.2	161.3	163.3	152.0	95.6	188.1	167.9	2,650
Tertsiaar - Tertiary		160.1	162.0	158.7	154.1	140.9	107.7	55.6	155.8	2,408
Mittetöötav - Not employed	161.1	163.9	143.1	138.2	169.4	170.4	171.9	171.3	162.0	3,526
Sissetuleku kvintiiid - Income quintiles										
I	86.9	79.5	76.5	78.8	73.7	66.1	70.6	82.2	78.8	1,652
II	137.5	137.8	117.0	123.7	128.6	113.8	130.2	136.2	129.0	1,856
III	167.6	156.4	148.6	154.5	152.5	154.0	161.3	168.9	156.6	1,751
IV	200.5	201.7	178.0	182.6	188.0	186.6	210.7	227.5	190.4	1,715
V	279.2	274.2	238.5	244.8	261.6	269.5	291.7	359.0	259.0	1,656
Kokku Total	161.1	168.2	166.6	157.6	160.1	154.9	154.4	166.0	162.1	8,630
N	1,969	1,342	1,842	1,164	1,184	677	303	149	8,630	

Tabel 1.22: Leibkonnaliikme kogutulu suurus - *Size of per capita household income*

Leibkonnaliikme kogutulu, rubla %	Vanusrühm - Age group								Σ	N
Size of per capita household income, rouble %	0-14	15-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75+		
0-29	32.4	15.1	12.4	19.2	16.0	12.1	21.1	22.1	19.3	1,662
30-44	33.6	27.8	23.3	29.5	28.1	29.0	34.0	36.9	28.9	2,494
45-59	20.8	24.4	23.9	21.1	23.1	26.7	20.5	24.8	22.9	1,975
60-74	8.9	17.3	17.4	14.7	15.5	16.0	17.5	10.1	14.6	1,257
75+	4.3	15.4	23.0	15.5	17.4	16.2	6.9	6.0	14.4	1,242
Kokku Total	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	8,630
Leibkonnaliikme kogutulu mediaan, rubla										
Median per capita household income, rouble	36.7	49.3	53.8	45.5	49.2	50.0	42.7	41.6	45.9	8,630
Keskmine leibkonnaliikme kogutulu, rubla										
Mean per capita household income, rouble										
Sugu - Sex										
Mees - Male	39.8	53.0	60.9	54.0	51.9	55.4	48.9	44.7	51.3	3,730
Naine -Female	40.3	52.4	55.6	48.5	54.1	52.6	45.0	44.7	49.8	4,900
Põlisus - Nativity										
Põline - Native origin	38.5	50.9	58.3	50.6	52.6	53.9	46.2	44.5	49.9	5,693
Välispäritolu - Foreign origin	42.4	56.7	57.6	51.3	54.6	53.2	46.1	45.5	51.5	2,937
Haridustase - Educational level										
Kõrgem - Higher		63.2	76.6	67.2	83.1	88.9	67.6		75.4	465
Kesk - Secondary		57.6	58.5	52.8	57.4	61.4	56.5	49.4	57.0	1,416
Põhiharidus - Basic	37.2	50.6	55.6	50.7	50.8	55.5	64.5	44.0	52.3	1,611
Algharidus - Primary	40.1	50.1	54.1	46.6	49.5	49.2	44.0	44.6	45.8	5,138
Kooseluseis - Partnership status										
Kooselus - In partnership		56.7	55.7	49.9	52.0	53.4	46.3	37.5	53.1	3,884
Mittekooselus - No partnership	40.0	51.7	65.3	53.6	55.9	54.2	46.1	45.7	48.3	4,746
Leibkonnatüüp - Household type										
Lastega - W/children	40.5	40.7	47.8	42.5	39.0	40.2			42.4	4,401
Vanuritega - W/elderly		45.7	59.6	54.5	53.6	51.3	50.7	48.0	51.2	695
Laste ja vanuritega - W/children and elderly	36.8	38.2	41.7	38.7	42.6	38.6	39.1	38.2	38.9	757
Laste või vanuriteta - WO/children or elderly		61.4	78.5	67.5	63.0	60.0			66.2	2,777
Elukoht - Residence										
Linn - Urban	40.3	52.8	58.0	50.9	53.8	53.4	45.7	44.7	50.6	7,219
Maa - Rural	38.6	52.0	58.0	50.2	49.6	55.6	49.0	44.9	49.5	1,411
Hõive - Employment										
Töötav - Employed		58.3	59.6	52.5	54.4	56.9	46.4	36.4	56.4	5,104
Mittetöötav - Not employed	40.0	42.9	41.2	37.0	45.9	47.9	46.1	45.2	41.8	3,526
Majandussektor - Sector of economy										
Primaar - Primary		37.2	54.6	46.3	41.4	38.8			45.9	46
Sekundaar - Secondary		61.3	61.9	54.3	56.1	58.6	49.4	62.7	58.8	2,650
Tertsiaar - Tertiary		54.7	57.0	50.6	52.9	55.9	44.9	32.7	54.1	2,408
Mittetöötav - Not employed	40.0	42.9	41.2	37.0	45.9	47.9	46.1	45.2	41.8	3,526
Sissetuleku kvintilid - Income quintiles										
I	21.0	26.2	24.7	24.8	26.1	28.1	26.5	25.1	24.5	1,652
II	31.6	39.0	37.2	36.5	38.3	40.6	38.3	37.3	36.3	1,856
III	41.0	51.9	48.5	46.5	50.2	51.8	47.8	49.6	47.7	1,751
IV	52.3	63.0	61.6	60.2	63.4	63.9	58.7	57.1	60.0	1,715
V	72.6	86.1	88.8	85.0	89.4	89.4	83.0	87.0	85.3	1,656
Kokku Total	40.0	52.7	58.0	50.8	53.2	53.7	46.2	44.7	50.5	8,630
N	1,969	1,342	1,842	1,164	1,184	677	303	149	8,630	

Tabel 1.23: Leibkonnaliikme ekvivalentkogutulu suurus - *Size of net equivalised household income*

Leibkonnaliikme suurus, rubla %	ekvivalentkogutulu	Vanusrühm - Age group								Σ	N
		0-14	15-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75+		
Size of net equivalised household income, rouble %											
0-49		23.0	17.2	11.0	18.0	19.0	19.5	26.4	26.2	18.2	1,571
50-69		30.7	27.5	20.6	27.1	25.5	25.1	29.4	30.2	26.4	2,275
70-89		20.9	23.9	23.5	20.6	22.1	25.3	20.5	22.1	22.4	1,934
90-109		14.0	17.5	21.1	17.5	17.0	15.4	14.2	12.8	17.0	1,470
110+		11.4	13.9	23.8	16.8	16.4	14.8	9.6	8.7	16.0	1,380
Kokku Total		100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	8,630
Leibkonnaliikme mediaan, rubla	ekvivalentkogutulu										
Median net equivalised household income, rouble		67.0	73.9	85.4	75.0	75.2	73.8	66.2	64.9	74.7	8,630
Keskmine leibkonnaliikme ekvivalentkogutulu, rubla											
Mean net equivalised household income, rouble											
Sugu - Sex											
Mees - Male		72.4	80.1	91.9	85.9	80.7	81.2	71.6	69.4	81.4	3,730
Naine -Female		73.0	76.8	85.5	75.0	78.1	75.7	71.0	71.6	77.3	4,900
Põlisus - Nativity											
Põline - Native origin		69.7	75.4	87.6	78.0	77.6	76.9	69.9	69.3	77.0	5,693
Välispäritolu - Foreign origin		77.4	84.3	89.8	82.3	83.7	80.5	75.2	78.2	83.0	2,937
Haridustase - Educational level											
Kõrgem - Higher			90.2	113.8	109.8	122.4	122.6	100.7		112.8	465
Kesk - Secondary			84.0	90.4	82.2	85.2	88.6	88.8	78.9	86.0	1,416
Põhiharidus - Basic		66.2	75.7	85.8	79.4	76.3	78.3	94.8	69.2	79.7	1,611
Algharidus - Primary		72.8	75.1	81.8	72.4	73.8	72.1	67.9	71.1	73.9	5,138
Kooseluseis - Partnership status											
Kooselus - In partnership			88.9	90.7	83.2	81.7	80.6	71.1	57.8	85.2	3,884
Mittekooselus - No partnership		72.7	75.7	81.5	67.6	73.1	74.3	71.2	73.1	74.0	4,746
Leibkonnatüüp - Household type											
Lastega - W/children		73.3	72.5	83.7	76.1	69.1	72.4			75.7	4,401
Vanuritega - W/elderly			72.2	90.7	82.0	81.1	75.7	71.1	71.6	76.0	695
Laste ja vanuritega - W/children and elderly		68.8	70.4	75.7	71.5	77.9	70.8	71.3	70.7	71.7	757
Laste või vanuriteta - WO/children or elderly			82.6	98.9	87.1	85.2	80.7			87.1	2,777
Elukoht - Residence											
Linn - Urban		73.2	78.5	88.3	79.7	80.2	77.4	70.4	71.1	79.3	7,219
Maa - Rural		70.5	76.0	89.2	78.6	73.5	80.9	75.9	72.9	77.9	1,411
Hõive - Employment											
Töötav - Employed			83.3	90.1	81.6	80.2	78.7	61.1	46.5	83.8	5,104
Mittetöötav - Not employed		72.7	69.2	70.9	62.7	73.1	76.4	74.7	72.7	72.2	3,526
Majandussektor - Sector of economy											
Primaar - Primary			63.3	89.4	73.9	67.0	67.4			75.6	46
Sekundaar - Secondary			86.8	93.1	83.4	82.9	81.5	62.7	94.1	86.9	2,650
Tertsiaar - Tertiary			78.9	86.6	79.7	77.8	76.6	60.4	39.8	80.5	2,408
Mittetöötav - Not employed		72.7	69.2	70.9	62.7	73.1	76.4	74.7	72.7	72.2	3,526
Sissetuleku kvintiidid - Income quintiles											
I		39.2	38.6	40.0	39.6	38.2	38.1	37.6	38.3	38.9	1,652
II		58.9	59.6	59.4	59.1	59.3	58.8	59.2	59.7	59.2	1,856
III		75.0	75.2	75.9	75.2	75.6	75.7	74.3	76.7	75.4	1,751
IV		93.7	93.7	94.5	93.3	93.8	93.6	93.2	93.0	93.8	1,715
V		128.8	128.0	130.8	128.8	131.1	130.8	130.2	143.6	129.9	1,656
Kokku Total		72.7	78.1	88.5	79.5	79.2	77.9	71.2	71.3	79.1	8,630
N		1,969	1,342	1,842	1,164	1,184	677	303	149	8,630	

Tabel 1.24: Leibkonnaliikme ekvivalentkogutulu suurus enne siirdeid - *Size of net equivalised household income before transfers*

Leibkonnaliikme ekvivalentkogutulu suurus enne siirdeid, rubla %	Vanusrühm - Age group								Σ	N
Size of net equivalised household income before transfers, rouble %	0-14	15-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75+		
0-49	26.5	22.0	12.8	20.6	23.7	30.1	40.3	37.6	22.7	1,955
50-69	30.4	27.9	21.6	28.4	25.3	26.1	28.4	33.6	26.8	2,314
70-89	20.2	22.4	22.7	21.3	21.5	20.7	17.8	12.1	21.2	1,832
90-109	13.0	15.7	20.6	14.9	16.3	12.7	8.3	11.4	15.5	1,340
110+	9.9	12.0	22.3	14.9	13.2	10.3	5.3	5.4	13.8	1,189
Kokku Total	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	8,630
Leibkonnaliikme ekvivalentkogutulu mediaan enne siirdeid, rubla										
Median net equivalised household income before transfers, rouble	65.0	70.0	84.0	71.0	70.7	64.5	58.4	56.8	70.3	8,630
Keskmine leibkonnaliikme ekvivalentkogutulu enne siirdeid, rubla										
Mean net equivalised household income before transfers, rouble										
Sugu - Sex										
Mees - Male	69.7	75.8	90.1	82.6	77.2	73.5	56.5	55.6	77.7	3,730
Naine -Female	70.4	73.5	83.3	71.5	73.7	67.1	63.0	64.3	73.4	4,900
Põlisus - Nativity										
Põline - Native origin	67.3	71.6	85.8	75.1	73.8	69.0	59.2	60.6	73.3	5,693
Välispäritolu - Foreign origin	74.2	80.6	87.4	78.0	78.8	71.3	66.8	70.9	79.0	2,937
Haridustase - Educational level										
Kõrgem - Higher		77.5	109.9	103.3	115.5	109.9	67.0		105.9	465
Kesk - Secondary		79.2	88.4	77.9	79.4	77.0	71.3	60.9	81.1	1,416
Põhiharidus - Basic	61.8	72.2	83.9	76.5	72.8	69.5	90.2	54.6	76.6	1,611
Algharidus - Primary	70.1	73.4	80.2	69.9	70.5	64.8	59.1	63.3	70.4	5,138
Kooseluseis - Partnership status										
Kooselus - In partnership		86.5	88.9	80.0	77.8	71.0	54.8	41.1	81.4	3,884
Mittekooselus - No partnership	70.0	71.7	78.5	63.5	68.8	67.9	64.3	65.9	70.2	4,746
Leibkonnatüüp - Household type										
Lastega - W/children	71.0	69.9	82.2	73.4	66.0	67.1			73.4	4,401
Vanuritega - W/elderly		62.6	82.3	71.3	71.0	59.7	58.9	60.9	64.8	695
Laste ja vanuritega - W/children and elderly	62.8	64.4	70.0	65.6	73.6	61.1	64.3	66.8	65.8	757
Laste või vanuriteta - WO/children or elderly		79.1	97.1	84.5	81.9	72.8			83.5	2,777
Elukoht - Residence										
Linn - Urban	70.5	74.6	86.2	76.2	76.1	69.6	60.3	62.3	75.4	7,219
Maa - Rural	67.9	73.3	87.5	75.7	70.0	70.1	65.7	68.4	74.6	1,411
Hõive - Employment										
Töötav - Employed		81.3	88.2	78.1	76.4	72.4	53.5	39.7	80.7	5,104
Mittetöötav - Not employed	70.0	62.6	68.0	59.9	67.8	64.6	63.7	64.2	67.4	3,526
Majandussektor - Sector of economy										
Primaar - Primary		58.5	87.6	71.9	64.6	58.3			72.4	46
Sekundaar - Secondary		84.9	91.2	80.2	79.6	76.3	57.6	94.1	84.2	2,650
Tertsiaar - Tertiary		76.8	84.6	75.9	73.4	69.4	51.6	31.9	77.0	2,408
Mittetöötav - Not employed	70.0	62.6	68.0	59.9	67.8	64.6	63.7	64.2	67.4	3,526
Sissetuleku kvintiliid - Income quintiles										
I	37.0	35.7	39.0	37.4	36.2	34.4	33.2	32.5	36.5	1,652
II	56.3	55.7	57.9	56.8	55.4	50.9	48.7	53.5	55.7	1,856
III	72.4	72.2	73.5	72.7	71.8	67.3	63.4	63.7	71.7	1,751
IV	90.9	88.6	92.5	89.2	89.3	82.5	82.6	85.9	89.6	1,715
V	124.7	124.3	128.3	122.9	125.0	120.2	111.0	128.5	124.9	1,656
Kokku Total	70.0	74.4	86.4	76.1	75.2	69.6	61.1	62.9	75.3	8,630
N	1,969	1,342	1,842	1,164	1,184	677	303	149	8,630	

Tabel 1.25: Leibkonnaliikme ekvivalentkogutulu vaesusmäära suhtes - *Size of net equivalised household income as relative to poverty line*

Leibkonnaliikme ekvivalentttulu %	Vanusrühm - Age group								Σ	N
Size of net equivalised household income %	0-14	15-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75+		
Allpool vaesuspiiri - Below poverty line	16.5	12.6	8.2	12.7	14.3	15.5	21.1	20.8	13.5	1,161
1-1.9 vaesuspiiri - poverty line	58.2	56.0	46.9	52.9	52.4	54.4	55.1	57.7	53.5	4,617
2-2.9 vaesuspiiri - poverty line	21.7	26.9	36.6	28.6	26.9	25.8	20.8	15.4	27.5	2,375
3+ vaesuspiiri - poverty line	3.7	4.5	8.4	5.8	6.4	4.3	3.0	6.0	5.5	477
Kokku Total	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	8,630
N	1,969	1,342	1,842	1,164	1,184	677	303	149	8,630	
Allpool suhtelise vaesuse piiri olevad leibkonnaliikmed %										
Household members below relative poverty line %										
Sugu - Sex										
Mees - Male	16.0	10.7	6.4	8.1	11.1	12.5	19.8	25.0	11.3	3,730
Naine -Female	16.9	13.9	9.7	16.0	16.5	17.4	21.7	20.0	15.1	4,900
Põlisus - Nativity										
Põline - Native origin	18.7	14.5	9.2	13.9	15.0	16.4	22.4	22.4	15.0	5,693
Välispäritolu - Foreign origin	13.0	8.4	6.6	10.6	12.1	13.0	17.3	15.2	10.5	2,937
Haridustase - Educational level										
Kõrgem - Higher	0.0	7.7	1.4	2.0	1.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.9	465
Kesk - Secondary	0.0	6.6	5.3	7.9	10.8	6.4	17.2	0.0	7.4	1,416
Põhiharidus - Basic	10.3	14.1	8.5	8.6	12.9	7.1	16.7	60.0	11.2	1,611
Algharidus - Primary	16.5	16.8	11.7	19.1	16.7	19.2	22.2	20.1	16.9	5,138
Kooseluseis - Partnership status										
Kooselus - In partnership		7.6	6.7	9.3	11.0	11.7	17.5	44.4	9.3	3,884
Mittekooselus - No partnership	16.5	13.7	12.8	3.7	22.2	20.5	23.0	17.6	16.9	4,746
Leibkonnatüüp - Household type										
Lastega - W/children	15.9	15.0	9.1	13.4	17.8	17.6	0.0	0.0	14.0	4,401
Vanuritega - W/elderly	0.0	14.8	7.1	11.8	12.6	11.4	23.4	19.2	16.1	695
Laste ja vanuritega - W/children and elderly	20.3	20.8	14.7	17.0	14.1	7.1	17.6	24.0	18.1	757
Laste või vanuriteta - WO/children or elderly	0.0	10.4	5.5	10.6	12.4	15.8	0.0	0.0	10.6	2,777
Elukoht - Residence										
Linn - Urban	15.4	11.7	7.7	12.4	13.4	15.8	21.5	20.7	12.9	7,219
Maa - Rural	21.4	17.2	10.5	14.3	18.9	13.8	18.6	21.4	16.4	1,411
Hõive - Employment										
Töötav - Employed		7.4	6.7	11.1	13.6	16.3	33.3	75.0	10.4	5,104
Mittetöötav - Not employed	16.5	21.5	23.8	26.0	18.2	14.1	16.9	17.7	17.8	3,526
Majandussektor - Sector of economy										
Primaar - Primary	0.0	30.0	5.9	0.0	25.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	13.0	46
Sekundaar - Secondary	0.0	4.3	4.7	7.6	8.0	12.2	28.0	0.0	6.6	2,650
Tertsiaar - Tertiary	0.0	11.2	9.2	15.0	18.9	20.0	35.8	85.7	14.6	2,408
Mittetöötav - Not employed	16.5	21.5	23.8	26.0	18.2	14.1	16.9	17.7	17.8	3,526
Sissetuleku kvintiilid - Income quintiles										
I	68.2	68.7	70.6	67.9	70.7	76.6	77.1	77.5	70.3	1,652
II	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1,856
III	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1,751
IV	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1,715
V	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1,656
Kokku Total	16.5	12.6	8.2	12.7	14.3	15.5	21.1	20.8	13.5	8,630
N	1,969	1,342	1,842	1,164	1,184	677	303	149	8,630	

Tabel 1.26: Leibkonnaliikme ekvivalentkogutulu vaesusmäära suhtes enne siirdeid - *Size of net equivalised household income before transfers as relative to poverty line*

Leibkonnaliikme ekvivalenttulu %	Vanusrühm - Age group								Σ	N
Size of net equivalised household income before transfers %	0-14	15-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75+		
Allpool vaesuspiiri - Below poverty line	17.0	15.7	7.7	13.5	16.5	22.5	32.7	30.2	15.5	1,335
1-1.9 vaesuspiiri - poverty line	55.8	52.2	43.7	52.6	49.5	50.4	50.5	49.7	50.6	4,369
2-2.9 vaesuspiiri - poverty line	23.1	27.0	38.2	27.5	27.4	23.0	14.5	14.8	27.7	2,388
3+ vaesuspiiri - poverty line	4.2	5.1	10.4	6.4	6.6	4.1	2.3	5.4	6.2	538
Kokku Total	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	8,630
N	1,969	1,342	1,842	1,164	1,184	677	303	149	8,630	
Allpool suhtelise vaesuse piiri olevad leibkonnaliikmed %										
Household members below relative poverty line %										
Sugu - Sex										
Mees - Male	16.3	14.4	5.5	7.6	12.6	19.3	38.5	41.7	12.9	3,730
Naine -Female	17.6	16.9	9.6	17.6	19.4	24.7	30.7	28.0	17.6	4,900
Põlisus - Nativity										
Põline - Native origin	19.0	18.2	8.3	14.2	16.9	23.5	36.8	32.8	17.2	5,693
Välispäritolu - Foreign origin	13.8	10.8	6.7	12.3	15.7	20.1	21.3	21.2	12.3	2,937
Haridustase - Educational level										
Kõrgem - Higher		30.8	1.9	2.0	4.3	9.5	0.0		5.4	465
Kesk - Secondary		9.5	5.6	10.9	12.0	12.8	27.6	40.0	9.8	1,416
Põhiharidus - Basic	13.8	17.5	7.6	10.0	19.8	16.7	16.7	60.0	13.2	1,611
Algharidus - Primary	17.0	17.8	10.8	18.6	18.6	26.1	34.9	28.8	18.7	5,138
Kooseluseis - Partnership status										
Kooselus - In partnership		7.6	5.7	8.9	13.7	20.8	36.9	66.7	10.9	3,884
Mittekooselus - No partnership	17.0	17.7	14.2	28.5	23.7	25.0	31.0	25.2	19.3	4,746
Leibkonnatüüp - Household type										
Lastega - W/children	15.6	17.7	8.2	13.0	19.4	18.2			14.1	4,401
Vanuritega - W/elderly		28.4	11.9	19.7	22.0	26.6	39.7	29.3	28.2	695
Laste ja vanuritega - W/children and elderly	27.0	32.1	18.1	22.0	21.9	28.6	22.7	32.0	24.6	757
Laste või vanuriteta - WO/children or elderly		12.2	4.7	10.6	13.1	23.4			12.2	2,777
Elukoht - Residence										
Linn - Urban	15.6	14.9	7.1	13.2	15.6	22.4	33.5	30.4	14.8	7,219
Maa - Rural	23.4	20.7	10.8	14.9	21.6	24.1	30.2	28.6	19.1	1,411
Hõive - Employment										
Töötav - Employed		8.4	6.5	11.9	15.4	21.1	46.2	75.0	11.6	5,104
Mittetöötav - Not employed	17.0	28.8	20.0	26.8	23.5	25.3	28.4	27.7	21.2	3,526
Majandussektor - Sector of economy										
Primaar - Primary		40.0	11.8	0.0	25.0	25.0			19.6	46
Sekundaar - Secondary		6.1	4.2	7.6	10.0	12.2	32.0	0.0	7.2	2,650
Tertsiaar - Tertiary		10.6	9.2	16.7	20.5	28.5	52.8	85.7	16.4	2,408
Mittetöötav - Not employed	17.0	28.8	20.0	26.8	23.5	25.3	28.4	27.7	21.2	3,526
Sissetuleku kvintiliid - Income quintiles										
I	64.0	71.5	59.8	65.1	70.3	77.4	81.9	90.0	68.3	1,652
II	5.9	11.1	2.9	5.0	8.9	25.0	34.2	19.5	9.3	1,856
III	0.0	0.3	0.5	0.5	0.9	5.1	11.7	3.7	1.3	1,751
IV	0.0	0.8	0.7	0.0	0.9	3.2	0.0	0.0	0.6	1,715
V	0.4	0.4	0.0	0.4	0.8	0.8	0.0	0.0	0.4	1,656
Kokku Total	17.0	15.9	7.7	13.5	16.6	22.6	33.0	30.2	15.5	8,630
N	1,969	1,342	1,842	1,164	1,184	677	303	149	8,630	

Tabel 1.27: Eluaseme tüüp - *Dwelling type*

	Vanusrühm - Age group									
	0-14	15-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75+	Σ	N
Eluaseme tüüp - Dwelling type										
Peremaja - Family house	19.5	20.3	19.0	21.2	23.1	23.9	24.1	32.9	21.0	1,809
Korter - Apartment	45.4	40.2	34.6	46.4	45.2	40.5	44.6	44.3	42.0	3,622
Osa korterist - Part of apartment	27.1	27.0	35.2	25.8	24.8	29.5	25.1	20.8	28.3	2,445
Ühisealamu - Dormitory	0.5	5.8	3.3	0.8	0.7	0.9	0.7	0.0	2.0	172
Muu - Other	2.0	1.6	2.1	2.2	2.3	3.1	3.0	0.7	2.1	184
Barakk - Barracked	5.6	4.8	5.8	3.6	3.7	1.9	2.3	1.3	4.5	388
Teadmata - No data	0.0	0.2	0.1	0.0	0.3	0.1	0.3	0.0	0.1	10
Kokku Total	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	8,630
N	1,969	1,342	1,842	1,164	1,184	677	303	149	8,630	
Peremajas elavate osakaal %										
Proportion living in family house %										
Sugu - Sex										
Mees - Male	20.2	20.7	18.2	22.3	23.3	27.3	28.6	45.8	21.4	3,730
Naine -Female	18.7	20.0	19.6	20.4	22.9	21.8	22.2	30.4	20.6	4,900
Põlisus - Nativity										
Põline - Native origin	29.8	27.2	28.5	30.0	28.4	29.2	28.1	39.7	29.0	5,693
Välispäritolu - Foreign origin	3.5	4.8	4.4	5.3	8.3	9.8	12.0	9.1	5.3	2,937
Haridustase - Educational level										
Kõrgem - Higher		38.5	12.6	18.8	14.5	21.4	0.0		17.0	465
Kesk - Secondary		20.4	25.3	21.7	21.2	23.4	31.0	40.0	22.7	1,416
Põhiharidus - Basic	20.7	20.6	18.4	17.2	19.8	9.5	33.3	20.0	19.1	1,611
Algharidus - Primary	19.4	17.2	17.8	23.0	24.8	25.5	23.8	33.1	21.4	5,138
Kooseluseis - Partnership status										
Kooselus - In partnership		16.1	18.7	21.7	23.4	25.7	31.1	44.4	21.4	3,884
Mittekooselus - No partnership	19.5	21.2	20.0	19.7	22.2	21.6	20.5	31.3	20.6	4,746
Leibkonnatüüp - Household type										
Lastega - W/children	18.7	19.0	17.1	19.0	22.8	23.0			18.9	4,401
Vanuritega - W/elderly		20.5	33.3	21.1	27.6	34.2	25.0	32.3	27.1	695
Laste ja vanuritega - W/children and elderly	24.9	18.9	23.3	23.0	25.0	28.6	22.7	34.0	24.3	757
Laste või vanuriteta - WO/children or elderly		21.1	20.5	24.5	22.1	22.2			21.8	2,777
Elukoht - Residence										
Linn - Urban	17.1	17.0	16.7	18.4	20.1	21.5	21.9	29.6	18.4	7,219
Maa - Rural	30.1	36.1	29.5	37.1	38.9	40.2	37.2	64.3	34.2	1,411
Hõive - Employment										
Töötav - Employed		18.6	18.5	19.7	22.8	26.4	24.4	12.5	20.4	5,104
Mittetöötav - Not employed	19.5	23.1	23.8	33.9	24.7	19.5	24.0	34.0	21.8	3,526
Majandussektor - Sector of economy										
Primaar - Primary		60.0	35.3	28.6	50.0	75.0			45.7	46
Sekundaar - Secondary		13.5	17.0	19.9	22.5	27.4	32.0	0.0	18.9	2,650
Tertsiaar - Tertiary		24.6	20.0	19.3	22.6	24.7	20.8	14.3	21.6	2,408
Mittetöötav - Not employed	19.5	23.1	23.8	33.9	24.7	19.5	24.0	34.0	21.8	3,526
Sissetuleku kvintilid - Income quintiles										
I	29.1	28.9	27.6	28.0	34.7	29.2	28.9	40.0	29.8	1,652
II	18.9	21.6	24.6	18.4	24.2	28.7	23.3	34.1	22.1	1,856
III	16.2	19.4	15.4	19.2	22.2	19.1	23.3	29.6	18.4	1,751
IV	16.9	15.8	16.9	18.5	18.9	19.0	17.8	34.6	17.7	1,715
V	11.2	15.7	16.5	22.6	14.8	24.0	23.8	13.3	16.9	1,656
Kokku Total	19.5	20.3	19.0	21.2	23.1	23.9	24.1	32.9	21.0	8,630
N	1,969	1,342	1,842	1,164	1,184	677	303	149	8,630	

Tabel 1.28: Eluaseme kuuluvus - *Dwelling ownership*

Eluaseme kuuluvus % House ownership %	Vanusrühm - Age group								Σ	N
	0-14	15-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75+		
Riik - State	79.5	78.0	79.9	77.1	75.3	74.9	74.9	65.1	77.7	6,703
Kooperatiiv - Co-operative	0.7	1.2	0.5	0.9	0.7	0.3	0.3	0.0	0.7	60
Eraisik - Private	19.6	20.5	19.3	21.6	23.6	24.4	24.4	34.9	21.3	1,839
Kolhoos - Kolkhoz	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.1	5
Omanikuta - W/o owner	0.2	0.0	0.2	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.2	13
Teadmata - Unkown	0.0	0.2	0.1	0.0	0.3	0.1	0.3	0.0	0.1	10
Kokku Total	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	8,630
Eramajas elavate osakaal % Proportion living in private house %										
Sugu - Sex										
Mees - Male	20.5	20.7	18.7	23.1	24.1	27.7	27.5	50.0	21.8	3,730
Naine -Female	18.7	20.3	19.7	20.6	23.3	22.3	23.1	32.0	20.9	4,900
Põlisus - Nativity										
Põline - Native origin	30.1	27.6	28.8	30.8	28.8	29.6	28.9	42.2	29.5	5,693
Välispäritolu - Foreign origin	3.4	4.8	4.7	5.1	9.3	10.3	10.7	9.1	5.4	2,937
Haridustase - Educational level										
Kõrgem - Higher		38.5	13.5	18.8	14.5	21.4	0.0		17.4	465
Kesk - Secondary		20.7	25.3	22.0	22.8	24.5	31.0	40.0	23.2	1,416
Põhiharidus - Basic	17.2	21.0	18.7	16.7	20.8	11.9	33.3	40.0	19.4	1,611
Algharidus - Primary	19.6	16.8	18.0	24.0	25.1	25.7	24.1	34.5	21.7	5,138
Kooseluseis - Partnership status										
Kooselus - In partnership		17.3	19.0	22.2	24.1	26.2	30.1	55.6	21.9	3,884
Mittekooselus - No partnership	19.6	21.2	20.0	19.7	22.5	21.9	21.5	32.1	20.8	4,746
Leibkonnatüüp - Household type										
Lastega - W/children	18.6	18.8	17.2	18.7	22.6	23.6			18.8	4,401
Vanuritega - W/elderly		20.5	33.3	23.7	27.6	32.9	24.5	35.4	27.5	695
Laste ja vanuritega - W/children and elderly	26.6	20.8	23.3	25.0	28.1	28.6	24.4	34.0	25.8	757
Laste või vanuriteta - WO/children or elderly		21.4	21.2	25.3	23.0	22.9			22.5	2,777
Elukoht - Residence										
Linn - Urban	17.3	17.4	16.9	18.9	20.6	21.7	22.3	31.9	18.7	7,219
Maa - Rural	29.9	35.7	30.5	37.1	40.0	42.5	37.2	64.3	34.5	1,411
Hõive - Employment										
Töötav - Employed		19.2	18.8	20.1	23.4	26.6	23.1	25.0	20.8	5,104
Mittetöötav - Not employed	19.6	22.7	23.8	34.6	25.3	20.3	24.9	35.5	22.1	3,526
Majandussektor - Sector of economy										
Primaar - Primary		60.0	35.3	28.6	50.0	75.0			45.7	46
Sekundaar - Secondary		13.9	17.1	20.3	22.5	26.9	28.0	0.0	19.0	2,650
Tertsiaar - Tertiary		25.5	20.5	19.7	23.8	25.5	20.8	28.6	22.3	2,408
Mittetöötav - Not employed	19.6	22.7	23.8	34.6	25.3	20.3	24.9	35.5	22.1	3,526
Sissetuleku kvintilid - Income quintiles										
I	29.7	29.3	27.6	29.8	34.7	29.2	30.1	45.0	30.4	1,652
II	18.5	20.9	24.6	17.6	23.8	28.7	23.3	34.1	21.8	1,856
III	16.4	19.7	15.6	19.2	22.6	19.7	21.7	29.6	18.7	1,751
IV	16.9	16.2	17.1	19.3	19.8	19.0	17.8	38.5	18.1	1,715
V	11.6	16.5	17.1	23.0	16.9	25.6	26.2	13.3	17.8	1,656
Kokku Total	19.6	20.5	19.3	21.6	23.6	24.4	24.4	34.9	21.3	8,630
N	1,969	1,342	1,842	1,164	1,184	677	303	149	8,630	

Tabel 1.29: Leibkonna kasutatavate elutubade arv - *No. of living rooms in use*

Leibkonna elutubade arv % Number of living rooms in use %	Vanusrühm - Age group								Σ	N
	0-14	15-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75+		
Alla 1- Less than 1	5.3	14.5	11.1	6.4	6.8	9.7	3.0	2.7	8.6	738
1	52.7	48.1	60.6	54.0	49.2	52.4	50.5	44.3	53.1	4,586
2	33.3	27.0	23.3	30.2	32.4	26.9	30.0	37.6	29.1	2,513
3	7.7	8.0	4.4	8.2	9.9	9.5	14.9	12.8	7.9	679
4	0.9	1.6	0.4	1.0	1.0	1.3	1.0	2.0	1.0	86
5+	0.1	0.6	0.1	0.1	0.3	0.0	0.3	0.7	0.2	18
Teadmata - No data	0.0	0.2	0.1	0.0	0.3	0.1	0.3	0.0	0.1	10
Kokku Total	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	8,630
Keskmine elutubade arv Mean number of living rooms										
Sugu - Sex										
Mees - Male	1.5	1.5	1.2	1.5	1.6	1.5	1.6	1.5	1.5	3,724
Naine -Female	1.5	1.3	1.3	1.4	1.5	1.4	1.7	1.7	1.4	4,896
Põlisus - Nativity										
Põline - Native origin	1.5	1.5	1.3	1.5	1.6	1.5	1.6	1.7	1.5	5,687
Välispäritolu - Foreign origin	1.4	1.1	1.2	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.6	1.8	1.3	2,933
Haridustase - Educational level										
Kõrgem - Higher		1.8	1.6	1.9	1.9	1.8	2.1		1.8	464
Kesk - Secondary		1.4	1.4	1.5	1.7	1.8	1.9	1.8	1.5	1,415
Põhiharidus - Basic	1.5	1.4	1.2	1.4	1.6	1.4	1.7	1.8	1.4	1,607
Algharidus - Primary	1.5	1.3	1.1	1.3	1.4	1.4	1.6	1.7	1.4	5,134
Kooseluseis - Partnership status										
Kooselus - In partnership		1.2	1.3	1.6	1.7	1.5	1.7	1.6	1.5	3,880
Mittekooselus - No partnership	1.5	1.5	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.6	1.7	1.4	4,740
Leibkonnatüüp - Household type										
Lastega - W/children	1.4	1.5	1.3	1.5	1.6	1.7			1.4	4,401
Vanuritega - W/elderly		1.8	1.7	1.6	1.8	1.6	1.5	1.5	1.6	694
Laste ja vanuritega - W/children and elderly	1.9	2.2	1.8	1.9	2.2	2.1	1.8	2.1	1.9	757
Laste või vanuriteta - WO/children or elderly		1.2	1.0	1.3	1.4	1.3			1.2	2,768
Elukoht - Residence										
Linn - Urban	1.5	1.4	1.2	1.5	1.5	1.4	1.6	1.7	1.4	7,214
Maa - Rural	1.5	1.4	1.3	1.5	1.6	1.7	1.8	1.7	1.5	1,406
Hõive - Employment										
Töötav - Employed		1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5	1.4	1.3	1.1	1.3	5,096
Mittetöötav - Not employed	1.5	1.7	1.3	1.7	1.7	1.5	1.7	1.7	1.6	3,524
Majandussektor - Sector of economy										
Primaar - Primary		1.6	1.5	2.0	2.0	2.2			1.7	46
Sekundaar - Secondary		1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.3	1.4	1.0	1.3	2,644
Tertsiaar - Tertiary		1.3	1.3	1.6	1.5	1.4	1.3	1.1	1.4	2,406
Mittetöötav - Not employed	1.5	1.7	1.3	1.7	1.7	1.5	1.7	1.7	1.6	3,524
Sissetuleku kvintilid - Income quintiles										
I	1.4	1.3	1.2	1.4	1.4	1.2	1.3	1.6	1.3	1,652
II	1.5	1.5	1.3	1.5	1.6	1.4	1.6	1.6	1.5	1,853
III	1.5	1.4	1.3	1.5	1.5	1.3	1.7	1.7	1.4	1,750
IV	1.4	1.3	1.2	1.4	1.5	1.6	1.7	1.7	1.4	1,710
V	1.6	1.4	1.3	1.5	1.6	1.7	2.1	2.3	1.5	1,655
Kokku Total	1.5	1.4	1.3	1.5	1.5	1.4	1.6	1.7	1.4	8,620
N	1,969	1,339	1,840	1,164	1,181	676	302	149	8,620	

Tabel 1.30: Leibkonna eluaseme üldpind - *Total floor area*

Eluaseme üldpind % Total floor area %	Vanusrühm - Age group								Σ	N
	0-14	15-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75+		
0-9	4.3	11.0	10.0	6.8	6.8	8.1	6.9	2.7	7.6	656
10-19	43.1	40.1	49.0	44.5	40.5	45.1	37.3	38.9	43.6	3,762
20-29	28.7	22.3	23.6	25.3	29.4	25.0	29.0	28.2	26.0	2,241
30-39	15.8	13.3	9.1	15.5	14.1	12.4	15.5	17.4	13.5	1,162
40-49	5.2	4.2	3.0	4.9	5.6	4.9	6.3	8.7	4.7	403
50+	1.6	2.7	1.2	1.7	2.1	3.0	3.6	4.0	2.0	171
Teadmata - No data	1.3	6.3	4.1	1.4	1.5	1.6	1.3	0.0	2.7	235
Kokku Total	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	8,630
Keskmine üldpinna suurus m^2 Mean size of total floor area m^2										
Sugu - Sex										
Mees - Male	22.4	22.2	19.0	22.6	23.7	22.5	24.0	23.5	21.9	3,634
Naine -Female	22.5	20.6	19.6	21.3	21.3	20.8	23.5	25.4	21.2	4,761
Põlisus - Nativity										
Põline - Native origin	22.9	21.7	19.5	22.3	22.4	21.7	23.6	24.6	21.9	5,609
Välispäritolu - Foreign origin	21.7	20.0	19.0	21.0	21.9	21.0	23.9	26.9	20.8	2,786
Haridustase - Educational level										
Kõrgem - Higher		24.6	23.4	29.7	30.1	28.7	31.6		26.5	463
Kesk - Secondary		21.1	21.5	22.4	24.5	26.3	28.7	29.4	22.6	1,376
Põhiharidus - Basic	21.6	22.0	18.8	21.3	22.9	23.1	22.5	26.0	20.9	1,548
Algharidus - Primary	22.5	19.4	17.2	20.2	20.8	19.8	22.9	24.9	21.0	5,008
Kooseluseis - Partnership status										
Kooselus - In partnership		16.5	20.0	23.6	24.5	23.4	24.7	23.4	22.0	3,829
Mittekooselus - No partnership	22.5	22.4	17.0	15.9	16.9	19.1	23.1	25.4	21.1	4,566
Leibkonnatüüp - Household type										
Lastega - W/children	21.7	22.6	20.0	22.6	23.7	24.9			21.8	4,341
Vanuritega - W/elderly		25.3	25.4	21.7	24.0	24.4	21.4	22.0	23.1	689
Laste ja vanuritega - W/children and elderly	28.2	31.5	26.9	29.7	31.5	29.2	27.1	31.3	28.7	757
Laste või vanuriteta - WO/children or elderly		19.0	16.0	18.3	20.1	19.3			18.6	2,608
Elukoht - Residence										
Linn - Urban	22.6	21.3	19.2	21.8	22.3	21.5	23.1	25.3	21.5	7,041
Maa - Rural	21.9	20.7	19.9	21.9	22.5	21.9	27.0	23.3	21.5	1,354
Hõive - Employment										
Töötav - Employed		19.0	19.2	21.5	21.7	20.7	19.5	15.0	20.3	4,906
Mittetöötav - Not employed	22.5	24.7	20.3	24.4	25.8	23.0	25.0	25.7	23.2	3,489
Majandussektor - Sector of economy										
Primaar - Primary		22.0	22.8	29.3	23.5	32.0			24.6	45
Sekundaar - Secondary		18.8	18.5	19.7	21.0	19.9	18.0	18.5	19.4	2,508
Tertsiaar - Tertiary		19.3	20.0	23.3	22.3	21.2	20.2	14.4	21.2	2,353
Mittetöötav - Not employed	22.5	24.7	20.3	24.4	25.8	23.0	25.0	25.7	23.2	3,489
Sissetuleku kvintiliid - Income quintiles										
I	20.7	19.6	17.4	20.0	20.0	18.3	18.6	21.2	19.6	1,607
II	23.3	22.9	19.1	23.1	22.9	20.1	22.7	24.7	22.2	1,821
III	22.8	20.3	20.1	21.8	21.7	20.8	24.3	26.4	21.5	1,706
IV	22.4	20.6	19.2	21.1	22.4	23.6	25.5	25.4	21.4	1,661
V	23.7	22.8	19.8	22.8	24.5	25.4	32.1	33.9	22.8	1,600
Kokku Total	22.5	21.2	19.3	21.8	22.3	21.5	23.7	25.1	21.5	8,395
N	1,943	1,257	1,767	1,148	1,166	666	299	149	8,395	

Tabel 1.31: Eluaseme suurus elaniku kohta - *Floor area per dweller*

Eluaseme suurus elaniku kohta % Floor area per dweller %	Vanusrühm - Age group								Σ	N
	0-14	15-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75+		
0-4.9	45.7	36.4	33.9	30.3	24.1	24.2	24.8	25.5	33.9	2,928
5-9.9	47.6	46.3	50.1	52.6	53.4	49.0	52.8	59.1	49.9	4,304
10-14.9	4.9	9.5	9.4	12.3	15.9	17.1	17.5	12.1	10.6	915
15-19.9	0.4	1.4	1.7	2.1	4.4	5.9	3.0	2.7	2.2	187
20+	0.1	0.0	0.8	1.4	0.8	1.9	0.7	0.7	0.7	57
Teadmata - No data	1.4	6.3	4.2	1.4	1.5	1.8	1.3	0.0	2.8	239
Kokku Total	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	8,630
Keskmine eluaseme suurus elaniku kohta m^2 Mean size of floor area per dweller m^2										
Sugu - Sex										
Mees - Male	5.5	6.2	6.3	6.9	7.2	7.8	8.5	7.4	6.4	3,633
Naine -Female	5.6	6.3	6.6	7.0	7.8	8.0	7.1	7.0	6.7	4,758
Põlisus - Nativity										
Põline - Native origin	5.7	6.5	6.8	7.2	7.7	8.2	7.8	7.4	6.9	5,605
Välispäritolu - Foreign origin	5.4	5.5	6.0	6.5	7.0	7.0	6.3	6.0	6.0	2,786
Haridustase - Educational level										
Kõrgem - Higher		8.0	8.3	8.8	9.9	11.0	10.7		8.9	463
Kesk - Secondary		6.7	6.9	7.3	8.3	9.5	8.7	6.9	7.4	1,374
Põhiharidus - Basic	6.0	6.3	6.3	6.7	7.7	9.7	7.8	9.6	6.6	1,548
Algharidus - Primary	5.6	5.3	5.7	6.5	7.1	7.2	7.2	7.0	6.2	5,006
Kooseluseis - Partnership status										
Kooselus - In partnership		5.1	6.1	6.6	7.2	7.6	7.8	7.0	6.6	3,827
Mittekooselus - No partnership	5.6	6.5	7.8	8.3	8.3	8.3	7.3	7.1	6.6	4,564
Leibkonnatüüp - Household type										
Lastega - W/children	5.6	5.0	5.6	6.0	5.9	5.8			5.6	4,337
Vanuritega - W/elderly		6.6	7.5	7.2	7.5	8.4	8.7	7.5	7.8	689
Laste ja vanuritega - W/children and elderly	5.6	5.5	5.7	6.0	6.2	5.7	5.7	6.2	5.8	757
Laste või vanuriteta - WO/children or elderly		7.1	8.1	8.9	8.7	8.8			8.2	2,608
Elukoht - Residence										
Linn - Urban	5.6	6.2	6.4	7.0	7.5	7.9	7.4	7.2	6.6	7,037
Maa - Rural	5.5	6.3	6.5	7.0	7.7	7.9	8.3	6.3	6.6	1,354
Hõive - Employment										
Töötav - Employed		6.1	6.5	7.0	7.6	8.5	9.3	8.7	7.0	4,904
Mittetöötav - Not employed	5.6	6.5	5.7	6.7	7.3	6.8	6.9	7.0	6.1	3,487
Majandussektor - Sector of economy										
Primaar - Primary		4.9	6.7	9.0	6.6	7.2			6.7	45
Sekundaar - Secondary		5.8	6.2	6.5	7.3	8.0	9.3	6.2	6.6	2,506
Tertsiaar - Tertiary		6.4	6.9	7.5	7.9	9.0	9.2	9.0	7.4	2,353
Mittetöötav - Not employed	5.6	6.5	5.7	6.7	7.3	6.8	6.9	7.0	6.1	3,487
Sissetuleku kvintilid - Income quintiles										
I	5.2	6.2	5.6	6.4	7.5	7.9	7.2	6.9	6.2	1,607
II	5.4	6.1	6.0	6.9	7.0	7.6	6.7	6.6	6.3	1,821
III	5.6	6.1	6.5	6.6	7.1	7.3	7.7	8.2	6.5	1,706
IV	5.8	6.2	6.4	6.9	7.9	8.2	7.2	6.4	6.7	1,657
V	6.1	6.7	7.1	7.9	8.4	8.8	9.2	8.2	7.4	1,600
Kokku Total	5.6	6.2	6.5	7.0	7.5	7.9	7.5	7.1	6.6	8,391
N	1,942	1,257	1,765	1,148	1,166	665	299	149	8,391	

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Tabel 2.1: Küsitlute arv - *Number of respondents*

	Vanusrühm - Age group																	
	0-4	5-9	10-14	15-19	20-24	25-29	30-34	35-39	40-44	45-49	50-54	55-59	60-64	65-69	70-74	75-79	80+	Σ
Tegevusala - Activity status																		
Töötav - Working	0	0	0	229	778	962	935	1019	943	977	727	390	288	190	104	31	8	7,581
Õpilane - Studying	0	213	989	648	85	9	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1,947
Pensionär - Pensioner	0	0	0	1	5	4	7	6	9	12	22	89	197	184	170	130	132	968
Koolieelik - Preschooler	988	794	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,782
Kodune - At home	0	0	2	18	13	20	13	12	16	17	24	13	27	20	15	11	34	255
Majandusharu (ISIC) - Branch of economy (ISIC)																		
Mittetöötav - Not working	988	1007	991	667	103	33	22	18	25	29	46	102	224	204	186	141	166	4,952
Põllumajandus - Agriculture	0	0	0	46	149	217	241	233	242	228	214	150	161	103	78	23	6	2,091
Kalandus - Fishing	0	0	0	0	4	4	0	4	8	7	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	30
Kaevandus - Mining	0	0	0	4	10	21	9	15	14	20	4	2	0	0	0	0	0	99
Tööstus - Industry	0	0	0	64	200	189	214	249	246	270	189	84	41	26	7	1	1	1,781
Elektri-veevarustus - Electricity and water supply	0	0	0	4	7	6	12	11	10	13	2	1	3	0	0	0	0	69
Ehitus - Construction	0	0	0	12	80	110	127	101	81	87	49	34	10	5	0	0	0	696
Kaubandus - Trade	0	0	0	32	54	67	56	58	42	69	48	18	11	7	2	2	0	466
Hotellid-restoranid - Hotels-restaurants	0	0	0	6	13	11	6	6	13	9	8	4	4	4	1	0	0	85
Transport - Transportation	0	0	0	21	93	113	79	86	82	83	55	23	7	8	1	0	0	651
Rahandus - Finance	0	0	0	0	4	3	1	0	1	3	4	0	1	2	0	0	0	19
Kinnisvara ja äri - Real estate and business	0	0	0	6	28	39	29	39	35	22	21	3	6	5	0	1	0	234
Avalik teenistus - Public service	0	0	0	4	21	31	17	32	25	22	18	4	2	1	0	0	0	177
Haridus - Education	0	0	0	11	47	59	59	60	58	70	40	20	12	6	4	1	0	447
Tervishoid - Health care	0	0	0	9	25	28	34	61	50	31	30	21	12	10	3	3	1	318
Muud teenused - Other services	0	0	0	8	31	43	26	38	15	26	21	12	8	6	4	0	0	238
Eramajapidamised - Private household	0	0	0	2	12	21	25	26	21	17	21	14	10	7	4	0	0	180
Sugu - Sex																		
Mees - Male	504	533	504	423	367	454	466	494	450	460	313	214	214	152	105	47	35	5,735
Naine -Female	484	474	487	473	514	541	491	543	518	546	460	278	298	242	185	125	139	6,798
Põlisus - Nativity																		
Põline - Native origin	777	791	751	672	615	741	783	796	747	727	592	404	447	353	254	145	147	9,742
Välispäritolu - Foreign origin	211	216	240	224	266	254	174	241	221	279	181	88	65	41	36	27	27	2,791
Haridustase - Educational level																		
Kõrgem - Higher	0	0	0	2	82	154	151	169	135	100	43	22	19	13	13	1	2	906
Kesk - Secondary	0	0	0	191	446	442	360	351	251	235	171	80	49	39	21	12	9	2,657
Põhiharidus - Basic	0	1	48	625	280	323	312	325	281	254	158	90	58	29	7	10	3	2,804
Algharidus - Primary	988	1006	943	78	73	76	134	192	301	417	401	300	386	313	249	149	160	6,166
Kooseluseis - Partnership status																		
Kooselus - In partnership	0	0	0	13	376	757	798	848	798	833	608	366	336	236	137	40	19	6,165
Mittekooselus - No partnership	988	1007	991	883	505	238	159	189	170	173	165	126	176	158	153	132	155	6,368
Leibkonnatüüp - Household type																		
Lastega - W/children	916	906	877	331	320	682	712	709	501	314	161	63	64	0	0	0	0	6,556
Vanuritega - W/elderly	0	0	0	60	70	35	23	36	57	102	111	75	86	332	222	134	129	1,472
Laste ja vanuritega - W/children and elderly	72	101	114	41	26	28	67	94	74	66	23	8	10	62	68	38	45	937
Laste või vanuriteta - WO/children or elderly	0	0	0	464	465	250	155	198	336	524	478	346	352	0	0	0	0	3,568
Elukoht - Residence																		
Linn - Urban	536	561	527	540	592	601	592	669	622	663	464	253	215	161	115	83	90	7,284
Maa - Rural	452	446	464	356	289	394	365	368	346	343	309	239	297	233	175	89	84	5,249
Kokku Total	988	1007	991	896	881	995	957	1037	968	1006	773	492	512	394	290	172	174	12,533

Tabel 2.2: Leibkonnaliikmete arv - *Number of household members*

Leibkonnaliikmete arv % Number of household members %	Vanusrühm - Age group								Σ	N
	0-14	15-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75+		
1	0.0	7.1	6.5	6.6	6.9	15.2	15.6	14.2	6.5	816
2	3.9	11.9	12.2	11.7	25.6	44.5	46.1	27.7	16.9	2,115
3	23.7	28.5	33.1	28.6	30.4	20.9	17.8	20.8	27.0	3,378
4	41.9	30.8	32.8	35.7	22.2	10.5	9.5	17.9	30.2	3,780
5+	30.5	21.7	15.4	17.5	14.9	8.9	11.0	19.4	19.5	2,444
Kokku Total	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	12,533
Keskmine leibkonnaliikmete arv Mean number of household members										
Sugu - Sex										
Mees - Male	4.2	3.7	3.4	3.6	3.4	2.9	2.5	2.7	3.6	5,735
Naine - Female	4.2	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.0	2.4	2.7	3.2	3.4	6,798
Põlisus - Nativity										
Põline - Native origin	4.2	3.6	3.4	3.5	3.1	2.4	2.5	3.0	3.5	9,742
Välispäritolu - Foreign origin	4.1	3.7	3.6	3.6	3.5	3.5	3.3	3.8	3.7	2,791
Haridustase - Educational level										
Kõrgem - Higher		3.3	3.2	3.5	3.4	3.2	2.7	2.7	3.3	906
Kesk - Secondary		3.3	3.5	3.4	3.2	2.7	2.8	2.3	3.3	2,657
Põhiharidus - Basic	4.2	3.8	3.6	3.6	3.2	2.5	2.6	2.6	3.5	2,804
Algharidus - Primary	4.2	3.7	3.6	3.7	3.2	2.5	2.6	3.2	3.6	6,166
Kooseluseis - Partnership status										
Kooselus - In partnership		3.5	3.8	3.8	3.4	2.8	2.5	2.5	3.5	6,165
Mittekooselus - No partnership	4.2	3.6	2.5	2.2	2.1	2.1	2.7	3.2	3.5	6,368
Leibkonnatüüp - Household type										
Lastega - W/children	4.1	4.3	3.8	3.9	4.1	4.6			4.0	6,556
Vanuritega - W/elderly		4.0	3.1	3.2	3.3	2.5	2.1	2.5	2.7	1,472
Laste ja vanuritega - W/children and elderly	5.0	5.4	5.1	4.8	5.0	4.8	4.6	4.9	4.9	937
Laste või vanuriteta - WO/children or elderly		2.9	2.1	2.3	2.6	2.2			2.5	3,568
Elukoht - Residence										
Linn - Urban	4.0	3.5	3.4	3.4	3.2	3.0	3.1	3.5	3.5	7,284
Maa - Rural	4.5	3.7	3.6	3.8	3.1	2.3	2.2	2.7	3.5	5,249
Hõive - Employment										
Töötav - Employed		3.3	3.5	3.5	3.2	2.5	2.1	1.9	3.2	7,581
Mittetöötav - Not employed	4.2	4.0	3.9	4.1	3.5	2.8	3.0	3.2	3.9	4,952
Majandussektor - Sector of economy										
Primaar - Primary		3.2	3.6	3.7	3.1	2.2	1.9	1.9	3.1	2,220
Sekundaar - Secondary		3.4	3.5	3.5	3.2	2.9	2.5	1.5	3.3	2,546
Tertsiaar - Tertiary		3.3	3.4	3.5	3.2	2.7	2.4	2.1	3.3	2,815
Mittetöötav - Not employed	4.2	4.0	3.9	4.1	3.5	2.8	3.0	3.2	3.9	4,952
Sissetuleku kvintiliid - Income quintiles										
I	4.4	3.1	3.6	3.7	2.9	2.2	2.0	2.2	3.3	2,136
II	4.3	3.8	3.6	3.8	3.2	2.5	2.8	3.7	3.7	2,605
III	4.1	3.8	3.6	3.7	3.5	2.9	2.9	3.7	3.7	2,738
IV	4.1	3.6	3.5	3.5	3.3	2.8	3.0	3.8	3.5	2,608
V	4.1	3.6	3.3	3.1	3.0	2.5	2.7	3.5	3.3	2,446
Kokku Total	4.2	3.6	3.5	3.5	3.2	2.6	2.6	3.1	3.5	12,533
N	2,986	1,777	1,952	2,005	1,779	1,004	684	346	12,533	

Tabel 2.3: Leibkonnaliikmete ekvivalentarv - *Equivalent number of household members*

Leibkonna ekvivalentsuurus % Equivalent household size %	Vanusrühm - Age group								Σ	N
	0-14	15-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75+		
1	0.0	7.1	6.5	6.6	6.9	15.2	15.6	14.2	6.5	816
1.3-1.9	27.9	20.5	41.1	30.1	32.9	47.3	49.1	28.9	32.7	4,098
2-2.9	64.9	61.1	47.3	59.3	53.9	33.5	31.1	50.0	54.4	6,815
3+	7.3	11.4	5.1	4.0	6.3	4.0	4.1	6.9	6.4	804
Kokku Total	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	12,533
Keskmine leibkonna ekvivalentsuurus Mean equivalent household size										
Sugu - Sex										
Mees - Male	2.2	2.3	2.0	2.0	2.1	1.9	1.7	1.8	2.1	5,735
Naine -Female	2.2	2.1	2.0	2.1	1.9	1.7	1.8	2.0	2.0	6,798
Põlisus - Nativity										
Põline - Native origin	2.2	2.2	2.0	2.0	2.0	1.7	1.7	1.9	2.0	9,742
Välispäritolu - Foreign origin	2.2	2.2	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.0	2.3	2.2	2,791
Haridustase - Educational level										
Kõrgem - Higher		2.1	1.9	2.0	2.1	2.1	1.8	1.7	2.0	906
Kesk - Secondary		2.1	2.0	2.0	2.0	1.8	1.8	1.6	2.0	2,657
Põhiharidus - Basic	2.3	2.3	2.0	2.1	2.0	1.7	1.7	1.8	2.1	2,804
Algharidus - Primary	2.2	2.2	2.0	2.1	2.0	1.7	1.7	2.0	2.1	6,166
Kooseluseis - Partnership status										
Kooselus - In partnership		2.1	2.1	2.2	2.1	1.9	1.7	1.7	2.1	6,165
Mittekooselus - No partnership	2.2	2.2	1.7	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.8	2.0	2.0	6,368
Leibkonnatüüp - Household type										
Lastega - W/children	2.2	2.4	2.1	2.1	2.3	2.5			2.2	6,556
Vanuritega - W/elderly		2.5	2.0	2.1	2.1	1.8	1.6	1.8	1.8	1,472
Laste ja vanuritega - W/children and elderly	2.6	2.9	2.7	2.6	2.7	2.6	2.5	2.6	2.7	937
Laste või vanuriteta - WO/children or elderly		2.0	1.5	1.7	1.8	1.6			1.7	3,568
Elukoht - Residence										
Linn - Urban	2.2	2.2	2.0	2.0	2.0	1.9	2.0	2.1	2.1	7,284
Maa - Rural	2.3	2.2	2.0	2.1	2.0	1.6	1.6	1.8	2.0	5,249
Hõive - Employment										
Töötav - Employed		2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	1.7	1.5	1.4	2.0	7,581
Mittetöötav - Not employed	2.2	2.4	2.2	2.3	2.2	1.8	1.9	2.0	2.2	4,952
Majandussektor - Sector of economy										
Primaar - Primary		2.0	2.0	2.1	1.9	1.6	1.4	1.4	1.9	2,220
Sekundaar - Secondary		2.1	2.0	2.0	2.0	1.9	1.8	1.2	2.0	2,546
Tertsiaar - Tertiary		2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	1.8	1.7	1.5	2.0	2,815
Mittetöötav - Not employed	2.2	2.4	2.2	2.3	2.2	1.8	1.9	2.0	2.2	4,952
Sissetuleku kvintilid - Income quintiles										
I	2.2	1.9	2.0	2.1	1.8	1.6	1.5	1.6	1.9	2,136
II	2.2	2.3	2.0	2.1	2.0	1.7	1.8	2.2	2.1	2,605
III	2.2	2.3	2.0	2.1	2.1	1.9	1.9	2.2	2.1	2,738
IV	2.2	2.2	2.0	2.0	2.1	1.9	1.9	2.3	2.1	2,608
V	2.2	2.3	2.0	1.9	2.0	1.7	1.8	2.2	2.0	2,446
Kokku Total	2.2	2.2	2.0	2.0	2.0	1.8	1.7	2.0	2.1	12,533
N	2,986	1,777	1,952	2,005	1,779	1,004	684	346	12,533	

Tabel 2.4: Leibkonnaliikmed - *Household members*

Leibkonnaliikmed %	Vanusrühm - Age group								Σ	N
Household members %	0-14	15-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75+		
Üksik - Single	0.0	7.1	6.5	6.6	6.9	15.2	15.6	14.2	6.5	816
Perepea või abikaasa - Household head or spouse	0.0	17.7	80.0	90.0	89.8	76.5	60.2	23.4	52.2	6,538
Laps - Child	94.1	69.2	9.6	2.5	1.3	0.3	0.3	0.6	34.4	4,308
Vanem - Elderly	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.6	4.6	12.6	34.1	2.1	261
Muu sugulane - Other relative	5.2	4.6	3.2	0.8	1.2	3.3	9.2	21.7	4.1	508
Mittesugulane - Non-relaive	0.8	1.5	0.7	0.0	0.2	0.1	2.0	6.1	0.8	102
Kokku Total	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	12,533
N	2,986	1,777	1,952	2,005	1,779	1,004	684	346	12,533	
Üksikute osakaal %										
Proportion of single-person households %										
Sugu - Sex										
Mees - Male	0.0	3.7	8.0	7.5	3.8	4.9	5.4	17.1	4.4	5,735
Naine -Female	0.0	9.8	5.1	5.7	9.2	22.9	21.8	13.3	8.3	6,798
Põlisus - Nativity										
Põline - Native origin	0.0	6.6	7.3	7.1	7.4	17.3	16.5	15.8	7.2	9,742
Välispäritolu - Foreign origin	0.0	8.4	3.7	4.8	5.2	3.9	9.1	5.6	4.3	2,791
Haridustase - Educational level										
Kõrgem - Higher		7.1	6.9	8.6	3.5	2.4	11.5	33.3	7.0	906
Kesk - Secondary		11.8	6.4	7.3	5.2	10.1	11.7	28.6	8.2	2,657
Põhiharidus - Basic	0.0	4.4	6.0	5.9	8.5	16.2	16.7	38.5	6.6	2,804
Algharidus - Primary	0.0	3.3	8.1	5.3	7.5	16.8	16.2	12.0	5.7	6,166
Algharidus - Primary	2.2	2.2	1.9	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.1	2.3	2.1	5,138
Kooseluseis - Partnership status										
Kooselus - In partnership		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	6165
Mittekooselus - No partnership	0.0	9.1	32.0	36.8	36.1	50.7	34.4	17.1	12.8	6368
Leibkonnatüüp - Household type										
Lastega - W/children	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0			0.0	6,556
Vanuritega - W/elderly		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	19.3	18.6	10.6	1,472
Laste ja vanuritega - W/children and elderly	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	937
Laste või vanuriteta - WO/children or elderly		13.6	31.4	24.7	12.2	21.9			18.5	3,568
Elukoht - Residence										
Linn - Urban	0.0	7.9	6.7	6.6	6.1	10.3	9.8	11.6	5.7	7,284
Maa - Rural	0.0	5.7	6.2	6.6	8.1	19.6	19.6	16.8	7.6	5,249
Hõive - Employment										
Töötav - Employed		12.4	6.7	6.7	7.1	19.8	25.5	33.3	9.6	7,581
Mittetöötav - Not employed	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	1.3	5.8	8.2	11.7	1.8	4,952
Majandussektor - Sector of economy										
Primaar - Primary		9.9	6.5	7.2	9.5	25.6	30.9	27.6	12.6	2,220
Sekundaar - Secondary		10.9	5.8	5.9	6.2	13.9	13.2	50.0	7.3	2,546
Tertsiaar - Tertiary		15.0	7.6	7.2	6.1	15.6	18.7	50.0	9.3	2,815
Mittetöötav - Not employed	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	1.3	5.8	8.2	11.7	1.8	4,952
Sissetuleku kvintiliid - Income quintiles										
I	0.0	16.8	10.9	8.5	17.0	27.3	29.6	29.9	13.7	2,136
II	0.0	9.3	5.6	6.8	8.3	17.6	14.0	2.4	6.4	2,605
III	0.0	4.1	4.9	4.9	5.6	9.3	7.0	3.8	4.0	2,738
IV	0.0	5.1	7.1	6.8	5.2	10.2	7.1	2.4	5.0	2,608
V	0.0	2.0	5.8	6.9	3.1	13.2	8.9	4.0	4.7	2,446
Kokku Total	0.0	7.1	6.5	6.6	6.9	15.2	15.6	14.2	6.5	12,533
N	2,986	1,777	1,952	2,005	1,779	1,004	684	346	12,533	

Tabel 2.5: Leibkonna vanuskoostis - *Household age composition*

Leibkonnaliikmete arv % Number of household members %	Vanusrühm - Age group								Σ	N
	0-14	15-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75+		
Laste arv - Children in household										
0	0.0	59.6	23.7	31.3	68.3	85.6	81.0	76.0	40.2	5,040
1	37.5	30.8	36.5	36.4	24.5	10.3	12.6	15.3	30.2	3,789
2+	62.5	9.6	39.8	32.3	7.2	4.2	6.4	8.7	29.6	3,704
Tööealiste arv - Working-age in household										
0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	42.3	29.2	3.1	392
1	8.7	8.2	11.5	12.1	11.3	26.0	29.8	18.8	12.8	1,602
2+	91.3	91.8	88.5	87.9	88.7	74.0	27.9	52.0	84.1	10,539
Vanemaealiste arv - Old-age in household										
0	90.4	88.9	92.2	87.0	83.0	82.2	0.0	0.0	80.8	10,124
1	9.0	10.3	6.9	12.0	16.2	17.1	63.6	77.5	15.9	1,993
2+	0.6	0.8	0.9	1.0	0.7	0.7	36.4	22.5	3.3	416
Kokku Total	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	12,533
Tööealiste osakaal leibkonnas % Working-age in household %										
Sugu - Sex										
Mees - Male	53.43	85.71	68.36	68.27	83.84	90.93	32.25	24.13	68.24	5,735
Naine -Female	53.49	84.59	63.53	70.05	85.85	86.41	27.14	45.00	67.71	6,798
Põlisus - Nativity										
Põline - Native origin	52.22	84.98	65.22	68.73	85.18	88.57	27.81	37.35	66.87	9,742
Välispäritolu - Foreign origin	57.75	85.38	67.89	70.82	84.38	87.03	38.89	54.70	71.73	2,791
Haridustase - Educational level										
Kõrgem - Higher		88.80	69.88	66.58	83.69	89.72	31.19	13.33	72.31	906
Kesk - Secondary		87.09	66.20	68.77	86.29	90.36	32.46	31.35	75.00	2,657
Põhiharidus - Basic	58.47	83.89	64.45	71.07	84.43	88.33	33.10	32.31	75.70	2,804
Algharidus - Primary	53.37	81.75	62.47	69.10	84.82	87.87	28.34	41.23	60.76	6,166
Kooseluseis - Partnership status										
Kooselus - In partnership		77.18	61.88	67.88	85.07	87.32	26.43	17.09	70.19	6,165
Mittekooselus - No partnership	53.46	87.31	81.18	75.33	84.56	90.70	32.21	44.78	65.79	6,368
Leibkonnatüüp - Household type										
Lastega - W/children	54.50	69.67	57.62	59.20	68.23	69.93			58.83	6,556
Vanuritega - W/elderly		70.76	59.28	62.01	65.05	56.54	25.85	37.32	44.50	1,472
Laste ja vanuritega - W/children and elderly	43.64	56.77	44.10	47.46	52.89	50.28	42.72	48.72	46.64	937
Laste või vanuriteta - WO/children or elderly		99.95	1000	1000	1000	1000			99.99	3,568
Elukoht - Residence										
Linn - Urban	56.31	87.08	68.17	71.30	85.50	89.42	39.61	49.13	71.53	7,284
Maa - Rural	50.05	81.59	62.09	65.43	84.07	87.39	21.92	30.99	62.98	5,249
Hõive - Employment										
Töötav - Employed		85.61	65.76	69.23	85.02	89.76	21.37	10.21	73.76	7,581
Mittetöötav - Not employed	53.46	84.41	67.28	68.53	83.94	85.38	34.85	43.85	59.06	4,952
Majandussektor - Sector of economy										
Primaar - Primary		82.62	61.11	66.10	83.98	88.95	14.36	6.32	68.64	2,220
Sekundaar - Secondary		87.33	67.09	71.04	86.07	92.47	40.04	25.00	76.93	2,546
Tertsiaar - Tertiary		85.62	67.66	69.69	84.78	88.63	28.84	20.62	74.95	2,815
Mittetöötav - Not employed	53.46	84.41	67.28	68.53	83.94	85.38	34.85	43.85	59.06	4,952
Sissetuleku kvintilid - Income quintiles										
I	47.38	81.82	57.76	63.21	78.57	86.41	16.25	24.90	57.75	2,136
II	52.19	81.06	60.12	65.10	81.03	84.78	30.19	49.88	63.65	2,605
III	54.83	84.70	65.31	66.53	83.70	85.97	34.33	51.51	67.64	2,738
IV	57.11	87.09	68.45	72.83	85.35	90.01	36.38	54.85	72.12	2,608
V	56.10	90.47	73.80	76.56	91.12	92.92	40.36	46.19	77.35	2,446
Kokku Total	53.46	85.09	65.81	69.21	84.97	88.34	29.06	40.06	67.95	12,533
N	2,986	1,777	1,952	2,005	1,779	1,004	684	346	12,533	

Tabel 2.6: Põlvkondade arv leibkonnas - *No. of generations in household*

Põlvkondade arv leibkonnas %	Vanusrühm - Age group								Σ	N
Number of generations in household %	0-14	15-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75+		
1	0.0	56.1	22.1	28.7	62.7	80.1	72.8	50.6	36.7	4,596
2	89.9	34.8	70.4	65.0	29.1	11.6	15.4	32.7	54.5	6,833
3+	10.1	9.1	7.5	6.3	8.2	8.4	11.8	16.8	8.8	1,104
Kokku Total	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	12,533
Keskmine põlvkondade arv leibkonnas										
Mean number of generations in household										
Sugu - Sex										
Mees - Male	2.1	1.5	1.8	1.8	1.5	1.3	1.2	1.3	1.7	5,735
Naine -Female	2.1	1.5	1.9	1.8	1.4	1.3	1.5	1.8	1.7	6,798
Põlisus - Nativity										
Põline - Native origin	2.1	1.5	1.8	1.8	1.4	1.2	1.3	1.6	1.7	9,742
Välispäritolu - Foreign origin	2.2	1.6	2.0	1.8	1.6	1.7	1.8	2.0	1.8	2,791
Haridustase - Educational level										
Kõrgem - Higher		1.4	1.7	1.8	1.5	1.3	1.4	1.7	1.7	906
Kesk - Secondary		1.5	1.9	1.8	1.4	1.3	1.5	1.2	1.6	2,657
Põhiharidus - Basic	2.1	1.6	1.9	1.7	1.5	1.2	1.4	1.5	1.7	2,804
Algharidus - Primary	2.1	1.6	1.8	1.8	1.5	1.3	1.4	1.7	1.8	6,166
Kooseluseis - Partnership status										
Kooselus - In partnership		1.8	2.0	1.8	1.5	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.7	6,165
Mittekooselus - No partnership	2.1	1.5	1.4	1.5	1.4	1.4	1.6	1.8	1.8	6,368
Leibkonnatüüp - Household type										
Lastega - W/children	2.1	2.2	2.1	2.0	2.2	2.5			2.1	6,556
Vanuritega - W/elderly		1.5	1.2	1.5	1.5	1.2	1.1	1.4	1.3	1,472
Laste ja vanuritega - W/children and elderly	2.6	2.7	2.6	2.5	2.7	2.8	2.6	2.7	2.6	937
Laste või vanuriteta - WO/children or elderly		1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0			1.0	3,568
Elukoht - Residence										
Linn - Urban	2.1	1.5	1.9	1.8	1.5	1.4	1.7	1.9	1.8	7,284
Maa - Rural	2.1	1.6	1.8	1.8	1.4	1.2	1.2	1.5	1.7	5,249
Hõive - Employment										
Töötav - Employed		1.5	1.9	1.8	1.5	1.2	1.2	1.1	1.6	7,581
Mittetöötav - Not employed	2.1	1.6	1.8	1.8	1.5	1.4	1.5	1.8	1.9	4,952
Majandussektor - Sector of economy										
Primaar - Primary		1.5	1.8	1.8	1.4	1.1	1.1	1.0	1.5	2,220
Sekundaar - Secondary		1.5	1.9	1.8	1.5	1.3	1.2	1.0	1.6	2,546
Tertsiaar - Tertiary		1.5	1.9	1.8	1.5	1.3	1.5	1.4	1.7	2,815
Mittetöötav - Not employed	2.1	1.6	1.8	1.8	1.5	1.4	1.5	1.8	1.9	4,952
Sissetuleku kvintilid - Income quintiles										
I	2.1	1.6	1.9	1.9	1.5	1.2	1.2	1.4	1.7	2,136
II	2.1	1.6	2.0	1.9	1.5	1.4	1.5	2.0	1.8	2,605
III	2.1	1.6	1.9	1.8	1.5	1.4	1.6	1.8	1.8	2,738
IV	2.1	1.5	1.9	1.7	1.5	1.4	1.5	2.0	1.8	2,608
V	2.1	1.4	1.7	1.6	1.3	1.1	1.2	1.6	1.5	2,446
Kokku Total	2.1	1.5	1.9	1.8	1.5	1.3	1.4	1.7	1.7	12,533
N	2,986	1,777	1,952	2,005	1,779	1,004	684	346	12,533	

Tabel 2.7: Töötavate arv leibkonnas - *No. of employed in household*

Töötajate arv leibkonnas %		Vanusrühm - Age group								Σ	N
Number of employed in household %		0-14	15-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75+		
0		0.1	0.2	0.0	0.2	0.2	3.6	9.6	15.3	1.3	169
1		14.7	17.4	15.6	16.9	19.6	48.5	53.5	37.9	21.7	2,725
2		77.3	52.3	73.7	73.8	53.7	33.5	29.4	37.9	62.0	7,776
3+		7.9	30.1	10.8	9.2	26.5	14.4	7.5	9.0	14.9	1,863
Kokku Total		100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	12,533
Töötavate osakaal leibkonnas %											
Proportion of employed in household %											
Sugu - Sex											
Mees - Male		48.9	66.0	65.2	61.4	70.8	68.9	54.9	43.5	60.6	5,735
Naine -Female		48.6	68.0	60.8	59.4	73.5	66.0	55.5	44.9	60.4	6,798
Põlisus - Nativity											
Põline - Native origin		47.6	65.3	62.4	59.9	71.7	66.8	56.5	43.8	59.6	9,742
Välistäritolu - Foreign origin		52.8	71.7	64.7	61.8	74.1	69.6	45.6	48.8	63.6	2,791
Haridustase - Educational level											
Kõrgem - Higher			68.3	66.6	60.4	64.9	72.2	49.3	30.0	64.1	906
Kesk - Secondary			75.6	63.4	60.9	73.8	73.4	51.1	41.7	67.4	2,657
Põhiharidus - Basic		51.4	61.6	61.6	61.2	72.5	68.9	62.5	50.0	63.3	2,804
Algharidus - Primary		48.7	63.8	59.4	58.6	72.9	65.4	55.5	44.7	55.7	6,166
Kooseluseis - Partnership status											
Kooselus - In partnership			72.8	59.5	58.5	71.4	64.6	52.0	43.9	62.8	6,165
Mittekooselus - No partnership		48.8	65.5	76.3	68.8	76.4	73.4	59.2	44.7	58.2	6,368
Leibkonnatüüp - Household type											
Lastega - W/children		49.5	54.0	55.1	51.5	57.4	52.6			52.1	6,556
Vanuritega - W/elderly			58.2	65.7	58.9	59.3	51.3	57.6	45.0	55.4	1,472
Laste ja vanuritega - W/children and elderly		42.2	44.5	45.0	43.9	47.2	43.5	45.3	43.2	44.0	937
Laste või vanuriteta - WO/children or elderly			79.2	93.4	85.9	84.4	74.2			82.3	3,568
Elukoht - Residence											
Linn - Urban		52.1	70.8	65.3	63.0	74.1	72.3	56.8	46.7	63.8	7,284
Maa - Rural		44.8	60.6	59.1	55.6	69.3	62.8	54.2	42.4	55.8	5,249
Hõive - Employment											
Töötav - Employed			80.4	63.6	61.0	73.6	79.0	76.6	75.7	69.4	7,581
Mittetöötav - Not employed		48.8	49.6	38.4	28.7	43.8	42.7	39.2	40.6	46.9	4,952
Majandussektor - Sector of economy											
Primaar - Primary			75.3	59.0	57.0	70.9	75.6	72.7	69.5	66.2	2,220
Sekundaar - Secondary			82.4	65.3	62.7	76.1	83.5	77.9	100	71.1	2,546
Tertsiaar - Tertiary			81.3	65.1	62.3	73.3	80.5	85.4	91.9	70.3	2,815
Mittetöötav - Not employed		48.8	49.6	38.4	28.7	43.8	42.7	39.2	40.6	46.9	4,952
Sissetuleku kvintilid - Income quintiles											
I		40.4	58.2	52.1	48.4	59.0	55.7	46.0	37.2	49.0	2,136
II		46.4	58.8	56.9	53.5	64.0	58.3	54.5	46.5	54.2	2,605
III		50.6	66.4	61.4	59.0	68.7	65.3	58.4	54.2	59.9	2,738
IV		54.2	72.7	66.8	65.5	75.3	72.5	59.0	51.0	65.8	2,608
V		53.0	78.3	72.5	71.1	84.2	79.7	68.9	49.4	72.3	2,446
Kokku Total		48.8	67.1	62.9	60.3	72.4	67.2	55.3	44.6	60.5	12,533
N		2,986	1,777	1,952	2,005	1,779	1,004	684	346	12,533	

Tabel 2.8: Tulusaajate arv leibkonnas - *No. of income recipients in household*

Tulusaajate arv leibkonnas % Number of income recipients in household %	Vanusrühm - Age group								Σ	N
	0-14	15-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75+		
0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2
1	8.3	11.2	12.8	10.0	10.8	20.5	19.7	16.2	11.9	1,488
2	65.8	37.8	65.3	61.1	46.2	49.1	48.5	35.5	55.1	6,908
3+	25.8	50.9	22.0	28.8	42.9	30.4	31.7	48.3	33.0	4,135
Kokku Total	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	12,533
Tulusaajate osakaal leibkonnas % Proportion of income recipients in household %										
Sugu - Sex										
Mees - Male	56.0	77.5	69.5	67.4	79.4	88.1	92.4	91.0	70.7	5,735
Naine -Female	56.5	77.6	66.7	70.8	84.4	91.7	89.3	85.4	73.6	6,798
Põlisus - Nativity										
Põline - Native origin	54.7	76.6	67.2	68.9	82.1	90.7	91.2	87.7	71.9	9,742
Välispäritolu - Foreign origin	61.5	80.2	71.1	70.3	82.7	87.4	84.9	81.9	73.7	2,791
Haridustase - Educational level										
Kõrgem - Higher		88.1	71.9	69.6	78.3	91.2	91.4	86.7	75.1	906
Kesk - Secondary		84.6	69.0	70.1	84.1	91.9	88.3	93.7	77.0	2,657
Põhiharidus - Basic	58.9	72.6	65.4	70.0	81.8	93.0	90.7	86.8	72.9	2,804
Algharidus - Primary	56.2	72.1	66.8	66.8	82.3	89.2	90.6	86.3	69.6	6,166
Kooseluseis - Partnership status										
Kooselus - In partnership		74.2	62.1	64.5	80.3	89.4	92.8	95.3	73.0	6,165
Mittekooselus - No partnership	56.2	78.5	91.2	90.9	90.5	92.0	87.6	85.0	71.6	6,368
Leibkonnatüüp - Household type										
Lastega - W/children	55.5	60.8	58.4	58.0	62.7	69.0			57.9	6,556
Vanuritega - W/elderly		86.8	93.5	92.7	90.3	93.1	95.7	93.4	93.1	1,472
Laste ja vanuritega - W/children and elderly	63.2	69.3	64.2	65.1	65.7	70.6	68.3	65.8	65.4	937
Laste või vanuriteta - WO/children or elderly		88.6	98.4	91.8	91.3	93.9			92.0	3,568
Elukoht - Residence										
Linn - Urban	60.3	80.5	71.1	71.8	83.9	90.2	86.0	84.4	74.4	7,284
Maa - Rural	51.4	72.4	63.2	64.5	79.4	90.2	93.4	89.1	69.4	5,249
Hõive - Employment										
Töötav - Employed		84.6	68.3	69.6	82.9	91.0	95.1	97.3	77.3	7,581
Mittetöötav - Not employed	56.2	68.4	59.0	50.9	66.6	88.5	86.9	85.4	64.6	4,952
Majandussektor - Sector of economy										
Primaar - Primary		81.7	63.4	66.2	80.9	90.5	96.0	97.7	76.5	2,220
Sekundaar - Secondary		85.8	70.1	70.3	84.5	91.0	89.8	100	77.6	2,546
Tertsiaar - Tertiary		85.0	70.0	71.2	82.9	91.8	95.6	95.0	77.7	2,815
Mittetöötav - Not employed	56.2	68.4	59.0	50.9	66.6	88.5	86.9	85.4	64.6	4,952
Sissetuleku kvintilid - Income quintiles										
I	48.9	70.0	57.8	60.9	74.7	87.9	93.1	90.8	67.6	2,136
II	56.6	73.0	63.0	66.4	77.3	86.3	88.4	80.8	68.7	2,605
III	57.9	77.3	67.2	67.1	79.5	89.8	87.1	85.3	70.6	2,738
IV	59.7	80.6	71.5	72.7	83.3	89.8	90.8	84.5	74.5	2,608
V	57.5	85.9	76.1	76.0	90.1	95.4	92.5	90.5	79.7	2,446
Kokku Total	56.2	77.6	68.0	69.2	82.2	90.2	90.5	86.8	72.3	12,533
N	2,986	1,777	1,952	2,005	1,779	1,004	684	346	12,533	

Tabel 2.9: Haridustase - *Educational attainment*

Haridustase %	Vanusrühm - Age group								Σ	N
Educational attainment %	0-14	15-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75+		
Kõrgem - Higher	0.0	1.6	13.6	14.0	6.9	3.3	2.6	0.6	6.0	749
Lõpetamata kõrgem - Incomplete higher	0.0	3.2	2.0	1.2	1.1	0.8	1.2	0.3	1.3	157
Keskeri - Specialised secondary	0.0	9.2	17.6	19.0	11.4	4.5	2.3	1.4	9.2	1,157
Kesk - Secondary	0.0	26.6	23.5	11.0	11.4	8.4	6.4	4.6	12.0	1,500
Põhiharidus - Basic	1.6	50.9	32.5	30.2	23.2	14.7	5.3	3.8	22.4	2,804
Algharidus - Primary	30.9	8.3	10.7	23.7	44.8	64.3	70.0	66.8	31.2	3,906
Alghariduseta - No primary	67.4	0.2	0.1	0.9	1.2	4.0	12.1	22.5	18.0	2,260
Kokku Total	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	12,533
N	2,986	1,777	1,952	2,005	1,779	1,004	684	346	12,533	
Vähemalt keskharidust omavate isikute osakaal %										
Proportion having at least secondary education %										
Sugu - Sex										
Mees - Male	0.0	31.0	47.1	39.4	30.5	20.1	14.4	13.4	24.8	5,735
Naine -Female	0.0	48.2	65.3	50.3	31.1	14.6	11.5	4.9	31.5	6,798
Põlisus - Nativity										
Põline - Native origin	0.0	38.3	56.0	47.0	31.1	14.8	11.0	7.9	27.7	9,742
Välispäritolu - Foreign origin	0.0	46.5	59.3	39.2	30.2	28.8	24.7	1.9	31.0	2,791
Haridustase - Educational level										
Kõrgem - Higher		100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	906
Kesk - Secondary		100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	2,657
Põhiharidus - Basic	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2,804
Algharidus - Primary	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	6,166
Kooseluseis - Partnership status										
Kooselus - In partnership		55.8	57.1	44.5	32.2	19.4	12.6	11.9	40.4	6,165
Mittekooselus - No partnership	0.0	36.3	55.2	48.5	25.1	11.3	12.5	5.9	16.8	6,368
Leibkonnatüüp - Household type										
Lastega - W/children	0.0	33.5	56.1	45.1	27.4	14.2			25.8	6,556
Vanuritega - W/elderly		47.7	50.0	38.7	32.4	13.0	12.3	7.6	20.7	1,472
Laste ja vanuritega - W/children and elderly	0.0	28.4	58.9	56.0	37.1	38.9	13.8	4.8	24.7	937
Laste või vanuriteta - WO/children or elderly		45.4	59.3	43.1	31.6	17.8			37.4	3,568
Elukoht - Residence										
Linn - Urban	0.0	46.8	64.3	52.7	40.7	29.9	25.0	9.8	36.6	7,284
Maa - Rural	0.0	29.6	44.8	31.5	13.8	5.6	4.2	4.0	17.1	5,249
Hõive - Employment										
Töötav - Employed		54.7	56.7	45.8	31.2	18.3	10.9	12.8	42.5	7,581
Mittetöötav - Not employed	0.0	22.1	56.4	16.3	22.7	14.1	13.8	6.2	6.9	4,952
Majandussektor - Sector of economy										
Primaar - Primary		37.1	39.6	27.3	12.2	4.5	2.2	6.9	22.2	2,220
Sekundaar - Secondary		52.6	56.8	42.6	32.5	30.1	23.7	50.0	44.1	2,546
Tertsiaar - Tertiary		65.3	67.9	61.6	44.7	30.2	25.3	25.0	56.9	2,815
Mittetöötav - Not employed	0.0	22.1	56.4	16.3	22.7	14.1	13.8	6.2	6.9	4,952
Sissetuleku kvintilid - Income quintiles										
I	0.0	34.6	52.2	40.4	23.7	5.7	9.4	6.9	20.4	2,136
II	0.0	34.3	57.7	46.1	29.6	13.6	12.8	6.0	26.2	2,605
III	0.0	40.7	59.8	47.9	34.9	17.6	10.9	5.7	30.2	2,738
IV	0.0	46.9	57.3	46.5	33.7	19.8	12.2	7.3	32.1	2,608
V	0.0	45.4	54.4	42.8	30.0	24.8	22.2	12.0	31.9	2,446
Kokku Total	0.0	40.6	56.7	45.2	30.9	16.9	12.6	6.9	28.4	12,533
N	2,986	1,777	1,952	2,005	1,779	1,004	684	346	12,533	

Tabel 2.10: Põhitegevus - *Main activity*

Tegevusala % Activity status %	Vanusrühm - Age group								Σ	N
	0-14	15-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75+		
Töötav - Working	0.0	56.7	97.2	97.9	95.8	67.5	43.0	11.3	60.5	7,581
Õpilane - Studying	40.3	41.2	0.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	15.5	1,947
Pensionär - Pensioner	0.0	0.3	0.6	0.7	1.9	28.5	51.8	75.7	7.7	968
Koolieelik - Preschooler	59.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	14.2	1,782
Kodune - At home	0.1	1.7	1.7	1.4	2.3	4.0	5.1	13.0	2.0	255
Kokku Total	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	12,533
N	2,986	1,777	1,952	2,005	1,779	1,004	684	346	12,533	
Töötavate isikute osakaal %										
Proportion of employed %										
Sugu - Sex										
Mees - Male	0.0	53.5	98.3	98.8	97.8	79.9	57.6	30.5	61.6	5,735
Naine -Female	0.0	59.2	96.2	97.0	94.2	58.3	34.2	5.3	59.6	6,798
Põlisus - Nativity										
Põline - Native origin	0.0	52.5	97.0	97.6	95.9	67.6	46.3	13.0	59.7	9,742
Välispäritolu - Foreign origin	0.0	67.6	97.9	98.7	95.4	67.3	16.9	1.9	63.1	2,791
Haridustase - Educational level										
Kõrgem - Higher		54.8	96.1	100	98.6	80.5	38.5	0.0	91.3	906
Kesk - Secondary		79.3	97.6	98.8	96.3	70.5	36.7	23.8	90.0	2,657
Põhiharidus - Basic	0.0	41.4	97.3	97.2	94.7	75.7	55.6	30.8	75.2	2,804
Algharidus - Primary	0.0	53.6	96.7	96.1	95.6	64.4	43.1	9.7	36.6	6,166
Kooseluseis - Partnership status										
Kooselus - In partnership		94.9	97.7	97.7	95.8	67.1	46.9	35.6	89.9	6,165
Mittekooselus - No partnership	0.0	46.0	95.2	98.6	95.6	68.5	38.3	6.3	32.0	6,368
Leibkonnatüüp - Household type										
Lastega - W/children	0.0	53.3	97.7	97.7	95.4	57.5			52.1	6,556
Vanuritega - W/elderly		53.1	89.7	96.8	94.4	60.2	48.4	14.4	55.4	1,472
Laste ja vanuritega - W/children and elderly	0.0	41.8	96.8	98.8	97.8	66.7	20.0	1.2	44.0	937
Laste või vanuriteta - WO/children or elderly		60.6	96.5	98.1	96.1	71.1			82.3	3,568
Elukoht - Residence										
Linn - Urban	0.0	59.6	97.6	98.8	97.1	70.9	36.6	5.2	63.9	7,284
Maa - Rural	0.0	51.5	96.6	96.1	93.6	64.6	47.3	17.3	55.8	5,249
Majandussektor - Sector of economy										
Primaar - Primary		100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	2,220
Sekundaar - Secondary		100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	2,546
Tertsiaar - Tertiary		100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	2,815
Mittetöötav - Not employed	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	4,952
Sissetuleku kvintiiid - Income quintiles										
I	0.0	46.3	92.3	92.7	91.7	56.8	40.4	18.1	49.0	2,136
II	0.0	45.2	97.4	98.6	93.5	56.8	42.1	6.0	54.2	2,605
III	0.0	56.2	96.4	99.4	94.9	64.8	42.6	9.4	59.9	2,738
IV	0.0	64.3	98.9	98.4	97.5	76.1	35.7	4.9	65.8	2,608
V	0.0	69.9	98.7	98.0	98.4	78.8	58.9	4.0	72.3	2,446
Kokku Total	0.0	56.7	97.2	97.9	95.8	67.5	43.0	11.3	60.5	12,533
N	2,986	1,777	1,952	2,005	1,779	1,004	684	346	12,533	

Tabel 2.11: Majandusharu - *Branch of economy*

Majandusharu (ISIC) % Branch of economy (ISIC) %	Vanusrühm - Age group								Σ	N
	0-14	15-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75+		
Põllumajandus - Agriculture		19.4	24.1	24.2	25.9	45.9	61.6	74.4	27.6	2,091
Kalandus - Fishing		0.4	0.2	0.6	0.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.4	30
Kaevandus - Mining		1.4	1.6	1.5	1.4	0.3	0.0	0.0	1.3	99
Tööstus - Industry		26.2	21.2	25.2	26.9	18.4	11.2	5.1	23.5	1,781
Elektri-veevarustus - Electricity and water supply		1.1	0.9	1.1	0.9	0.6	0.0	0.0	0.9	69
Ehitus - Construction		9.1	12.5	9.3	8.0	6.5	1.7	0.0	9.2	696
Kaubandus - Trade		8.5	6.5	5.1	6.9	4.3	3.1	5.1	6.1	466
Hotellid-restaurantid - Hotels-restaurants		1.9	0.9	1.0	1.0	1.2	1.7	0.0	1.1	85
Transport - Transportation		11.3	10.1	8.6	8.1	4.4	3.1	0.0	8.6	651
Rahandus - Finance		0.4	0.2	0.1	0.4	0.1	0.7	0.0	0.3	19
Kinnisvara ja äri - Real estate and business		3.4	3.6	3.8	2.5	1.3	1.7	2.6	3.1	234
Avalik teenistus - Public service		2.5	2.5	2.9	2.3	0.9	0.3	0.0	2.3	177
Haridus - Education		5.8	6.2	6.0	6.5	4.7	3.4	2.6	5.9	447
Tervishoid - Health care		3.4	3.3	5.7	3.6	4.9	4.4	10.3	4.2	318
Muud teenused - Other services		3.9	3.6	2.7	2.8	2.9	3.4	0.0	3.1	238
Eramajapidamised - Private household		1.4	2.4	2.4	2.2	3.5	3.7	0.0	2.4	180
Kokku Total	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	7,581
N	2986	1,007	1,897	1,962	1,704	678	294	39	7,581	
Sekundaarsektoris hõivatud isikute osakaal kogu hõivatutest % Proportion of working people employed in secondary sector of economy %										
Sugu - Sex										
Mees - Male		42.8	37.8	39.9	39.3	33.3	15.5	0.0	37.6	3,531
Naine -Female		31.8	31.8	31.7	33.0	17.6	10.3	14.3	30.0	4,050
Põlisus - Nativity										
Põline - Native origin		29.7	30.0	29.8	30.4	21.6	12.1	5.3	28.1	5,818
Välispäritolu - Foreign origin		50.2	51.3	54.5	51.5	47.6	30.8	0.0	51.6	1,763
Haridustase - Educational level										
Kõrgem - Higher		28.3	29.7	28.3	19.9	33.3	50.0		27.8	827
Kesk - Secondary		35.6	36.7	35.5	43.5	45.1	18.2	20.0	37.4	2,392
Põhiharidus - Basic		38.4	35.0	37.5	39.7	30.4	30.0	0.0	36.8	2,108
Algharidus - Primary		37.0	33.5	38.0	32.9	19.7	9.5	3.3	28.7	2,254
Kooseluseis - Partnership status										
Kooselus - In partnership		36.3	35.4	36.4	36.9	28.5	14.3	0.0	34.7	5,544
Mittekooselus - No partnership		36.5	31.7	31.9	31.3	18.8	10.9	11.1	30.5	2,037
Leibkonnatüüp - Household type										
Lastega - W/children		34.3	33.5	35.0	34.4	34.2			34.2	3,417
Vanuritega - W/elderly		26.1	44.2	23.3	34.8	13.4	13.4	5.3	22.5	815
Laste ja vanuritega - W/children and elderly		53.6	43.5	33.7	37.9	25.0	7.7	0.0	36.2	412
Laste või vanuriteta - WO/children or elderly		38.2	35.5	39.5	36.4	26.6			35.5	2,937
Elukoht - Residence										
Linn - Urban		46.4	46.5	49.1	50.3	47.0	32.7	22.2	47.8	4,651
Maa - Rural		16.3	16.0	10.3	9.8	4.9	2.6	0.0	11.1	2,930
Sissetuleku kvintilid - Income quintiles										
I		16.7	24.9	25.3	24.1	5.0	4.9	3.8	19.7	1,044
II		39.2	34.7	31.5	33.6	16.8	8.7	0.0	31.3	1,414
III		39.8	34.3	39.3	38.0	28.0	16.4	20.0	36.1	1,639
IV		40.4	39.7	41.4	40.1	32.0	11.4	0.0	39.0	1,716
V		38.8	34.8	35.3	37.6	34.5	28.3	0.0	36.0	1,768
Kokku Total		36.4	34.7	35.6	35.8	25.5	12.9	5.1	33.6	7,581
N	0	1,007	1,897	1,962	1,704	678	294	39	7,581	

Tabel 2.12: Isikutulu allikad - *Income sources*

Isikutulu allikad % Personal income sources %	Vanusrühm - Age group								Σ	N
	0-14	15-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75+		
Palgatulu - Wage income	0.0	53.9	94.1	96.6	94.6	66.8	40.4	10.4	59.0	7,396
Töövõimetustoeetus - Disability benefit	0.0	4.1	6.4	4.1	5.1	2.1	1.6	0.0	3.2	401
Pension - Pension	2.1	2.1	1.1	2.4	5.7	68.5	89.6	85.5	14.9	1,868
Stipendium - Stipend	0.0	11.7	0.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.7	219
Lastetoetus - Parental benefit	0.0	0.9	1.5	1.8	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.7	84
Alimendid - Alimony	6.9	3.3	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.3	2.1	269
Abimajapidamisest - Private plot	0.0	0.3	3.2	5.2	8.3	17.4	20.0	7.5	5.3	658
Muu rahaline tulu - Other money income	0.2	0.5	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.3	0.7	0.9	0.4	54
Üldse tulusaajaid - Total income receivers	9.2	71.4	96.9	98.6	97.5	96.3	94.6	87.0	72.3	9,060
N	2,986	1,777	1,952	2,005	1,779	1,004	684	346	12,533	
Tulusaajate osakaal % Proportion of income recipients %										
Sugu - Sex										
Mees - Male	8.4	70.3	99.6	99.6	99.2	99.1	99.2	96.3	70.9	5,735
Naine - Female	10.0	72.3	94.5	97.6	96.2	94.3	91.8	84.1	73.5	6,798
Põlisus - Nativity										
Põline - Native origin	8.7	68.6	96.8	98.5	97.2	96.4	95.2	88.4	72.0	9,741
Välispäritolu - Foreign origin	10.9	78.8	97.2	98.7	98.5	96.1	89.6	79.6	73.2	2,792
Haridustase - Educational level										
Kõrgem - Higher		92.9	96.4	99.0	98.6	100	92.3	100	97.4	906
Kesk - Secondary		91.2	96.9	99.5	98.3	94.6	93.3	95.2	96.1	2,657
Põhiharidus - Basic	6.1	57.6	96.7	98.7	96.4	99.3	94.4	84.6	82.9	2,804
Algharidus - Primary	9.2	58.9	98.1	97.0	97.6	95.8	94.8	86.4	53.5	6,166
Kooseluseis - Partnership status										
Kooselus - In partnership		91.8	96.4	98.4	97.3	95.4	95.4	96.6	96.7	6,165
Mittekooselus - No partnership	9.2	65.7	98.7	99.4	98.5	98.3	93.6	85.0	48.7	6,368
Leibkonnatüüp - Household type										
Lastega - W/children	9.3	65.1	96.3	98.5	97.5	96.9			57.9	6,556
Vanuritega - W/elderly		74.6	96.6	97.8	97.2	97.5	95.8	88.2	93.1	1,472
Laste ja vanuritega - W/children and elderly	8.4	64.2	93.7	98.8	100	94.4	89.2	83.1	65.4	937
Laste või vanuriteta - WO/children or elderly		75.9	99.5	98.7	97.4	96.0			92.0	3,568
Elukoht - Residence										
Linn - Urban	9.7	74.5	97.6	99.1	98.8	97.2	92.8	85.5	74.4	7,284
Maa - Rural	8.5	66.0	95.8	97.6	95.2	95.5	95.8	88.4	69.4	5,249
Hõive - Employment										
Töötav - Employed		97.0	98.4	99.6	99.8	100	99.7	100	99.1	7,581
Mittetöötav - Not employed	9.2	37.9	43.6	48.8	46.7	88.7	90.8	85.3	31.3	4,952
Majandussektor - Sector of economy										
Primaar - Primary		96.7	98.8	99.4	99.6	100	99.4	100	99.1	2,220
Sekundaar - Secondary		97.8	98.3	100	99.7	100	100	100	99.2	2,546
Tertsiaar - Tertiary		96.5	98.3	99.5	100	100	100	100	98.9	2,815
Mittetöötav - Not employed	9.2	37.9	43.6	48.8	46.7	88.7	90.8	85.3	31.3	4,952
Sissetuleku kvintiliid - Income quintiles										
I	14.2	59.7	88.9	93.8	94.9	93.8	94.6	88.2	67.7	2,127
II	10.5	64.3	97.2	99.3	96.0	96.5	94.5	79.5	68.6	2,614
III	8.2	70.7	97.8	99.6	97.5	96.2	93.8	86.8	70.6	2,738
IV	7.3	76.9	98.1	99.3	98.3	97.0	94.9	90.2	74.5	2,608
V	4.8	83.8	99.0	98.8	99.2	97.6	95.6	100	79.7	2,446
Kokku Total	9.2	71.4	96.9	98.6	97.5	96.3	94.6	87.0	72.3	12,533
N	2,986	1,777	1,952	2,005	1,779	1,004	684	346	12,533	

Tabel 2.13: Isikutulu allikate arv - *Number of income sources*

Isikutulu allikate arv %	Vanusrühm - Age group								Σ	N
Number of personal income sources %	0-14	15-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75+		
0	90.8	28.6	3.1	1.4	2.5	3.7	5.4	13.0	27.7	3,473
1	9.2	66.2	87.1	87.1	81.5	48.9	49.7	72.0	59.2	7,425
2+	0.0	5.2	9.8	11.5	16.1	47.4	44.9	15.0	13.0	1,635
Kokku Total	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	12,533
N	2,986	1,777	1,952	2,005	1,779	1,004	684	346	12,533	
Keskmine isikutulu allikate arv %										
Mean number of personal income sources %										
Sugu - Sex										
Mees - Male	0.1	0.7	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.5	1.8	1.5	0.9	5,735
Naine -Female	0.1	0.8	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.6	1.3	0.9	0.9	6,798
Põlisus - Nativity										
Põline - Native origin	0.1	0.7	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.6	1.6	1.1	0.9	9,741
Välispäritolu - Foreign origin	0.1	0.8	1.0	1.1	1.1	1.3	1.0	0.8	0.8	2,792
Haridustase - Educational level										
Kõrgem - Higher		1.0	1.0	1.1	1.1	1.4	1.2	1.0	1.1	906
Kesk - Secondary		1.0	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.3	1.3	1.2	1.1	2,657
Põhiharidus - Basic	0.1	0.6	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.6	1.5	1.2	1.0	2,804
Algharidus - Primary	0.1	0.6	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.6	1.6	1.0	0.7	6,166
Kooseluseis - Partnership status										
Kooselus - In partnership		1.0	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.5	1.6	1.5	1.2	6,165
Mittekooselus - No partnership	0.1	0.7	1.1	1.2	1.2	1.8	1.4	1.0	0.6	6,368
Leibkonnatüüp - Household type										
Lastega - W/children	0.1	0.7	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.3			0.7	6,556
Vanuritega - W/elderly		0.8	1.0	1.1	1.1	1.6	1.6	1.1	1.3	1,472
Laste ja vanuritega - W/children and elderly	0.1	0.7	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.1	0.9	0.8	937
Laste või vanuriteta - WO/children or elderly		0.8	1.0	1.1	1.1	1.6			1.1	3,568
Elukoht - Residence										
Linn - Urban	0.1	0.8	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.4	1.2	0.9	0.8	7,284
Maa - Rural	0.1	0.7	1.1	1.2	1.2	1.7	1.7	1.2	0.9	5,249
Hõive - Employment										
Töötav - Employed		1.0	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.8	2.2	2.0	1.2	7,581
Mittetöötav - Not employed	0.1	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.5	1.0	1.0	0.9	0.3	4,952
Majandussektor - Sector of economy										
Primaar - Primary		1.1	1.2	1.2	1.4	2.1	2.3	2.2	1.5	2,220
Sekundaar - Secondary		1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.5	1.8	2.0	1.1	2,546
Tertsiaar - Tertiary		1.0	1.0	1.1	1.1	1.6	1.9	1.5	1.1	2,815
Mittetöötav - Not employed	0.1	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.5	1.0	1.0	0.9	0.3	4,952
Sissetuleku kvintiilid - Income quintiles										
I	0.1	0.7	1.0	1.1	1.1	1.4	1.4	1.1	0.8	2,127
II	0.1	0.7	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.5	1.5	0.9	0.8	2,614
III	0.1	0.8	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.5	1.5	1.1	0.8	2,738
IV	0.1	0.8	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.6	1.6	1.1	0.9	2,608
V	0.0	0.9	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.7	1.8	1.1	1.0	2,446
Kokku Total	0.1	0.8	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.6	1.5	1.0	0.9	12,533
N	2,986	1,777	1,952	2,005	1,779	1,004	684	346	12,533	

Tabel 2.14: Isiku brutokogutulu suurus - *Size of total gross individual income*

Isiku brutokogutulu suurus, rubla % Total gross individual income, rouble %	Vanusrühm - Age group								Σ	N
	0-14	15-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75+		
0-49	89.4	23.7	2.1	1.6	2.2	13.0	35.5	75.4	13.7	1,239
50-99	10.2	28.5	19.1	15.1	19.1	23.1	26.3	15.6	20.1	1,821
100-149	0.4	26.2	28.9	27.1	26.9	22.1	18.5	6.0	24.7	2,234
150-199	0.0	12.7	23.7	26.6	23.7	17.4	9.7	0.7	19.6	1,778
200-249	0.0	5.4	12.9	14.2	13.4	10.1	3.7	1.3	10.5	951
250-349	0.0	2.7	9.5	10.3	9.8	10.2	4.9	0.7	7.9	720
350+	0.0	0.7	3.8	5.1	5.0	4.0	1.2	0.3	3.5	317
Kokku Total	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	9,060
Isiku brutokogutulu mediaan, rubla Median total gross income, rouble										
Sugu - Sex										
Mees - Male	25.0	125.0	189.0	191.0	192.0	165.0	112.0	55.0	170.0	4,066
Naine -Female	24.0	83.0	115.0	125.5	122.0	104.0	51.0	30.0	104.0	4,994
Kokku Total	25.0	95.0	149.0	159.0	150.0	128.0	67.0	36.0	130.0	9,060
Keskmine isiku brutokogutulu, rubla Mean total gross income, rouble										
Sugu - Sex										
Mees - Male	27.4	129.4	207.6	218.1	212.4	184.2	139.2	75.4	185.2	4,066
Naine -Female	28.5	87.4	126.8	138.7	138.6	120.4	75.0	37.1	114.4	4,994
Põlisus - Nativity										
Põline - Native origin	27.8	104.3	170.7	179.5	177.3	149.7	104.8	49.4	149.0	7,016
Välispäritolu - Foreign origin	28.4	109.1	149.2	166.6	154.0	141.1	62.9	33.6	136.3	2,044
Haridustase - Educational level										
Kõrgem - Higher		91.6	162.9	192.4	218.1	217.7	148.1	71.3	177.3	882
Kesk - Secondary		105.8	149.7	155.2	153.7	157.5	112.9	66.4	140.5	2,554
Põhiharidus - Basic	30.0	103.5	180.3	181.3	160.5	164.8	130.9	45.2	157.4	2,325
Algharidus - Primary	28.0	130.9	188.9	187.2	177.0	138.7	94.9	45.5	134.2	3,299
Kooseluseis - Partnership status										
Kooselus - In partnership		134.7	169.2	178.8	175.7	153.7	114.1	74.0	165.3	5,960
Mittekooselus - No partnership	28.0	94.5	153.7	166.1	152.2	136.4	83.4	40.9	109.3	3,100
Leibkonnatüüp - Household type										
Lastega - W/children	27.0	106.5	167.7	181.0	184.5	140.9			156.9	3,795
Vanuritega - W/elderly		102.9	153.4	163.2	152.0	126.2	107.7	50.2	112.0	1,371
Laste ja vanuritega - W/children and elderly	38.7	95.5	174.3	176.2	165.5	149.0	66.6	36.9	126.1	613
Laste või vanuriteta - WO/children or elderly		106.4	160.2	168.7	169.5	154.9			151.7	3,281
Elukoht - Residence										
Linn - Urban	30.8	103.3	152.2	168.4	157.8	147.2	94.2	40.2	139.8	5,417
Maa - Rural	24.2	110.7	188.1	191.3	195.2	149.5	104.3	53.9	155.6	3,643
Hõive - Employment										
Töötav - Employed		126.9	167.4	177.6	173.5	179.1	150.7	89.5	166.2	7,509
Mittetöötav - Not employed	28.0	35.2	54.8	69.3	60.7	76.3	58.6	40.9	49.2	1,551
Majandussektor - Sector of economy										
Primaar - Primary		142.1	199.9	207.1	212.7	188.6	148.4	88.4	191.6	2,201
Sekundaar - Secondary		139.0	176.5	183.3	174.2	193.5	191.0	106.5	173.8	2,525
Tertsiaar - Tertiary		108.7	137.8	152.0	142.7	150.6	135.9	89.2	139.1	2,783
Mittetöötav - Not employed	28.0	35.2	54.8	69.3	60.7	76.3	58.6	40.9	49.2	1,551
Sissetuleku kvintilid - Income quintiles										
I	25.2	70.3	105.7	109.0	96.5	68.7	54.8	41.4	79.3	1,441
II	28.1	83.9	132.0	138.0	132.6	104.8	87.5	43.8	112.9	1,793
III	28.0	97.2	154.9	159.4	151.2	127.9	98.6	56.3	134.9	1,934
IV	30.7	116.2	176.5	189.1	176.3	160.1	110.1	51.5	160.0	1,943
V	32.2	143.2	232.0	264.3	239.4	242.1	217.0	62.4	223.6	1,949
Kokku Total	28.0	105.8	166.0	176.5	171.2	148.4	100.3	47.2	146.2	9,060
N	274	1,269	1,891	1,976	1,735	967	647	301	9,060	

Tabel 2.15: Isiku netokogutulu suurus - *Size of total net individual income*

Isiku brutokogutulu suurus, rubla % Total gross individual income, rouble %	Vanusrühm - Age group								Σ	N
	0-14	15-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75+		
0-49	89.8	24.0	2.4	1.9	2.4	13.0	35.5	75.4	13.9	1,258
50-99	9.9	34.6	25.7	21.0	24.0	24.5	26.6	15.9	24.7	2,241
100-149	0.4	24.8	31.8	33.2	30.1	24.6	18.9	5.6	27.3	2,474
150-199	0.0	11.0	20.3	22.4	22.0	15.9	9.3	0.7	17.2	1,561
200-249	0.0	3.5	10.2	10.6	9.9	10.1	4.2	1.3	8.2	746
250-349	0.0	1.7	6.9	7.1	7.7	8.1	4.3	0.7	5.9	533
350+	0.0	0.5	2.9	3.8	3.9	3.7	1.2	0.3	2.7	248
Kokku Total	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	9,061
Isiku netokogutulu mediaan, rubla Median total net income, rouble										
Mees - Male	25.0	110.0	167.0	166.0	172.0	154.0	110.0	55.0	153.0	4,066
Naine -Female	24.0	78.0	105.0	115.0	111.0	102.0	51.0	30.0	96.0	4,995
Kokku Total	25.0	86.0	133.0	141.0	137.0	122.0	67.0	36.0	118.0	9,061
Keskmine isiku brutokogutulu, rubla Mean total gross income, rouble										
Sugu - Sex										
Mees - Male	27.2	117.2	187.0	194.3	194.1	175.2	136.5	75.3	168.8	4,066
Naine -Female	28.5	81.4	117.1	127.4	129.1	117.6	74.4	37.0	107.1	4,995
Põlisus - Nativity										
Põline - Native origin	27.7	96.0	156.2	162.6	164.4	144.7	103.3	49.3	138.2	7,017
Välispäritolu - Foreign origin	28.4	99.5	132.6	148.0	139.2	132.6	62.2	33.6	123.1	2,044
Haridustase - Educational level										
Kõrgem - Higher		84.0	145.3	167.8	194.8	200.8	141.3	71.3	157.7	883
Kesk - Secondary		97.1	136.3	140.1	140.0	148.0	109.7	66.2	128.3	2,554
Põhiharidus - Basic	30.0	95.4	165.2	164.5	147.1	157.2	126.9	44.2	144.5	2,325
Algharidus - Primary	27.9	118.2	172.4	171.0	165.5	135.0	94.1	45.5	126.8	3,299
Kooseluseis - Partnership status										
Kooselus - In partnership		122.3	154.4	161.6	161.5	147.0	112.3	73.8	152.0	5,960
Mittekooselus - No partnership	27.9	87.2	138.1	148.3	142.4	133.3	82.5	40.8	101.7	3,101
Leibkonnatüüp - Household type										
Lastega - W/children	26.9	98.5	154.0	165.3	169.9	134.0			144.3	3,795
Vanuritega - W/elderly		94.1	138.5	145.0	140.6	123.3	106.1	50.1	106.9	1,371
Laste ja vanuritega - W/children and elderly	38.7	89.0	159.2	158.1	151.0	139.4	65.9	36.8	116.1	613
Laste või vanuriteta - WO/children or elderly		97.1	140.9	148.3	156.4	149.1			139.0	3,282
Elukoht - Residence										
Linn - Urban	30.6	93.9	135.6	148.7	141.9	138.0	91.2	40.0	125.9	5,418
Maa - Rural	24.2	103.2	175.6	178.5	186.5	147.1	104.0	53.9	147.9	3,643
Hõive - Employment										
Töötav - Employed		115.6	152.2	160.2	159.8	171.2	147.6	88.7	152.5	7,510
Mittetöötav - Not employed	27.9	35.1	54.8	69.3	60.2	76.2	58.6	40.9	49.2	1,551
Majandussektor - Sector of economy										
Primaar - Primary		134.6	190.7	196.2	205.4	186.5	148.0	88.4	184.4	2,201
Sekundaar - Secondary		123.9	155.5	160.0	155.6	176.9	179.8	104.5	154.1	2,525
Tertsiaar - Tertiary		98.8	123.9	135.5	129.1	141.2	130.3	86.0	125.7	2,784
Mittetöötav - Not employed	27.9	35.1	54.8	69.3	60.2	76.2	58.6	40.9	49.2	1,551
Sissetuleku kvintiilid - Income quintiles										
I	25.2	65.5	95.7	98.7	89.7	63.2	52.2	39.7	74.2	1,440
II	26.8	78.3	119.9	123.0	120.9	97.7	84.9	43.9	104.1	1,785
III	28.3	90.7	140.3	146.2	134.4	121.0	87.3	55.8	123.1	1,939
IV	31.5	104.0	161.9	171.8	160.6	148.9	111.5	52.4	145.7	1,949
V	32.2	131.3	218.1	244.2	226.1	222.7	202.6	67.0	208.4	1,948
Kokku Total	27.9	97.1	151.0	159.2	157.8	142.8	98.9	47.1	134.8	9,061
N	274	1,269	1,891	1,977	1,735	967	647	301	9,061	

Tabel 2.16: Isiku brutopalga suurus - *Size of individual gross wage income*

Isiku brutopalga suurus, rubla % Individual gross wage income, rouble %	Vanusrühm - Age group							Σ	N
	15-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75+		
0-99	39.2	22.3	18.1	23.5	47.1	71.7	97.2	28.1	2,080
100-149	33.0	29.0	27.9	28.7	20.6	19.2	2.8	27.9	2,063
150-199	16.6	24.3	26.9	25.1	18.2	7.2	0.0	22.9	1,691
200-249	6.9	12.6	13.3	12.2	7.2	1.4	0.0	11.0	814
250-299	3.7	9.0	9.8	7.6	5.2	0.4	0.0	7.5	553
350+	0.6	2.8	4.0	2.9	1.8	0.0	0.0	2.6	195
Kokku Total	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	7,396
Isiku brutopalga mediaan, rubla Median gross wage income, rouble									
Mees - Male	143.0	186.0	184.0	180.0	145.0	78.0	22.0	171.0	3,492
Naine -Female	92.0	112.0	123.0	120.0	80.0	60.0	60.0	110.0	3,904
Kokku Total	113.0	146.0	155.0	144.0	105.0	60.0	30.5	137.0	7,396
Keskmine isiku brutopalk, rubla Mean gross wage income, rouble									
Sugu - Sex									
Mees - Male	156.2	201.3	207.4	191.3	153.4	83.0	31.8	184.9	3,492
Naine -Female	100.7	121.2	133.6	127.9	88.0	59.3	48.8	118.0	3,904
Põlisus - Nativity									
Põline - Native origin	125.8	164.2	170.4	158.8	119.2	71.1	38.5	150.6	5,682
Välispäritolu - Foreign origin	123.6	147.0	164.6	147.6	130.1	83.6	16.0	146.2	1,714
Haridustase - Educational level									
Kõrgem - Higher	123.5	161.1	186.2	213.8	204.3	145.0		179.1	801
Kesk - Secondary	114.5	144.5	147.5	142.2	140.8	107.7	57.6	138.0	2,334
Põhiharidus - Basic	135.3	172.2	174.3	150.8	123.0	107.6	38.2	158.9	2,058
Algharidus - Primary	145.7	183.1	178.7	154.9	109.9	61.5	34.2	142.3	2,203
Kooseluseis - Partnership status									
Kooselus - In partnership	133.4	162.5	171.1	161.2	135.0	74.2	32.9	157.3	5,396
Mittekooselus - No partnership	120.7	151.9	159.5	133.5	88.9	67.1	43.5	128.6	2,000
Leibkonnatüüp - Household type									
Lastega - W/children	127.1	160.6	171.8	168.9	138.0			162.1	3,303
Vanuritega - W/elderly	127.3	158.4	158.6	140.6	106.0	70.1	37.2	111.5	787
Laste ja vanuritega - W/children and elderly	122.0	160.7	169.9	155.8	146.5	84.2	63.0	155.2	402
Laste või vanuriteta - WO/children or elderly	123.9	159.7	164.4	152.9	120.6			144.9	2,904
Elukoht - Residence									
Linn - Urban	121.2	150.7	165.7	153.9	134.7	100.3	69.1	149.0	4,561
Maa - Rural	133.2	175.9	175.2	159.4	107.3	55.5	27.5	150.4	2,835
Hõive - Employment									
Töötav - Employed	125.0	160.4	169.0	155.9	121.3	71.2	37.9	149.6	7,386
Mittetöötav - Not employed	184.0				82.0	96.5		95.1	10
Majandussektor - Sector of economy									
Primaar - Primary	138.5	180.1	183.1	165.0	104.9	53.0	26.2	151.5	2,137
Sekundaar - Secondary	137.7	173.2	180.5	168.2	156.3	113.0	67.5	166.8	2,497
Tertsiaar - Tertiary	107.4	136.0	148.6	137.0	115.6	90.7	68.8	132.6	2,752
Mittetöötav - Not employed	184.0				82.0	96.5		95.1	10
Sissetuleku kvintiliid - Income quintiles									
I	85.7	103.2	105.6	93.4	52.2	30.0	29.6	87.4	971
II	105.2	130.0	134.4	127.2	78.7	56.6	49.0	119.9	1,379
III	115.4	152.9	154.8	142.7	105.5	82.0	63.8	140.4	1,608
IV	131.9	171.2	183.8	166.9	125.0	80.3	45.0	161.9	1,690
V	160.2	215.0	243.1	201.4	183.1	127.3		203.9	1,748
Kokku Total	125.1	160.4	169.0	155.9	120.9	71.4	37.9	149.6	7,396
N	957	1,836	1,937	1,683	671	276	36	7,396	

Tabel 2.17: Isiku netopalga suurus - *Size of individual net wage income*

Isiku netopalga suurus, rubla % Individual net wage income, rouble %	Vanusrühm - Age group							Σ	N
	15-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75+		
0-99	47.5	29.5	24.7	29.2	51.4	74.6	100	34.5	2,553
100-149	31.2	31.9	33.9	32.0	23.0	18.1	0.0	30.9	2,285
150-199	14.2	20.5	22.3	22.6	13.6	5.4	0.0	19.4	1,432
200-249	4.2	9.7	9.9	8.4	6.6	1.4	0.0	8.1	600
250-299	2.5	6.5	6.6	5.9	4.0	0.4	0.0	5.4	399
350+	0.3	1.9	2.6	1.8	1.5	0.0	0.0	1.7	128
Kokku Total	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	7,397
Isiku netopalga mediaan, rubla Median net wage income, rouble									
Mees - Male	127.0	165.0	162.0	163.0	135.0	75.0	22.0	153.0	3,492
Naine -Female	84.0	101.0	113.0	109.0	75.0	60.0	60.0	100	3,904
Kokku Total	102.0	131.0	137.0	131.0	97.0	60.0	30.5	122.0	7,396
Keskmine isiku netopalk, rubla Mean net wage income, rouble									
Sugu - Sex									
Mees - Male	140.1	180.4	183.3	172.7	142.2	78.2	31.4	165.9	3,492
Naine -Female	92.8	111.3	122.2	118.3	83.4	57.7	47.1	108.8	3,904
Põlisus - Nativity									
Põline - Native origin	114.5	149.3	153.2	145.8	112.0	67.9	37.7	137.3	5,682
Välispäritolu - Foreign origin	111.9	130.4	145.8	132.2	118.2	77.4	16.0	130.5	1,714
Haridustase - Educational level									
Kõrgem - Higher	110.1	142.8	161.6	190.4	183.3	128.7		157.8	802
Kesk - Secondary	104.2	130.7	132.2	128.6	128.2	99.5	56.6	124.7	2,333
Põhiharidus - Basic	123.2	156.9	157.2	137.2	113.3	100.3	35.5	144.4	2,058
Algharidus - Primary	131.1	166.4	162.2	143.1	104.4	59.7	33.7	131.3	2,203
Kooseluseis - Partnership status									
Kooselus - In partnership	120.3	147.5	153.7	146.7	125.5	70.3	32.5	142.8	5,395
Mittekooselus - No partnership	110.1	135.8	141.3	123.4	84.6	64.7	42.2	116.8	2,001
Leibkonnatüüp - Household type									
Lastega - W/children	116.1	146.7	155.8	154.0	126.4			147.6	3,303
Vanuritega - W/elderly	114.9	142.4	140.2	128.8	101.1	66.8	36.4	102.6	787
Laste ja vanuritega - W/children and elderly	111.6	145.7	151.7	141.0	132.9	81.0	62.0	140.0	402
Laste või vanuriteta - WO/children or elderly	112.2	139.8	143.8	139.7	112.7			130.6	2,904
Elukoht - Residence									
Linn - Urban	109.1	133.9	145.8	137.7	122.3	92.5	65.9	132.7	4,561
Maa - Rural	123.0	163.1	162.1	150.5	103.8	54.8	27.5	140.6	2,835
Hõive - Employment									
Töötav - Employed	113.6	145.1	151.5	142.3	113.3	67.9	37.1	135.8	7,386
Mittetöötav - Not employed	184.0				80.9	96.5		94.3	10
Majandussektor - Sector of economy									
Primaar - Primary	130.7	170.8	172.1	157.7	102.6	52.6	26.2	144.2	2,137
Sekundaar - Secondary	122.5	152.0	157.1	149.5	139.7	101.8	65.5	147.0	2,497
Tertsiaar - Tertiary	97.4	122.0	132.0	123.6	106.2	84.9	65.5	119.2	2,752
Mittetöötav - Not employed	184.0				80.9	96.5		94.3	10
Sissetuleku kvintiidid - Income quintiles									
I	78.7	93.6	95.8	86.3	49.6	29.7	25.6	81.4	984
II	96.0	117.0	120.1	115.3	72.3	52.8	53.0	108.9	1,405
III	106.0	138.4	141.0	126.9	97.4	71.9	54.8	127.3	1,600
IV	119.3	156.7	166.6	151.6	110.5	82.1	60.7	146.6	1,681
V	145.1	199.6	220.7	186.6	165.1	112.1		185.8	1,726
Kokku Total	113.6	145.1	151.5	142.3	112.9	68.2	37.1	135.7	7,396
N	957	1,836	1,938	1,682	671	276	36	7,396	

Tabel 2.18: Isiku töövõimetustoetuse suurus - *Size of disability benefit*

Isiku töövõimetustoetuse suurus % Size of disability benefit %	Vanusrühm - Age group						Σ	N
	15-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74		
0-49	63.9	57.3	56.1	47.3	71.4	63.6	56.9	228
50-99	26.4	25.8	26.8	22.0	19.0	36.4	25.2	101
100+	9.7	16.9	17.1	30.8	9.5	0.0	18.0	72
Kokku Total	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	401
Isiku töövõimetustoetuse mediaan, rub- la Median disability benefit, rouble								
Mees - Male	29.5	58.0	48.0	103.5	45.0	35.5	52.0	129
Naine -Female	21.5	34.0	41.0	40.0	34.0	57.0	36.0	272
Kokku Total	24.0	36.0	44.5	58.0	36.0	44.0	41.0	401
Keskmine isiku töövõimetustoetus, rub- la Mean disability benefit, rouble								
Sugu - Sex								
Mees - Male	44.5	72.2	62.7	108.3	61.5	34.5	74.6	129
Naine -Female	43.2	53.3	59.6	55.9	39.2	49.8	52.5	272
Põlisus - Nativity								
Põline - Native origin	43.7	59.8	64.7	80.0	55.0	41.5	62.0	290
Välispäritolu - Foreign origin	43.3	50.9	50.4	72.3	13.0		53.3	111
Haridustase - Educational level								
Kõrgem - Higher	18.5	90.1	81.7	65.2	18.5		78.1	42
Kesk - Secondary	47.7	48.0	60.1	50.8	103.5	12.0	50.7	146
Põhiharidus - Basic	40.2	60.6	61.5	81.0	45.9		58.1	120
Algharidus - Primary	38.5	43.6	44.5	90.0	58.7	44.4	67.3	93
Kooseluseis - Partnership status								
Kooselus - In partnership	53.7	56.7	59.8	80.3	60.9	42.8	62.2	314
Mittekooselus - No partnership	26.5	65.1	63.6	68.3	33.5	38.0	50.4	87
Leibkonnatüüp - Household type								
Lastega - W/children	48.5	53.3	58.2	99.9	57.0		56.8	209
Vanuritega - W/elderly	8.7	95.5	62.2	76.8	50.5	41.2	59.3	38
Laste ja vanuritega - W/children and elderly	45.7	60.9	95.4	66.8	24.0	44.0	69.1	25
Laste või vanuriteta - WO/children or elderly	40.5	93.5	51.4	73.5	54.5		62.4	129
Elukoht - Residence								
Linn - Urban	41.5	52.8	53.7	65.8	46.7	44.4	53.6	271
Maa - Rural	46.0	68.7	82.2	100.9	68.8	33.7	72.1	130
Hõive - Employment								
Töötav - Employed	43.5	57.7	60.7	77.8	53.0	41.5	59.6	401
Majandussektor - Sector of economy								
Primaar - Primary	58.2	76.8	85.0	106.0	86.7	44.0	84.7	85
Sekundaar - Secondary	39.3	55.2	49.2	77.6	52.5	46.7	55.8	178
Tertsiaar - Tertiary	39.3	51.7	63.1	45.3	39.6	38.9	49.1	138
Sissetuleku kvintilid - Income quintiles								
I	30.7	47.1	48.5	44.2	25.0	43.5	43.1	59
II	44.6	52.2	73.4	43.2	51.5	61.0	54.3	72
III	32.7	47.7	56.8	89.4	45.2	30.3	53.0	109
IV	44.3	70.7	55.9	99.9	150.0		68.0	79
V	71.2	75.3	77.1	87.9	54.9	39.0	76.8	82
Kokku Total	43.5	57.7	60.7	77.8	53.0	41.5	59.6	401
N	72	124	82	91	21	11	401	

Tabel 2.19: Isiku pensioni suurus - *Size of individual pension income*

Isiku pensioni suurus, rubla % Size of individual pension income, rouble %	Vanusrühm - Age group								Σ	N
	0-14	15-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75+		
0-24	37.1	39.5	14.3	34.7	20.8	6.4	16.2	37.5	17.8	333
25-49	53.2	47.4	47.6	28.6	30.7	33.1	49.8	50.7	42.2	789
50-74	8.1	7.9	19.0	20.4	23.8	31.4	21.4	9.1	22.5	420
75-99	1.6	5.3	14.3	10.2	6.9	14.7	7.8	2.0	9.3	173
100+	0.0	0.0	4.8	6.1	17.8	14.4	4.9	0.7	8.2	153
Kokku Total	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	1,868
Isiku pensionitulu mediaan, rubla Median pension income, rouble										
Mees - Male	27.0	28.0	42.0	47.0	60.0	72.0	51.0	38.0	52.0	679
Naine -Female	28.0	25.0	45.0	22.5	45.0	51.0	38.0	27.0	44.0	1,189
Keskmine isiku pensionitulu, rubla Mean pension income, rouble										
Sugu - Sex										
Mees - Male	27.7	34.6	56.3	55.4	70.7	75.1	58.9	42.5	60.9	679
Naine -Female	31.8	28.6	45.4	29.8	48.0	56.4	39.7	31.2	44.6	1,189
Põlisus - Nativity										
Põline - Native origin	29.9	32.7	48.9	43.9	51.8	60.6	46.5	34.3	49.2	1,610
Välispäritolu - Foreign origin	29.0	27.4	95.0	52.3	79.8	73.2	53.5	33.0	58.3	258
Haridustase - Educational level										
Kõrgem - Higher			120.0	53.2	73.2	89.0	97.7	71.3	86.6	58
Kesk - Secondary		37.0	51.2	48.1	73.9	78.9	59.4	50.1	66.8	197
Põhiharidus - Basic	30.0	31.5	47.6	45.4	40.4	67.0	62.8	31.4	54.9	215
Algharidus - Primary	29.8	28.0	38.0	34.9	55.4	57.6	43.3	32.7	46.0	1,398
Kooseluseis - Partnership status										
Kooselus - In partnership			57.2	50.6	64.5	65.1	51.7	39.2	58.2	949
Mittekooselus - No partnership	29.8	31.6	45.5	32.0	42.3	57.7	41.9	33.0	42.6	919
Leibkonnatüüp - Household type										
Lastega - W/children	28.2	29.2	54.4	57.1	60.8	66.5			52.0	202
Vanuritega - W/elderly		21.8	57.0	31.8	60.5	55.1	48.1	33.9	45.6	893
Laste ja vanuritega - W/children and elderly	39.0	35.5		36.0	46.5	67.9	43.9	34.9	41.5	212
Laste või vanuriteta - WO/children or elderly		34.6	44.4	34.5	59.1	63.6			61.2	561
Elukoht - Residence										
Linn - Urban	33.7	32.8	53.1	49.1	66.9	72.9	57.7	37.0	57.9	817
Maa - Rural	25.0	28.9	49.6	39.8	45.9	55.0	41.0	31.5	44.7	1,051
Hõive - Employment										
Töötav - Employed		18.0	34.8	37.1	61.6	64.2	51.0	38.5	57.1	806
Mittetöötav - Not employed	29.8	32.4	61.2	62.7	53.9	59.8	44.6	33.6	45.4	1,062
Majandussektor - Sector of economy										
Primaar - Primary			42.0	39.0	52.9	58.1	43.4	38.1	50.8	465
Sekundaar - Secondary		10.0	29.0	34.3	61.7	84.7	86.1	39.0	74.2	137
Tertsiaar - Tertiary		26.0	39.0	38.8	67.8	64.0	57.9	41.0	60.2	204
Mittetöötav - Not employed	29.8	32.4	61.2	62.7	53.9	59.8	44.6	33.6	45.4	1,062
Sissetuleku kvintiilid - Income quintiles										
I	28.0	28.4	51.6	42.9	38.5	43.7	38.5	33.5	38.3	490
II	36.7	33.0	55.1	37.6	43.1	57.6	44.9	33.2	46.8	430
III	26.2	26.7	53.5	41.5	68.1	61.7	49.6	37.4	51.5	337
IV	28.4	42.6		63.7	81.5	69.3	49.2	33.8	57.7	292
V	26.4	24.7	40.0	36.8	68.0	75.5	65.8	34.3	66.5	319
Kokku Total	29.8	31.6	51.1	44.9	59.0	62.4	47.3	34.1	50.5	1,868
N	62	38	21	49	101	688	613	296	1,868	

Tabel 2.20: Isiku lastetoetuse suurus - *Size of individual parental benefit*

Isiku lastetoetuse suurus % Size of parental benefit %	Vanusrühm - Age group					Σ	N
	15-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64		
0-24	93.8	73.3	91.7	100	100	85.7	72
25-49	6.2	20.0	8.3	0.0	0.0	11.9	10
50+	0.0	6.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.4	2
Kokku Total	100	100	100	100	100	100	84
Isiku lastetoetuse mediaan, rubla Median size of parental benefit, rouble							
Naine -Female	5.0	17.0	5.5	5.0	5.0	10.0	84
Kokku Total	5.0	17.0	5.5	5.0	5.0	10.0	84
Keskmise isiku lastetoetus, rubla Mean size of parental benefit, rouble							
Sugu - Sex							
Naine -Female	10.4	20.9	11.8	5.0	5.0	14.6	84
Põlisus - Nativity							
Põline - Native origin	10.3	19.5	11.6	5.0	5.0	14.1	72
Välispäritolu - Foreign origin	10.5	30.0	14.5			17.7	12
Haridustase - Educational level							
Kõrgem - Higher	27.0	4.8	5.0			7.6	8
Kesk - Secondary	10.2	17.9	9.7	5.0		12.6	34
Põhiharidus - Basic	7.4	25.0	13.1			16.9	24
Algharidus - Primary		35.5	14.2		5.0	18.4	18
Kooseluseis - Partnership status							
Kooselus - In partnership	16.2	24.3	15.8			19.3	44
Mittekooselus - No partnership	8.4	15.8	5.5	5.0	5.0	9.4	40
Leibkonnatüüp - Household type							
Lastega - W/children	9.1	21.0	12.0		5.0	14.7	73
Laste ja vanuritega - W/children and elderly	19.5	19.3	10.2	5.0		13.9	11
Elukoht - Residence							
Linn - Urban	12.8	20.5	7.7	5.0		13.9	35
Maa - Rural	8.0	21.2	13.8		5.0	15.1	49
Hõive - Employment							
Töötav - Employed	9.6	20.2	10.5	5.0	5.0	13.8	76
Mittetöötav - Not employed	16.0	30.0	21.8			22.4	8
Majandussektor - Sector of economy							
Primaar - Primary	8.0	23.5	12.0		5.0	16.1	28
Sekundaar - Secondary	11.3	4.7	4.8	5.0		6.1	15
Tertsiaar - Tertiary	9.7	20.8	12.8			15.3	33
Mittetöötav - Not employed	16.0	30.0	21.8			22.4	8
Sissetuleku kvintiiid - Income quintiles							
I	9.3	27.9	12.5			18.7	39
II	14.5	10.4	10.4	5.0		10.6	20
III	12.3	11.0	8.6			10.3	12
IV	7.3		4.0		5.0	6.2	5
V	11.0	17.5	18.2			16.2	8
Kokku Total	10.4	20.9	11.8	5.0	5.0	14.6	84
N	16	30	36	1	1	84	

Tabel 2.21: Isiku muu tulu suurus - *Size of other individual income*

Isiku muu tulu suurus % Size of other individual income %	Vanusrühm - Age group								Σ	N
	0-14	15-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75+		
0-24	33.3	55.6	37.5	36.4	66.7	0.0	80.0	66.7	48.1	26
25-49	33.3	22.2	37.5	9.1	11.1	33.3	20.0	33.3	22.2	12
50+	33.3	22.2	25.0	54.5	22.2	66.7	0.0	0.0	29.6	16
Kokku Total	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	54
Isiku muu tulu mediaan, rubla Median size of other individual income, rouble										
Mees - Male	38.0	34.0	5.0	56.5	62.0	40.0	8.0	15.0	21.0	25
Naine -Female	32.5	20.0	43.0	95.0	12.5	60.0	13.0	20.0	28.0	29
Kokku Total	32.5	20.0	33.0	92.0	20.0	50.0	8.0	15.0	26.5	54
Keskmine isiku muu tulu, rubla Mean size of other individual income, rouble										
Sugu - Sex										
Mees - Male	38.0	34.0	14.5	73.9	60.7	40.0	16.3	15.0	44.8	25
Naine -Female	31.2	31.9	54.0	84.3	14.2	60.0	13.0	20.0	35.4	29
Põlisus - Nativity										
Põline - Native origin	33.5	36.0	34.9	80.1	30.9	40.0	15.0	18.3	39.8	48
Välispäritolu - Foreign origin		3.0	30.0	61.5	20.0	60.0			39.3	6
Haridustase - Educational level										
Kõrgem - Higher		50.0	50.7	100.3	34.2				58.2	11
Kesk - Secondary		100	29.7	100.2	20.0				67.8	9
Põhiharidus - Basic		20.1	3.0	16.7	12.0				17.2	12
Algharidus - Primary	33.5		30.0	92.0	32.7	46.7	15.0	18.3	31.4	22
Kooseluseis - Partnership status										
Kooselus - In partnership		75.0	32.3	80.9	34.7	45.0	20.7		51.1	28
Mittekooselus - No partnership	33.5	20.1	40.0	58.0	19.7	50.0	6.5	18.3	27.5	26
Leibkonnatüüp - Household type										
Lastega - W/children	33.5	42.8	34.2	92.9	31.3				49.6	28
Vanuritega - W/elderly							16.8	18.3	17.4	7
Laste ja vanuritega - W/children and elderly				79.0	100		8.0		66.5	4
Laste või vanuriteta - WO/children or elderly		24.0		18.0	14.6	46.7			24.6	15
Elukoht - Residence										
Linn - Urban	35.2	29.6	40.2	76.7	37.6	30.0	28.0		48.5	34
Maa - Rural	30.0	35.8	16.5		19.8	55.0	6.3	18.3	24.9	20
Hõive - Employment										
Töötav - Employed		52.5	32.7	76.7	30.9	40.0	28.0		49.0	34
Mittetöötav - Not employed	33.5	16.2	45.0		20.0	60.0	6.3	18.3	24.1	20
Majandussektor - Sector of economy										
Primaar - Primary		100	16.5	21.5	25.0	40.0			33.1	10
Sekundaar - Secondary		50.0	40.0	50.0					45.6	9
Tertsiaar - Tertiary		30.0	36.0	120.2	34.4		28.0		61.7	15
Mittetöötav - Not employed	33.5	16.2	45.0		20.0	60.0	6.3	18.3	24.1	20
Sissetuleku kvintilid - Income quintiles										
I		22.7	26.0		35.0	46.7		15.0	31.0	10
II		21.5	33.0		100		13.5		33.7	7
III	50.0			43.0	27.7				37.4	7
IV	28.7	50.0	26.5	42.7	4.0		5.0	20.0	28.2	13
V	32.5	43.3	51.5	117.4	15.0		21.5		57.2	17
Kokku Total	33.5	32.3	34.2	76.7	29.7	46.7	15.0	18.3	39.8	54
N	6	9	8	11	9	3	5	3	54	

Tabel 2.22: Isiku abimajapidamisest saadud tulu suurus - *Size of private plot income*

Isiku abimajapidamisest saadud tulu suurus %	Vanusrühm - Age group							Σ	N
Size of private plot income %	15-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75+		
0-49	33.3	16.1	19.2	16.2	16.6	15.3	26.9	17.2	113
50-99	50.0	38.7	39.4	41.2	47.4	51.1	42.3	44.5	293
100-149	0.0	14.5	18.3	20.3	23.4	19.7	11.5	19.6	129
150-199	0.0	4.8	9.6	7.4	6.3	5.1	7.7	6.7	44
200+	16.7	25.8	13.5	14.9	6.3	8.8	11.5	12.0	79
Kokku Total	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	658
Isiku abimajapidamisest saadud tulu mediaan, rubla									
Median size of private plot income, rouble	72.5	82.0	78.0	83.0	80.0	82.0	75.0	80.0	658
Keskmine isiku abimajapidamisest saadud tulu, rubla									
Mean size of private plot income, rouble									
Sugu - Sex									
Mees - Male	189.2	148.3	128.1	147.3	100.8	117.4	96.9	125.3	387
Naine -Female	66.0	176.2	114.5	140.2	106.1	110.2	120.7	120.9	271
Põlisus - Nativity									
Põline - Native origin	148.2	159.1	124.4	142.1	103.7	114.8	102.4	123.3	635
Välispäritolu - Foreign origin		45.0	102.0	175.5	93.0	83.0		128.3	23
Haridustase - Educational level									
Kõrgem - Higher	42.0	113.4	275.7	58.0	100	151.0		139.0	15
Kesk - Secondary	233.3	167.1	150.0	160.5	84.0	146.9	44.0	154.6	77
Põhiharidus - Basic	55.0	167.7	137.1	137.5	165.0	87.3	30.0	145.6	106
Algharidus - Primary	92.0	139.3	91.8	144.1	95.2	113.5	110.6	112.6	460
Kooseluseis - Partnership status									
Kooselus - In partnership	197.2	166.5	128.3	138.8	102.6	113.1	110.3	126.5	463
Mittekooselus - No partnership	50.0	109.5	99.9	163.1	104.7	116.7	94.5	116.3	195
Leibkonnatüüp - Household type									
Lastega - W/children	197.2	155.8	131.8	132.8	147.3			140.6	194
Vanuritega - W/elderly	90.0	62.0	55.7	114.8	86.6	116.3	103.5	109.1	199
Laste ja vanuritega - W/children and elderly		294.7	95.3	87.6	70.0	82.4	74.0	109.0	27
Laste või vanuriteta - WO/children or elderly	10.0	122.7	105.1	161.3	103.8			123.2	238
Elukoht - Residence									
Linn - Urban	55.0	194.3	207.0	95.5	176.0	265.0		158.3	23
Maa - Rural	166.8	155.4	119.8	147.2	101.3	112.1	102.4	122.2	635
Hõive - Employment									
Töötav - Employed	148.2	159.2	123.9	146.5	102.6	125.4	90.9	128.5	542
Mittetöötav - Not employed		39.0	103.5	67.2	106.3	95.1	108.5	99.8	116
Majandussektor - Sector of economy									
Primaar - Primary	148.2	161.4	129.3	151.7	104.1	122.8	90.9	130.6	508
Sekundaar - Secondary			72.7	100.4		500.0		115.9	15
Tertsiaar - Tertiary		117.7	89.4	96.5	36.7	45.0		83.1	19
Mittetöötav - Not employed		39.0	103.5	67.2	106.3	95.1	108.5	99.8	116
Sissetuleku kvintiliid - Income quintiles									
I		58.8	45.6	53.1	42.3	46.8	52.4	47.6	82
II	10.0	48.3	69.1	68.1	76.1	82.2	61.5	72.9	120
III	42.0	69.3	68.9	75.7	87.8	85.3	96.2	79.5	108
IV		118.0	83.2	87.6	94.6	113.5	174.7	99.3	117
V	209.2	265.7	197.7	228.1	146.5	294.7	351.0	209.4	231
Kokku Total	148.2	157.3	123.1	144.4	103.4	114.3	102.4	123.5	658
N	6	62	104	148	175	137	26	658	

Tabel 2.23: Leibkonnatulu allikad - *Sources of household income*

Leibkonnatulu allikad %	Vanusrühm - Age group									
Sources of household income %	0-14	15-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75+	Σ	N
Palgatulu - Wage income	99.6	99.6	99.8	99.6	99.7	94.7	87.1	83.2	98.1	12,297
Töövõimetustoetus - Disability benefit	11.7	12.9	12.4	8.7	10.5	6.2	6.6	6.9	10.5	1,313
Pension - Pension	16.5	22.8	16.5	19.3	27.2	79.9	94.2	92.5	30.8	3,857
Stipendium - Stipend	3.5	15.5	1.0	6.3	9.8	4.5	2.3	4.9	6.2	779
Lastetoetus - Parental benefit	6.9	2.3	2.3	3.1	0.7	0.2	0.6	2.0	3.0	379
Alimendid - Alimony	8.2	5.0	5.3	5.7	2.1	1.8	2.6	1.2	5.0	629
Abimajapidamisest - Private plot	13.6	10.9	8.0	10.3	14.7	29.7	33.2	20.8	14.5	1,823
Muu rahaline tulu - Other money income	1.7	1.0	1.5	1.2	1.2	0.9	1.0	1.4	1.3	165
Leibkonna tuluallikate arv %										
No. of household income sources %										
1	51	48	61	56	48	16	11	17	47	5,863
2	37	36	31	34	39	52	50	55	38	4,801
3+	12	15	8	10	12	32	38	27	15	1,866
Kokku Total	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	12,533
Keskmine leibkonna tuluallikate arv										
Mean number of household income sources										
Sugu - Sex										
Mees - Male	1.6	1.8	1.5	1.5	1.6	2.1	2.4	2.2	1.7	5,735
Naine -Female	1.6	1.7	1.5	1.6	1.7	2.3	2.2	2.1	1.7	6,798
Põlisus - Nativity										
Põline - Native origin	1.6	1.8	1.5	1.6	1.7	2.2	2.3	2.1	1.7	9,741
Välispäritolu - Foreign origin	1.6	1.6	1.5	1.5	1.6	2.0	2.0	2.1	1.6	2,792
Haridustase - Educational level										
Kõrgem - Higher		1.9	1.4	1.5	1.6	2.0	2.0	2.0	1.6	906
Kesk - Secondary		1.6	1.5	1.5	1.6	1.9	2.1	2.0	1.6	2,657
Põhiharidus - Basic	1.6	1.7	1.5	1.6	1.6	2.2	2.1	1.6	1.6	2,804
Algharidus - Primary	1.6	1.7	1.5	1.6	1.7	2.2	2.3	2.2	1.8	6,166
Kooseluseis - Partnership status										
Kooselus - In partnership		1.5	1.4	1.5	1.7	2.2	2.4	2.2	1.7	6,165
Mittekooselus - No partnership	1.6	1.8	1.7	1.7	1.6	2.2	2.1	2.1	1.7	6,368
Leibkonnatüüp - Household type										
Lastega - W/children	1.5	1.7	1.4	1.5	1.6	2.2			1.5	6,556
Vanuritega - W/elderly		2.4	2.2	2.4	2.2	2.4	2.3	2.1	2.2	1,472
Laste ja vanuritega - W/children and elderly	2.3	2.5	2.2	2.2	2.3	2.5	2.4	2.3	2.3	937
Laste või vanuriteta - WO/children or elderly		1.6	1.3	1.3	1.5	2.1			1.6	3,568
Elukoht - Residence										
Linn - Urban	1.5	1.6	1.4	1.5	1.5	1.9	2.1	2.0	1.6	7,284
Maa - Rural	1.7	1.9	1.5	1.7	1.9	2.4	2.4	2.2	1.9	5,249
Hõive - Employment										
Töötav - Employed		1.5	1.5	1.5	1.6	2.1	2.4	2.2	1.6	7,581
Mittetöötav - Not employed	1.6	1.9	2.0	2.0	2.1	2.3	2.2	2.1	1.8	4,952
Majandussektor - Sector of economy										
Primaar - Primary		1.7	1.6	1.7	1.9	2.5	2.5	2.3	1.9	2,220
Sekundaar - Secondary		1.4	1.4	1.5	1.5	1.7	2.1	2.0	1.5	2,546
Tertsiaar - Tertiary		1.5	1.4	1.5	1.5	1.9	2.1	1.8	1.5	2,815
Mittetöötav - Not employed	1.6	1.9	2.0	2.0	2.1	2.3	2.2	2.1	1.8	4,952
Sissetuleku kvintiidid - Income quintiles										
I	1.6	1.6	1.5	1.6	1.6	1.9	1.9	1.8	1.7	2,127
II	1.7	1.8	1.4	1.6	1.7	2.2	2.3	2.4	1.7	2,614
III	1.6	1.7	1.5	1.5	1.7	2.2	2.4	2.3	1.7	2,738
IV	1.5	1.6	1.4	1.5	1.6	2.2	2.5	2.3	1.6	2,608
V	1.7	1.8	1.5	1.5	1.7	2.3	2.5	2.5	1.8	2,446
Kokku Total	1.6	1.7	1.5	1.5	1.7	2.2	2.3	2.1	1.7	12,533
N	2,986	1,777	1,952	2,005	1,779	1,004	684	346	12,533	

Tabel 2.24: Leibkonnatulu koostis - *Composition of household income*

Leibkonnatulu koostis % Composition of household income %	Vanusrühm - Age group								Σ	N
	0-14	15-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75+		
Sugu - Sex										
Palgatulu - Wage income	88.9	87.8	91.1	90.7	87.0	60.2	48.4	55.8	83.7	12,533
Pension - Pension	2.7	4.3	3.1	3.1	5.3	27.5	36.0	33.6	8.1	12,533
Stipendium - Stipend	0.3	1.7	0.2	0.5	1.1	0.6	0.2	0.6	0.7	12,533
Abiraha - Social benefit	0.7	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.2	12,533
Alimendid - Alimony	1.4	0.8	0.7	1.0	0.3	0.2	0.4	0.1	0.8	12,533
Abiamajapidamisest - Private plot income	3.6	2.9	2.2	2.7	4.1	10.4	13.7	8.2	4.4	12,533
Muu rahaline tulu - Other money income	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	12,533
Kokku Total	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	12,533
N	2,986	1,777	1,952	2,005	1,779	1,004	684	346	12,533	
Keskmine palgatulu osakaal % Mean proportion of wage income %										
Sugu - Sex										
Mees - Male	89.6	87.6	91.3	92.2	88.5	68.0	42.1	38.1	85.4	5,735
Naine -Female	88.3	88.0	90.9	89.3	85.9	54.4	52.1	61.4	82.3	6,798
Põlisus - Nativity										
Põline - Native origin	88.6	86.4	90.8	89.9	86.0	57.7	47.2	52.7	82.1	9,741
Välispäritolu - Foreign origin	90.1	91.5	92.2	93.1	89.8	74.1	57.9	73.1	89.1	2,792
Haridustase - Educational level										
Kõrgem - Higher		83.8	89.8	92.3	92.5	77.5	52.9	29.9	88.7	906
Kesk - Secondary		89.3	91.6	90.8	88.1	72.3	57.3	45.0	88.3	2,657
Põhiharidus - Basic	90.5	87.5	91.4	90.1	89.3	63.6	59.8	57.1	87.5	2,804
Algharidus - Primary	88.9	85.8	90.0	90.0	84.4	56.2	46.5	56.8	79.2	6,166
Kooseluseis - Partnership status										
Kooselus - In partnership		92.3	92.6	92.2	87.6	61.1	39.8	29.5	83.9	6,165
Mittekooselus - No partnership	88.9	86.6	85.0	83.7	84.7	58.2	58.6	61.3	83.5	6,368
Leibkonnatüüp - Household type										
Lastega - W/children	89.9	89.2	92.2	91.3	89.7	75.7			90.3	6,556
Vanuritega - W/elderly		77.0	71.5	75.4	76.2	42.9	41.7	47.7	54.3	1,472
Laste ja vanuritega - W/children and elderly	79.7	77.7	82.0	83.1	83.2	65.6	76.6	81.8	80.2	937
Laste või vanuriteta - WO/children or elderly		89.1	92.1	94.3	88.4	61.2			84.6	3,568
Elukoht - Residence										
Linn - Urban	91.6	90.3	92.4	92.8	90.3	74.2	66.9	70.3	89.0	7,284
Maa - Rural	85.7	83.5	89.1	86.7	81.3	48.0	35.9	41.4	76.3	5,249
Hõive - Employment										
Töötav - Employed		91.1	91.6	91.2	87.7	65.1	46.0	40.6	86.1	7,581
Mittetöötav - Not employed	88.9	83.5	75.2	65.9	70.7	50.1	50.2	57.8	79.9	4,952
Majandussektor - Sector of economy										
Primaar - Primary		86.2	88.0	86.6	80.8	50.2	31.9	26.8	75.3	2,220
Sekundaar - Secondary		92.8	93.0	93.8	90.8	82.1	69.2	75.0	91.5	2,546
Tertsiaar - Tertiary		92.2	92.6	92.0	90.0	74.1	68.1	81.7	89.9	2,815
Mittetöötav - Not employed	88.9	83.5	75.2	65.9	70.7	50.1	50.2	57.8	79.9	4,952
Sissetuleku kvintiiid - Income quintiles										
I	85.4	84.7	87.8	85.1	81.7	46.1	29.5	36.6	73.2	2,127
II	88.8	86.1	91.7	89.3	86.2	53.5	50.6	67.5	82.9	2,614
III	91.5	89.5	92.2	92.2	88.3	63.8	59.0	72.0	87.3	2,738
IV	91.7	91.8	92.7	93.3	90.7	66.9	59.4	73.3	88.6	2,608
V	85.8	86.3	89.4	90.9	86.3	67.6	59.6	65.2	84.4	2,446
Kokku Total	88.9	87.8	91.1	90.7	87.0	60.2	48.4	55.8	83.7	12,533
N	2,986	1,777	1,952	2,005	1,779	1,004	684	346	12,533	

Tabel 2.25: Leibkonna brutokogutulu suurus - *Size of total gross household income*

Leibkonna brutokogutulu suurus, rubla %	Vanusrühm - Age group										
Size of total gross household income, rouble %	0-14	15-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75+	Σ	N	
0-149	5.3	8.3	6.5	5.4	8.5	16.5	27.2	30.3	9.2	1,148	
150-249	17.6	17.7	20.0	17.2	16.9	26.6	27.8	19.9	19.2	2,401	
250-349	34.1	24.5	33.6	33.8	25.6	22.3	19.9	21.7	29.3	3,677	
350-449	23.0	21.5	21.4	23.7	21.9	16.4	12.6	14.7	21.2	2,653	
450+	20.0	28.0	18.6	19.9	27.2	18.1	12.6	13.3	21.2	2,654	
Kokku Total	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	12,533	
Leibkonna brutokogutulu mediaan, rubla											
Median total gross household income, rouble	330.0	347.0	319.0	331.0	345.0	282.5	232.5	247.0	325.0	12,533	
Keskmine leibkonna brutokogutulu											
Mean total gross household income											
Sugu - Sex											
Mees - Male	353.2	392.9	350.6	356.6	392.9	347.2	271.4	227.2	358.2	5,735	
Naine -Female	354.8	352.0	339.4	342.2	348.4	283.4	258.4	272.5	333.8	6,798	
Põlisus - Nativity											
Põline - Native origin	356.0	367.8	342.7	348.5	366.0	298.3	259.5	250.6	341.5	9,741	
Välispäritolu - Foreign origin	346.8	376.4	351.7	350.5	372.6	378.8	293.0	322.0	357.4	2,792	
Haridustase - Educational level											
Kõrgem - Higher		372.3	339.2	362.1	415.1	461.1	315.3	279.0	366.6	906	
Kesk - Secondary		371.4	341.4	325.8	356.3	346.9	293.5	236.3	345.7	2,657	
Põhiharidus - Basic	383.3	367.6	351.9	365.5	349.1	321.4	304.8	200.3	357.1	2,804	
Algharidus - Primary	353.5	379.9	343.5	348.9	374.5	292.4	255.0	265.9	336.0	6,166	
Kooseluseis - Partnership status											
Kooselus - In partnership		360.8	358.5	375.3	400.5	342.8	259.6	205.7	363.7	6,165	
Mittekooselus - No partnership	354.0	372.8	290.7	228.2	228.1	235.5	267.6	273.3	326.9	6,368	
Leibkonnatüüp - Household type											
Lastega - W/children	349.0	384.1	346.1	356.4	404.8	430.0			358.8	6,556	
Vanuritega - W/elderly		405.4	381.3	348.6	328.7	279.2	235.0	219.1	278.6	1,472	
Laste ja vanuritega - W/children and elderly	400.8	432.6	417.1	394.0	418.9	391.3	383.7	396.8	402.3	937	
Laste või vanuriteta - WO/children or elderly		351.0	317.6	318.1	353.9	294.0			332.0	3,568	
Elukoht - Residence											
Linn - Urban	337.7	360.9	334.9	335.5	360.7	343.0	313.1	295.3	342.4	7,284	
Maa - Rural	373.4	386.5	360.1	373.3	379.8	282.2	229.6	228.2	348.6	5,249	
Hõive - Employment											
Töötav - Employed		372.1	345.8	349.6	370.0	320.1	246.7	141.7	348.5	7,581	
Mittetöötav - Not employed	354.0	367.7	305.8	319.2	316.8	290.7	275.7	277.0	339.6	4,952	
Majandussektor - Sector of economy											
Primaar - Primary		370.4	359.5	373.0	387.1	293.3	206.0	129.3	344.8	2,220	
Sekundaar - Secondary		393.9	352.9	353.0	380.3	384.0	357.5	170.0	367.5	2,546	
Tertsiaar - Tertiary		354.1	330.6	330.4	346.5	306.2	288.8	179.4	334.4	2,815	
Mittetöötav - Not employed	354.0	367.7	305.8	319.2	316.8	290.7	275.7	277.0	339.6	4,952	
Sissetuleku kvintiiid - Income quintiles											
I	193.4	172.1	169.9	186.8	161.4	123.9	109.2	115.8	164.1	2,127	
II	284.1	284.7	253.8	270.6	256.8	216.9	224.5	279.6	265.6	2,614	
III	345.6	355.3	319.0	327.3	333.0	295.8	296.7	346.8	332.2	2,738	
IV	421.7	422.5	379.3	387.9	396.3	355.6	365.5	434.2	397.7	2,608	
V	589.8	592.0	529.3	517.8	538.5	491.8	522.4	579.6	545.4	2,446	
Kokku Total	354.0	370.2	344.7	349.0	367.7	310.6	263.3	261.7	345.0	12,533	
N	2,986	1,777	1,952	2,005	1,779	1,004	684	346	12,533		

Tabel 2.26: Leibkonna netokogutulu suurus - *Size of total net household income*

Leibkonna netokogutulu suurus % Size of total net household income %	Vanusrühm - Age group								Σ	N
	0-14	15-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75+		
0-149	6.8	9.8	8.8	7.8	9.8	17.5	27.5	32.4	10.8	1,357
150-249	23.5	20.8	25.7	23.9	20.6	28.2	30.8	21.4	23.8	2,986
250-349	35.0	26.9	34.9	34.8	27.9	23.8	19.9	23.1	30.8	3,855
350-449	19.4	21.8	16.3	20.8	21.7	14.1	11.8	12.7	18.8	2,356
450+	15.2	20.7	14.3	12.7	20.1	16.3	9.9	10.4	15.8	1,979
Kokku Total	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	12,533
Leibkonna netokogutulu mediaan, rubla Median total net household income, rouble	302.0	319.0	292.0	297.0	319.0	269.0	224.5	232.0	297.0	12,533
Keskmine leibkonna netokogutulu Mean total net household income										
Sugu - Sex										
Mees - Male	326.3	361.0	319.6	322.2	360.2	328.6	261.9	218.5	329.6	5,735
Naine -Female	327.4	323.4	309.8	313.0	321.6	270.3	244.5	252.9	308.1	6,798
Põlisus - Nativity										
Põline - Native origin	330.7	339.9	314.1	318.2	338.7	285.4	248.8	236.5	316.5	9,742
Välispäritolu - Foreign origin	313.6	340.8	315.4	314.4	337.4	349.4	269.4	288.9	323.0	2,791
Haridustase - Educational level										
Kõrgem - Higher		339.3	305.4	321.4	374.6	424.3	291.1	261.7	329.7	906
Kesk - Secondary		338.6	310.6	295.4	324.3	320.7	274.9	224.0	314.9	2,657
Põhiharidus - Basic	354.8	339.4	323.2	333.8	319.3	305.0	284.1	184.7	328.6	2,804
Algharidus - Primary	326.4	351.7	315.5	321.4	348.7	280.5	244.6	248.5	312.7	6,166
Kooseluseis - Partnership status										
Kooselus - In partnership		326.8	326.6	341.2	367.8	326.0	252.5	200.7	334.4	6,165
Mittekooselus - No partnership	326.9	343.9	266.9	207.8	212.9	223.5	249.4	253.8	302.1	6,368
Leibkonnatüüp - Household type										
Lastega - W/children	322.3	354.9	317.4	326.6	372.1	399.5			330.4	6,556
Vanuritega - W/elderly		374.2	354.3	317.7	304.2	270.6	226.4	207.8	263.0	1,472
Laste ja vanuritega - W/children and elderly	369.7	395.7	381.9	358.8	383.8	363.6	356.5	361.7	369.5	937
Laste või vanuriteta - WO/children or elderly		321.0	282.7	283.2	325.7	280.1			304.3	3,568
Elukoht - Residence										
Linn - Urban	304.6	326.1	300.2	299.4	325.3	317.6	289.1	269.1	308.9	7,284
Maa - Rural	353.4	364.7	336.8	349.8	361.0	275.5	225.3	220.3	330.6	5,249
Hõive - Employment										
Töötav - Employed		339.8	315.2	317.7	340.2	303.6	237.2	139.5	319.8	7,581
Mittetöötav - Not employed	326.9	340.5	287.5	300.1	297.0	277.7	261.6	258.1	315.2	4,952
Majandussektor - Sector of economy										
Primaar - Primary		351.3	341.1	352.9	370.6	287.8	203.4	129.3	329.6	2,220
Sekundaar - Secondary		354.5	314.2	312.7	341.6	351.7	330.6	162.5	328.8	2,546
Tertsiaar - Tertiary		321.5	299.0	298.1	315.5	285.8	271.3	170.8	303.8	2,815
Mittetöötav - Not employed	326.9	340.5	287.5	300.1	297.0	277.7	261.6	258.1	315.2	4,952
Sissetuleku kvintiliid - Income quintiles										
I	178.8	162.1	159.7	165.9	149.4	115.5	104.7	109.3	153.1	2,128
II	257.1	259.8	226.9	247.3	234.6	204.0	210.8	250.9	242.1	2,607
III	318.3	323.9	294.4	298.3	303.3	266.4	267.4	327.0	304.1	2,740
IV	388.5	384.4	349.8	355.7	364.4	321.2	337.3	395.3	364.8	2,606
V	555.4	548.8	496.5	486.0	498.9	452.8	469.5	524.3	507.4	2,452
Kokku Total	326.9	340.1	314.4	317.3	338.4	295.2	251.1	244.7	318.0	12,533
N	2,986	1,777	1,952	2,005	1,779	1,004	684	346	12,533	

Tabel 2.27: Leibkonnaliikme brutokogutulu suurus - *Size of gross per capita household income*

Leibkonnaliikme brutokogutulu, rubla %	Vanusrühm - Age group								Σ	N
Size of gross per capita household income, rouble %	0-14	15-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75+		
0-49	10.8	4.4	6.0	4.5	3.8	5.3	12.1	21.7	7.1	887
50-99	60.7	45.1	47.3	50.0	36.9	32.6	43.3	53.2	47.9	6,005
100-149	23.8	35.7	31.6	29.6	34.6	34.5	30.4	19.7	30.3	3,792
150-199	3.3	11.8	10.2	10.5	17.1	15.7	9.4	3.2	10.0	1,255
200+	1.4	3.0	4.8	5.4	7.6	12.0	4.8	2.3	4.7	594
Kokku Total	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	12,533
Leibkonnaliikme brutokogutulu me- diaan, rubla										
Median gross per capita household income, rouble	82.2	100.2	96.3	95.5	111.0	114.8	94.5	78.0	95.0	12,533
Keskmine leibkonnaliikme brutokogutulu, rubla										
Mean gross per capita household income, rouble										
Sugu - Sex										
Mees - Male	87.1	111.3	112.4	112.3	124.8	128.6	112.7	84.3	108.0	5,735
Naine -Female	86.6	104.4	102.1	103.4	121.9	128.7	101.1	82.2	103.7	6,798
Põlisus - Nativity										
Põline - Native origin	87.1	107.6	108.4	108.4	126.6	130.7	107.8	82.8	106.8	9,741
Välispäritolu - Foreign origin	86.2	107.1	102.0	104.8	113.2	117.2	86.6	81.8	101.5	2,792
Haridustase - Educational level										
Kõrgem - Higher		116.3	114.2	114.1	128.4	153.6	123.1	99.3	118.6	906
Kesk - Secondary		114.5	103.9	102.0	118.6	134.9	110.4	98.2	109.9	2,657
Põhiharidus - Basic	94.4	101.9	108.4	112.5	117.5	138.8	124.7	66.5	109.9	2,804
Algharidus - Primary	86.8	106.2	103.8	104.3	127.4	123.8	102.9	82.2	100	6,166
Kooseluseis - Partnership status										
Kooselus - In partnership		107.0	100.5	104.1	123.7	127.4	106.6	81.3	110.5	6,165
Mittekooselus - No partnership	86.9	107.6	132.5	123.5	120.8	131.5	104.1	83.0	100.9	6,368
Leibkonnatüüp - Household type										
Lastega - W/children	87.5	88.8	93.0	93.3	99.5	93.3			90.8	6,556
Vanuritega - W/elderly		104.7	123.0	111.8	101.1	110.6	110.6	82.7	104.3	1,472
Laste ja vanuritega - W/children and elderly	81.3	79.7	83.8	83.3	84.1	83.9	83.4	82.6	82.5	937
Laste või vanuriteta - WO/children or elderly		123.0	158.4	146.8	142.5	140.4			139.5	3,568
Elukoht - Residence										
Linn - Urban	86.2	106.5	105.0	106.5	117.0	125.1	105.1	83.6	104.0	7,284
Maa - Rural	87.7	109.1	110.1	109.6	133.8	131.7	105.7	81.8	108.0	5,249
Hõive - Employment										
Töötav - Employed		117.5	107.8	108.2	124.6	138.3	120.0	73.4	116.0	7,581
Mittetöötav - Not employed	86.9	94.4	79.6	81.9	91.3	108.5	94.5	83.9	89.8	4,952
Majandussektor - Sector of economy										
Primaar - Primary		121.3	110.0	112.5	139.7	145.5	112.7	66.9	122.7	2,220
Sekundaar - Secondary		122.6	110.3	110.3	125.4	147.9	145.2	112.0	118.8	2,546
Tertsiaar - Tertiary		111.2	104.1	103.1	112.1	118.1	125.0	87.5	108.1	2,815
Mittetöötav - Not employed	86.9	94.4	79.6	81.9	91.3	108.5	94.5	83.9	89.8	4,952
Sissetuleku kvintiilid - Income quintiles										
I	46.0	59.9	52.2	54.4	60.0	59.8	55.0	51.0	53.7	2,127
II	67.9	81.1	74.7	75.5	84.9	92.7	89.3	79.6	77.4	2,614
III	84.9	98.9	94.5	93.9	101.3	111.0	108.9	99.4	95.3	2,738
IV	104.6	123.6	117.6	119.5	126.6	135.8	132.1	120.2	119.2	2,608
V	148.2	169.0	173.9	178.2	190.3	212.9	214.7	178.9	178.1	2,446
Kokku Total	86.9	107.5	107.0	107.6	123.2	128.7	105.5	82.7	105.6	12,533
N	2,986	1,777	1,952	2,005	1,779	1,004	684	346	12,533	

Tabel 2.28: Leibkonnaliikme netokogutulu suurus - *Size of net per capita household income*

Leibkonnaliikme netokogutulu, rubla %	Vanusrühm - Age group								Σ	N
Size of net per capita household income, rouble %	0-14	15-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75+		
0-49	15.1	6.5	8.7	7.0	4.8	5.6	12.7	23.7	9.5	1,187
50-99	63.7	51.5	54.3	57.1	42.9	36.5	46.8	54.6	53.1	6,660
100-149	18.0	32.2	26.7	25.8	34.4	33.4	28.1	16.8	26.7	3,347
150-199	2.1	7.9	7.5	6.5	12.3	15.0	8.5	2.9	7.3	919
200+	1.1	1.9	2.8	3.5	5.6	9.6	3.9	2.0	3.4	420
Kokku Total	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	12,533
Leibkonnaliikme netokogutulu mediaan, rubla										
Median net per capita household income, rouble	75.2	92.0	87.5	86.0	102.2	110.2	91.4	72.0	87.3	12,533
Keskmine leibkonnaliikme netokogutulu, rubla										
Mean net per capita household income, rouble										
Sugu - Sex										
Mees - Male	80.3	102.1	101.6	100.2	114.4	122.3	109.6	82.1	99.1	5,735
Naine -Female	79.8	95.9	92.9	94.4	112.9	124.0	97.0	77.2	96.0	6,798
Põlisus - Nativity										
Põline - Native origin	80.7	99.3	98.7	98.1	117.4	125.9	104.4	79.2	99.1	9,742
Välispäritolu - Foreign origin	77.9	97.0	90.9	93.6	102.5	108.5	80.6	73.9	91.6	2,791
Haridustase - Educational level										
Kõrgem - Higher		105.6	102.1	100.4	115.5	141.5	115.0	95.9	106.1	906
Kesk - Secondary		104.4	93.9	91.9	107.9	125.5	104.4	94.4	99.9	2,657
Põhiharidus - Basic	87.0	94.0	99.2	102.2	107.7	132.4	117.7	62.6	101.0	2,804
Algharidus - Primary	80.0	98.5	94.5	95.2	119.0	119.8	99.8	77.8	93.4	6,166
Kooseluseis - Partnership status										
Kooselus - In partnership		96.6	91.0	94.2	113.8	121.8	104.2	79.9	101.7	6,165
Mittekooselus - No partnership	80.1	99.2	120.3	110.6	112.8	126.6	98.8	78.1	93.2	6,368
Leibkonnatüüp - Household type										
Lastega - W/children	80.6	82.0	85.1	85.3	91.5	87.0			83.5	6,556
Vanuritega - W/elderly		97.1	114.5	102.2	94.1	107.7	107.4	79.3	99.5	1,472
Laste ja vanuritega - W/children and elderly	75.0	73.2	76.9	75.8	77.4	78.6	77.6	75.3	75.9	937
Laste või vanuriteta - WO/children or elderly		112.4	140.0	129.7	131.4	134.6			127.8	3,568
Elukoht - Residence										
Linn - Urban	77.7	96.3	93.6	94.3	105.4	116.3	97.8	76.9	93.6	7,284
Maa - Rural	82.9	102.8	102.4	102.2	127.6	129.3	104.4	79.8	102.7	5,249
Hõive - Employment										
Töötav - Employed		107.2	97.6	97.5	114.8	132.3	116.3	72.3	106.4	7,581
Mittetöötav - Not employed	80.1	87.5	74.4	76.8	86.0	104.4	90.7	79.1	83.6	4,952
Majandussektor - Sector of economy										
Primaar - Primary		115.0	104.1	105.9	134.4	143.4	111.7	66.9	117.7	2,220
Sekundaar - Secondary		110.1	97.4	96.8	112.6	135.8	135.3	107.2	105.9	2,546
Tertsiaar - Tertiary		100.9	93.6	92.5	101.9	111.0	117.9	83.2	98.0	2,815
Mittetöötav - Not employed	80.1	87.5	74.4	76.8	86.0	104.4	90.7	79.1	83.6	4,952
Sissetuleku kvintilid - Income quintiles										
I	42.8	55.6	49.2	52.1	55.3	55.6	52.2	47.5	50.2	2,128
II	62.1	74.6	69.8	68.7	78.1	85.1	83.9	75.5	71.3	2,607
III	77.5	90.5	85.0	86.5	93.4	102.1	100	89.9	87.1	2,740
IV	95.7	112.8	107.9	108.1	114.9	125.7	121.0	110.6	108.9	2,606
V	138.9	154.7	160.3	162.5	177.3	196.9	201.5	172.9	165.5	2,452
Kokku Total	80.1	98.7	97.0	97.1	113.6	123.3	101.7	78.4	97.4	12,533
N	2,986	1,777	1,952	2,005	1,779	1,004	684	346	12,533	

Tabel 2.29: Leibkonnaliikme ekvivalentkogutulu suurus - *Size of net equivalised household income*

Leibkonnaliikme suurus, rubla % Size of net equivalised household income, rouble %	ekvivalentkogutulu	Vanusrühm - Age group								Σ	N
		0-14	15-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75+		
0-99		17.5	16.7	13.3	13.1	13.4	15.4	27.2	39.6	16.4	2,058
100-149		41.9	37.4	36.7	40.9	31.9	31.6	35.7	36.4	37.6	4,710
150-199		26.7	27.5	31.5	27.8	28.8	26.0	22.8	16.5	27.5	3,445
200-249		8.8	13.3	11.6	11.4	16.0	14.6	8.9	4.6	11.7	1,463
250+		5.0	5.1	6.9	6.8	9.9	12.4	5.4	2.9	6.8	857
Kokku Total		100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	12,533
N		2,986	1,777	1,952	2,005	1,779	1,004	684	346	12,533	
Leibkonnaliikme mediaan, rubla	ekvivalentkogutulu										
Median net equivalised household income, rouble		138.9	145.0	149.6	145.6	158.0	153.3	128.7	113.4	144.4	12,533
Keskmine leibkonnaliikme ekvivalentkogutulu, rubla	Mean net equivalised household income, rouble										
Sugu - Sex											
Mees - Male		147.9	159.9	161.6	160.7	174.5	174.9	151.9	116.1	159.2	5,735
Naine -Female		147.5	148.0	154.9	152.9	164.8	163.0	134.4	117.1	151.4	6,798
Põlisus - Nativity											
Põline - Native origin		149.8	154.4	160.3	157.7	173.2	168.9	143.1	116.4	156.7	9,742
Välispäritolu - Foreign origin		140.6	150.4	149.8	152.7	157.1	163.6	124.3	119.3	148.9	2,791
Haridustase - Educational level											
Kõrgem - Higher			158.7	160.5	161.6	179.0	208.5	160.2	137.1	165.7	906
Kesk - Secondary			157.6	154.5	148.0	160.7	175.9	148.9	127.9	155.4	2,657
Põhiharidus - Basic		157.4	149.1	162.0	163.7	159.8	178.7	162.1	88.3	158.4	2,804
Algharidus - Primary		147.6	157.2	155.8	155.2	176.0	161.9	137.9	117.1	151.6	6,166
Kooseluseis - Partnership status											
Kooselus - In partnership			154.8	158.0	160.0	175.5	175.0	146.1	112.3	163.2	6,165
Mittekooselus - No partnership		147.7	152.9	158.2	140.8	141.2	151.9	134.9	117.8	147.0	6,368
Leibkonnatüüp - Household type											
Lastega - W/children		148.6	145.8	152.9	153.6	161.3	155.9			151.2	6,556
Vanuritega - W/elderly			152.1	171.2	152.0	141.4	151.7	141.1	110.3	139.7	1,472
Laste ja vanuritega - W/children and elderly		139.7	133.6	142.6	138.6	139.5	139.6	140.2	137.5	139.2	937
Laste või vanuriteta - WO/children or elderly			160.2	177.5	169.8	181.1	174.8			172.3	3,568
Elukoht - Residence											
Linn - Urban		140.3	147.8	150.5	150.0	158.6	165.7	144.1	119.4	149.0	7,284
Maa - Rural		156.5	162.9	169.8	168.4	187.0	170.1	138.8	114.3	163.3	5,249
Hõive - Employment											
Töötav - Employed			161.2	158.9	157.1	170.5	176.9	151.0	91.8	162.3	7,581
Mittetöötav - Not employed		147.7	143.0	126.9	130.9	133.9	149.8	133.4	120.0	143.7	4,952
Majandussektor - Sector of economy											
Primaar - Primary			173.7	172.7	172.8	195.0	184.1	140.1	85.8	175.4	2,220
Sekundaar - Secondary			165.7	157.4	155.2	168.2	188.1	186.2	125.7	163.1	2,546
Tertsiaar - Tertiary			151.0	151.2	148.1	153.9	154.9	159.5	105.1	151.3	2,815
Mittetöötav - Not employed		147.7	143.0	126.9	130.9	133.9	149.8	133.4	120.0	143.7	4,952
Sissetuleku kvintilid - Income quintiles											
I		80.5	81.8	81.3	82.8	79.1	72.1	67.3	63.2	78.0	2,128
II		115.1	116.0	116.0	115.3	116.4	116.1	116.7	115.6	115.7	2,607
III		143.2	143.0	143.6	142.9	143.1	143.6	143.3	142.6	143.2	2,740
IV		174.9	174.7	174.6	174.4	175.0	175.1	175.2	174.3	174.8	2,606
V		255.1	242.4	253.5	253.5	259.1	265.2	274.0	256.2	255.6	2,452
Kokku Total		147.7	153.3	158.0	156.6	169.0	168.1	141.0	116.8	155.0	12,533
N		2,986	1,777	1,952	2,005	1,779	1,004	684	346	12,533	

Tabel 2.30: Leibkonnaliikme ekvivalentkogutulu suurus enne siirdeid - *Size of net equivalised household income before transfers*

Leibkonnaliikme ekvivalentkogutulu suurus enne siirdeid, rubla %	Vanusrühm - Age group								Σ	N
Size of net equivalised household income before transfers, rouble %	0-14	15-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75+		
0-99	23.7	24.3	17.3	19.4	19.6	41.5	56.6	60.1	25.7	3,226
100-149	39.5	35.4	37.7	39.2	31.4	28.6	26.3	26.6	35.5	4,448
150-199	24.0	25.2	29.1	24.4	26.5	16.1	11.4	8.4	23.6	2,963
200-249	8.1	10.9	9.5	10.7	13.9	6.4	2.5	2.9	9.4	1,175
250+	4.7	4.3	6.4	6.2	8.7	7.4	3.2	2.0	5.8	721
Kokku Total	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	12,533
Leibkonnaliikme ekvivalentkogutulu mediaan enne siirdeid, rubla										
Median net equivalised household income before transfers, rouble	133.3	136.5	143.0	140.5	148.4	113.3	90.8	83.3	134.0	12,533
Keskmine leibkonnaliikme ekvivalentkogutulu enne siirdeid, rubla										
Mean net equivalised household income before transfers, rouble										
Sugu - Sex										
Mees - Male	141.8	149.2	155.2	155.7	166.3	139.1	98.9	78.0	147.5	5,735
Naine -Female	140.6	138.3	148.2	144.7	153.2	115.9	99.0	90.2	137.3	6,798
Põlisus - Nativity										
Põline - Native origin	143.5	143.4	154.2	150.8	163.2	125.7	100.4	85.6	143.0	9,742
Välispäritolu - Foreign origin	133.4	142.6	141.8	146.7	146.5	126.2	87.3	96.7	138.3	2,791
Haridustase - Educational level										
Kõrgem - Higher		140.5	151.0	154.0	168.5	167.1	96.2	68.7	152.7	906
Kesk - Secondary		147.4	147.8	141.0	148.0	129.9	102.5	89.1	143.9	2,657
Põhiharidus - Basic	151.9	139.6	157.4	156.8	151.2	133.3	114.1	65.9	148.3	2,804
Algharidus - Primary	141.1	148.1	148.4	149.6	166.4	120.9	97.7	88.2	136.7	6,166
Kooseluseis - Partnership status										
Kooselus - In partnership		150.6	154.0	155.0	165.2	131.7	93.2	68.9	149.7	6,165
Mittekooselus - No partnership	141.2	141.1	141.6	126.2	132.0	112.0	105.8	91.1	134.5	6,368
Leibkonnatüüp - Household type										
Lastega - W/children	143.4	139.1	149.0	148.9	155.4	130.6			145.8	6,556
Vanuritega - W/elderly		123.1	134.4	126.4	118.2	95.9	95.0	76.7	101.2	1,472
Laste ja vanuritega - W/children and elderly	120.9	112.4	123.7	120.7	124.4	103.9	115.6	120.8	119.8	937
Laste või vanuriteta - WO/children or elderly		151.0	169.1	165.4	172.2	132.3			157.5	3,568
Elukoht - Residence										
Linn - Urban	133.1	137.7	142.9	143.1	147.8	125.5	103.3	92.2	136.9	7,284
Maa - Rural	150.9	152.6	165.0	162.1	178.1	126.0	96.0	82.3	149.0	5,249
Hõive - Employment										
Töötav - Employed		154.3	152.8	150.8	161.0	137.0	104.7	54.2	150.6	7,581
Mittetöötav - Not employed	141.2	128.5	105.5	108.2	110.2	102.4	94.6	91.5	128.8	4,952
Majandussektor - Sector of economy										
Primaar - Primary		167.2	168.0	167.1	186.3	139.0	95.1	43.6	160.0	2,220
Sekundaar - Secondary		158.8	151.3	149.2	158.0	155.0	133.4	94.2	153.4	2,546
Tertsiaar - Tertiary		144.1	144.2	141.0	144.5	117.5	113.3	82.8	140.6	2,815
Mittetöötav - Not employed	141.2	128.5	105.5	108.2	110.2	102.4	94.6	91.5	128.8	4,952
Sissetuleku kvintiliid - Income quintiles										
I	73.0	73.2	74.8	74.8	69.3	39.8	29.8	32.1	64.1	2,128
II	108.0	105.3	110.1	108.0	105.9	78.3	77.5	87.0	103.2	2,607
III	136.4	133.3	137.8	135.8	133.3	104.8	103.7	117.4	131.7	2,740
IV	169.1	165.3	168.9	167.6	165.7	130.4	129.5	141.7	162.7	2,606
V	250.2	230.2	244.4	248.9	248.2	213.7	220.6	227.4	240.1	2,452
Kokku Total	141.2	143.1	151.5	149.9	158.9	125.8	99.0	87.3	142.0	12,533
N	2,986	1,777	1,952	2,005	1,779	1,004	684	346	12,533	

Tabel 2.31: Leibkonnaliikme ekvivalentkogutulu vaesusmäära suhtes - *Size of net equivalised household income as relative to poverty line*

Leibkonnaliikme ekvivalentttulu %	Vanusrühm - Age group								Σ	N
Size of net equivalised household income %	0-14	15-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75+		
Allpool vaesuspiiri - Below poverty line	10.1	8.7	7.6	6.6	7.9	11.2	20.9	31.2	9.9	1,240
1-1.9 vaesuspiiri - poverty line	63.2	58.8	59.0	61.2	51.0	48.7	54.1	53.2	57.9	7,260
2-2.9 vaesuspiiri - poverty line	22.3	28.1	27.4	26.3	32.3	28.6	20.0	13.0	26.1	3,271
3+ vaesuspiiri - poverty line	4.5	4.4	6.0	5.8	8.8	11.6	5.0	2.6	6.1	762
Kokku Total	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	12,533
Suhteline vaesusmäär %										
At-risk-of-poverty rate %										
Sugu - Sex										
Mees - Male	9.5	7.0	6.4	5.4	4.9	8.2	17.1	39.0	8.0	5,735
Naine -Female	10.7	10.0	8.7	7.6	10.1	13.4	23.2	28.8	11.5	6,798
Põlisus - Nativity										
Põline - Native origin	9.8	8.6	7.7	7.2	7.5	11.3	20.6	32.9	10.1	9,741
Välispäritolu - Foreign origin	11.1	8.8	7.2	4.5	8.9	10.5	23.4	22.2	9.2	2,792
Haridustase - Educational level										
Kõrgem - Higher	0.0	3.6	4.9	4.9	3.5	2.4	11.5	0.0	4.6	906
Kesk - Secondary	0.0	8.0	8.1	6.0	6.4	4.7	15.0	33.3	7.5	2,657
Põhiharidus - Basic	4.1	9.0	7.9	6.3	10.4	6.1	8.3	53.8	8.3	2,804
Algharidus - Primary	10.2	12.6	9.0	8.7	8.1	14.0	22.8	30.4	12.4	6,166
Kooseluseis - Partnership status										
Kooselus - In partnership		8.7	5.6	4.5	4.1	8.7	19.0	50.8	6.7	6,165
Mittekooselus - No partnership	10.1	8.6	15.6	16.2	24.0	16.9	23.2	27.2	12.9	6,368
Leibkonnatüüp - Household type										
Lastega - W/children	10.4	9.5	7.5	6.7	7.6	4.7	0.0	0.0	8.7	6,556
Vanuritega - W/elderly	0.0	8.5	10.3	11.8	16.0	16.8	24.4	38.0	22.0	1,472
Laste ja vanuritega - W/children and elderly	7.7	14.9	9.5	4.2	11.2	5.6	6.2	9.6	8.0	937
Laste või vanuriteta - WO/children or elderly	0.0	7.6	7.2	6.2	6.0	11.2	0.0	0.0	7.6	3,568
Elukoht - Residence										
Linn - Urban	8.9	8.9	7.2	5.5	7.5	5.1	13.0	21.4	8.0	7,284
Maa - Rural	11.6	8.2	8.3	8.5	8.6	16.4	26.2	41.0	12.5	5,249
Hõive - Employment										
Töötav - Employed		8.3	7.2	6.1	7.3	9.4	19.4	56.4	8.0	7,581
Mittetöötav - Not employed	10.1	9.1	23.6	27.9	20.0	14.7	22.1	28.0	12.8	4,952
Majandussektor - Sector of economy										
Primaar - Primary	0.0	8.0	8.9	7.8	7.4	13.7	0.0	0.0	11.3	2,220
Sekundaar - Secondary	0.0	4.9	5.0	4.7	4.9	2.9	2.6	0.0	4.7	2,546
Tertsiaar - Tertiary	0.0	11.5	7.9	6.3	9.7	8.3	5.3	25.0	8.4	2,815
Mittetöötav - Not employed	10.1	9.1	23.6	27.9	20.0	14.7	22.1	28.0	12.8	4,952
Sissetuleku kvintiilid - Income quintiles										
I	55.0	51.7	61.1	50.8	55.3	63.6	70.4	75.0	58.3	2,127
II	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2,614
III	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2,738
IV	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2,608
V	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2,446
Kokku Total	10.1	8.7	7.6	6.6	7.9	11.2	20.9	31.2	9.9	12,533
N	2,986	1,777	1,952	2,005	1,779	1,004	684	346	12,533	

Tabel 2.32: Leibkonnaliikme ekvivalentkogutulu enne siirdeid vaesusmäära suhtes - *Size of net equivalised household income before social transfers as relative to poverty line*

Leibkonnaliikme ekvivalenttulu enne siirdeid %	Vanusrühm - Age group								Σ	N
Size of net equivalised household income before transfers %	0-14	15-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75+		
Allpool vaesuspiiri - Below poverty line	12.0	11.9	8.5	8.8	10.5	28.9	42.3	47.1	14.7	1,842
1-1.9 vaesuspiiri - poverty line	56.7	52.2	52.6	54.3	44.5	44.5	42.3	41.0	51.1	6,400
2-2.9 vaesuspiiri - poverty line	24.7	29.2	30.2	28.5	33.6	17.9	11.8	9.2	26.4	3,307
3+ vaesuspiiri - poverty line	6.5	6.6	8.7	8.3	11.4	8.7	3.7	2.6	7.8	973
Kokku Total	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	12,533
Suhteline vaesusmäär enne siirdeid %										
At-risk-of-poverty rate before social transfers %										
Sugu - Sex										
Mees - Male	11.8	10.5	7.2	5.9	6.0	21.0	45.5	57.3	12.0	5,735
Naine -Female	12.2	13.1	9.6	11.4	14.0	34.7	40.3	43.9	17.0	6,798
Põlisus - Nativity										
Põline - Native origin	11.9	13.2	8.3	9.8	11.3	30.0	42.8	50.3	15.8	9,741
Välispäritolu - Foreign origin	12.3	8.6	9.1	5.6	8.3	22.9	37.7	29.6	11.0	2,792
Haridustase - Educational level										
Kõrgem - Higher		16.7	6.6	6.3	4.9	7.3	46.2	66.7	8.5	906
Kesk - Secondary		10.2	9.1	9.6	12.1	21.7	38.3	52.4	11.6	2,657
Põhiharidus - Basic	6.1	12.2	7.9	8.3	13.1	23.6	19.4	61.5	11.3	2,804
Algharidus - Primary	12.1	15.2	10.5	10.1	9.4	32.7	44.0	46.0	18.5	6,166
Kooseluseis - Partnership status										
Kooselus - In partnership		8.7	5.7	5.2	6.1	25.8	48.5	67.8	11.3	6,165
Mittekooselus - No partnership	12.0	12.8	19.4	25.6	29.3	36.1	34.7	42.9	18.0	6,368
Leibkonnatüüp - Household type										
Lastega - W/children	11.9	11.1	8.3	8.8	7.2	21.3			10.3	6,556
Vanuritega - W/elderly		23.1	22.4	20.4	28.2	46.6	48.0	58.6	41.9	1,472
Laste ja vanuritega - W/children and elderly	13.6	20.9	12.6	8.3	12.4	33.3	17.7	10.8	13.7	937
Laste või vanuriteta - WO/children or elderly		10.3	5.9	7.1	8.2	26.1			11.8	3,568
Elukoht - Residence										
Linn - Urban	11.9	12.5	8.5	8.2	11.1	23.1	33.7	39.9	12.9	7,284
Maa - Rural	12.1	10.9	8.3	9.9	9.5	34.0	48.0	54.3	17.2	5,249
Hõive - Employment										
Töötav - Employed		8.0	7.6	8.0	9.7	22.7	41.2	74.4	11.3	7,581
Mittetöötav - Not employed	12.0	17.0	36.4	46.5	28.0	41.7	43.1	43.6	20.0	4,952
Majandussektor - Sector of economy										
Primaar - Primary		8.0	8.1	8.5	7.1	27.8	52.5	79.3	15.3	2,220
Sekundaar - Secondary		4.1	6.2	6.7	7.4	5.8	23.7	50.0	6.6	2,546
Tertsiaar - Tertiary		11.5	8.6	8.8	14.1	29.7	22.7	62.5	12.3	2,815
Mittetöötav - Not employed	12.0	17.0	36.4	46.5	28.0	41.7	43.1	43.6	20.0	4,952
Sissetuleku kvintiliid - Income quintiles										
I	56.8	56.0	57.4	58.1	59.3	80.1	89.2	90.3	64.5	2,127
II	5.1	10.9	5.6	4.2	11.2	45.7	51.8	34.9	13.5	2,614
III	1.4	1.0	0.7	1.3	1.1	25.3	14.0	5.7	3.4	2,738
IV	0.2	0.3	0.0	0.5	0.5	6.1	5.1	2.4	0.9	2,608
V	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2,446
Kokku Total	12.0	11.9	8.5	8.8	10.5	28.9	42.3	47.1	14.7	12,533
N	2,986	1,777	1,952	2,005	1,779	1,004	684	346	12,533	

Tabel 2.33: Eluaseme tüüp - *Dwelling type*

Eluaseme tüüp % Dwelling type %	Vanusrühm - Age group								Σ	N
	0-14	15-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75+		
Korter - Apartment	50.6	49.3	48.5	54.5	53.1	32.8	29.2	38.2	48.1	6,033
Üldkorter - Shared apartment	5.1	6.2	8.2	5.7	3.8	3.4	3.8	3.5	5.4	674
Koridorsüsteemiga maja - Corridor type house	1.5	1.5	2.3	1.8	1.2	1.4	1.0	0.9	1.6	200
Kelder - Cellar	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.2	0.1	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.1	10
Barakk - Barracked	0.5	0.2	0.7	0.3	0.2	0.5	0.1	0.0	0.4	49
Ühisealamu - Dormitory	1.1	3.7	3.0	0.9	0.2	0.5	0.0	0.0	1.5	183
Muu - Other	1.9	2.1	1.6	2.5	2.6	1.8	1.5	1.2	2.0	255
Isiklik - Private	19.1	22.3	13.5	19.8	31.2	50.9	53.7	46.2	25.7	3,221
Teadmata - No data	20.2	14.6	22.1	14.2	7.6	8.8	10.4	10.1	15.2	1,908
Kokku Total	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	12,533
Peremajas elavate osakaal % Proportion living in family house %										
Sugu - Sex										
Mees - Male	18.8	24.2	14.7	19.6	32.2	51.4	64.6	70.7	26.1	5,735
Naine -Female	19.4	20.8	12.5	20.0	30.4	50.5	47.1	38.6	25.4	6,798
Põlisus - Nativity										
Põline - Native origin	22.8	28.7	16.8	24.1	39.4	57.1	58.3	52.4	31.2	9,741
Välispäritolu - Foreign origin	6.4	5.3	1.9	5.6	7.6	16.3	16.9	13.0	6.6	2,792
Haridustase - Educational level										
Kõrgem - Higher		11.9	9.2	12.8	18.2	22.0	15.4	33.3	12.9	906
Kesk - Secondary		19.8	10.3	16.1	19.0	17.1	25.0	23.8	16.0	2,657
Põhiharidus - Basic	24.5	25.2	16.5	21.8	22.6	41.9	44.4	30.8	23.3	2,804
Algharidus - Primary	19.0	21.2	22.9	26.2	43.9	60.9	59.1	48.5	32.9	6,166
Kooseluseis - Partnership status										
Kooselus - In partnership		8.7	11.7	20.0	32.0	55.8	68.6	78.0	27.6	6,165
Mittekooselus - No partnership	19.1	26.1	20.7	18.7	27.8	39.4	35.7	39.7	23.9	6,368
Leibkonnatüüp - Household type										
Lastega - W/children	18.3	20.4	10.8	19.5	29.1	31.5			18.2	6,556
Vanuritega - W/elderly		32.3	39.7	33.3	36.2	66.5	60.1	52.9	51.1	1,472
Laste ja vanuritega - W/children and elderly	26.5	9.0	26.3	17.3	28.1	33.3	26.2	25.3	23.7	937
Laste või vanuriteta - WO/children or elderly		23.1	16.0	18.9	31.4	51.3			29.5	3,568
Elukoht - Residence										
Linn - Urban	9.4	13.1	6.7	11.6	14.9	19.4	16.7	13.9	11.8	7,284
Maa - Rural	30.7	38.4	24.2	34.6	59.4	78.4	78.7	78.6	45.0	5,249
Hõive - Employment										
Töötav - Employed		16.2	13.1	19.5	30.6	48.2	57.8	71.8	24.3	7,581
Mittetöötav - Not employed	19.1	30.3	29.1	32.6	45.3	56.4	50.5	43.0	27.9	4,952
Majandussektor - Sector of economy										
Primaar - Primary		29.6	26.4	37.4	59.9	79.2	79.6	96.6	49.1	2,220
Sekundaar - Secondary		10.6	5.3	10.9	18.4	19.1	18.4	0.0	11.9	2,546
Tertsiaar - Tertiary		14.3	11.1	15.2	20.1	24.0	25.3	0.0	15.9	2,815
Mittetöötav - Not employed	19.1	30.3	29.1	32.6	45.3	56.4	50.5	43.0	27.9	4,952
Sissetuleku kvintilid - Income quintiles										
I	19.3	24.2	14.8	23.8	35.2	63.6	66.0	52.1	32.3	2,127
II	16.9	20.4	8.4	20.0	28.5	48.2	49.4	41.0	23.0	2,614
III	14.8	18.6	13.6	15.4	25.9	42.3	48.8	35.8	20.5	2,738
IV	21.4	20.6	13.7	18.5	29.7	45.2	44.9	39.0	23.7	2,608
V	26.4	28.6	17.5	23.6	35.7	54.8	50.0	64.0	30.8	2,446
Kokku Total	19.1	22.3	13.5	19.8	31.2	50.9	53.7	46.2	25.7	12,533
N	2,986	1,777	1,952	2,005	1,779	1,004	684	346	12,533	

Tabel 2.34: Eluase kuuluvus - *Dwelling ownership*

Eluaseme kuuluvus % Owner of house %	Vanusrühm - Age group								Σ	N
	0-14	15-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75+		
Kohalik TSN - Local soviet	58.6	61.0	62.5	63.2	58.3	38.5	34.4	42.5	56.9	7,127
Elamukooperatiiv - Housing co-operative	3.0	1.1	4.0	3.2	1.1	1.0	1.0	2.3	2.4	297
Kolhoos - Kolkhoz	10.1	7.4	8.8	6.3	4.1	4.5	5.1	3.2	7.1	896
Isiklik - Private	20.8	24.0	15.0	21.7	33.6	52.4	55.3	47.1	27.4	3,439
üüripind TSN või kolhoosi majas - Rental apartment	7.4	6.5	9.6	5.5	2.9	3.6	4.2	4.9	6.1	766
Teadmata - No data	0.1	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	8
Kokku Total	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	12,533
N	2,986	1,777	1,952	2,005	1,779	1,004	684	346	12,533	
Eramajas elavate osakaal %										
Proportion living in private house %										
Sugu - Sex										
Mees - Male	20.2	26.2	16.1	21.6	34.4	53.7	66.5	70.7	27.8	5,735
Naine - Female	21.4	22.3	14.0	21.8	32.9	51.4	48.5	39.8	27.1	6,798
Põlisus - Nativity										
Põline - Native origin	24.8	31.2	18.6	26.5	42.6	58.9	60.1	53.4	33.4	9,741
Välispäritolu - Foreign origin	6.7	5.3	2.1	5.6	7.6	16.3	16.9	13.0	6.7	2,792
Haridustase - Educational level										
Kõrgem - Higher		17.9	10.2	13.2	21.7	22.0	15.4	33.3	14.5	906
Kesk - Secondary		21.0	12.1	17.9	20.9	18.6	28.3	23.8	17.7	2,657
Põhiharidus - Basic	26.5	26.9	18.0	24.3	26.9	45.3	44.4	30.8	25.5	2,804
Algharidus - Primary	20.7	23.2	23.8	28.4	45.2	62.1	60.7	49.5	34.4	6,166
Kooseluseis - Partnership status										
Kooselus - In partnership		9.5	13.1	22.4	34.6	57.7	70.5	78.0	29.5	6,165
Mittekooselus - No partnership	20.8	28.1	22.2	18.7	29.3	40.1	37.0	40.8	25.4	6,368
Leibkonnatüüp - Household type										
Lastega - W/children	20.0	21.7	12.5	21.4	30.7	33.9			19.9	6,556
Vanuritega - W/elderly		36.9	46.6	33.3	39.4	67.7	61.7	53.6	53.1	1,472
Laste ja vanuritega - W/children and elderly	28.2	10.4	26.3	18.5	32.6	33.3	27.7	26.5	25.3	937
Laste või vanuriteta - WO/children or elderly		24.9	16.3	21.3	33.7	52.7			31.3	3,568
Elukoht - Residence										
Linn - Urban	11.2	15.2	8.5	13.6	18.3	22.2	19.6	15.6	14.0	7,284
Maa - Rural	32.2	39.5	25.2	36.4	60.0	78.7	79.4	78.6	46.1	5,249
Hõive - Employment										
Töötav - Employed		17.6	14.5	21.5	32.9	49.9	58.5	71.8	26.0	7,581
Mittetöötav - Not employed	20.8	32.5	29.1	32.6	49.3	57.7	52.8	44.0	29.6	4,952
Majandussektor - Sector of economy										
Primaar - Primary		30.5	27.4	38.0	60.3	79.6	79.6	96.6	49.7	2,220
Sekundaar - Secondary		11.2	6.1	12.6	19.7	22.0	18.4	0.0	13.1	2,546
Tertsiaar - Tertiary		16.6	13.5	18.3	24.8	26.6	28.0	0.0	19.0	2,815
Mittetöötav - Not employed	20.8	32.5	29.1	32.6	49.3	57.7	52.8	44.0	29.6	4,952
Sissetuleku kvintilid - Income quintiles										
I	20.8	24.8	16.4	25.0	36.8	63.6	66.5	52.1	33.3	2,127
II	18.6	23.2	9.4	22.6	31.8	50.3	53.0	42.2	25.2	2,614
III	16.5	20.4	15.8	17.5	27.6	45.6	49.6	37.7	22.5	2,738
IV	22.6	21.4	14.7	19.6	32.2	47.2	44.9	41.5	25.0	2,608
V	28.9	31.2	18.8	25.8	38.4	55.2	53.3	64.0	32.9	2,446
Kokku Total	20.8	24.0	15.0	21.7	33.6	52.4	55.3	47.1	27.4	12,533
N	2,986	1,777	1,952	2,005	1,779	1,004	684	346	12,533	

Tabel 2.35: Leibkonna kasutatavate elutubade arv - *No. of living rooms in use*

Leibkonna elutubade arv % Number of living rooms in use %	Vanusrühm - Age group								Σ	N
	0-14	15-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75+		
Alla 1- Less than 1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.4	0.2	0.1	0.0	0.3	0.2	25
1	12.2	17.3	21.2	13.6	12.4	13.9	14.0	15.3	14.9	1,869
2	31.1	30.8	30.2	35.6	37.0	30.8	30.3	28.3	32.3	4,053
3	26.4	26.9	20.1	26.8	31.3	33.2	36.5	31.8	27.5	3,445
4	8.1	7.7	5.3	7.2	8.3	10.8	6.7	8.7	7.6	957
5+	1.8	2.5	0.9	2.1	3.2	2.5	2.0	5.5	2.2	276
Teadmata - No data	20.2	14.6	22.1	14.2	7.6	8.8	10.4	10.1	15.2	1,908
Kokku Total	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	12,533
N	2,986	1,777	1,952	2,005	1,779	1,004	684	346	12,533	
Keskmine elutubade arv										
Mean number of living rooms										
Sugu - Sex										
Mees - Male	2.5	2.5	2.2	2.4	2.6	2.7	2.5	2.7	2.4	4,848
Naine -Female	2.4	2.3	2.1	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.5	2.5	2.4	5,777
Põlisus - Nativity										
Põline - Native origin	2.6	2.5	2.3	2.5	2.6	2.6	2.5	2.6	2.5	8,034
Välispäritolu - Foreign origin	2.1	2.1	1.8	2.1	2.2	2.2	2.1	2.2	2.1	2,591
Haridustase - Educational level										
Kõrgem - Higher		2.6	2.2	2.6	2.9	2.8	2.2	2.3	2.6	769
Kesk - Secondary		2.3	2.1	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.2	2.3	2,276
Põhiharidus - Basic	2.5	2.4	2.2	2.3	2.4	2.4	2.5	2.2	2.3	2,412
Algharidus - Primary	2.4	2.3	2.2	2.3	2.5	2.6	2.5	2.6	2.5	5,168
Kooseluseis - Partnership status										
Kooselus - In partnership		1.9	2.2	2.5	2.6	2.7	2.5	2.6	2.4	5,360
Mittekooselus - No partnership	2.5	2.5	2.0	1.9	2.0	2.1	2.4	2.6	2.4	5,265
Leibkonnatüüp - Household type										
Lastega - W/children	2.4	2.4	2.2	2.5	2.6	2.6			2.4	5,311
Vanuritega - W/elderly		2.7	2.6	2.6	2.7	2.8	2.4	2.5	2.5	1,355
Laste ja vanuritega - W/children and elderly	2.8	2.6	2.7	2.8	2.9	3.2	2.8	2.8	2.8	815
Laste või vanuriteta - WO/children or elderly		2.3	1.8	2.1	2.4	2.4			2.3	3,144
Elukoht - Residence										
Linn - Urban	2.3	2.3	2.0	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.2	2.4	2.2	6,631
Maa - Rural	2.7	2.6	2.5	2.7	2.8	2.8	2.7	2.8	2.7	3,994
Hõive - Employment										
Töötav - Employed		2.1	2.1	2.4	2.5	2.5	2.3	2.5	2.3	6,468
Mittetöötav - Not employed	2.5	2.7	2.4	2.5	2.6	2.7	2.6	2.6	2.5	4,157
Majandussektor - Sector of economy										
Primaar - Primary		2.3	2.6	2.7	2.7	2.8	2.6	2.7	2.7	1,626
Sekundaar - Secondary		2.0	2.0	2.3	2.3	2.2	2.0	1.0	2.2	2,344
Tertsiaar - Tertiary		2.2	2.1	2.4	2.5	2.2	2.0	1.2	2.3	2,498
Mittetöötav - Not employed	2.5	2.7	2.4	2.5	2.6	2.7	2.6	2.6	2.5	4,157
Sissetuleku kvintiilid - Income quintiles										
I	2.2	2.1	2.0	2.3	2.3	2.4	2.3	2.2	2.2	1,738
II	2.4	2.3	2.1	2.4	2.4	2.5	2.5	2.6	2.4	2,221
III	2.4	2.4	2.1	2.4	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.9	2.4	2,341
IV	2.6	2.4	2.2	2.4	2.5	2.6	2.6	3.1	2.5	2,218
V	2.7	2.6	2.3	2.5	2.6	2.7	2.6	3.1	2.6	2,107
Kokku Total	2.5	2.4	2.2	2.4	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.6	2.4	10,625
N	2,384	1,518	1,520	1,720	1,643	916	613	311	10,625	

Tabel 2.36: Leibkonna eluaseme üldpind - *Total floor area*

Eluaseme üldpind, ruutmeetrit % Total floor area, square metres %	Vanusrühm - Age group								Σ	N
	0-14	15-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75+		
0-29	12.0	17.1	20.0	12.6	10.7	12.5	12.4	11.8	13.9	1,746
30-39	18.3	18.9	18.4	20.0	20.5	17.0	17.5	14.5	18.7	2,349
40-49	24.4	21.1	23.4	26.7	23.7	16.4	17.0	16.2	22.8	2,856
50-59	13.9	13.5	12.3	12.3	15.0	16.5	15.2	17.3	13.9	1,738
60-69	13.0	10.7	9.6	12.1	13.0	14.9	13.6	16.5	12.3	1,539
70+	11.0	12.2	6.6	10.7	14.2	18.9	20.0	18.8	12.2	1,535
Teadmata - No data	7.4	6.4	9.7	5.5	2.9	3.6	4.2	4.9	6.1	770
Kokku Total	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	12,533
N	2,986	1,777	1,952	2,005	1,779	1,004	684	346	12,533	
Keskmine üldpinna suurus m^2										
Mean size of total floor area m^2										
Sugu - Sex										
Mees - Male	48.9	49.5	43.6	47.9	52.0	55.2	53.9	58.9	49.3	5,382
Naine - Female	48.8	45.6	43.5	48.0	49.3	50.6	51.9	53.2	48.0	6,381
Põlisus - Nativity										
Põline - Native origin	51.6	50.8	45.5	50.6	53.6	54.2	54.1	56.7	51.3	9,031
Välispäritolu - Foreign origin	40.0	38.9	36.9	39.5	41.8	44.1	41.9	43.5	39.9	2,732
Haridustase - Educational level										
Kõrgem - Higher		50.3	46.0	51.4	57.1	56.2	45.5	47.3	50.6	840
Kesk - Secondary		45.6	42.8	48.3	49.2	47.3	47.4	45.9	46.1	2,492
Põhiharidus - Basic	50.7	48.4	43.1	46.8	48.5	52.1	52.0	51.5	47.2	2,637
Algharidus - Primary	48.8	46.9	44.6	46.8	51.0	53.5	53.6	55.4	50.1	5,794
Kooseluseis - Partnership status										
Kooselus - In partnership		38.2	44.4	49.8	52.3	55.3	55.9	59.9	49.6	5,853
Mittekooselus - No partnership	48.9	49.7	40.2	38.5	42.4	45.7	48.6	53.4	47.7	5,910
Leibkonnatüüp - Household type										
Lastega - W/children	48.0	47.8	44.4	49.0	52.3	51.1			47.8	6,085
Vanuritega - W/elderly		53.3	49.5	50.9	53.4	59.0	52.1	53.8	53.3	1,413
Laste ja vanuritega - W/children and elderly	56.4	55.0	53.2	54.8	57.2	64.7	55.1	56.9	55.8	907
Laste või vanuriteta - WO/children or elderly		45.6	37.0	42.9	48.4	51.0			46.2	3,358
Elukoht - Residence										
Linn - Urban	44.8	44.5	40.4	45.0	46.6	45.9	45.2	47.6	44.5	6,888
Maa - Rural	53.9	52.4	48.5	53.5	57.3	58.5	57.8	61.4	54.4	4,875
Hõive - Employment										
Töötav - Employed		42.5	43.4	47.9	50.4	51.1	50.9	60.3	47.2	7,104
Mittetöötav - Not employed	48.9	53.4	47.5	51.7	52.7	55.7	53.9	53.9	50.9	4,659
Majandussektor - Sector of economy										
Primaar - Primary		48.0	49.9	53.0	57.2	57.9	55.6	67.1	53.9	2,069
Sekundaar - Secondary		39.4	40.3	44.7	46.3	44.7	43.6	23.8	43.2	2,421
Tertsiaar - Tertiary		42.4	42.1	47.5	49.3	45.7	43.5	31.1	45.5	2,614
Mittetöötav - Not employed	48.9	53.4	47.5	51.7	52.7	55.7	53.9	53.9	50.9	4,659
Sissetuleku kvintilid - Income quintiles										
I	44.4	40.6	39.7	45.5	46.4	50.1	49.5	51.5	45.2	1,940
II	49.5	45.7	42.7	48.1	48.2	51.1	51.1	53.8	48.0	2,443
III	47.1	47.8	43.8	46.9	49.1	51.4	54.0	57.0	47.7	2,590
IV	51.1	49.2	44.2	48.9	52.2	53.0	59.0	57.7	50.0	2,446
V	53.0	52.2	45.5	49.6	53.4	56.1	54.0	63.7	51.7	2,344
Kokku Total	48.9	47.4	43.6	48.0	50.5	52.6	52.7	54.6	48.6	11,763
N	2,764	1,663	1,763	1,894	1,727	968	655	329	11,763	

Tabel 2.37: Leibkonna eluaseme elamispind - *Total useful floor area*

Eluaseme elamispinna suurus, ruut-meetrit %	Vanusrühm - Age group									
Total useful floor area, square metres %	0-14	15-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75+	Σ	N
0-9	0.5	2.3	1.7	0.9	0.5	0.5	1.5	0.9	1.1	136
10-19	10.7	13.2	18.1	11.7	10.7	11.9	11.0	13.9	12.6	1,574
20-29	24.3	24.0	26.3	25.3	24.4	20.7	20.9	17.1	24.1	3,018
30-39	26.0	24.7	22.3	28.2	27.7	22.8	23.7	19.7	25.3	3,168
40-49	19.1	17.8	14.1	17.9	20.2	22.0	19.6	24.9	18.5	2,323
50+	11.9	11.6	7.7	10.4	13.5	18.5	19.2	18.8	12.3	1,544
Teadmata - No data	7.4	6.4	9.7	5.5	2.9	3.6	4.2	4.9	6.1	770
Kokku Total	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	12,533
N	2,986	1,777	1,952	2,005	1,779	1,004	684	346	12,533	
Keskmine elamispinna suurus m^2										
Mean size of useful floor area m^2										
Sugu - Sex										
Mees - Male	35.1	35.4	31.1	34.1	36.9	39.2	37.4	41.1	35.1	5,382
Naine -Female	35.1	32.5	31.1	34.2	34.7	35.6	36.4	36.6	34.1	6,381
Põlisus - Nativity										
Põline - Native origin	36.7	35.7	32.3	35.6	37.3	38.1	37.4	38.8	36.1	9,031
Välispäritolu - Foreign origin	29.8	29.2	27.0	29.5	31.2	32.1	31.9	31.9	29.7	2,732
Haridustase - Educational level										
Kõrgem - Higher		36.6	32.7	36.7	40.7	40.2	33.4	34.0	36.2	840
Kesk - Secondary		32.5	30.5	34.3	34.9	34.6	33.3	32.6	32.8	2,492
Põhiharidus - Basic	38.0	34.4	31.1	33.2	34.1	36.6	36.9	35.8	33.6	2,637
Algharidus - Primary	35.0	34.0	31.5	33.4	35.9	37.6	37.3	38.2	35.5	5,794
Kooseluseis - Partnership status										
Kooselus - In partnership		27.7	31.7	35.5	37.0	39.4	38.5	41.5	35.2	5,853
Mittekooselus - No partnership	35.1	35.4	29.0	26.9	29.5	31.6	34.5	36.9	33.9	5,910
Leibkonnatüüp - Household type										
Lastega - W/children	34.5	34.6	31.7	35.1	37.6	37.2			34.3	6,085
Vanuritega - W/elderly		37.9	35.3	35.8	37.3	40.7	36.2	36.6	37.0	1,413
Laste ja vanuritega - W/children and elderly	40.6	40.0	39.4	39.1	41.1	47.1	39.2	41.1	40.2	907
Laste või vanuriteta - WO/children or elderly		32.2	26.3	29.9	33.9	36.1			32.5	3,358
Elukoht - Residence										
Linn - Urban	32.4	32.2	28.9	32.0	33.4	32.9	32.4	34.0	32.0	6,888
Maa - Rural	38.4	36.7	34.6	38.0	39.8	40.9	39.7	41.4	38.2	4,875
Hõive - Employment										
Töötav - Employed		30.6	31.0	34.0	35.6	36.2	34.9	41.3	33.5	7,104
Mittetöötav - Not employed	35.1	37.8	33.9	37.3	36.8	39.3	38.2	37.3	36.2	4,659
Majandussektor - Sector of economy										
Primaar - Primary		32.9	35.6	37.6	39.8	40.5	37.9	45.3	37.8	2,069
Sekundaar - Secondary		29.1	29.1	31.9	33.3	31.7	28.7	17.8	31.1	2,421
Tertsiaar - Tertiary		30.7	29.9	33.7	34.8	33.0	30.7	24.6	32.4	2,614
Mittetöötav - Not employed	35.1	37.8	33.9	37.3	36.8	39.3	38.2	37.3	36.2	4,659
Sissetuleku kvintilid - Income quintiles										
I	32.0	28.6	28.5	32.2	32.4	35.7	35.3	34.4	32.0	1,940
II	35.3	33.1	30.5	34.4	34.1	36.4	35.0	37.3	34.2	2,443
III	33.8	33.8	31.4	33.3	34.9	36.2	38.0	40.3	34.0	2,590
IV	36.7	35.5	31.3	34.9	37.3	37.1	41.9	41.4	35.7	2,446
V	38.3	36.9	32.6	35.1	37.4	39.5	36.0	45.6	36.6	2,344
Kokku Total	35.1	33.8	31.1	34.1	35.7	37.2	36.8	37.7	34.6	11,763
N	2,764	1,663	1,763	1,894	1,727	968	655	329	11,763	

Tabel 2.38: Elamispinna suurus elaniku kohta - *Useful floor area per dweller*

Elamispinna suurus elaniku kohta %	Vanusrühm - Age group								Σ	N
Useful floor area per dweller %	0-14	15-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75+		
0-4.9	10.0	9.1	10.0	5.8	4.0	3.1	2.9	5.5	7.3	915
5-9.9	56.2	49.9	47.8	49.7	39.1	22.5	24.7	31.5	45.4	5,696
10-14.9	21.6	25.3	23.3	25.9	29.7	23.1	22.8	24.6	24.5	3,069
15-19.9	4.0	7.0	6.2	8.6	13.7	18.9	15.2	13.0	8.9	1,121
20+	0.7	2.4	3.0	4.3	10.3	28.7	30.1	20.5	7.7	959
Teadmata - No data	7.4	6.4	9.7	5.5	3.0	3.7	4.2	4.9	6.2	773
Kokku Total	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	12,533
N	2,986	1,777	1,952	2,005	1,779	1,004	684	346	12,533	
Keskmine elamispinna suurus elaniku kohta m^2										
Mean size of useful floor area per dweller m^2										
Sugu - Sex										
Mees - Male	8.6	9.8	9.6	10.4	11.7	15.7	16.3	18.9	10.7	5,381
Naine -Female	8.6	9.4	9.4	10.3	12.8	17.6	17.5	13.0	11.3	6,379
Põlisus - Nativity										
Põline - Native origin	9.0	10.2	10.0	10.9	13.3	17.9	17.7	15.5	11.8	9,028
Välispäritolu - Foreign origin	7.5	7.9	7.7	8.6	9.7	11.0	11.9	8.8	8.5	2,732
Haridustase - Educational level										
Kõrgem - Higher		11.1	10.6	11.3	12.3	13.3	14.1	15.6	11.4	840
Kesk - Secondary		9.8	9.3	10.6	11.8	14.2	13.3	15.8	10.5	2,492
Põhiharidus - Basic	8.9	9.3	9.2	10.0	11.9	16.3	16.7	20.3	10.4	2,637
Algharidus - Primary	8.6	9.4	9.5	9.8	12.9	17.6	17.6	14.1	11.5	5,791
Kooseluseis - Partnership status										
Kooselus - In partnership		7.9	8.7	9.6	11.4	15.5	16.6	18.2	10.9	5,851
Mittekooselus - No partnership	8.6	10.0	12.8	13.9	16.5	20.1	17.6	13.7	11.1	5,909
Leibkonnatüüp - Household type										
Lastega - W/children	8.6	8.0	8.5	9.2	9.3	8.4			8.7	6,085
Vanuritega - W/elderly		9.8	11.9	11.7	12.0	16.8	19.0	16.4	15.7	1,413
Laste ja vanuritega - W/children and elderly	8.3	7.4	8.0	8.3	8.4	10.8	8.7	8.5	8.3	907
Laste või vanuriteta - WO/children or elderly		10.8	12.9	13.5	14.2	18.5			13.9	3,355
Elukoht - Residence										
Linn - Urban	8.3	9.1	8.9	9.9	11.1	12.6	11.5	10.7	9.7	6,886
Maa - Rural	9.0	10.4	10.5	11.1	14.6	20.5	20.8	18.2	12.8	4,874
Hõive - Employment										
Töötav - Employed		9.3	9.5	10.3	12.4	17.0	19.1	22.9	11.5	7,101
Mittetöötav - Not employed	8.6	9.8	8.7	9.9	11.9	16.4	15.5	13.5	10.3	4,659
Majandussektor - Sector of economy										
Primaar - Primary		11.2	10.7	11.3	15.0	21.4	23.0	24.6	14.6	2,068
Sekundaar - Secondary		8.3	8.8	9.7	11.0	12.3	12.0	13.4	9.8	2,420
Tertsiaar - Tertiary		9.4	9.4	10.3	11.7	14.0	13.5	15.3	10.6	2,613
Mittetöötav - Not employed	8.6	9.8	8.7	9.9	11.9	16.4	15.5	13.5	10.3	4,659
Sissetuleku kvintiilid - Income quintiles										
I	7.7	9.5	9.1	9.6	13.1	19.2	20.4	17.9	11.9	1,940
II	8.5	9.1	8.9	9.9	12.0	16.7	15.6	11.5	10.5	2,442
III	8.4	9.0	9.4	9.7	11.1	14.9	15.2	12.5	10.1	2,590
IV	9.1	9.8	9.7	10.7	12.3	15.2	16.6	11.6	10.9	2,444
V	9.5	10.4	10.3	11.7	13.2	17.9	15.2	14.0	12.0	2,344
Kokku Total	8.6	9.6	9.5	10.3	12.4	16.8	17.0	14.5	11.0	11,760
N	2,764	1,663	1,763	1,894	1,725	967	655	329	11,760	

Tabel 2.39: Elutubade arv elaniku kohta - *Living rooms per dweller*

Elutubade arv elaniku kohta %	Vanusrühm - Age group								Σ	N
Number of living rooms per dweller %	0-14	15-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75+		
0-0.4	21.7	18.0	19.1	13.6	9.9	6.2	6.3	9.8	15.4	1,928
0.5-0.9	60.3	54.1	52.2	56.4	46.8	29.3	28.9	38.2	50.8	6,368
1-1.4	10.0	19.4	16.2	20.5	29.5	31.7	30.6	29.2	20.1	2,524
1.5-1.9	0.5	1.4	1.5	1.9	6.1	15.1	19.3	9.8	4.2	532
2+	0.0	0.6	1.2	2.0	4.6	14.0	10.7	8.1	3.2	399
Teadmata - No data	7.5	6.5	9.8	5.5	3.1	3.7	4.2	4.9	6.2	782
Kokku Total	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	12,533
N	2,986	1,777	1,952	2,005	1,779	1,004	684	346	12,533	
Alla 1 elutoa isiku kohta, %										
Less than 1 living room per person, %										
Sugu - Sex										
Mees - Male	81.5	71.6	69.5	70.7	62.1	40.7	31.9	29.3	67.8	5,377
Naine -Female	82.6	72.4	72.8	69.4	52.6	31.6	37.2	53.8	64.8	6,374
Põlisus - Nativity										
Põline - Native origin	78.8	66.2	66.7	64.9	50.4	29.8	31.3	42.5	60.9	9,021
Välispäritolu - Foreign origin	93.3	87.6	87.4	86.8	74.8	66.7	66.2	77.8	84.7	2,730
Haridustase - Educational level										
Kõrgem - Higher		63.1	59.0	63.2	55.2	53.7	42.3	33.3	59.4	840
Kesk - Secondary		66.9	72.3	70.4	62.3	40.3	48.3	33.3	66.7	2,491
Põhiharidus - Basic	87.8	76.5	75.0	71.6	55.6	35.1	36.1	46.2	69.4	2,634
Algharidus - Primary	82.0	72.8	73.3	71.6	54.8	33.5	33.5	49.2	65.6	5,786
Kooseluseis - Partnership status										
Kooselus - In partnership		76.1	78.3	77.0	62.7	37.5	30.0	16.9	66.0	5,845
Mittekooselus - No partnership	82.0	71.0	43.6	37.6	31.1	30.8	41.5	54.4	66.4	5,906
Leibkonnatüüp - Household type										
Lastega - W/children	81.2	87.3	79.1	80.2	80.4	86.6			81.2	6,079
Vanuritega - W/elderly		75.4	53.4	57.0	54.9	28.0	23.1	34.6	38.2	1,413
Laste ja vanuritega - W/children and elderly	89.9	94.0	93.7	89.3	92.1	72.2	86.9	90.4	90.0	907
Laste või vanuriteta - WO/children or elderly		59.4	41.5	43.1	42.7	26.9			43.9	3,352
Elukoht - Residence										
Linn - Urban	83.6	73.8	74.3	72.1	63.4	52.1	57.6	64.7	71.9	6,880
Maa - Rural	80.2	69.1	66.4	66.1	45.2	20.9	20.1	31.2	58.3	4,871
Hõive - Employment										
Töötav - Employed		68.8	71.1	69.8	56.6	35.0	24.1	10.3	61.8	7,094
Mittetöötav - Not employed	82.0	76.4	76.4	76.7	58.7	36.5	43.6	52.8	72.9	4,657
Majandussektor - Sector of economy										
Primaar - Primary		61.0	64.0	64.7	46.4	19.8	13.8	3.4	49.0	2,065
Sekundaar - Secondary		77.7	78.1	74.2	62.6	52.0	50.0	50.0	71.1	2,419
Tertsiaar - Tertiary		65.1	69.5	69.3	58.6	44.3	36.0	25.0	63.6	2,610
Mittetöötav - Not employed	82.0	76.4	76.4	76.7	58.7	36.5	43.6	52.8	72.9	4,657
Sissetuleku kvintilid - Income quintiles										
I	82.0	65.8	66.8	71.9	52.6	28.4	20.2	30.6	59.4	1,940
II	84.0	74.1	75.8	73.9	57.0	34.2	37.8	66.3	69.6	2,442
III	84.1	76.8	75.0	75.9	69.0	41.8	42.6	56.6	72.9	2,590
IV	79.8	73.5	69.4	68.8	59.4	44.7	45.9	63.4	67.8	2,444
V	78.8	68.5	67.2	59.0	47.6	29.6	42.2	44.0	59.2	2,335
Kokku Total	82.0	72.1	71.2	70.0	56.7	35.5	35.2	48.0	66.2	11,751
N	2,762	1,661	1,760	1,894	1,723	967	655	329	11,751	

Tabel 2.40: Mugavused - *Utilities*

Kasutatavad mugavused % Access to utilities %	Vanusrühm - Age group								Σ	N
	0-14	15-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75+		
Elekter - Electricity	99.7	99.6	99.7	99.7	99.7	99.6	99.2	99.1	99.6	11,725
Keskküte - Central heating	44.6	43.8	48.5	48.4	38.7	21.3	20.9	25.2	41.0	4,828
Veevärk - Piped water	72.9	68.9	78.2	72.4	64.6	44.0	41.5	48.6	67.0	7,886
Kanaliseatsioon - Sewer	69.6	66.7	75.2	70.0	62.1	41.6	39.4	45.0	64.3	7,567
Soe vesi - Hot water	34.2	31.5	36.1	37.6	27.7	13.6	14.7	21.3	30.6	3,597
Gaas - Gas	79.9	75.9	80.7	77.9	73.2	54.5	51.8	53.8	73.8	8,683
Vann-dush - Bath-shower	53.5	50.0	54.8	54.7	46.5	26.2	25.0	29.5	47.9	5,634
Telefon - Telephone	26.4	25.4	25.4	29.8	25.6	19.4	17.7	20.1	25.3	2,980
N	2,766	1,662	1,765	1,894	1,728	968	655	329	11,767	
Keskmine mugavusaste, 1-8 skaala Mean score of utilities, 1-8 scale										
Sugu - Sex										
Mees - Male	4.8	4.5	4.9	4.9	4.5	3.3	2.8	2.1	4.5	5,385
Naine -Female	4.8	4.7	5.1	4.9	4.3	3.1	3.3	3.8	4.5	6,382
Põlisus - Nativity										
Põline - Native origin	4.6	4.2	4.7	4.5	3.9	2.9	2.8	3.1	4.1	9,035
Välispäritolu - Foreign origin	5.6	5.7	5.8	6.0	5.6	5.0	5.3	5.0	5.7	2,732
Haridustase - Educational level										
Kõrgem - Higher		5.4	5.9	6.1	6.4	5.6	5.5	4.7	6.0	840
Kesk - Secondary		5.0	5.2	5.3	5.2	5.2	4.9	4.0	5.2	2,493
Põhiharidus - Basic	4.6	4.4	4.6	4.6	4.7	3.7	4.0	4.4	4.5	2,636
Algharidus - Primary	4.8	4.2	4.2	4.0	3.5	2.6	2.7	3.3	4.0	5,798
Kooseluseis - Partnership status										
Kooselus - In partnership		5.1	5.2	5.0	4.5	3.2	2.6	1.9	4.5	5,855
Mittekooselus - No partnership	4.8	4.5	4.3	4.3	4.0	3.2	3.8	3.8	4.5	5,912
Leibkonnatüüp - Household type										
Lastega - W/children	4.8	4.6	5.1	5.0	4.5	4.1			4.8	6,090
Vanuritega - W/elderly		4.5	3.9	4.2	4.2	2.8	2.7	3.0	3.3	1,413
Laste ja vanuritega - W/children and elderly	4.8	4.8	5.1	5.3	4.7	5.0	4.9	4.9	4.9	907
Laste või vanuriteta - WO/children or elderly		4.6	4.7	4.7	4.3	3.1			4.3	3,357
Elukoht - Residence										
Linn - Urban	5.6	5.4	5.5	5.6	5.3	4.7	5.2	5.0	5.4	6,896
Maa - Rural	3.8	3.3	4.2	3.5	2.7	1.9	1.7	1.8	3.2	4,871
Hõive - Employment										
Töötav - Employed		4.7	5.0	4.9	4.4	3.3	2.6	2.0	4.6	7,106
Mittetöötav - Not employed	4.8	4.5	3.7	3.2	3.2	3.1	3.5	3.6	4.4	4,661
Majandussektor - Sector of economy										
Primaar - Primary		3.2	3.8	3.4	2.7	1.8	1.5	1.5	2.9	2,067
Sekundaar - Secondary		5.5	5.7	5.7	5.3	4.9	4.9	4.5	5.5	2,423
Tertsiaar - Tertiary		4.8	5.2	5.3	5.0	4.2	4.2	4.8	5.0	2,616
Mittetöötav - Not employed	4.8	4.5	3.7	3.2	3.2	3.1	3.5	3.6	4.4	4,661
Sissetuleku kvintiidid - Income quintiles										
I	4.1	3.9	4.4	4.1	3.6	2.3	2.2	2.8	3.6	1,939
II	4.9	4.3	5.1	4.7	4.1	3.2	3.0	3.4	4.4	2,446
III	5.1	5.1	4.9	5.4	4.7	3.3	3.5	4.1	4.9	2,592
IV	5.1	5.2	5.3	5.2	4.8	3.9	4.1	4.7	5.0	2,450
V	4.6	4.5	4.9	4.7	4.4	3.3	3.5	3.3	4.4	2,340
Kokku Total	4.8	4.6	5.0	4.9	4.4	3.2	3.1	3.4	4.5	11,767
N	2,766	1,662	1,765	1,894	1,728	968	655	329	11,767	

Tabel 2.41: Kultuurikaubad - *Recreational goods*

Kultuurikaupade olemasolu %	Vanusrühm - Age group								Σ	N
Recreational goods %	0-14	15-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75+		
Raadio - Radio	92.3	90.4	91.9	92.7	93.2	94.6	94.6	90.5	92.4	11,583
Televiisor - TV set	93.3	85.8	89.5	93.4	93.5	87.1	78.4	78.3	89.9	11,273
Magnetofon - Tape player	27.9	40.7	30.8	30.0	33.0	19.0	14.0	19.9	29.5	3,703
Fotoaparaat - Photo camera	46.3	47.6	46.6	47.1	43.2	27.9	21.2	25.7	42.8	5,365
N	2,986	1,777	1,952	2,005	1,779	1,004	684	346	12,533	
Keskmine kultuurikaupadega varustatus, skaala 1-4										
Mean score of recreational goods, scale 1-4										
Sugu - Sex										
Mees - Male	2.6	2.8	2.6	2.6	2.7	2.4	2.0	2.0	2.6	5,735
Naine -Female	2.6	2.5	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.2	2.1	2.2	2.5	6,798
Põlisus - Nativity										
Põline - Native origin	2.6	2.7	2.6	2.7	2.7	2.3	2.1	2.2	2.6	9,741
Välispäritolu - Foreign origin	2.4	2.4	2.5	2.4	2.5	2.5	2.2	2.1	2.4	2,792
Haridustase - Educational level										
Kõrgem - Higher		2.8	2.7	2.9	3.1	3.0	2.5	3.0	2.8	906
Kesk - Secondary		2.7	2.7	2.8	2.9	2.7	2.5	2.0	2.7	2,657
Põhiharidus - Basic	2.7	2.6	2.5	2.6	2.6	2.3	2.2	1.7	2.6	2,804
Algharidus - Primary	2.6	2.4	2.3	2.3	2.5	2.2	2.0	2.2	2.4	6,166
Kooseluseis - Partnership status										
Kooselus - In partnership		2.5	2.7	2.8	2.7	2.4	2.0	1.8	2.6	6,165
Mittekooselus - No partnership	2.6	2.7	2.2	2.0	2.2	2.0	2.2	2.2	2.5	6,368
Leibkonnatüüp - Household type										
Lastega - W/children	2.6	2.7	2.6	2.7	2.7	2.7			2.6	6,556
Vanuritega - W/elderly		2.9	2.6	2.6	2.4	2.2	1.9	1.9	2.2	1,472
Laste ja vanuritega - W/children and elderly	2.7	2.9	2.7	2.8	2.8	2.9	2.7	2.8	2.8	937
Laste või vanuriteta - WO/children or elderly		2.6	2.4	2.5	2.6	2.2			2.5	3,568
Elukoht - Residence										
Linn - Urban	2.7	2.7	2.6	2.7	2.8	2.6	2.4	2.4	2.7	7,284
Maa - Rural	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.4	2.0	1.8	1.9	2.4	5,249
Hõive - Employment										
Töötav - Employed		2.5	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.3	1.9	1.6	2.5	7,581
Mittetöötav - Not employed	2.6	2.8	2.6	2.5	2.4	2.3	2.2	2.2	2.6	4,952
Majandussektor - Sector of economy										
Primaar - Primary		2.4	2.5	2.5	2.4	2.0	1.7	1.7	2.3	2,220
Sekundaar - Secondary		2.6	2.6	2.6	2.7	2.6	2.5	2.0	2.6	2,546
Tertsiaar - Tertiary		2.5	2.7	2.7	2.8	2.4	2.2	1.2	2.6	2,815
Mittetöötav - Not employed	2.6	2.8	2.6	2.5	2.4	2.3	2.2	2.2	2.6	4,952
Sissetuleku kvintilid - Income quintiles										
I	2.2	2.1	2.3	2.3	2.2	1.8	1.6	1.7	2.1	2,127
II	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.4	2.1	2.4	2.5	2,614
III	2.7	2.8	2.7	2.8	2.7	2.4	2.4	2.5	2.7	2,738
IV	2.7	2.8	2.6	2.7	2.7	2.5	2.5	2.7	2.7	2,608
V	2.7	2.9	2.6	2.7	2.8	2.4	2.4	2.5	2.7	2,446
Kokku Total	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.3	2.1	2.1	2.5	12,533
N	2,986	1,777	1,952	2,005	1,779	1,004	684	346	12,533	

Tabel 2.42: Kodumasinad - *Home appliances*

Kodumasinade olemasolu leibkonnas %	Vanusrühm - Age group								Σ	N
Availability of home appliances in household %	0-14	15-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75+		
Külmkapp - Refrigerator	77.4	67.1	77.0	76.1	71.6	56.9	44.9	50.0	70.7	8,858
Pesumasin - Washing machine	81.1	71.4	70.8	77.5	77.5	71.0	60.1	59.8	74.5	9,334
Tolmuimeja - Vacuum cleaner	63.2	55.6	61.2	65.6	63.2	53.1	44.3	46.8	59.9	7,507
Õmblusmasin - Sewing machine	72.6	73.3	63.9	72.8	82.9	82.4	75.4	74.9	73.8	9,255
N	2,986	1,777	1,952	2,005	1,779	1,004	684	346	12,533	
Keskmine kodumasinatega varustatus, skaala 1-4										
Mean score of home appliances, scale 1-4										
Sugu - Sex										
Mees - Male	2.9	2.7	2.6	2.9	3.0	2.8	2.3	1.8	2.8	5,735
Naine - Female	3.0	2.6	2.8	3.0	2.9	2.5	2.2	2.5	2.8	6,798
Põlisus - Nativity										
Põline - Native origin	3.0	2.7	2.8	2.9	2.9	2.6	2.2	2.2	2.8	9,741
Välispäritolu - Foreign origin	2.8	2.6	2.6	2.9	3.0	2.8	2.7	2.7	2.8	2,792
Haridustase - Educational level										
Kõrgem - Higher		3.0	2.8	3.1	3.3	3.4	2.7	1.0	3.0	906
Kesk - Secondary		2.7	2.9	3.0	3.2	3.2	2.6	2.3	2.9	2,657
Põhiharidus - Basic	3.0	2.7	2.6	2.9	2.9	2.7	2.7	2.2	2.8	2,804
Algharidus - Primary	2.9	2.6	2.5	2.7	2.8	2.5	2.2	2.3	2.7	6,166
Kooseluseis - Partnership status										
Kooselus - In partnership		2.5	2.9	3.1	3.2	2.8	2.2	2.0	2.9	6,165
Mittekooselus - No partnership	2.9	2.7	2.0	1.9	2.1	2.1	2.3	2.4	2.6	6,368
Leibkonnatüüp - Household type										
Lastega - W/children	2.9	2.9	2.9	3.1	3.1	3.1			3.0	6,556
Vanuritega - W/elderly		3.1	2.6	2.7	2.9	2.7	2.0	2.1	2.4	1,472
Laste ja vanuritega - W/children and elderly	3.1	3.2	3.2	3.3	3.1	3.0	3.2	3.1	3.2	937
Laste või vanuriteta - WO/children or elderly		2.4	2.0	2.5	2.9	2.5			2.5	3,568
Elukoht - Residence										
Linn - Urban	3.0	2.8	2.7	3.0	3.1	2.9	2.8	2.7	2.9	7,284
Maa - Rural	2.9	2.5	2.8	2.8	2.7	2.4	1.9	1.9	2.6	5,249
Hõive - Employment										
Töötav - Employed		2.4	2.7	2.9	3.0	2.6	1.9	1.6	2.7	7,581
Mittetöötav - Not employed	2.9	3.0	2.9	2.6	2.6	2.7	2.5	2.4	2.9	4,952
Majandussektor - Sector of economy										
Primaar - Primary		2.2	2.7	2.7	2.7	2.4	1.6	1.4	2.5	2,220
Sekundaar - Secondary		2.6	2.7	3.1	3.1	2.9	2.8	2.0	2.9	2,546
Tertsiaar - Tertiary		2.4	2.7	2.9	3.0	2.8	2.4	2.5	2.8	2,815
Mittetöötav - Not employed	2.9	3.0	2.9	2.6	2.6	2.7	2.5	2.4	2.9	4,952
Sissetuleku kvintilid - Income quintiles										
I	2.4	2.1	2.3	2.4	2.4	2.0	1.6	1.6	2.2	2,127
II	2.9	2.5	2.8	2.9	2.6	2.6	2.3	2.7	2.7	2,614
III	3.1	2.8	2.8	3.1	3.0	2.7	2.4	2.8	2.9	2,738
IV	3.1	2.9	2.7	3.1	3.2	2.8	2.7	3.4	3.0	2,608
V	3.1	3.0	2.9	2.9	3.2	2.9	2.8	2.6	3.0	2,446
Kokku Total	2.9	2.7	2.7	2.9	3.0	2.6	2.2	2.3	2.8	12,533
N	2,986	1,777	1,952	2,005	1,779	1,004	684	346	12,533	

Tabel 2.43: Transpordivahendid - *Means of transportation*

Transpordivahendi olemasolu leibkonnas %	Vanusrühm - Age group								Σ	N
Means of transportation in household %	0-14	15-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75+		
Auto - Car	25.1	17.9	20.6	26.6	23.4	14.7	11.8	14.2	21.5	2,699
Mootorratas - Motorcycle	22.6	19.4	23.0	18.7	17.4	12.3	8.8	12.4	19.0	2,381
Mopeed - Moped	43.2	41.4	29.9	44.3	45.9	53.2	49.9	47.1	42.7	5,351
N	2,986	1,777	1,952	2,005	1,779	1,004	684	346	12,533	
Auto omajate osakaal %										
Proportion of car owners %										
Sugu - Sex										
Mees - Male	24.6	19.9	19.8	27.8	28.2	19.6	9.7	9.8	22.9	5,735
Naine -Female	25.7	16.3	21.4	25.6	19.7	11.1	13.1	15.5	20.4	6,798
Põlisus - Nativity										
Põline - Native origin	29.6	21.7	24.3	30.4	27.4	15.5	11.9	14.4	24.8	9,741
Välispäritolu - Foreign origin	9.4	8.0	7.5	14.0	12.0	10.5	11.7	13.0	10.2	2,792
Haridustase - Educational level										
Kõrgem - Higher		25.0	28.9	39.5	45.5	29.3	7.7	0.0	34.0	906
Kesk - Secondary		17.1	20.9	27.9	27.8	24.8	15.0	9.5	22.6	2,657
Põhiharidus - Basic	24.5	18.9	17.6	24.9	21.6	15.5	13.9	0.0	20.1	2,804
Algharidus - Primary	25.1	11.3	16.7	19.3	18.2	11.8	11.6	15.2	19.9	6,166
Kooseluseis - Partnership status										
Kooselus - In partnership		11.8	23.7	31.4	27.5	18.1	8.8	6.8	24.2	6,165
Mittekooselus - No partnership	25.1	19.6	8.6	4.7	5.9	7.0	15.4	15.7	19.0	6,368
Leibkonnatüüp - Household type										
Lastega - W/children	24.6	18.3	21.9	29.5	24.6	16.5			24.2	6,556
Vanuritega - W/elderly		20.8	10.3	25.8	21.6	15.5	8.8	10.6	13.9	1,472
Laste ja vanuritega - W/children and elderly	29.6	16.4	30.5	29.8	23.6	11.1	24.6	25.3	26.8	937
Laste või vanuriteta - WO/children or elderly		17.3	15.6	19.3	23.2	14.3			18.5	3,568
Elukoht - Residence										
Linn - Urban	23.0	18.2	18.9	25.4	22.9	19.0	19.2	13.3	21.4	7,284
Maa - Rural	27.7	17.4	23.3	28.9	24.2	11.0	6.9	15.0	21.8	5,249
Hõive - Employment										
Töötav - Employed		12.5	20.3	26.7	23.6	15.2	7.5	2.6	20.6	7,581
Mittetöötav - Not employed	25.1	24.9	32.7	23.3	18.7	13.8	15.1	15.6	22.9	4,952
Majandussektor - Sector of economy										
Primaar - Primary		11.7	23.4	25.4	22.3	12.8	3.9	3.4	19.1	2,220
Sekundaar - Secondary		10.4	16.7	24.1	22.6	13.3	10.5	0.0	18.9	2,546
Tertsiaar - Tertiary		14.8	21.4	30.1	25.6	20.8	14.7	0.0	23.3	2,815
Mittetöötav - Not employed	25.1	24.9	32.7	23.3	18.7	13.8	15.1	15.6	22.9	4,952
Sissetuleku kvintilid - Income quintiles										
I	13.3	8.7	10.7	18.5	10.3	4.0	3.0	4.2	10.2	2,127
II	21.5	12.8	20.1	18.6	13.0	15.6	11.6	7.2	17.2	2,614
III	27.8	17.6	23.0	28.9	22.5	13.2	14.0	24.5	23.4	2,738
IV	29.4	21.2	23.7	31.2	26.7	15.2	19.4	41.5	25.8	2,608
V	35.5	28.0	21.1	32.7	33.9	22.4	21.1	28.0	29.4	2,446
Kokku <i>Total</i>	25.1	17.9	20.6	26.6	23.4	14.7	11.8	14.2	21.5	12,533
N	2,986	1,777	1,952	2,005	1,779	1,004	684	346	12,533	

Tabel 2.44: Aiamaa olemasolu - *Availability of private plot*

Maa omajaid aiamaa tüübi järgi % Plot owners by type of plot %	Vanusrühm - Age group								Σ	N
	0-14	15-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75+		
Viljapuud - Fruit garden	23.9	28.0	16.2	27.9	37.1	46.8	47.1	42.2	29.4	3,688
Kartul - Potato field	42.2	35.7	30.4	37.0	42.0	55.7	61.7	53.5	41.1	5,145
Köögilvildamaa - Vegetable field	29.4	26.2	21.3	27.8	30.9	41.1	43.6	35.8	29.5	3,700
Teraviljapõld - Grain field	18.0	13.7	13.5	13.3	17.4	29.0	34.8	26.3	17.9	2,243
Muud kultuurid - Other plants	9.0	10.4	5.3	9.7	13.2	20.7	23.8	21.4	11.4	1,432
N	2,986	1,777	1,952	2,005	1,779	1,004	684	346	12,533	
Maakasutajate osakaal % Proportion of private plot users %										
Sugu - Sex										
Mees - Male	49.9	51.3	41.3	47.4	56.3	69.6	77.4	79.3	52.3	5,735
Naine -Female	52.0	43.1	37.1	47.3	53.1	63.7	65.3	54.2	49.8	6,798
Põlisus - Nativity										
Põline - Native origin	58.1	55.6	45.7	54.7	63.5	72.7	74.6	65.4	58.6	9,741
Välispäritolu - Foreign origin	26.1	23.3	15.4	22.9	28.5	30.1	32.5	31.5	24.3	2,792
Haridustase - Educational level										
Kõrgem - Higher		35.7	28.9	40.8	44.1	39.0	30.8	33.3	36.4	906
Kesk - Secondary		39.7	35.5	37.5	41.4	39.5	36.7	28.6	38.1	2,657
Põhiharidus - Basic	65.3	52.5	46.0	52.1	47.6	57.4	63.9	38.5	50.8	2,804
Algharidus - Primary	50.7	47.7	46.7	57.4	66.3	74.8	75.6	63.4	58.7	6,166
Kooseluseis - Partnership status										
Kooselus - In partnership		30.3	39.8	50.0	57.7	71.2	81.5	86.4	52.7	6,165
Mittekooselus - No partnership	50.9	51.3	36.3	35.1	40.5	54.6	55.9	54.7	49.2	6,368
Leibkonnatüüp - Household type										
Lastega - W/children	50.7	51.2	41.2	49.8	56.4	47.2			48.9	6,556
Vanuritega - W/elderly		59.2	60.3	54.8	53.1	80.7	74.4	63.1	66.8	1,472
Laste ja vanuritega - W/children and elderly	53.3	58.2	34.7	54.8	60.7	55.6	50.8	50.6	52.2	937
Laste või vanuriteta - WO/children or elderly		41.0	29.9	38.2	53.3	66.6			47.8	3,568
Elukoht - Residence										
Linn - Urban	22.9	27.5	15.9	27.0	33.0	32.7	32.2	25.4	25.8	7,284
Maa - Rural	84.4	80.5	75.5	84.2	91.6	95.5	95.3	94.8	85.8	5,249
Hõive - Employment										
Töötav - Employed		36.7	38.6	46.8	54.0	64.7	72.1	76.9	47.8	7,581
Mittetöötav - Not employed	50.9	59.7	54.5	69.8	65.3	69.3	68.2	58.0	55.7	4,952
Majandussektor - Sector of economy										
Primaar - Primary		73.7	82.7	85.5	90.3	95.2	93.9	100	87.0	2,220
Sekundaar - Secondary		24.3	20.4	31.2	36.4	37.6	39.5	0.0	29.2	2,546
Tertsiaar - Tertiary		29.0	25.7	34.8	43.4	39.6	36.0	12.5	33.7	2,815
Mittetöötav - Not employed	50.9	59.7	54.5	69.8	65.3	69.3	68.2	58.0	55.7	4,952
Sissetuleku kvintiiidid - Income quintiles										
I	52.3	39.6	41.8	47.7	51.0	76.7	76.4	56.9	53.2	2,127
II	48.7	50.1	32.8	49.9	53.1	65.8	70.1	60.2	50.2	2,614
III	43.3	39.7	35.9	41.6	47.0	62.6	65.9	54.7	44.3	2,738
IV	51.7	47.2	37.8	47.8	56.2	55.3	61.2	73.2	49.6	2,608
V	64.0	56.6	48.6	50.6	61.0	70.4	70.0	68.0	58.5	2,446
Kokku Total	50.9	46.7	39.1	47.3	54.5	66.2	69.9	60.1	50.9	12,533
N	2,986	1,777	1,952	2,005	1,779	1,004	684	346	12,533	

Tabel 2.45: Aiamaa suurus *Size of private plot*

Aiamaa tüübi järgi, ha By type of private plot, ha	Vanusrühm - Age group								Σ	N
	0-14	15-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75+		
Viljapuaed - Fruit garden	0.05	0.06	0.05	0.05	0.06	0.07	0.07	0.08	0.06	3,688
N	715	498	317	560	660	470	322	146	3,688	
Kartulimaa - Potato field	0.15	0.14	0.15	0.13	0.13	0.17	0.18	0.15	0.15	5,145
N	1,261	635	593	742	748	559	422	185	5,145	
Köögiviljamaa -Vegetable field	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.02	0.03	3,700
N	878	466	415	557	549	413	298	124	3,700	
Teraviljapõld - Grain field	0.21	0.20	0.22	0.20	0.20	0.18	0.20	0.17	0.20	2,243
N	538	244	264	267	310	291	238	91	2,243	
Muude kultuuride all - Other plants field	0.12	0.10	0.14	0.10	0.10	0.13	0.13	0.14	0.12	1,432
N	270	184	104	194	235	208	163	74	1,432	
Keskmine aiamaa suurus Mean size of private plot										
Sugu - Sex										
Mees - Male	0.26	0.26	0.25	0.22	0.25	0.31	0.37	0.39	0.27	2,998
Naine -Female	0.26	0.22	0.24	0.22	0.24	0.35	0.36	0.30	0.26	3,385
Põlisus - Nativity										
Põline - Native origin	0.27	0.25	0.25	0.23	0.26	0.34	0.37	0.34	0.28	5,704
Välispäritolu - Foreign origin	0.19	0.16	0.14	0.15	0.15	0.25	0.30	0.24	0.17	679
Haridustase - Educational level										
Kõrgem - Higher		0.14	0.18	0.13	0.09	0.07	0.11	0.47	0.13	330
Kesk - Secondary		0.20	0.20	0.20	0.15	0.13	0.24	0.41	0.19	1,011
Põhiharidus - Basic	0.28	0.26	0.28	0.22	0.19	0.29	0.23	0.24	0.25	1,424
Algharidus - Primary	0.26	0.29	0.32	0.29	0.31	0.36	0.39	0.33	0.31	3,618
Kooseluseis - Partnership status										
Kooselus - In partnership		0.20	0.23	0.21	0.23	0.33	0.39	0.45	0.26	3,247
Mittekooselus - No partnership	0.26	0.25	0.28	0.30	0.30	0.32	0.33	0.29	0.27	3,136
Leibkonnatüüp - Household type										
Lastega - W/children	0.26	0.25	0.24	0.24	0.24	0.25			0.25	3,205
Vanuritega - W/elderly		0.20	0.32	0.28	0.26	0.37	0.38	0.36	0.34	984
Laste ja vanuritega - W/children and elderly	0.24	0.21	0.23	0.16	0.24	0.34	0.25	0.21	0.22	489
Laste või vanuriteta - WO/children or elderly		0.24	0.24	0.20	0.24	0.33			0.26	1,705
Elukoht - Residence										
Linn - Urban	0.07	0.08	0.06	0.07	0.07	0.10	0.07	0.07	0.07	1,879
Maa - Rural	0.32	0.34	0.30	0.31	0.35	0.40	0.43	0.40	0.35	4,504
Hõive - Employment										
Töötav - Employed		0.23	0.24	0.22	0.24	0.32	0.39	0.40	0.25	3,623
Mittetöötav - Not employed	0.26	0.24	0.32	0.34	0.39	0.35	0.35	0.32	0.28	2,760
Majandussektor - Sector of economy										
Primaar - Primary		0.34	0.32	0.33	0.37	0.41	0.46	0.41	0.36	1,932
Sekundaar - Secondary		0.14	0.11	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.05		0.11	743
Tertsiaar - Tertiary		0.17	0.16	0.13	0.13	0.12	0.16	0.08	0.14	948
Mittetöötav - Not employed	0.26	0.24	0.32	0.34	0.39	0.35	0.35	0.32	0.28	2,760
Sissetuleku kvintilid - Income quintiles										
I	0.29	0.28	0.28	0.25	0.29	0.39	0.39	0.38	0.32	1,132
II	0.23	0.25	0.19	0.22	0.25	0.33	0.34	0.29	0.25	1,312
III	0.24	0.23	0.25	0.19	0.23	0.27	0.35	0.29	0.24	1,214
IV	0.25	0.18	0.23	0.21	0.19	0.34	0.41	0.25	0.24	1,293
V	0.31	0.26	0.27	0.26	0.27	0.31	0.34	0.36	0.28	1,432
Kokku Total										
N	1,521	830	763	949	969	665	478	208	6,383	

Tabel 2.46: Koduloomade esinemine leibkonnas - *Livestock in household*

Koduloomade esinemine % Livestock in household %	Vanusrühm - Age group								Σ	N
	0-14	15-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75+		
Veised - Cattle	20.2	16.1	11.9	15.0	21.0	38.5	42.5	28.6	20.5	2,572
Sead - Pigs	17.5	15.5	9.5	14.4	19.3	30.3	34.4	22.0	17.8	2,233
Lambad ja kitsed - Sheep and goats	15.6	13.7	10.3	12.4	18.7	29.9	30.4	19.9	16.5	2,069
Küülikud - Rabbits	7.8	4.9	4.7	5.9	5.2	7.2	5.7	6.9	6.0	758
Kodulinnud - Poultry	15.4	13.8	9.3	12.6	19.9	33.3	37.9	27.7	17.4	2,181
Mesilastarud - Beehives	3.4	3.1	1.2	2.7	5.7	8.7	9.5	9.8	4.2	523
N	2,986	1,777	1,952	2,005	1,779	1,004	684	346	12,533	
Koduloomapidajate osakaal % Proportion of livestock owners %										
Sugu - Sex										
Mees - Male	26.5	27.8	19.1	22.6	30.1	47.2	58.4	65.9	28.9	5,735
Naine -Female	27.2	20.3	16.4	22.1	29.9	48.4	46.6	34.8	27.5	6,798
Põlisus - Nativity										
Põline - Native origin	32.0	29.1	21.5	26.7	37.2	53.7	55.2	47.6	33.6	9,741
Välispäritolu - Foreign origin	8.8	9.2	4.2	8.0	9.3	15.7	18.2	13.0	8.8	2,792
Haridustase - Educational level										
Kõrgem - Higher		8.3	8.2	5.6	6.3	7.3	11.5	33.3	7.2	906
Kesk - Secondary		15.1	13.2	13.5	12.8	9.3	15.0	19.0	13.5	2,657
Põhiharidus - Basic	34.7	30.2	23.5	26.1	22.8	36.5	27.8	23.1	27.0	2,804
Algharidus - Primary	26.7	29.1	31.0	38.9	46.3	60.1	58.2	44.7	38.0	6,166
Kooseluseis - Partnership status										
Kooselus - In partnership		8.0	17.2	23.1	31.4	51.4	66.5	78.0	29.0	6,165
Mittekooselus - No partnership	26.8	28.0	19.4	18.9	24.3	39.7	32.5	34.8	27.3	6,368
Leibkonnatüüp - Household type										
Lastega - W/children	27.0	25.3	17.7	25.1	32.4	25.2			24.9	6,556
Vanuritega - W/elderly		26.9	39.7	32.3	30.0	64.0	57.6	48.7	47.7	1,472
Laste ja vanuritega - W/children and elderly	25.1	22.4	17.9	13.7	29.2	33.3	23.1	21.7	22.1	937
Laste või vanuriteta - WO/children or elderly		22.1	14.3	17.0	28.9	48.7			27.6	3,568
Elukoht - Residence										
Linn - Urban	2.3	3.8	0.7	2.6	5.2	6.0	2.2	5.2	3.1	7,284
Maa - Rural	56.1	58.4	44.4	58.0	72.9	84.5	84.1	79.2	62.9	5,249
Hõive - Employment										
Töötav - Employed		17.5	17.1	21.5	29.2	45.1	54.4	59.0	25.2	7,581
Mittetöötav - Not employed	26.8	31.7	38.2	62.8	49.3	53.7	48.5	40.1	32.7	4,952
Majandussektor - Sector of economy										
Primaar - Primary		50.7	49.6	62.4	73.1	86.6	83.4	79.3	66.1	2,220
Sekundaar - Secondary		7.9	3.6	5.2	10.2	9.8	5.3	0.0	6.7	2,546
Tertsiaar - Tertiary		9.1	7.5	8.4	14.1	9.4	9.3	0.0	9.6	2,815
Mittetöötav - Not employed	26.8	31.7	38.2	62.8	49.3	53.7	48.5	40.1	32.7	4,952
Sissetuleku kvintilid - Income quintiles										
I	34.6	23.5	23.4	30.8	32.4	58.0	58.6	43.8	35.9	2,127
II	20.7	25.1	10.7	21.4	30.7	50.8	49.4	37.3	25.6	2,614
III	23.2	19.6	18.5	17.7	22.5	40.1	48.1	35.8	23.4	2,738
IV	23.0	20.4	14.1	20.7	26.5	38.6	51.0	43.9	23.7	2,608
V	38.0	30.3	24.3	25.1	36.7	51.6	41.1	60.0	34.0	2,446
Kokku Total	26.8	23.6	17.7	22.3	30.0	47.9	51.0	42.2	28.1	12,533
N	2,986	1,777	1,952	2,005	1,779	1,004	684	346	12,533	

Tabel 2.47: Keskmine loomade arv - *Mean number of livestock*

Koduloomade tüübi järgi, keskmine arv Livestock by type, mean number	Vanusrühm - Age group								Σ	N
	0-14	15-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75+		
Veised - Cattle	1.9	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.9	1.8	1.8	1.6	1.8	2,572
N	602	286	233	300	374	387	291	99	2,572	
Sead - Pigs	1.5	1.4	1.4	1.5	1.4	1.5	1.4	1.3	1.4	2,233
N	524	275	186	289	344	304	235	76	2,233	
Lambad ja kitsed - Sheep and goats	2.9	3.0	2.8	2.8	3.1	3.3	3.4	3.5	3.1	2,069
N	466	243	201	249	333	300	208	69	2,069	
Küülikud - Rabbits	12.4	11.5	12.8	11.4	11.7	14.1	11.1	8.5	12.1	758
N	232	87	92	119	93	72	39	24	758	
Kodulinnud - Birds	9.9	10.2	10.0	9.4	9.8	10.0	10.6	9.2	9.9	2,181
N	459	245	181	253	354	334	259	96	2,181	
Mesilastarud - Beehives	4.6	6.5	3.1	4.9	4.5	4.2	3.6	4.1	4.5	523
N	101	55	24	55	102	87	65	34	523	
Keskmine veiste arv Mean number of cattle										
Sugu - Sex										
Mees - Male	1.9	1.8	1.7	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.6	1.8	1,214
Naine -Female	1.8	1.9	1.8	1.8	1.9	1.8	1.7	1.6	1.8	1,358
Põlisus - Nativity										
Põline - Native origin	1.9	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.6	1.8	2,432
Välispäritolu - Foreign origin	1.9	1.9	2.1	1.6	2.0	2.0	1.4	1.8	1.9	140
Haridustase - Educational level										
Kõrgem - Higher		2.5	1.9	1.8	2.4		3.0	2.0	2.0	39
Kesk - Secondary		1.8	1.6	1.9	2.2	2.2	1.7	2.0	1.8	229
Põhiharidus - Basic	1.5	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.6	1.9	1.7	2.0	1.8	511
Algharidus - Primary	1.9	1.7	1.8	1.7	1.9	1.8	1.8	1.6	1.8	1,793
Kooseluseis - Partnership status										
Kooselus - In partnership		1.3	1.7	1.8	1.9	1.9	1.8	1.7	1.8	1,324
Mittekooselus - No partnership	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.8	1.8	1.7	1.7	1.6	1.8	1,248
Leibkonnatüüp - Household type										
Lastega - W/children	1.9	1.8	1.7	1.8	2.0	2.2			1.8	1,167
Vanuritega - W/elderly		1.7	2.0	2.0	1.8	1.7	1.7	1.6	1.7	525
Laste ja vanuritega - W/children and elderly	1.9	1.7	1.8	2.1	1.8	2.0	1.9	1.8	1.9	185
Laste või vanuriteta - WO/children or elderly		1.8	1.9	1.5	1.8	1.8			1.8	695
Elukoht - Residence										
Linn - Urban	1.3	1.1	1.3	1.2	1.2	1.0		1.5	1.2	38
Maa - Rural	1.9	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.9	1.8	1.8	1.6	1.8	2,534
Hõive - Employment										
Töötav - Employed		1.7	1.7	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.7	1.8	1,351
Mittetöötav - Not employed	1.9	1.9	2.1	2.1	2.0	1.9	1.7	1.6	1.8	1,221
Majandussektor - Sector of economy										
Primaar - Primary		1.8	1.7	1.8	1.9	1.8	1.8	1.7	1.8	1,138
Sekundaar - Secondary		1.4	1.8	1.7	1.5	1.7			1.6	82
Tertsiaar - Tertiary		1.9	1.7	1.7	1.8	1.3	2.0		1.8	131
Mittetöötav - Not employed	1.9	1.9	2.1	2.1	2.0	1.9	1.7	1.6	1.8	1,221
Sissetuleku kvintilid - Income quintiles										
I	1.9	1.7	1.6	1.8	1.8	1.7	1.6	1.5	1.7	544
II	1.9	1.9	1.8	1.8	1.9	1.8	1.7	1.5	1.8	506
III	1.6	1.6	1.7	1.6	1.6	1.8	1.9	1.7	1.7	466
IV	1.8	1.9	1.5	1.7	1.9	2.0	1.8	1.9	1.8	434
V	2.1	1.9	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	1.9	1.9	2.0	622
Kokku Total	1.9	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.9	1.8	1.8	1.6	1.8	2,572
N	602	286	233	300	374	387	291	99	2,572	

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Tabel 3.1: Küsitlute arv - *Number of respondents*

	Vanusrühm - Age group																		Σ
	0-4	5-9	10-14	15-19	20-24	25-29	30-34	35-39	40-44	45-49	50-54	55-59	60-64	65-69	70-74	75-79	80-84		
Tegevusala - Activity																			
Töötav - Working	0	0	0	159	599	787	825	722	837	790	788	421	192	105	60	38	7	6,330	
Õpib - Studying	0	371	944	586	87	13	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2,002	
Pensionär - Pensioner	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	11	82	65	114	114	88	81	556	
Kodune - At home	0	3	5	14	21	14	13	18	15	22	38	34	17	18	17	23	33	305	
Koolieelik - Preschooler	814	545	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,359	
Majandusharu (ISIC) - Branch of economy (ISIC)																			
Mittetöötav - Not working	814	919	949	600	108	27	14	18	15	23	49	116	82	132	131	111	114	4,222	
Põllumajandus - Agriculture	0	0	0	50	139	214	212	229	259	235	218	160	71	42	25	18	4	1,876	
Kalandus - Fishing	0	0	0	0	0	2	2	3	3	3	3	4	2	0	0	0	0	22	
Kaevandus - Mining	0	0	0	3	8	18	21	19	17	30	27	5	4	1	1	1	0	155	
Tööstus - Industry	0	0	0	38	160	177	215	157	228	216	239	91	34	19	7	2	0	1,583	
Elektri-veevarustus - Electricity and water supply	0	0	0	1	6	4	4	6	4	5	7	3	1	0	0	0	0	41	
Ehitus - Construction	0	0	0	10	32	83	64	48	70	56	48	28	8	2	2	0	0	451	
Kaubandus - Trade	0	0	0	17	51	41	45	42	24	31	35	17	11	3	4	1	0	322	
Hotellid-restaurantid - Hotels-restaurants	0	0	0	1	16	8	11	6	8	6	7	8	3	3	1	0	0	78	
Transport - Transportation	0	0	0	13	72	79	57	62	66	46	53	18	22	5	2	2	1	498	
Rahandus - Finance	0	0	0	0	4	2	6	1	4	3	6	2	0	1	0	1	0	30	
Kinnisvara ja äri - Real estate and business	0	0	0	0	9	22	12	15	16	11	13	4	0	0	1	0	0	103	
Avalik teenistus - Public service	0	0	0	4	17	28	32	23	19	16	17	13	4	0	0	0	0	173	
Haridus - Education	0	0	0	8	27	53	83	47	45	61	45	20	5	8	7	2	0	411	
Tervishoid - Health care	0	0	0	6	25	21	19	23	37	38	37	21	12	9	8	3	1	260	
Muud teenused - Other services	0	0	0	8	33	35	42	41	37	33	33	27	15	12	2	8	1	327	
Sugu - Sex																			
Mees - Male	435	471	477	358	304	415	405	365	396	387	386	226	128	105	53	44	17	4,972	
Naine -Female	379	448	472	401	403	399	434	375	456	426	451	311	146	132	138	105	104	5,580	
Põlisus - Nativity																			
Põline - Native origin	645	708	757	587	487	584	609	603	616	602	591	419	219	203	167	128	102	8,027	
Välispäritolu - Foreign origin	169	211	192	172	220	230	230	137	236	211	246	118	55	34	24	21	19	2,525	
Haridustase - Educational level																			
Kõrgem - Higher	0	0	0	6	61	137	156	100	123	116	85	37	12	9	6	2	2	852	
Kesk - Secondary	0	0	0	187	492	452	408	313	300	221	174	127	47	29	14	12	8	2,784	
Põhiharidus - Basic	0	0	10	519	135	186	217	238	289	223	230	103	53	28	12	7	4	2,254	
Algharidus - Primary	814	919	939	47	19	39	58	89	140	253	348	270	162	171	159	128	107	4,662	
Kooseluseis - Partnership status																			
Kooselus - In partnership	0	0	0	14	295	591	690	618	691	698	687	400	192	138	70	41	11	5,136	
Mittekooselus - No partnership	814	919	949	745	412	223	149	122	161	115	150	137	82	99	121	108	110	5,416	
Leibkonnatüüp - Household type																			
Lastega - W/children	767	861	875	311	280	541	668	531	457	296	166	73	37	0	0	0	0	5,863	
Vanuritega - W/elderly	0	0	0	41	60	34	26	20	52	50	97	67	59	193	158	119	98	1,074	
Laste ja vanuritega - W/children and elderly	47	58	74	35	26	29	30	62	45	29	16	11	9	44	33	30	23	601	
Laste või vanuriteta - WO/children or elderly	0	0	0	372	341	210	115	127	298	438	558	386	169	0	0	0	0	3,014	
Elukoht - Residence																			
Linn - Urban	414	505	503	401	456	480	527	435	521	495	528	292	153	126	89	71	65	6,061	
Maa - Rural	400	414	446	358	251	334	312	305	331	318	309	245	121	111	102	78	56	4,491	
Kokku Total	814	919	949	759	707	814	839	740	852	813	837	537	274	237	191	149	121	10,552	

Tabel 3.2: Leibkonnaliikmete arv - *Number of household members*

Leibkonnaliikmete arv % Number of household members %	Vanusrühm - Age group								Σ	N
	0-14	15-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75+		
1	0.0	4.2	6.4	6.0	7.2	12.1	23.6	21.9	6.1	639
2	3.0	8.8	9.2	11.7	25.8	40.4	37.1	28.5	14.6	1,538
3	17.8	29.6	25.7	22.7	31.1	25.2	14.5	17.0	23.9	2,523
4	45.0	32.7	39.1	38.6	23.2	11.1	9.1	15.9	33.2	3,504
5+	34.2	24.7	19.6	20.9	12.7	11.2	15.7	16.7	22.3	2,348
Kokku Total	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	10,552
Keskmine leibkonnaliikmete arv Mean number of household members										
Sugu - Sex										
Mees - Male	4.3	3.8	3.6	3.7	3.3	2.8	2.8	2.3	3.7	4,972
Naine - Female	4.3	3.8	3.7	3.7	3.0	2.7	2.5	3.0	3.6	5,580
Põlisus - Nativity										
Põline - Native origin	4.4	3.8	3.7	3.8	3.1	2.7	2.5	2.7	3.6	8,027
Välispäritolu - Foreign origin	4.1	3.7	3.6	3.4	3.2	3.0	3.2	3.6	3.6	2,525
Haridustase - Educational level										
Kõrgem - Higher		3.9	3.6	3.8	3.3	3.5	3.1	2.8	3.6	852
Kesk - Secondary		3.7	3.7	3.6	3.2	3.0	2.9	3.4	3.6	2,784
Põhiharidus - Basic	3.9	3.9	3.6	3.7	3.1	2.6	2.5	2.5	3.5	2,254
Algharidus - Primary	4.3	4.0	3.7	3.7	3.1	2.6	2.6	2.9	3.8	4,662
Kooseluseis - Partnership status										
Kooselus - In partnership		4.0	3.9	4.0	3.3	2.9	2.8	2.6	3.6	5,136
Mittekooselus - No partnership	4.3	3.7	2.7	2.2	2.1	2.3	2.4	2.9	3.6	5,416
Leibkonnatüüp - Household type										
Lastega - W/children	4.3	4.4	4.0	4.1	4.1	4.7			4.2	5,863
Vanuritega - W/elderly		4.2	3.5	3.1	3.4	2.9	2.1	2.3	2.8	1,074
Laste ja vanuritega - W/children and elderly	5.2	5.8	5.2	5.2	4.8	5.2	5.0	5.0	5.2	601
Laste või vanuriteta - WO/children or elderly		3.1	2.2	2.4	2.6	2.3			2.6	3,014
Elukoht - Residence										
Linn - Urban	4.1	3.8	3.6	3.5	3.2	2.9	2.9	3.2	3.6	6,061
Maa - Rural	4.6	3.8	3.7	3.9	3.0	2.6	2.3	2.5	3.7	4,491
Hõive - Employment										
Töötav - Employed		3.6	3.6	3.7	3.1	2.6	2.4	2.5	3.4	6,330
Mittetöötav - Not employed	4.3	4.0	4.1	3.9	3.2	3.1	2.8	2.9	4.0	4,222
Majandussektor - Sector of economy										
Primaar - Primary		3.5	3.8	3.8	3.1	2.5	2.4	2.5	3.4	2,053
Sekundaar - Secondary		3.7	3.5	3.5	3.2	2.8	2.7	4.5	3.4	2,075
Tertsiaar - Tertiary		3.6	3.6	3.7	3.1	2.7	2.3	2.3	3.4	2,202
Mittetöötav - Not employed	4.3	4.0	4.1	3.9	3.2	3.1	2.8	2.9	4.0	4,222
Sissetuleku kvintiliid - Income quintiles										
I	4.6	3.9	3.8	3.8	3.5	2.5	1.9	2.0	3.7	1,930
II	4.2	3.6	3.7	3.7	3.1	2.7	2.5	3.1	3.7	2,158
III	4.3	3.9	3.6	3.8	3.2	2.9	3.4	3.5	3.7	2,263
IV	4.4	3.9	3.6	3.6	3.2	2.9	3.0	3.7	3.6	2,184
V	4.2	3.7	3.5	3.4	2.9	2.7	3.0	3.7	3.4	2,017
Kokku Total	4.3	3.8	3.7	3.7	3.1	2.8	2.6	2.9	3.6	10,552
N	2,682	1,466	1,653	1,592	1,650	811	428	270	10,552	

Tabel 3.3: Leibkonnaliikmete ekvivalentarv - *Equivalent number of household members*

Leibkonna ekvivalentsuurus %	Vanusrühm - Age group								Σ	N
Equivalent household size %	0-14	15-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75+		
1	0.0	4.2	6.4	6.0	7.2	12.1	23.6	21.9	6.1	639
1.3-1.9	21.8	17.5	30.1	25.6	34.2	43.0	39.0	30.7	27.6	2,909
2-2.9	70.3	65.7	58.3	63.1	53.0	39.3	30.4	38.5	59.2	6,243
3+	7.9	12.6	5.3	5.3	5.6	5.5	7.0	8.9	7.2	761
Kokku Total	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	10,552
N	2,682	1,466	1,653	1,592	1,650	811	428	270	10,552	
Keskmine leibkonna ekvivalentsuurus										
Mean equivalent household size										
Sugu - Sex										
Mees - Male	2.3	2.3	2.0	2.1	2.0	1.9	1.9	1.6	2.1	4,972
Naine -Female	2.2	2.3	2.1	2.1	1.9	1.8	1.7	2.0	2.1	5,580
Põlisus - Nativity										
Põline - Native origin	2.3	2.3	2.0	2.1	2.0	1.8	1.7	1.8	2.1	8,027
Välispäritolu - Foreign origin	2.2	2.2	2.1	2.0	2.0	1.9	2.1	2.2	2.1	2,525
Haridustase - Educational level										
Kõrgem - Higher		2.3	2.0	2.1	2.0	2.1	1.9	1.9	2.1	852
Kesk - Secondary		2.2	2.1	2.1	2.0	2.0	1.9	2.1	2.1	2,784
Põhiharidus - Basic	2.1	2.3	2.0	2.1	2.0	1.8	1.7	1.7	2.1	2,254
Algharidus - Primary	2.2	2.3	2.0	2.1	2.0	1.8	1.7	1.9	2.1	4,662
Kooseluseis - Partnership status										
Kooselus - In partnership		2.3	2.1	2.2	2.1	1.9	1.9	1.8	2.1	5,136
Mittekooselus - No partnership	2.2	2.3	1.8	1.5	1.5	1.6	1.6	1.9	2.1	5,416
Leibkonnatüüp - Household type										
Lastega - W/children	2.2	2.4	2.1	2.2	2.3	2.5			2.2	5,863
Vanuritega - W/elderly		2.6	2.2	2.1	2.2	1.9	1.6	1.7	1.9	1,074
Laste ja vanuritega - W/children and elderly	2.7	3.1	2.8	2.8	2.7	2.8	2.7	2.7	2.8	601
Laste või vanuriteta - WO/children or elderly		2.0	1.6	1.7	1.8	1.6			1.8	3,014
Elukoht - Residence										
Linn - Urban	2.2	2.3	2.1	2.0	2.0	1.9	1.9	2.0	2.1	6,061
Maa - Rural	2.3	2.3	2.0	2.2	1.9	1.7	1.6	1.7	2.1	4,491
Hõive - Employment										
Töötav - Employed		2.2	2.0	2.1	2.0	1.8	1.7	1.7	2.0	6,330
Mittetöötav - Not employed	2.2	2.4	2.3	2.2	2.0	2.0	1.8	1.9	2.2	4,222
Majandussektor - Sector of economy										
Primaar - Primary		2.1	2.1	2.1	1.9	1.7	1.7	1.7	2.0	2,053
Sekundaar - Secondary		2.2	2.0	2.0	2.0	1.8	1.8	2.5	2.0	2,075
Tertsiaar - Tertiary		2.2	2.1	2.1	2.0	1.8	1.6	1.6	2.0	2,202
Mittetöötav - Not employed	2.2	2.4	2.3	2.2	2.0	2.0	1.8	1.9	2.2	4,222
Sissetuleku kvintiiidid - Income quintiles										
I	2.3	2.2	2.0	2.1	2.1	1.7	1.4	1.5	2.1	1,930
II	2.2	2.2	2.0	2.1	2.0	1.8	1.7	2.0	2.1	2,158
III	2.2	2.3	2.0	2.1	2.0	1.9	2.1	2.2	2.1	2,263
IV	2.3	2.3	2.1	2.1	2.0	1.9	2.0	2.3	2.1	2,184
V	2.2	2.3	2.1	2.0	1.9	1.8	2.0	2.3	2.0	2,017
Kokku Total	2.2	2.3	2.0	2.1	2.0	1.8	1.8	1.9	2.1	10,552
N	2,682	1,466	1,653	1,592	1,650	811	428	270	10,552	

Tabel 3.4: Põlvkondade arv leibkonnas - *No. of generations in household*

Põlvkondade arv leibkonnas %	Vanusrühm - Age group								Σ	N
Number of generations in household %	0-14	15-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75+		
1	0.0	52.7	21.9	28.9	64.9	80.3	75.7	57.0	36.0	3,794
2	90.0	36.0	69.5	64.4	27.0	10.2	10.5	27.0	54.6	5,763
3+	10.0	11.3	8.6	6.7	8.1	9.5	13.8	15.9	9.4	995
Kokku Total	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	10,552
Keskmine põlvkondade arv leibkonnas										
Mean number of generations in household										
Sugu - Sex										
Mees - Male	2.1	1.5	1.8	1.8	1.5	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.7	4,972
Naine -Female	2.1	1.6	1.9	1.8	1.4	1.3	1.4	1.7	1.7	5,580
Põlisus - Nativity										
Põline - Native origin	2.1	1.6	1.9	1.8	1.4	1.3	1.4	1.6	1.7	8,027
Välispäritolu - Foreign origin	2.1	1.6	1.9	1.7	1.4	1.4	1.6	1.9	1.7	2,525
Haridustase - Educational level										
Kõrgem - Higher		1.5	1.9	1.8	1.5	1.4	1.5	1.2	1.7	852
Kesk - Secondary		1.6	1.9	1.8	1.4	1.4	1.5	1.6	1.7	2,784
Põhiharidus - Basic	2.1	1.6	1.8	1.8	1.4	1.3	1.4	1.5	1.6	2,254
Algharidus - Primary	2.1	1.6	1.8	1.7	1.4	1.2	1.4	1.6	1.8	4,662
Kooseluseis - Partnership status										
Kooselus - In partnership		2.0	2.0	1.8	1.4	1.2	1.3	1.3	1.7	5,136
Mittekooselus - No partnership	2.1	1.5	1.4	1.5	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.7	1.8	5,416
Leibkonnatüüp - Household type										
Lastega - W/children	2.1	2.2	2.1	2.0	2.2	2.5			2.1	5,863
Vanuritega - W/elderly		1.4	1.3	1.4	1.5	1.2	1.1	1.3	1.3	1,074
Laste ja vanuritega - W/children and elderly	2.7	3.0	2.6	2.7	2.7	2.6	2.7	2.8	2.7	601
Laste või vanuriteta - WO/children or elderly		1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0			1.0	3,014
Elukoht - Residence										
Linn - Urban	2.1	1.6	1.9	1.8	1.4	1.4	1.5	1.8	1.8	6,061
Maa - Rural	2.1	1.6	1.8	1.8	1.4	1.2	1.2	1.4	1.7	4,491
Hõive - Employment										
Töötav - Employed		1.6	1.9	1.8	1.4	1.3	1.4	1.5	1.6	6,330
Mittetöötav - Not employed	2.1	1.6	1.7	1.7	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.6	1.9	4,222
Majandussektor - Sector of economy										
Primaar - Primary		1.6	1.9	1.8	1.4	1.2	1.3	1.5	1.6	2,053
Sekundaar - Secondary		1.6	1.8	1.7	1.4	1.3	1.7	2.5	1.6	2,075
Tertsiaar - Tertiary		1.6	1.9	1.8	1.4	1.3	1.4	1.5	1.7	2,202
Mittetöötav - Not employed	2.1	1.6	1.7	1.7	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.6	1.9	4,222
Sissetuleku kvintilid - Income quintiles										
I	2.1	1.8	2.0	1.9	1.7	1.5	1.2	1.3	1.8	1,930
II	2.1	1.7	1.9	1.8	1.5	1.4	1.4	1.8	1.8	2,158
III	2.1	1.6	1.9	1.9	1.4	1.2	1.6	1.8	1.8	2,263
IV	2.2	1.6	1.8	1.7	1.5	1.3	1.5	1.9	1.7	2,184
V	2.1	1.3	1.7	1.6	1.3	1.2	1.3	1.8	1.5	2,017
Kokku Total	2.1	1.6	1.9	1.8	1.4	1.3	1.4	1.6	1.7	10,552
N	2,682	1,466	1,653	1,592	1,650	811	428	270	10,552	

Tabel 3.5: Töötavate arv leibkonnas - *No. of employed in household*

Töötajate arv leibkonnas %		Vanusrühm - Age group								Σ	N
Number of employed in household %		0-14	15-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75+		
0		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	2.7	21.7	25.9	1.8	187
1		13.1	15.6	13.6	17.3	16.4	35.4	37.6	28.5	17.8	1,877
2		77.4	51.8	72.0	71.5	57.3	41.3	29.2	30.7	63.0	6,652
3+		9.5	32.5	14.4	11.2	26.2	20.6	11.4	14.8	17.4	1,836
Kokku Total		100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	10,552
N		2,682	1,466	1,653	1,592	1,650	811	428	270	10,552	
Töötavate osakaal leibkonnas %											
Proportion of employed in household %											
Sugu - Sex											
Mees - Male		47.1	65.1	65.1	59.7	72.9	75.2	51.7	42.3	60.5	4,972
Naine -Female		48.9	63.3	58.3	58.1	76.2	69.3	49.1	43.6	59.5	5,580
Põlisus - Nativity											
Põline - Native origin		46.8	61.6	60.7	57.0	73.3	70.7	48.1	41.8	58.2	8,027
Välispäritolu - Foreign origin		52.4	71.0	64.2	65.0	78.2	76.3	62.5	52.1	65.8	2,525
Haridustase - Educational level											
Kõrgem - Higher			66.1	63.8	57.1	68.5	70.9	57.0	29.2	63.5	852
Kesk - Secondary			71.0	61.2	58.5	73.9	73.4	65.8	43.0	65.5	2,784
Põhiharidus - Basic		49.7	57.0	61.9	59.8	76.4	72.8	64.3	37.6	63.5	2,254
Algharidus - Primary		48.0	62.2	58.9	59.5	75.8	71.0	46.0	43.9	54.4	4,662
Kooseluseis - Partnership status											
Kooselus - In partnership			68.2	57.1	56.6	73.2	70.6	49.2	41.5	63.1	5,136
Mittekooselus - No partnership		48.0	63.1	77.5	69.2	82.2	75.4	50.8	43.8	57.1	5,416
Leibkonnatüüp - Household type											
Lastega - W/children		48.2	52.6	53.4	49.9	57.4	56.8			50.9	5,863
Vanuritega - W/elderly			61.5	71.3	61.5	64.0	53.8	50.4	42.4	54.0	1,074
Laste ja vanuritega - W/children and elderly		44.6	50.4	47.9	45.4	49.6	49.5	48.5	47.2	46.9	601
Laste või vanuriteta - WO/children or elderly			75.2	93.3	82.7	85.3	79.8			82.4	3,014
Elukoht - Residence											
Linn - Urban		51.3	68.2	63.8	61.8	76.8	75.9	58.6	50.2	63.8	6,061
Maa - Rural		44.2	58.4	58.4	54.5	71.2	66.9	41.5	36.4	54.9	4,491
Hõive - Employment											
Töötav - Employed			77.0	62.2	59.4	76.0	80.8	80.7	83.9	69.2	6,330
Mittetöötav - Not employed		48.0	50.4	39.5	32.9	43.8	44.1	30.9	35.2	46.2	4,222
Majandussektor - Sector of economy											
Primaar - Primary			70.9	58.4	55.2	72.1	76.8	76.7	85.4	65.4	2,053
Sekundaar - Secondary			80.2	64.8	63.6	78.6	83.5	79.0	80.0	71.8	2,075
Tertsiaar - Tertiary			78.3	62.9	59.6	77.3	83.6	85.6	82.5	70.3	2,202
Mittetöötav - Not employed		48.0	50.4	39.5	32.9	43.8	44.1	30.9	35.2	46.2	4,222
Sissetuleku kvintiilid - Income quintiles											
I		41.1	53.3	50.9	51.4	58.5	52.8	25.6	21.9	45.3	1,930
II		48.0	57.7	57.1	55.7	64.9	65.0	55.0	51.2	55.2	2,158
III		49.6	61.3	60.2	56.7	71.0	68.6	56.3	55.7	58.8	2,263
IV		51.9	68.0	67.4	61.9	75.8	72.4	65.8	62.5	65.5	2,184
V		53.4	77.2	74.4	69.3	86.4	82.5	68.9	66.6	74.5	2,017
Kokku Total		48.0	64.1	61.7	58.9	74.6	71.9	50.1	43.3	60.0	10,552
N		2,682	1,466	1,653	1,592	1,650	811	428	270	10,552	

Tabel 3.6: Tulusaajate arv leibkonnas - *No. of income recipients in household*

Tulusaajate arv leibkonnas %	Vanusrühm - Age group								Σ	N
Number of income recipients in household %	0-14	15-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75+		
0	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	3
1	9.5	10.0	14.2	10.3	10.4	16.6	27.6	26.3	12.3	1,295
2	63.3	33.2	59.6	60.2	45.3	44.1	38.3	31.5	52.0	5,485
3+	27.0	56.9	26.1	29.5	44.3	39.2	34.1	42.2	35.7	3,769
Kokku Total	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	10,552
N	2,682	1,466	1,653	1,592	1,650	811	428	270	10,552	
Tulusaajate osakaal leibkonnas %										
Proportion of income recipients in household %										
Sugu - Sex										
Mees - Male	54.6	78.0	68.6	66.2	82.0	91.6	90.4	94.0	70.3	4,972
Naine - Female	56.4	74.3	63.9	69.1	85.8	90.9	90.5	86.9	72.2	5,580
Põlisus - Nativity										
Põline - Native origin	54.9	75.2	65.1	66.3	83.7	90.9	91.1	89.1	70.6	8,027
Välispäritolu - Foreign origin	57.5	78.1	69.3	72.5	85.0	92.6	86.0	85.2	73.5	2,525
Haridustase - Educational level										
Kõrgem - Higher		83.0	66.1	65.8	80.2	88.0	84.7	91.7	72.4	852
Kesk - Secondary		81.0	65.6	66.6	83.1	90.2	90.7	84.7	74.1	2,784
Põhiharidus - Basic	62.0	70.1	67.1	69.1	85.6	91.4	94.2	89.4	74.4	2,254
Algharidus - Primary	55.5	75.1	68.1	69.5	84.7	92.0	90.2	88.7	68.0	4,662
Kooseluseis - Partnership status										
Kooselus - In partnership		69.0	59.2	63.1	82.6	91.5	90.0	93.5	72.4	5,136
Mittekooselus - No partnership	55.5	77.8	90.4	88.9	91.5	90.5	90.9	87.3	70.3	5,416
Leibkonnatüüp - Household type										
Lastega - W/children	54.9	60.9	56.2	56.6	64.4	67.0			57.0	5,863
Vanuritega - W/elderly		87.9	96.8	91.9	92.2	94.3	95.7	93.9	93.8	1,074
Laste ja vanuritega - W/children and elderly	63.4	64.4	64.2	65.7	65.7	70.4	66.6	66.3	65.1	601
Laste või vanuriteta - WO/children or elderly		87.8	98.3	90.0	92.7	96.1			92.4	3,014
Elukoht - Residence										
Linn - Urban	58.5	78.4	68.7	69.5	84.8	92.2	87.9	86.6	73.3	6,061
Maa - Rural	52.1	72.6	62.3	65.0	82.8	90.1	93.0	90.3	68.6	4,491
Hõive - Employment										
Töötav - Employed		81.6	66.4	68.0	84.5	92.1	91.7	92.2	76.5	6,330
Mittetöötav - Not employed	55.5	70.0	58.6	55.3	73.2	88.4	89.7	87.7	63.6	4,222
Majandussektor - Sector of economy										
Primaar - Primary		78.3	63.3	66.0	83.3	90.9	93.5	91.9	75.1	2,053
Sekundaar - Secondary		82.8	68.4	70.9	84.6	94.0	88.3	80.0	77.5	2,075
Tertsiaar - Tertiary		82.7	67.1	67.1	85.8	92.1	91.3	93.8	76.7	2,202
Mittetöötav - Not employed	55.5	70.0	58.6	55.3	73.2	88.4	89.7	87.7	63.6	4,222
Sissetuleku kvintilid - Income quintiles										
I	49.0	62.7	53.5	62.4	68.7	80.9	92.8	91.6	61.6	1,930
II	56.9	70.5	61.9	64.6	77.2	84.9	93.4	79.4	66.4	2,158
III	57.4	75.5	66.3	64.9	81.5	91.6	80.7	88.2	69.7	2,263
IV	58.8	81.2	73.8	71.6	86.6	93.4	92.2	89.2	76.9	2,184
V	57.3	86.6	77.1	76.2	91.8	95.4	91.5	89.9	81.8	2,017
Kokku Total	55.5	76.0	66.2	67.7	84.0	91.2	90.4	88.5	71.3	10,552
N	2,682	1,466	1,653	1,592	1,650	811	428	270	10,552	

Tabel 3.7: Haridustase - *Educational attainment*

Haridustase %	Vanusrühm - Age group								Σ	N
Educational attainment %	0-14	15-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75+		
Kõrgem - Higher	0.0	1.8	15.4	13.2	11.1	5.5	2.1	0.7	6.9	730
Lõpetamata kõrgem - Incomplete higher	0.0	2.8	2.3	0.8	1.1	0.5	1.4	0.7	1.2	122
Keskeri - Specialised secondary	0.0	14.6	23.3	21.8	15.6	11.7	3.3	1.9	12.5	1,317
Kesk - Secondary	0.0	31.7	28.7	16.7	8.4	9.7	6.8	5.6	13.9	1,467
Põhiharidus - Basic	0.4	44.6	24.4	33.1	27.5	19.2	9.3	4.1	21.4	2,254
Algharidus - Primary	21.8	4.3	5.8	14.2	34.8	51.5	70.3	72.2	23.3	2,458
Alghariduseta - No primary	77.9	0.2	0.1	0.2	1.6	1.7	6.8	14.8	20.9	2,204
Kokku Total	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	10,552
Vähemalt keskharidust omavate isikute osakaal %										
Proportion having at least secondary education %										
Sugu - Sex										
Mees - Male	0.0	45.8	60.9	44.9	33.6	28.2	18.4	11.5	31.0	4,972
Naine -Female	0.0	55.1	78.5	59.4	38.3	26.9	10.7	8.1	37.6	5,580
Põlisus - Nativity										
Põline - Native origin	0.0	45.8	66.8	51.9	37.7	26.0	12.2	7.8	32.4	8,027
Välispäritolu - Foreign origin	0.0	64.8	77.4	54.4	31.9	32.9	22.4	15.0	41.0	2,525
Haridustase - Educational level										
Kõrgem - Higher		100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	852
Kesk - Secondary		100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	2,784
Põhiharidus - Basic	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2,254
Algharidus - Primary	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	4,662
Kooseluseis - Partnership status										
Kooselus - In partnership		78.3	71.9	54.2	36.8	29.7	15.9	17.3	50.6	5,136
Mittekooselus - No partnership	0.0	43.6	62.4	44.9	32.8	21.5	11.4	6.9	19.1	5,416
Leibkonnatüüp - Household type										
Lastega - W/children	0.0	47.9	70.8	55.9	38.7	37.3			32.6	5,863
Vanuritega - W/elderly		57.4	70.0	45.8	42.9	27.8	13.1	8.8	27.6	1,074
Laste ja vanuritega - W/children and elderly	0.0	42.6	74.6	52.3	40.0	40.0	15.6	9.4	28.1	601
Laste või vanuriteta - WO/children or elderly		53.2	64.9	45.9	33.7	25.0			41.8	3,014
Elukoht - Residence										
Linn - Urban	0.0	58.8	77.1	60.7	44.2	37.8	26.0	14.7	42.2	6,061
Maa - Rural	0.0	39.7	58.4	40.3	23.0	15.0	0.9	3.0	24.0	4,491
Hõive - Employment										
Töötav - Employed		72.8	70.0	52.8	36.2	30.5	18.2	8.9	52.1	6,330
Mittetöötav - Not employed	0.0	27.4	61.0	39.4	33.3	18.2	10.6	8.9	8.1	4,222
Majandussektor - Sector of economy										
Primaar - Primary		56.5	56.3	38.5	18.8	21.1	1.4	4.3	35.7	2,053
Sekundaar - Secondary		76.1	72.4	53.4	36.8	30.3	23.3	0.0	54.2	2,075
Tertsiaar - Tertiary		80.7	78.5	66.9	54.0	42.1	33.3	15.0	65.3	2,202
Mittetöötav - Not employed	0.0	27.4	61.0	39.4	33.3	18.2	10.6	8.9	8.1	4,222
Sissetuleku kvintiilid - Income quintiles										
I	0.0	45.6	67.0	47.7	33.6	17.2	5.4	6.4	27.0	1,930
II	0.0	44.4	69.9	60.1	38.7	15.4	15.9	9.3	34.0	2,158
III	0.0	48.3	76.1	54.1	41.8	35.2	16.7	12.8	36.9	2,263
IV	0.0	55.6	72.2	51.1	37.9	31.5	24.7	10.6	37.9	2,184
V	0.0	58.4	62.5	45.9	29.8	28.6	10.2	8.7	35.6	2,017
Kokku Total	0.0	50.9	69.8	52.5	36.1	27.5	13.6	8.9	34.5	10,552
N	2,682	1,466	1,653	1,592	1,650	811	428	270	10,552	

Tabel 3.8: Põhitegevus - *Main activity*

Tegevusala % Activity status %	Vanusrühm - Age group								Σ	N
	0-14	15-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75+		
Töötab - Working	0.0	51.7	97.5	97.9	95.6	75.6	38.6	16.7	60.0	6,330
Õpib - Studying	49.0	45.9	0.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	19.0	2,002
Pensionär - Pensioner	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.7	18.1	53.3	62.6	5.3	556
Kodune - At home	0.3	2.4	1.6	2.1	3.6	6.3	8.2	20.7	2.9	305
Koolieelik - Preschooler	50.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	12.9	1,359
Kokku Total	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	10,552
N	2,682	1,466	1,653	1,592	1,650	811	428	270	10,552	
Töötavate isikute osakaal % Proportion of employed %										
Sugu - Sex										
Mees - Male	0.0	50.9	98.4	98.8	97.5	87.3	48.1	34.4	61.5	4,972
Naine -Female	0.0	52.4	96.6	97.1	94.0	66.5	33.0	11.5	58.7	5,580
Põlisus - Nativity										
Põline - Native origin	0.0	48.1	97.1	97.7	95.3	75.5	39.5	17.8	58.2	8,027
Välispäritolu - Foreign origin	0.0	61.5	98.7	98.7	96.5	75.7	32.8	10.0	65.7	2,525
Haridustase - Educational level										
Kõrgem - Higher		49.3	98.0	100	97.0	87.8	53.3	0.0	92.6	852
Kesk - Secondary		76.4	97.8	97.9	95.4	82.8	51.2	20.0	90.1	2,784
Põhiharidus - Basic	0.0	27.1	97.5	97.5	97.4	75.0	57.5	18.2	74.0	2,254
Algharidus - Primary	0.0	43.9	93.8	96.9	94.0	71.5	33.9	16.6	29.3	4,662
Kooseluseis - Partnership status										
Kooselus - In partnership		93.9	98.2	97.7	95.1	74.7	43.3	30.8	91.4	5,136
Mittekooselus - No partnership	0.0	40.4	95.2	98.9	98.5	78.1	34.1	13.3	30.2	5,416
Leibkonnatüüp - Household type										
Lastega - W/children	0.0	52.5	98.0	98.3	95.2	70.9			50.9	5,863
Vanuritega - W/elderly		51.5	95.0	97.2	94.6	67.5	39.3	18.0	54.0	1,074
Laste ja vanuritega - W/children and elderly	0.0	50.8	100	98.1	97.8	50.0	35.1	11.3	46.9	601
Laste või vanuriteta - WO/children or elderly		51.2	95.7	97.2	95.9	79.3			82.4	3,014
Elukoht - Residence										
Linn - Urban	0.0	55.2	98.0	99.1	97.0	78.2	43.7	17.6	63.8	6,061
Maa - Rural	0.0	46.8	96.7	96.2	93.5	72.4	33.3	15.7	54.9	4,491
Sissetuleku kvintiliid - Income quintiles										
I	0.0	45.6	94.9	96.7	91.3	55.9	20.8	11.8	45.3	1,930
II	0.0	42.2	98.4	97.8	93.1	73.1	39.8	18.6	55.2	2,158
III	0.0	43.7	98.3	97.9	94.9	71.7	51.3	19.1	58.8	2,263
IV	0.0	57.1	96.7	98.2	96.2	75.0	43.8	21.3	65.5	2,184
V	0.0	67.1	99.0	98.9	98.3	85.9	52.5	21.7	74.5	2,017
Kokku Total	0.0	51.7	97.5	97.9	95.6	75.6	38.6	16.7	60.0	10,552
N	2,682	1,466	1,653	1,592	1,650	811	428	270	10,552	

Tabel 3.9: Majandusharu - *Branch of economy*

Majandusharu (ISIC) % Branch of economy (ISIC) %	Vanusrühm - Age group								Σ	N
	0-14	15-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75+		
Põllumajandus - Agriculture		24.9	26.4	31.3	28.7	37.7	40.6	48.9	29.6	1,876
Kalandus - Fishing		0.0	0.2	0.4	0.4	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.3	22
Kaevandus - Mining		1.5	2.4	2.3	3.6	1.5	1.2	2.2	2.4	155
Tööstus - Industry		26.1	24.3	24.7	28.8	20.4	15.8	4.4	25.0	1,583
Elektri-veevarustus - Electricity and water supply		0.9	0.5	0.6	0.8	0.7	0.0	0.0	0.6	41
Ehitus - Construction		5.5	9.1	7.6	6.6	5.9	2.4	0.0	7.1	451
Kaubandus - Trade		9.0	5.3	4.2	4.2	4.6	4.2	2.2	5.1	322
Hotellid-restaurantid - Hotels-restaurants		2.2	1.2	0.9	0.8	1.8	2.4	0.0	1.2	78
Transport - Transportation		11.2	8.4	8.2	6.3	6.5	4.2	6.7	7.9	498
Rahandus - Finance		0.5	0.5	0.3	0.6	0.3	0.6	2.2	0.5	30
Kinnisvara ja äri - Real estate and business		1.2	2.1	2.0	1.5	0.7	0.6	0.0	1.6	103
Avalik teenistus - Public service		2.8	3.7	2.7	2.1	2.8	0.0	0.0	2.7	173
Haridus - Education		4.6	8.4	5.9	6.7	4.1	9.1	4.4	6.5	411
Tervishoid - Health care		4.1	2.5	3.8	4.8	5.4	10.3	8.9	4.1	260
Muud teenused - Other services		5.4	4.8	5.0	4.2	6.9	8.5	20.0	5.2	327
Kokku Total	–	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	6,330
N	0	758	1,612	1,559	1,578	613	165	45	6,330	
Sekundaarsektoris hõivatud isikute osakaal % Proportion employed in secondary sector of economy %										
Sugu - Sex										
Mees - Male		36.2	37.1	33.1	40.6	32.4	23.7	0.0	35.8	3,056
Naine -Female		29.7	30.8	32.7	32.2	21.4	13.5	8.3	30.0	3,274
Põlisus - Nativity										
Põline - Native origin		24.2	26.4	26.7	30.0	22.0	13.0	2.4	26.0	4,672
Välispäritolu - Foreign origin		50.6	53.1	53.0	52.2	45.0	57.9	25.0	51.8	1,658
Haridustase - Educational level										
Kõrgem - Higher		12.1	25.8	24.2	30.3	20.9	12.5		25.5	789
Kesk - Secondary		35.5	38.3	36.7	40.1	28.5	27.3	0.0	36.9	2,507
Põhiharidus - Basic		28.8	32.3	34.0	39.2	37.6	34.8	0.0	34.7	1,667
Algharidus - Primary		27.6	26.4	28.8	33.3	23.0	13.4	5.1	27.2	1,367
Kooseluseis - Partnership status										
Kooselus - In partnership		33.4	34.0	32.2	36.8	28.7	22.2	0.0	33.4	4,692
Mittekooselus - No partnership		32.1	33.6	36.1	33.3	22.2	13.3	6.9	31.0	1,638
Leibkonnatüüp - Household type										
Lastega - W/children		29.7	32.2	30.4	35.2	34.6			31.8	2,984
Vanuritega - W/elderly		32.7	35.1	35.7	31.7	24.7	16.7	2.6	26.0	580
Laste ja vanuritega - W/children and elderly		41.9	39.0	29.5	22.7	20.0	25.9	16.7	30.9	282
Laste või vanuriteta - WO/children or elderly		34.2	39.5	39.2	37.9	26.1			35.7	2,484
Elukoht - Residence										
Linn - Urban		44.4	44.6	47.1	50.1	40.2	29.8	8.3	45.6	3,865
Maa - Rural		13.0	17.1	10.9	12.6	9.4	2.8	0.0	12.7	2,465
Sissetuleku kvintilid - Income quintiles										
I		27.0	31.1	28.8	26.5	13.5	14.8	0.0	27.2	875
II		36.2	35.5	38.9	38.1	18.4	14.3	0.0	35.2	1,192
III		30.5	38.6	35.4	38.4	26.0	15.0	11.1	35.0	1,330
IV		35.6	36.1	31.5	37.3	38.7	15.6	0.0	34.9	1,431
V		32.2	27.2	26.6	35.5	25.5	32.3	20.0	30.2	1,502
Kokku Total		32.6	33.9	32.9	36.2	26.9	18.2	4.4	32.8	6,330
N	0	758	1,612	1,559	1,578	613	165	45	6,330	

Tabel 3.10: Isikutulu allikad - *Income sources*

Isikutulu allikad %	Vanusrühm - Age group								Σ	N
Personal income sources %	0-14	15-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75+		
Palgatulu - Wage income	0.0	46.9	93.2	96.9	94.5	73.4	36.4	15.2	58.0	6,121
Töövõimetustoeetus - Disability benefit	0.0	3.5	5.8	5.0	4.2	3.0	0.7	0.4	3.1	325
Pension - Pension	2.2	2.8	0.5	2.1	7.8	65.7	93.2	87.0	13.6	1,439
Stipendium - Stipend	0.1	15.5	0.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.3	241
Lastetoetus - Parental benefit	1.3	0.7	1.4	0.6	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.7	79
Abimajapidamisest - Private plot	0.1	0.5	1.6	4.7	7.4	10.7	11.9	10.0	3.8	398
Muu rahaline tulu - Other money income	0.9	2.0	1.6	2.1	1.8	3.1	9.6	13.7	2.4	249
Üldse tulusaajaid - Total income earners	4.4	66.6	95.6	98.7	98.2	97.7	97.4	89.3	69.3	7,316
N	2,682	1,466	1,653	1,592	1,650	811	428	270	10,552	
Tulusaajate osakaal %										
Proportion of income recipients %										
Sugu - Sex										
Sugu - Sex										
Mees - Male	4.6	70.8	99.1	99.6	99.4	99.2	100	100	69.2	4,972
Naine -Female	4.1	63.2	92.1	98.0	97.1	96.5	95.9	86.1	69.4	5,580
Põlisus - Nativity										
Põline - Native origin	5.1	65.9	95.7	98.6	98.2	97.3	97.8	89.6	68.8	8,027
Välispäritolu - Foreign origin	1.7	68.6	95.2	99.2	98.0	98.8	94.8	87.5	71.1	2,525
Haridustase - Educational level										
Kõrgem - Higher		85.1	94.2	99.6	98.5	100	100	100	96.4	852
Kesk - Secondary		88.1	95.6	98.7	98.0	100	95.3	90.0	95.0	2,784
Põhiharidus - Basic	20.0	43.7	97.3	98.7	99.1	95.5	97.5	100	82.0	2,254
Algharidus - Primary	4.3	54.5	92.8	98.3	97.5	97.2	97.6	88.5	42.9	4,662
Kooseluseis - Partnership status										
Kooselus - In partnership		84.5	95.3	98.5	97.9	97.0	95.7	94.2	96.4	5,136
Mittekooselus - No partnership	4.4	61.9	96.5	99.6	99.6	99.5	99.1	88.1	43.7	5,416
Leibkonnatüüp - Household type										
Lastega - W/children	4.6	60.7	94.9	98.8	98.3	97.3			53.9	5,863
Vanuritega - W/elderly		76.2	96.7	98.6	98.0	96.8	97.2	89.4	93.8	1,074
Laste ja vanuritega - W/children and elderly	0.6	49.2	93.2	99.1	100	100	98.7	88.7	63.2	601
Laste või vanuriteta - WO/children or elderly		71.7	98.5	98.6	98.1	97.8			91.9	3,014
Elukoht - Residence										
Linn - Urban	3.3	67.7	95.9	99.2	98.7	98.9	96.7	86.0	71.2	6,061
Maa - Rural	5.6	65.2	95.0	98.1	97.3	96.2	98.1	92.5	66.8	4,491
Hõive - Employment										
Töötav - Employed		93.3	97.0	99.7	99.7	100	100	100	98.3	6,330
Mittetöötav - Not employed	4.4	38.1	41.5	54.5	63.9	90.4	95.8	87.1	25.9	4,222
Majandussektor - Sector of economy										
Primaar - Primary		94.5	97.4	99.4	99.6	100	100	100	98.6	2,053
Sekundaar - Secondary		92.3	96.9	99.8	99.8	100	100	100	98.2	2,075
Tertsiaar - Tertiary		93.2	96.6	99.8	99.8	100	100	100	98.0	2,202
Mittetöötav - Not employed	4.4	38.1	41.5	54.5	63.9	90.4	95.8	87.1	25.9	4,222
Sissetuleku kvintiliid - Income quintiles										
I	4.8	48.8	84.4	96.7	96.0	91.4	97.7	92.7	57.5	1,930
II	5.3	56.0	97.0	98.9	97.2	96.2	98.9	79.1	63.8	2,158
III	4.5	63.7	98.3	99.0	97.9	97.9	96.2	93.6	68.1	2,263
IV	4.7	76.6	97.7	98.8	98.7	100	97.3	91.5	75.7	2,184
V	0.6	82.9	100	100	99.1	98.5	96.6	78.3	81.1	2,017
Kokku Total	4.4	66.6	95.6	98.7	98.2	97.7	97.4	89.3	69.3	10,552
N	2,682	1,466	1,653	1,592	1,650	811	428	270	10,552	

Tabel 3.11: Isikutulu allikate arv - *Number of income sources*

Isikutulu allikate arv %	Vanusrühm - Age group								Σ	N
Number of personal income sources %	0-14	15-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75+		
0	95.6	33.4	4.4	1.3	1.8	2.3	2.6	10.7	30.7	3,236
1	4.1	61.6	86.6	86.7	81.3	46.1	51.4	58.9	56.1	5,920
2+	0.3	5.0	9.0	12.1	16.8	51.5	46.0	30.4	13.2	1,396
Kokku Total	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	10,552
Keskmine isikutulu allikate arv										
Mean number of personal income sources										
Sugu - Sex										
Mees - Male	0.0	0.8	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.5	1.7	1.7	0.8	4,972
Naine -Female	0.0	0.7	1.0	1.1	1.1	1.6	1.4	1.1	0.8	5,580
Põlisus - Nativity										
Põline - Native origin	0.1	0.7	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.6	1.6	1.3	0.8	8,027
Välispäritolu - Foreign origin	0.0	0.7	1.0	1.1	1.1	1.5	1.3	1.0	0.8	2,525
Haridustase - Educational level										
Kõrgem - Higher		0.9	1.0	1.1	1.1	1.4	1.3	1.0	1.1	852
Kesk - Secondary		0.9	1.0	1.1	1.1	1.6	1.4	1.1	1.1	2,784
Põhiharidus - Basic	0.2	0.5	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.5	1.7	1.3	1.0	2,254
Algharidus - Primary	0.0	0.6	1.0	1.2	1.2	1.6	1.5	1.3	0.6	4,662
Kooseluseis - Partnership status										
Kooselus - In partnership		0.9	1.0	1.1	1.1	1.5	1.6	1.5	1.2	5,136
Mittekooselus - No partnership	0.0	0.7	1.1	1.2	1.2	1.7	1.5	1.2	0.5	5,416
Leibkonnatüüp - Household type										
Lastega - W/children	0.0	0.7	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.5			0.6	5,863
Vanuritega - W/elderly		0.8	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.5	1.6	1.3	1.3	1,074
Laste ja vanuritega - W/children and elderly	0.0	0.5	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.6	1.3	1.2	0.8	601
Laste või vanuriteta - WO/children or elderly		0.8	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.6			1.1	3,014
Elukoht - Residence										
Linn - Urban	0.0	0.7	1.0	1.1	1.1	1.5	1.3	1.0	0.8	6,061
Maa - Rural	0.1	0.7	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.7	1.7	1.5	0.9	4,491
Hõive - Employment										
Töötav - Employed		1.0	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.7	2.1	2.2	1.2	6,330
Mittetöötav - Not employed	0.0	0.4	0.4	0.6	0.7	1.0	1.2	1.1	0.3	4,222
Majandussektor - Sector of economy										
Primaar - Primary		1.1	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.9	2.4	2.5	1.3	2,053
Sekundaar - Secondary		1.0	1.0	1.1	1.1	1.6	1.8	2.0	1.1	2,075
Tertsiaar - Tertiary		1.0	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.6	1.9	1.9	1.2	2,202
Mittetöötav - Not employed	0.0	0.4	0.4	0.6	0.7	1.0	1.2	1.1	0.3	4,222
Sissetuleku kvintilid - Income quintiles										
I	0.0	0.5	0.9	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.3	0.7	1,930
II	0.1	0.6	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.5	1.5	1.0	0.7	2,158
III	0.0	0.7	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.5	1.6	1.4	0.8	2,263
IV	0.1	0.8	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.6	1.6	1.3	0.9	2,184
V	0.0	0.9	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.7	1.8	1.2	1.1	2,017
Kokku Total	0.0	0.7	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.6	1.5	1.3	0.8	10,552
N	2,682	1,466	1,653	1,592	1,650	811	428	270	10,552	

Tabel 3.12: Isiku brutokogutulu suurus - *Size of total gross individual income*

Isiku brutokogutulu suurus, rubla % Total individual gross income, rouble %	Vanusrühm - Age group								Σ	N
	0-14	15-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75+		
0-49	88.9	26.6	1.1	1.0	1.1	4.5	21.8	50.2	9.1	664
50-99	11.1	13.9	9.1	6.2	7.2	14.8	31.7	29.0	11.3	825
100-149	0.0	23.6	24.7	19.7	18.1	19.4	20.1	12.0	20.4	1,493
150-199	0.0	18.9	23.5	23.6	24.8	17.7	9.4	6.2	20.8	1,524
200-249	0.0	8.7	18.4	18.3	19.3	14.8	7.7	1.2	15.4	1,127
250-349	0.0	6.4	16.0	21.1	20.6	20.2	7.9	1.2	16.1	1,178
350+	0.0	1.7	7.1	10.1	8.9	8.6	1.4	0.0	6.9	505
Kokku Total	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	7,316
Isiku brutokogutulu mediaan, rubla Median total gross income, rouble										
Sugu - Sex										
Mees - Male	22.0	150.0	224.0	247.0	242.0	235.0	131.0	80.0	220.0	3,442
Naine -Female	23.0	103.0	140.0	160.0	158.0	144.0	60.0	45.0	135.0	3,874
Kokku Total	23.0	117.0	180.0	198.0	195.0	180.0	87.0	49.0	170.0	7,316
Keskmine isiku brutokogutulu, rubla Mean total gross income, rouble										
Sugu - Sex										
Mees - Male	27.3	149.9	240.9	264.3	256.1	239.3	160.8	98.2	226.7	3,442
Naine -Female	24.3	104.0	150.3	176.8	172.8	161.2	91.4	58.3	146.0	3,874
Põlisus - Nativity										
Põline - Native origin	25.2	122.4	199.0	221.6	214.1	197.7	117.6	70.7	183.7	5,520
Välispäritolu - Foreign origin	33.5	135.6	191.5	210.4	207.6	188.8	118.0	55.0	185.0	1,796
Haridustase - Educational level										
Kõrgem - Higher		103.7	181.4	219.5	231.5	240.3	144.1	82.8	200.7	821
Kesk - Secondary		136.4	190.1	200.2	196.0	214.5	144.9	77.3	181.3	2,645
Põhiharidus - Basic	20.0	108.1	217.5	229.6	218.5	197.6	146.8	66.1	200.0	1,848
Algharidus - Primary	26.0	132.1	216.5	244.4	211.7	182.2	109.5	67.5	165.9	2,002
Kooseluseis - Partnership status										
Kooselus - In partnership		167.2	199.2	219.7	214.9	204.8	144.5	97.2	204.6	4,950
Mittekooselus - No partnership	25.9	111.1	189.1	215.7	198.8	172.1	93.2	61.1	140.9	2,366
Leibkonnatüüp - Household type										
Lastega - W/children	25.8	126.5	197.0	219.0	220.7	192.6			192.7	3,159
Vanuritega - W/elderly		132.5	201.5	204.6	209.8	174.8	122.3	70.4	142.3	1,007
Laste ja vanuritega - W/children and elderly	42.0	130.1	189.5	225.4	221.9	152.7	96.9	60.3	161.8	380
Laste või vanuriteta - WO/children or elderly		124.5	197.2	219.9	208.3	202.7			192.2	2,770
Elukoht - Residence										
Linn - Urban	27.4	124.8	183.9	204.3	205.9	191.9	119.0	64.7	178.3	4,316
Maa - Rural	24.9	127.9	217.4	241.3	222.8	200.6	116.4	71.9	192.1	3,000
Hõive - Employment										
Töötav - Employed		159.5	198.5	220.7	216.1	227.2	186.9	139.6	206.2	6,221
Mittetöötav - Not employed	25.9	38.6	52.3	72.4	81.4	88.2	72.3	52.1	58.1	1,095
Majandussektor - Sector of economy										
Primaar - Primary		196.6	237.1	264.1	246.4	249.9	193.9	135.7	241.6	2,025
Sekundaar - Secondary		165.0	204.5	207.8	217.5	229.9	211.8	114.0	206.6	2,037
Tertsiaar - Tertiary		130.9	162.3	189.0	182.7	197.4	168.4	146.7	172.4	2,159
Mittetöötav - Not employed	25.9	38.6	52.3	72.4	81.4	88.2	72.3	52.1	58.1	1,095
Sissetuleku kvintilid - Income quintiles										
I	18.1	89.6	143.9	141.6	137.0	99.3	65.4	56.9	112.6	1,110
II	33.4	101.0	165.8	175.9	168.3	146.0	109.7	70.6	150.9	1,376
III	20.5	114.3	188.0	218.9	187.1	162.4	134.2	79.4	175.2	1,540
IV	30.5	129.8	215.3	239.7	216.5	196.1	135.9	78.1	195.7	1,654
V	42.5	163.7	272.3	319.3	272.2	263.2	202.0	79.6	256.6	1,636
Kokku Total	25.9	126.1	196.9	219.0	212.3	195.8	117.7	68.4	184.0	7,316
N	117	977	1,580	1,572	1,620	792	417	241	7,316	

Tabel 3.13: Isiku netokogutulu suurus - *Size of total net individual income*

Isiku netokogutulu suurus, rubla % Total individual net income, rouble %	Vanusrühm - Age group								Σ	N
	0-14	15-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75+		
0-49	88.9	26.8	1.1	1.2	1.2	4.5	21.8	50.2	9.2	671
50-99	11.1	19.0	13.7	9.9	10.3	15.9	31.9	29.0	14.6	1,067
100-149	0.0	25.1	31.0	25.0	24.1	22.3	21.3	12.9	24.8	1,816
150-199	0.0	16.5	22.7	24.3	24.0	18.3	8.6	5.4	20.3	1,485
200-249	0.0	7.1	14.1	16.7	17.2	13.8	7.4	1.2	13.3	975
250-349	0.0	4.4	12.3	15.2	16.8	17.3	7.4	1.2	12.6	920
350+	0.0	1.1	5.0	7.7	6.4	7.8	1.4	0.0	5.2	382
Kokku Total	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	7,316
Isiku netokogutulu mediaan, rubla Median total net income, rouble										
Sugu - Sex										
Mees - Male	22.0	135.0	197.0	217.5	221.0	217.0	127.5	80.0	194.0	3,442
Naine -Female	23.0	94.0	127.0	145.0	144.0	138.0	60.0	45.0	125.0	3,874
Kokku Total	23.0	107.0	157.0	176.0	178.0	172.0	87.0	49.0	153.0	7,316
Keskmine isiku netokogutulu, rubla Mean total net income, rouble										
Sugu - Sex										
Mees - Male	27.3	136.8	215.9	236.0	233.9	226.6	156.6	97.7	206.3	3,442
Naine -Female	24.3	96.8	137.5	163.3	160.2	155.9	90.1	57.9	136.3	3,874
Põlisus - Nativity										
Põline - Native origin	25.2	113.2	181.0	202.2	197.6	189.5	115.6	70.3	170.0	5,520
Välispäritolu - Foreign origin	33.5	123.3	169.7	185.8	188.6	179.1	112.9	54.3	166.9	1,796
Haridustase - Educational level										
Kõrgem - Higher		96.4	164.3	195.6	206.0	224.0	138.3	82.8	180.8	821
Kesk - Secondary		124.6	170.9	181.0	178.3	202.3	139.4	76.2	164.8	2,645
Põhiharidus - Basic	20.0	100.7	197.0	208.7	201.8	187.4	143.2	65.2	183.7	1,848
Algharidus - Primary	26.0	125.6	199.4	224.0	197.4	176.7	107.7	67.1	157.0	2,002
Kooseluseis - Partnership status										
Kooselus - In partnership		152.3	180.9	200.5	197.5	195.5	141.1	96.7	188.3	4,950
Mittekooselus - No partnership	25.9	102.8	167.5	188.7	182.9	165.6	91.7	60.6	129.3	2,366
Leibkonnatüüp - Household type										
Lastega - W/children	25.8	117.8	179.7	200.7	202.7	182.7			176.9	3,159
Vanuritega - W/elderly		119.4	177.7	181.2	192.8	167.3	119.9	69.8	134.0	1,007
Laste ja vanuritega - W/children and elderly	42.0	118.8	173.4	204.4	206.5	149.7	94.6	60.2	150.3	380
Laste või vanuriteta - WO/children or elderly		114.1	172.1	194.4	191.4	194.0			175.9	2,770
Elukoht - Residence										
Linn - Urban	27.4	112.0	162.4	178.9	184.5	179.9	115.1	63.8	159.8	4,316
Maa - Rural	24.9	121.9	202.2	227.9	212.7	196.5	115.5	71.9	182.8	3,000
Hõive - Employment										
Töötav - Employed		145.6	179.2	199.8	198.4	216.2	180.8	137.2	188.8	6,221
Mittetöötav - Not employed	25.9	38.6	50.9	72.4	81.4	88.2	72.3	52.1	58.1	1,095
Majandussektor - Sector of economy										
Primaar - Primary		188.4	223.0	250.9	236.7	245.0	191.8	135.6	231.1	2,025
Sekundaar - Secondary		145.7	179.7	180.7	193.6	212.2	202.1	114.0	182.9	2,037
Tertsiaar - Tertiary		117.6	144.1	166.5	164.0	184.3	159.7	141.4	154.6	2,159
Mittetöötav - Not employed	25.9	38.6	50.9	72.4	81.4	88.2	72.3	52.1	58.1	1,095
Sissetuleku kvintilid - Income quintiles										
I	18.1	82.8	128.4	123.5	122.2	95.7	65.1	56.6	102.1	1,110
II	33.4	92.5	147.7	155.7	153.8	139.2	106.7	69.4	136.7	1,376
III	20.5	104.6	170.3	197.4	170.1	153.5	130.5	79.1	160.0	1,540
IV	30.5	119.5	192.3	219.4	198.6	186.3	132.9	77.5	179.9	1,654
V	42.5	151.0	251.4	296.5	253.5	253.5	198.2	79.4	240.0	1,636
Kokku Total	25.9	116.0	177.9	198.4	195.1	187.3	115.3	68.0	169.2	7,316
N	117	977	1,580	1,572	1,620	792	417	241	7,316	

Tabel 3.14: Isiku brutopalga suurus - *Size of individual wage income*

Isiku brutopalga suurus, rubla % Individual gross wage income, rouble %	Vanusrühm - Age group							Σ	N
	15-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75+		
0-99	19.7	10.8	8.4	9.9	28.2	51.9	80.5	14.2	867
100-149	32.5	25.3	20.2	19.7	21.3	25.6	17.1	23.0	1,405
150-199	25.2	24.0	24.1	26.1	21.5	17.9	2.4	24.2	1,479
200-249	11.8	18.4	18.3	19.6	14.3	3.8	0.0	17.0	1,043
250-299	8.9	14.9	21.0	18.4	11.8	0.6	0.0	15.9	973
350+	2.0	6.6	8.0	6.3	2.9	0.0	0.0	5.8	354
Kokku Total	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	6,121
Isiku brutopalga mediaan, rubla Median gross wage income, rouble									
Sugu - Sex									
Mees - Male	180.0	219.0	240.0	226.5	185.0	131.5	70.0	213.0	3,021
Naine -Female	116.0	139.0	157.0	152.0	105.0	79.5	76.0	140.0	3,100
Kokku Total	145.0	177.0	194.0	187.0	150.0	97.0	70.0	175.0	6,121
Keskmine isiku brutopalk, rubla Mean gross wage income, rouble									
Sugu - Sex									
Mees - Male	192.5	237.6	252.8	239.9	193.3	127.3	70.7	228.9	3,021
Naine -Female	124.1	146.2	169.4	164.0	125.0	87.7	75.6	150.2	3,100
Põlisus - Nativity									
Põline - Native origin	158.6	195.6	210.5	202.5	160.9	102.4	71.2	189.9	4,519
Välispäritolu - Foreign origin	153.5	188.9	208.0	194.8	155.7	136.1	94.0	186.6	1,602
Haridustase - Educational level									
Kõrgem - Higher	144.3	178.0	213.6	226.4	203.3	118.8		199.8	763
Kesk - Secondary	157.6	187.1	193.9	185.4	171.3	135.9	74.2	181.2	2,411
Põhiharidus - Basic	156.9	213.8	220.6	204.3	170.2	105.3	116.5	203.1	1,622
Algharidus - Primary	161.3	215.7	224.9	198.4	143.9	99.5	70.9	179.9	1,325
Kooseluseis - Partnership status									
Kooselus - In partnership	167.4	195.1	211.6	203.4	171.3	116.8	68.3	196.4	4,538
Mittekooselus - No partnership	151.4	189.1	202.0	185.2	129.4	93.1	76.4	168.0	1,583
Leibkonnatüüp - Household type									
Lastega - W/children	153.7	192.5	209.6	209.9	160.3			196.6	2,849
Vanuritega - W/elderly	173.4	200.9	199.2	200.7	156.4	107.5	76.4	162.1	558
Laste ja vanuritega - W/children and elderly	153.7	188.4	217.2	214.5	111.1	101.5	52.0	187.0	266
Laste või vanuriteta - WO/children or elderly	157.1	197.8	210.4	195.3	161.5			186.7	2,448
Elukoht - Residence									
Linn - Urban	150.2	181.4	201.2	198.4	159.9	114.2	88.3	183.0	3,773
Maa - Rural	168.6	213.5	223.5	203.6	159.6	94.7	52.4	198.8	2,348
Hõive - Employment									
Töötav - Employed	157.0	193.7	209.9	200.4	159.8	106.1	73.4	189.1	6,119
Mittetöötav - Not employed				71.0		163.0		117.0	2
Majandussektor - Sector of economy									
Primaar - Primary	190.7	229.9	239.9	215.6	166.8	88.8	53.4	211.9	1,965
Sekundaar - Secondary	164.0	200.6	203.1	209.5	172.0	139.0	68.0	196.3	2,014
Tertsiaar - Tertiary	129.8	158.8	186.2	174.4	141.8	106.7	93.0	161.3	2,140
Mittetöötav - Not employed				71.0		163.0		117.0	2
Sissetuleku kvintiilid - Income quintiles									
I	108.1	145.3	135.7	135.4	83.9	57.7	52.8	128.8	781
II	129.1	161.7	174.1	162.6	124.1	90.9	98.9	158.1	1,158
III	153.2	185.2	209.5	180.7	129.6	116.6	89.4	181.1	1,301
IV	163.5	215.1	232.0	207.0	162.6	111.7	73.2	201.4	1,406
V	189.8	261.7	295.4	245.7	198.9	143.3	62.2	240.5	1,475
Kokku Total	157.0	193.7	209.9	200.4	159.8	106.5	73.4	189.0	6,121
N	687	1,540	1,543	1,559	595	156	41	6,121	

Tabel 3.15: Isiku netopalga suurus - *Size of individual net wage income*

Isiku netopalga suurus, rubla % Individual net wage income, rouble %	Vanusrühm - Age group							Σ	N
	15-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75+		
0-99	26.8	15.9	12.6	14.0	32.1	56.4	80.5	18.8	1,153
100-149	35.5	31.3	25.6	25.6	23.5	25.0	19.5	27.9	1,707
150-199	21.1	22.6	24.3	25.1	22.4	16.0	0.0	23.1	1,417
200-249	9.6	14.0	16.7	17.0	10.6	1.9	0.0	14.2	870
250-299	5.7	11.6	15.3	14.5	9.4	0.6	0.0	12.0	737
350+	1.3	4.5	5.6	3.8	2.0	0.0	0.0	3.9	237
Kokku Total	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	6,121
Isiku netopalga mediaan, rubla Median net wage income, rouble									
Sugu - Sex									
Mees - Male	161.0	194.0	208.0	205.5	169.0	123.0	70.0	191.0	3,021
Naine -Female	105.0	125.0	142.5	140.0	98.5	76.5	74.0	127.0	3,100
Kokku Total	129.0	154.0	172.0	169.0	137.0	90.0	70.0	155.0	6,121
Keskmine isiku netopalk, rubla Mean net wage income, rouble									
Sugu - Sex									
Mees - Male	173.9	212.4	224.2	217.2	178.9	118.3	68.9	205.8	3,021
Naine -Female	114.2	133.1	155.7	150.8	117.1	83.5	72.3	138.1	3,100
Põlisus - Nativity									
Põline - Native origin	145.0	177.2	190.8	185.4	150.1	97.1	69.0	173.3	4,519
Välispäritolu - Foreign origin	138.3	167.0	183.1	175.4	142.9	121.3	87.5	166.4	1,602
Haridustase - Educational level									
Kõrgem - Higher	131.3	160.4	189.6	200.4	184.7	107.9		178.5	763
Kesk - Secondary	142.8	167.6	174.5	167.1	157.0	125.8	69.2	163.2	2,411
Põhiharidus - Basic	143.7	192.9	199.1	187.1	156.8	99.1	111.5	184.5	1,622
Algharidus - Primary	152.9	198.4	204.0	183.4	136.1	94.1	68.7	166.6	1,325
Kooseluseis - Partnership status									
Kooselus - In partnership	151.7	176.5	192.1	185.3	159.0	109.1	66.7	178.7	4,538
Mittekooselus - No partnership	138.2	166.8	174.5	168.8	120.8	88.3	73.2	150.7	1,583
Leibkonnatüüp - Household type									
Lastega - W/children	141.7	175.0	191.0	191.2	147.2			179.1	2,849
Vanuritega - W/elderly	154.0	176.6	175.0	182.9	144.7	101.1	73.5	147.2	558
Laste ja vanuritega - W/children and elderly	139.0	172.1	195.8	198.8	105.0	94.8	51.6	170.6	266
Laste või vanuriteta - WO/children or elderly	142.4	171.7	184.7	177.8	150.5			168.3	2,448
Elukoht - Residence									
Linn - Urban	133.4	159.6	175.7	176.5	144.7	105.6	83.9	161.9	3,773
Maa - Rural	159.1	197.8	209.7	193.0	153.8	91.6	52.4	187.0	2,348
Hõive - Employment									
Töötav - Employed	142.9	174.3	189.0	182.7	148.5	99.6	70.8	171.5	6,119
Mittetöötav - Not employed				71.0		163.0		117.0	2
Majandussektor - Sector of economy									
Primaar - Primary	182.3	215.7	226.6	205.7	161.6	86.4	53.3	201.1	1,965
Sekundaar - Secondary	144.4	175.6	176.1	185.5	154.4	129.3	68.0	172.5	2,014
Tertsiaar - Tertiary	116.2	140.5	163.6	155.7	128.8	98.0	87.8	143.4	2,140
Mittetöötav - Not employed				71.0		163.0		117.0	2
Sissetuleku kvintiiid - Income quintiles									
I	98.8	129.1	117.2	119.7	77.8	56.0	50.8	114.1	781
II	116.6	143.4	153.7	147.4	114.7	83.0	92.7	141.2	1,158
III	137.9	167.3	187.6	163.1	117.6	109.6	87.9	163.3	1,301
IV	148.9	191.7	211.5	188.5	149.5	104.4	70.4	182.8	1,406
V	173.8	240.4	272.5	226.6	187.5	136.2	61.6	222.2	1,475
Kokku Total	142.9	174.3	189.0	182.6	148.5	100	70.8	171.5	6,121
N	687	1,540	1,543	1,559	595	156	41	6,121	

Tabel 3.16: Isiku töövõimetustoetuse suurus - *Size of disability benefit*

Isiku töövõimetustoetuse suurus % Size of disability benefit %	Vanusrühm - Age group							Σ	N
	15-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75+		
0-49	55.8	42.7	48.1	37.1	41.7	33.3	100	44.9	146
50-99	21.2	27.1	20.3	32.9	41.7	33.3	0.0	26.8	87
100+	23.1	30.2	31.6	30.0	16.7	33.3	0.0	28.3	92
Kokku Total	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	325
Isiku töövõimetustoetuse mediaan, rubla Median disability benefit, rouble									
Sugu - Sex									
Mees - Male	32.0	60.0	51.0	81.0	67.0			62.0	125
Naine -Female	50.0	55.0	49.5	52.0	42.0	70.0	21.0	50.5	200
Kokku Total	38.5	56.0	50.0	69.5	60.0	70.0	21.0	55.0	325
Keskmine isiku töövõimetustoetus, rubla Mean disability benefit, rouble									
Sugu - Sex									
Mees - Male	49.7	83.6	79.9	110.2	87.8			85.2	125
Naine -Female	74.7	87.8	80.8	64.0	54.6	69.7	21.0	77.2	200
Põlisus - Nativity									
Põline - Native origin	54.5	88.9	86.9	90.3	87.4	69.7	21.0	83.3	242
Välispäritolu - Foreign origin	92.0	78.4	59.6	62.3	50.2			71.5	83
Haridustase - Educational level									
Kõrgem - Higher	67.0	67.6	99.0	158.2	58.0			90.6	34
Kesk - Secondary	72.8	78.8	63.8	75.6	175.0		21.0	76.4	147
Põhiharidus - Basic	49.2	129.9	102.2	77.7	50.9	70.0		89.9	85
Algharidus - Primary		87.5	58.2	75.4	65.8	69.5		70.2	59
Kooseluseis - Partnership status									
Kooselus - In partnership	71.6	86.5	82.8	83.8	84.4	24.0		82.6	256
Mittekooselus - No partnership	59.7	86.5	72.1	79.6	46.5	92.5	21.0	71.6	69
Leibkonnatüüp - Household type									
Lastega - W/children	72.1	86.3	86.7	92.5	96.7			85.3	169
Vanuritega - W/elderly	69.7	46.0	136.5	91.9	77.7	92.5		87.2	24
Laste ja vanuritega - W/children and elderly	68.5	45.0	22.0	32.0	88.0	24.0	21.0	45.9	10
Laste või vanuriteta - WO/children or elderly	62.3	109.5	63.1	78.5	74.3			74.8	122
Elukoht - Residence									
Linn - Urban	61.5	68.7	63.1	78.7	89.6	47.0	21.0	69.4	201
Maa - Rural	76.3	120.5	105.7	90.1	62.0	115.0		97.8	124
Hõive - Employment									
Töötav - Employed	67.5	86.5	80.4	82.6	78.1	69.7	21.0	80.2	324
Mittetöötav - Not employed				118.0				118.0	1
Majandussektor - Sector of economy									
Primaar - Primary	88.8	132.3	111.7	83.2	67.0	92.5	21.0	100.7	93
Sekundaar - Secondary	61.9	91.6	66.6	82.3	96.9			79.1	130
Tertsiaar - Tertiary	57.4	59.0	62.5	82.4	61.5	24.0		62.6	101
Mittetöötav - Not employed				118.0				118.0	1
Sissetuleku kvintiliid - Income quintiles									
I	22.9	78.0	73.2	87.2				69.9	51
II	53.3	58.0	56.1	64.4	18.0	70.0		57.4	60
III	93.6	86.8	101.3	66.5	74.9	24.0		84.9	69
IV	56.4	48.2	81.9	72.7	38.0	115.0	21.0	64.3	60
V	95.4	144.0	77.2	112.0	103.0			110.1	85
Kokku Total	67.5	86.5	80.4	83.1	78.1	69.7	21.0	80.3	325
N	52	96	79	70	24	3	1	325	

Tabel 3.17: Isiku pensioni suurus - *Size of individual pension income*

Isiku pensioni suurus, rubla % Size of individual pension income, rouble %	Vanusrühm - Age group								Σ	N
	0-14	15-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75+		
0-24	22.0	22.0	22.2	0.0	1.6	0.4	2.0	8.1	3.8	55
25-49	61.0	53.7	44.4	52.9	18.6	10.7	29.3	61.7	29.4	423
50-74	16.9	22.0	11.1	17.6	14.7	25.9	36.3	23.4	26.6	383
75-99	0.0	0.0	22.2	5.9	12.4	20.8	14.8	4.7	14.0	201
100-124	0.0	0.0	0.0	23.5	35.7	40.5	16.8	2.1	23.8	342
125+	0.0	2.4	0.0	0.0	17.1	1.7	0.8	0.0	2.4	35
Kokku Total	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	1,439
Isiku pensionitulu mediaan, rubla Median pension income, rouble										
Sugu - Sex										
Mees - Male	40.0	35.0	46.5	87.5	120.0	119.0	86.0	52.0	88.0	493
Naine -Female	29.5	31.5	27.0	44.5	87.0	80.0	50.5	40.0	55.0	946
Kokku Total	33.0	32.0	46.0	48.5	101.0	90.0	57.0	45.0	60.0	1,439
Keskmine isiku pensionitulu, rubla Mean pension income, rouble										
Sugu - Sex										
Mees - Male	39.2	39.2	51.5	84.6	113.0	100.7	84.9	57.3	85.3	493
Naine -Female	30.6	40.5	36.0	48.5	79.3	81.4	54.5	40.0	63.0	946
Põlisus - Nativity										
Põline - Native origin	34.5	34.8	46.3	65.1	81.4	85.0	64.8	44.1	67.2	1,170
Välispäritolu - Foreign origin	40.5	70.2		55.3	118.8	94.7	72.3	45.3	85.5	269
Haridustase - Educational level										
Kõrgem - Higher			46.0		91.9	109.8	101.0	82.8	100.2	44
Kesk - Secondary		68.8	16.3	48.1	102.9	93.0	79.7	59.6	85.1	222
Põhiharidus - Basic		36.7	64.4	82.2	103.4	91.7	74.9	42.6	79.6	216
Algharidus - Primary	35.2	28.4		57.8	87.9	82.1	61.8	42.3	63.9	957
Kooseluseis - Partnership status										
Kooselus - In partnership		189.0	44.3	65.6	98.8	90.1	77.3	58.6	85.0	738
Mittekooselus - No partnership	35.2	36.2	50.3	50.6	72.6	80.9	55.8	40.8	55.5	701
Leibkonnatüüp - Household type										
Lastega - W/children	35.2	42.9	39.4	61.6	90.2	90.9			66.1	210
Vanuritega - W/elderly		31.7		59.0	80.1	83.5	66.6	45.1	62.5	623
Laste ja vanuritega - W/children and elderly				58.7	94.5	89.2	62.2	41.1	58.8	137
Laste või vanuriteta - WO/children or elderly		37.9	70.5	67.8	99.2	87.1			86.9	469
Elukoht - Residence										
Linn - Urban	37.9	49.4	36.2	62.3	104.8	92.2	72.1	46.6	77.6	732
Maa - Rural	33.1	33.9	54.4	63.7	79.0	81.1	60.0	42.0	63.4	707
Hõive - Employment										
Töötav - Employed		86.7	19.0	62.2	103.6	90.6	76.4	52.9	85.4	657
Mittetöötav - Not employed	35.2	36.3	68.2	64.5	77.8	80.1	59.6	42.3	58.2	782
Majandussektor - Sector of economy										
Primaar - Primary		46.0		76.8	109.4	92.9	75.6	50.5	86.9	286
Sekundaar - Secondary		189.0	10.0	37.4	115.3	93.6	91.0	46.0	94.4	148
Tertsiaar - Tertiary		25.0	22.0	64.7	83.6	85.3	71.0	56.5	77.6	223
Mittetöötav - Not employed	35.2	36.3	68.2	64.5	77.8	80.1	59.6	42.3	58.2	782
Sissetuleku kvintiidid - Income quintiles										
I	34.8	34.7	36.0	57.2	45.5	70.2	52.1	43.1	51.7	314
II	36.3	35.0	25.0	54.3	72.2	72.3	65.1	46.9	60.7	249
III	27.3	33.3	71.0	65.8	85.1	84.0	68.7	43.4	66.8	262
IV	42.6	44.1	94.0	60.3	101.8	91.2	77.2	46.1	79.4	303
V	42.5	60.8	47.0	85.4	115.4	97.3	79.3	43.9	92.4	311
Kokku Total	35.2	40.0	46.3	63.4	95.0	87.1	65.8	44.3	70.6	1,439
N	59	41	9	34	129	533	399	235	1,439	

Tabel 3.18: Isiku lastetoetuse suurus - *Size of individual parental benefit*

Isiku lastetoetuse suurus, rubla % Size of parental benefit, rouble %	Vanusrühm - Age group					Σ	N
	0-14	15-24	25-34	35-44	45-54		
0-24	100	100	91.3	100	66.7	96.2	76
25-49	0.0	0.0	8.7	0.0	0.0	2.5	2
50+	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	33.3	1.3	1
Kokku Total	100	100	100	100	100	100	79
Isiku lastetoetuse mediaan, rubla Median parental benefit, rouble							
Sugu - Sex							
Mees - Male	12.0		27.0		142.0	12.0	24
Naine - Female	12.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	55
Kokku Total	12.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	10.0	79
Keskmine isiku lastetoetus, rubla Mean parental benefit, rouble							
Sugu - Sex							
Mees - Male	12.0		27.0		142.0	18.0	24
Naine - Female	12.0	5.9	7.4	6.6	5.0	7.9	55
Põlisus - Nativity							
Põline - Native origin	12.0	5.4	8.2	6.8	50.7	11.1	77
Välispäritolu - Foreign origin		10.0		5.0		7.5	2
Haridustase - Educational level							
Kõrgem - Higher			5.0		5.0	5.0	2
Kesk - Secondary		6.0	5.7	5.6	5.0	5.7	23
Põhiharidus - Basic		5.8	9.9	10.0		8.5	15
Algharidus - Primary	12.0		12.7	10.0	142.0	15.3	39
Kooseluseis - Partnership status							
Kooselus - In partnership		8.0	11.7	7.0	142.0	18.1	17
Mittekooselus - No partnership	12.0	5.7	5.0	6.2	5.0	9.0	62
Leibkonnatüüp - Household type							
Lastega - W/children	12.0	6.0	8.5	7.1	5.0	9.7	72
Laste ja vanuritega - W/children and elderly		5.0	5.0	4.5	5.0	4.8	6
Laste või vanuriteta - WO/children or elderly					142.0	142.0	1
Elukoht - Residence							
Linn - Urban	12.0	6.4	5.4	5.0		8.7	31
Maa - Rural	12.0	5.4	10.0	7.0	50.7	12.4	48
Hõive - Employment							
Töötav - Employed		5.9	7.7	6.6	50.7	10.0	43
Mittetöötav - Not employed	12.0		13.5			12.1	36
Majandussektor - Sector of economy							
Primaar - Primary		5.7	10.8	7.5	73.5	16.2	18
Sekundaar - Secondary			5.6	5.0		5.4	7
Tertsiaar - Tertiary		6.0	5.3	6.3	5.0	5.7	18
Mittetöötav - Not employed	12.0		13.5			12.1	36
Sissetuleku kvintiiid - Income quintiles							
I	12.0	6.4	7.2	6.3	5.0	9.4	43
II	12.0	6.0	11.2	5.0	5.0	10.1	19
III	12.0	5.0	9.5	7.0		8.9	11
IV		5.0	4.5	10.0		6.0	4
V				6.0	142.0	74.0	2
Kokku Total	12.0	5.9	8.2	6.6	50.7	11.0	79
N	34	10	23	9	3	79	

Tabel 3.19: Isiku muu tulu suurus - *Size of other individual income*

Isiku muu tulu suurus, rubla % Size of other individual income, rouble %	Vanusrühm - Age group								Σ	N
	0-14	15-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75+		
0-24	76.0	53.3	40.7	50.0	33.3	40.0	68.3	64.9	54.2	135
25-49	24.0	16.7	22.2	17.6	33.3	24.0	24.4	32.4	24.5	61
50+	0.0	30.0	37.0	32.4	33.3	36.0	7.3	2.7	21.3	53
Kokku Total	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	249
N	25	30	27	34	30	25	41	37	249	
Isiku muu tulu mediaan, rubla Median other individual income, rouble										
Sugu - Sex										
Mees - Male	10.0	25.5	38.0	30.0	35.0	106.0	14.0	18.0	22.0	116
Naine -Female	7.5	15.0	29.0	14.5	35.0	15.0	17.0	23.0	17.0	133
Kokku Total	10.0	19.5	35.0	26.5	35.0	27.0	17.0	20.0	20.0	249
N	25	30	27	34	30	25	41	37	249	
Isiku keskmine muu tulu, rubla Mean other individual income, rouble										
Sugu - Sex										
Mees - Male	16.8	54.9	43.5	44.5	43.3	105.0	24.2	18.4	44.6	116
Naine -Female	13.0	31.3	32.8	35.4	47.6	18.3	17.5	21.2	26.2	133
Põlisus - Nativity										
Põline - Native origin	15.1	45.6	48.1	41.4	45.8	65.0	19.6	20.5	35.7	231
Välispäritolu - Foreign origin	10.0	20.0	20.5	34.3	50.0	25.0		9.0	22.8	18
Haridustase - Educational level										
Kõrgem - Higher		9.0	38.1	48.0	24.0	239.0			53.1	30
Kesk - Secondary		32.1	34.7	28.8	53.8	61.8			40.4	45
Põhiharidus - Basic		59.3	51.5	46.1	48.6	31.2	73.5	25.0	51.3	44
Algharidus - Primary	14.7	3.0		29.7	41.6	49.0	16.9	20.1	23.0	130
Kooseluseis - Partnership status										
Kooselus - In partnership		13.2	38.5	35.0	50.4	68.3	20.5	20.4	39.7	119
Mittekooselus - No partnership	14.7	48.6	41.8	62.7	36.9	27.3	18.8	20.2	30.3	130
Leibkonnatüüp - Household type										
Lastega - W/children	13.5	30.9	35.8	33.8	30.4	88.7			29.8	85
Vanuritega - W/elderly		18.0	2.0	83.0	98.5	17.2	20.0	19.3	22.6	85
Laste ja vanuritega - W/children and elderly	42.0	28.0	100	60.0	23.0		15.3	27.5	37.6	17
Laste või vanuriteta - WO/children or elderly		53.6	47.4	42.0	48.5	84.4			57.5	62
Elukoht - Residence										
Linn - Urban	10.0	15.6	47.2	33.2	32.6	110.7		25.0	40.5	69
Maa - Rural	15.1	56.0	33.2	54.5	59.2	45.0	19.6	20.1	32.6	180
Hõive - Employment										
Töötav - Employed		29.9	39.8	40.7	46.4	90.8	16.7	12.3	42.8	133
Mittetöötav - Not employed	14.7	54.6	42.0		30.0	28.5	20.7	21.7	25.7	116
Majandussektor - Sector of economy										
Primaar - Primary		47.0	33.8	54.5	77.7	85.2	16.7	12.3	45.9	59
Sekundaar - Secondary		7.7	54.8	29.0	29.2	25.3			31.9	28
Tertsiaar - Tertiary		21.0	36.6	34.8	35.6	136.8			45.3	46
Mittetöötav - Not employed	14.7	54.6	42.0		30.0	28.5	20.7	21.7	25.7	116
Sissetuleku kvintiilid - Income quintiles										
I	5.0	17.0	34.7	47.7	32.7	25.0	14.6	18.5	20.4	53
II	29.0	20.0	46.1	12.0	33.0	13.4	43.7	25.0	31.4	33
III	9.9	26.0	28.4	41.6	46.2	42.8	15.7	16.9	26.5	51
IV	17.1	56.7	42.8	22.2	38.6	110.6	13.8	16.1	35.0	62
V		64.5	40.6	71.0	57.7	94.0	20.0	46.7	60.4	50
Kokku Total	14.7	43.9	39.9	40.7	45.9	63.4	19.6	20.2	34.8	249
N	25	30	27	34	30	25	41	37	249	

Tabel 3.20: Isiku abimajapidamisest saadud tulu suurus - *Size of individual private plot income*

Isiku abimajapidamisest saadud tulu suurus, rubla % Size of private plot income, rouble %	Vanusrühm - Age group								Σ	N
	0-14	15-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75+		
0-49	100	14.3	34.6	9.3	19.7	14.9	17.6	25.9	18.3	73
50-99	0.0	28.6	30.8	25.3	36.1	27.6	35.3	48.1	32.2	128
100-149	0.0	42.9	15.4	36.0	29.5	24.1	31.4	7.4	27.4	109
150-199	0.0	0.0	7.7	18.7	6.6	23.0	3.9	11.1	12.3	49
200+	0.0	14.3	11.5	10.7	8.2	10.3	11.8	7.4	9.8	39
Kokku Total	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	398
Abimajapidamistulu mediaan, rubla Median private plot income, rouble										
Sugu - Sex										
Mees - Male	30.0	91.0	81.5	108.0	80.0	120.0	110.0	70.0	100	245
Naine -Female	36.0	110.0	77.5	115.5	108.0	90.0	75.0	77.0	96.0	153
Kokku Total	30.0	110.0	80.0	110.0	86.5	105.0	87.0	70.0	97.5	398
Keskmine abimajapidamistulu, rubla Mean private plot income, rouble										
Sugu - Sex										
Mees - Male	30.0	104.2	88.2	120.1	91.3	120.8	120.8	96.5	106.9	245
Naine -Female	36.0	96.7	75.3	181.0	108.8	107.6	83.1	75.8	109.8	153
Põlisus - Nativity										
Põline - Native origin	30.0	109.4	86.1	143.1	96.6	115.6	101.6	85.0	108.8	374
Välispäritolu - Foreign origin	36.0	80.0	64.0	54.0	109.9	120.8			95.1	24
Haridustase - Educational level										
Kõrgem - Higher			102.2	74.4	77.9	136.7			91.2	21
Kesk - Secondary		50.0	108.1	125.3	81.7	119.8			108.8	57
Põhiharidus - Basic		124.4	61.2	122.2	105.6	84.5	78.8		101.1	100
Algharidus - Primary	34.0	35.0	152.0	192.1	99.5	121.0	103.5	85.0	112.5	220
Kooseluseis - Partnership status										
Kooselus - In partnership		108.0	85.1	123.4	99.4	124.0	122.0	102.1	111.3	288
Mittekooselus - No partnership	34.0	91.7	86.3	204.3	90.5	93.5	72.4	77.8	99.4	110
Leibkonnatüüp - Household type										
Lastega - W/children	34.0	112.4	85.1	127.7	94.8	113.2			106.0	138
Vanuritega - W/elderly				70.0	105.1	165.8	102.5	79.3	102.3	88
Laste ja vanuritega - W/children and elderly				122.4	68.2	113.0	90.5	110.2	103.6	23
Laste või vanuriteta - WO/children or elderly		72.5	86.3	212.2	100.9	109.7			113.9	149
Elukoht - Residence										
Linn - Urban	34.0		52.7		52.0	273.0			66.1	12
Maa - Rural		101.0	89.5	139.6	99.7	114.1	101.6	85.0	109.3	386
Hõive - Employment										
Töötav - Employed		112.0	85.2	139.5	97.8	118.9	108.1	94.6	111.7	334
Mittetöötav - Not employed	34.0	35.0		143.0	91.0	99.2	95.3	80.2	88.7	64
Majandussektor - Sector of economy										
Primaar - Primary		112.0	89.1	140.8	102.4	116.6	108.1	94.6	113.9	314
Sekundaar - Secondary				50.0		243.0			146.5	2
Tertsiaar - Tertiary			55.3		52.4	127.0			69.4	18
Mittetöötav - Not employed	34.0	35.0		143.0	91.0	99.2	95.3	80.2	88.7	64
Sissetuleku kvintiliid - Income quintiles										
I	42.0	52.0	46.0	82.0	75.1	53.7	35.5	49.5	55.4	38
II	30.0	82.5	82.0	102.3	99.4	65.5	78.4	46.0	82.7	44
III	30.0	130.0	80.0	106.7	74.7	82.2	101.4	99.1	90.0	78
IV		50.0	73.7	106.0	80.9	116.4	83.0	157.2	95.4	83
V		155.0	101.1	196.3	118.7	142.7	169.0	118.0	143.8	155
Kokku Total	34.0	101.0	85.2	139.6	97.7	116.0	101.6	85.0	108.0	398
N	3	7	26	75	122	87	51	27	398	

Tabel 3.21: Leibkonnatulu allikad - *Sources of household income*

Leibkonnatulu allikad % Household income sources %	Vanusrühm - Age group								Σ	N
	0-14	15-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75+		
Palgatulu - Wage income	99.4	99.9	99.7	99.7	99.8	96.1	76.4	72.6	97.8	10,315
Töövõimetustoetus - Disability benefit	11.2	11.8	11.4	8.5	9.4	8.0	3.3	7.0	10.0	1,051
Pension - Pension	15.5	27.4	16.9	18.2	27.7	77.8	96.0	91.1	29.7	3,132
Stipendium - Stipend	3.7	21.1	1.6	8.5	12.5	6.9	3.3	4.1	8.1	858
Lastetoetus - Parental benefit	5.1	1.8	2.2	1.3	0.7	0.2	1.2	0.7	2.3	242
Abimajapidamisest - Private plot	10.7	13.2	5.9	10.9	13.7	19.1	19.6	17.0	12.0	1,263
Muu rahaline tulu - Other money income	5.4	6.2	3.6	5.7	5.8	7.2	14.3	16.7	6.1	646
Leibkonna tuluallikate arv %										
Number of household income sources %										
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3
1	55	41	62	56	46	16	17	23	48	5,020
2	32	38	29	31	40	56	56	50	37	3,878
3+	13	21	9	13	14	28	27	27	16	1,651
Kokku Total	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	10,552
N	2,682	1,466	1,653	1,592	1,650	811	428	270	10,552	
Keskmine leibkonna tuluallikate arv										
Mean number of household income sources										
Sugu - Sex										
Mees - Male	1.6	1.9	1.5	1.5	1.7	2.1	2.2	2.1	1.7	4,972
Naine -Female	1.6	1.8	1.5	1.6	1.7	2.2	2.1	2.1	1.7	5,580
Põlisus - Nativity										
Põline - Native origin	1.6	1.9	1.5	1.6	1.8	2.2	2.2	2.1	1.8	8,027
Välispäritolu - Foreign origin	1.4	1.6	1.4	1.4	1.6	2.0	2.2	2.0	1.6	2,525
Haridustase - Educational level										
Kõrgem - Higher		2.0	1.5	1.5	1.6	2.0	1.9	1.8	1.6	852
Kesk - Secondary		1.8	1.4	1.5	1.7	2.1	2.2	2.0	1.6	2,784
Põhiharidus - Basic	1.9	1.9	1.5	1.6	1.7	2.1	2.0	1.8	1.7	2,254
Algharidus - Primary	1.6	1.9	1.6	1.7	1.8	2.2	2.2	2.1	1.8	4,662
Koosluseis - Partnership status										
Kooselus - In partnership		1.7	1.4	1.6	1.7	2.2	2.3	2.2	1.7	5,136
Mittekooselus - No partnership	1.6	1.9	1.8	1.7	1.6	2.0	2.0	2.1	1.7	5,416
Leibkonnatüüp - Household type										
Lastega - W/children	1.5	1.8	1.4	1.5	1.7	2.1			1.5	5,863
Vanuritega - W/elderly		2.5	2.4	2.3	2.4	2.3	2.1	2.0	2.2	1,074
Laste ja vanuritega - W/children and elderly	2.5	2.6	2.2	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.4	2.4	2.5	601
Laste või vanuriteta - WO/children or elderly		1.8	1.5	1.5	1.6	2.1			1.7	3,014
Elukoht - Residence										
Linn - Urban	1.5	1.7	1.5	1.4	1.6	2.0	2.0	2.0	1.6	6,061
Maa - Rural	1.7	2.1	1.5	1.8	2.0	2.4	2.3	2.2	1.9	4,491
Hõive - Employment										
Töötav - Employed		1.7	1.5	1.6	1.7	2.1	2.3	2.4	1.7	6,330
Mittetöötav - Not employed	1.6	2.1	2.1	2.2	2.2	2.4	2.1	2.0	1.8	4,222
Majandussektor - Sector of economy										
Primaar - Primary		1.9	1.5	1.8	2.0	2.4	2.7	2.7	1.9	2,053
Sekundaar - Secondary		1.6	1.4	1.5	1.5	2.0	2.2	2.0	1.5	2,075
Tertsiaar - Tertiary		1.6	1.5	1.4	1.6	1.9	2.0	2.0	1.6	2,202
Mittetöötav - Not employed	1.6	2.1	2.1	2.2	2.2	2.4	2.1	2.0	1.8	4,222
Sissetuleku kvintilid - Income quintiles										
I	1.6	1.7	1.4	1.6	1.6	1.8	1.7	1.7	1.6	1,930
II	1.5	1.7	1.4	1.4	1.6	2.1	2.2	2.1	1.6	2,158
III	1.6	1.9	1.4	1.6	1.7	2.3	2.4	2.5	1.7	2,263
IV	1.7	2.0	1.5	1.7	1.7	2.2	2.4	2.5	1.8	2,184
V	1.7	2.0	1.6	1.7	1.8	2.3	2.6	2.6	1.9	2,017
Kokku Total	1.6	1.9	1.5	1.6	1.7	2.2	2.2	2.1	1.7	10,552
N	2,682	1,466	1,653	1,592	1,650	811	428	270	10,552	

Tabel 3.22: Leibkonnatulu koostis - *Composition of household income*

Leibkonnatulu koostis % Composition of household income %	Vanusrühm - Age group								Σ	N
	0-14	15-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75+		
Palgatulu - Wage income	89.3	86.6	91.3	90.7	88.1	66.1	49.4	53.1	84.9	10,552
Pensionitulu - Pension income	2.8	5.1	3.4	2.8	5.5	25.8	41.6	36.8	7.8	10,552
Stipendium - Stipend	0.3	1.8	0.2	0.7	1.0	0.6	0.3	0.4	0.7	10,552
Abiraha - Social benefit	0.3	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	10,552
Abimajapidamises - Private plot income	2.4	2.8	1.1	2.5	2.7	5.2	6.0	5.3	2.8	10,552
Muu rahaline tulu - Other money income	0.5	0.6	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.9	1.9	2.7	0.6	10,552
N	2,682	1,466	1,653	1,592	1,650	811	428	270	10,552	
Keskmine palgatulu osakaal % Mean proportion of wage income %										
Sugu - Sex										
Mees - Male	88.9	86.1	91.6	91.6	88.9	72.3	48.2	35.1	86.3	4,972
Naine - Female	89.7	87.1	91.1	89.9	87.5	61.2	50.1	58.3	83.8	5,580
Põlisus - Nativity										
Põline - Native origin	88.3	85.2	90.9	89.7	87.4	65.1	45.9	49.2	83.4	8,027
Välispäritolu - Foreign origin	92.8	90.6	92.4	93.9	90.0	69.7	71.5	75.4	89.7	2,525
Haridustase - Educational level										
Kõrgem - Higher		86.3	91.8	92.4	90.7	78.5	62.5	46.8	89.8	852
Kesk - Secondary		87.8	92.1	92.0	88.4	70.9	68.4	57.0	88.6	2,784
Põhiharidus - Basic	87.5	85.7	90.5	89.6	88.8	66.2	54.0	46.5	86.0	2,254
Algharidus - Primary	89.3	84.8	87.0	88.2	86.5	62.6	45.7	53.2	81.4	4,662
Kooseluseis - Partnership status										
Kooselus - In partnership		89.2	93.6	92.3	88.2	66.6	46.4	35.0	86.0	5,136
Mittekooselus - No partnership	89.3	86.0	83.5	83.2	87.8	64.5	52.1	57.4	84.0	5,416
Leibkonnatüüp - Household type										
Lastega - W/children	90.0	87.7	93.0	91.9	89.2	77.5			90.4	5,863
Vanuritega - W/elderly		75.3	72.2	76.1	78.8	52.8	43.3	45.6	56.6	1,074
Laste ja vanuritega - W/children and elderly	79.7	81.6	81.0	81.4	84.7	61.4	77.2	83.5	80.1	601
Laste või vanuriteta - WO/children or elderly		87.8	90.5	92.8	89.2	66.9			85.4	3,014
Elukoht - Residence										
Linn - Urban	91.9	90.2	92.2	93.7	91.2	72.2	62.0	66.1	88.8	6,061
Maa - Rural	86.3	81.7	90.1	86.2	83.2	58.6	36.6	39.9	79.8	4,491
Hõive - Employment										
Töötav - Employed		89.0	91.7	91.1	89.0	70.2	60.7	59.4	87.4	6,330
Mittetöötav - Not employed	89.3	84.1	79.3	73.4	69.3	53.3	42.2	51.8	81.2	4,222
Majandussektor - Sector of economy										
Primaar - Primary		85.0	90.0	86.4	83.1	62.0	49.0	49.4	81.7	2,053
Sekundaar - Secondary		90.5	92.7	93.7	92.8	75.0	69.8	93.2	91.0	2,075
Tertsiaar - Tertiary		90.3	91.9	93.2	90.6	76.1	68.9	67.6	89.4	2,202
Mittetöötav - Not employed	89.3	84.1	79.3	73.4	69.3	53.3	42.2	51.8	81.2	4,222
Sissetuleku kvintilid - Income quintiles										
I	86.1	87.5	90.2	87.1	87.0	50.1	21.9	25.8	77.6	1,930
II	90.6	87.5	92.3	93.2	88.4	66.5	51.3	67.3	87.5	2,158
III	90.3	86.7	91.9	90.9	89.2	63.3	65.1	69.0	87.0	2,263
IV	91.4	86.6	92.3	91.2	88.8	69.8	67.9	76.4	87.1	2,184
V	87.9	85.3	89.8	89.7	87.0	70.1	63.3	77.1	84.6	2,017
Kokku Total	89.3	86.6	91.3	90.7	88.1	66.1	49.4	53.1	84.9	10,552
N	2,682	1,466	1,653	1,592	1,650	811	428	270	10,552	

Tabel 3.23: Leibkonna brutokogutulu suurus - *Size of total gross household income*

Leibkonna brutokogutulu, rubla %	Vanusrühm - Age group								Σ	N
Total gross household income, rouble %	0-14	15-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75+		
0-249	13.3	12.6	14.8	13.0	11.1	20.0	41.6	42.2	15.4	1,630
250-349	21.0	15.3	23.6	19.2	16.5	18.7	18.0	15.9	19.2	2,028
350-449	28.7	21.3	26.4	26.8	25.1	18.5	14.0	11.5	24.6	2,600
450-549	18.2	18.4	15.8	19.7	21.7	16.5	11.9	12.6	18.1	1,909
550+	18.8	32.5	19.4	21.2	25.6	26.3	14.5	17.8	22.6	2,385
Kokku Total	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	10,552
Leibkonna brutokogutulu mediaan, rubla									Σ	N
Median total gross household income, rouble	401.0	454.0	385.0	417.0	439.5	402.0	295.0	289.5		
Keskmine leibkonna brutokogutulu, rubla									Σ	N
Mean total gross household income, rouble	401.0	454.0	385.0	417.0	439.5	402.0	295.0	289.5		
Sugu - Sex									Σ	N
Mees - Male	415.9	503.2	433.1	432.2	474.2	465.6	370.5	237.1		
Naine -Female	425.6	463.1	408.0	432.4	449.9	408.3	301.1	358.9	423.3	5,580
Põlisus - Nativity									Σ	N
Põline - Native origin	423.8	475.3	416.4	434.2	451.7	425.9	311.6	314.0	427.1	8,027
Välispäritolu - Foreign origin	409.1	497.3	431.1	426.2	486.4	460.6	423.3	431.5	447.5	2,525
Haridustase - Educational level									Σ	N
Kõrgem - Higher		495.9	413.1	435.8	471.6	521.1	346.8	384.0	444.3	852
Kesk - Secondary		494.8	425.4	418.2	452.4	484.6	399.3	412.6	447.8	2,784
Põhiharidus - Basic	414.6	468.1	422.8	438.2	473.9	414.8	349.6	283.6	447.2	2,254
Algharidus - Primary	420.7	456.5	388.7	453.0	454.1	409.3	313.6	325.8	413.0	4,662
Kooseluseis - Partnership status									Σ	N
Kooselus - In partnership		487.6	426.3	464.2	492.1	480.0	365.7	286.7	459.7	5,136
Mittekooselus - No partnership	420.6	479.5	400.3	284.7	300.0	307.1	289.8	342.0	405.7	5,416
Leibkonnatüüp - Household type									Σ	N
Lastega - W/children	413.8	462.3	410.1	430.1	480.5	536.0			428.2	5,863
Vanuritega - W/elderly		598.5	542.3	438.2	505.1	418.5	287.8	285.9	386.0	1,074
Laste ja vanuritega - W/children and elderly	516.3	567.3	514.4	540.5	539.8	579.9	503.8	517.6	528.0	601
Laste või vanuriteta - WO/children or elderly		472.8	419.4	409.3	442.4	411.0			436.7	3,014
Elukoht - Residence									Σ	N
Linn - Urban	403.7	479.1	419.4	413.5	466.6	450.0	362.9	378.4	430.5	6,061
Maa - Rural	439.7	484.2	422.1	460.7	452.7	413.0	290.1	283.7	434.1	4,491
Hõive - Employment									Σ	N
Töötav - Employed		494.7	421.7	433.2	465.2	444.1	346.8	339.8	443.7	6,330
Mittetöötav - Not employed	420.6	466.7	373.1	391.2	375.3	399.9	314.1	329.7	414.4	4,222
Majandussektor - Sector of economy									Σ	N
Primaar - Primary		490.4	439.0	469.4	470.0	440.2	354.6	347.5	455.9	2,053
Sekundaar - Secondary		514.6	417.8	422.7	483.6	471.6	408.4	648.5	453.0	2,075
Tertsiaar - Tertiary		481.7	411.6	406.4	438.8	426.3	310.5	300.0	423.6	2,202
Mittetöötav - Not employed	420.6	466.7	373.1	391.2	375.3	399.9	314.1	329.7	414.4	4,222
Sissetuleku kvintiidid - Income quintiles									Σ	N
I	254.5	253.4	233.1	243.9	245.5	174.9	124.5	127.0	229.0	1,930
II	354.2	349.5	328.8	339.8	314.1	280.2	263.5	307.4	334.0	2,158
III	441.8	462.2	405.0	431.8	402.7	368.8	399.8	436.8	425.0	2,263
IV	543.8	554.6	507.0	498.5	487.8	448.7	459.7	524.8	510.0	2,184
V	679.7	723.6	657.8	647.1	624.7	605.0	605.2	742.7	654.6	2,017
Kokku Total	420.6	481.2	420.5	432.3	461.3	433.3	326.7	331.4	432.0	10,552
N	2,682	1,466	1,653	1,592	1,650	811	428	270	10,552	

Tabel 3.24: Leibkonna netokogutulu suurus - *Size of total net household income*

Leibkonna netokogutulu, rubla %	Vanusrühm - Age group								Σ	N
Total net household income, rouble %	0-14	15-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75+		
0-249	17.3	15.8	20.2	17.0	13.9	21.8	43.2	43.3	19.0	2,009
250-349	28.0	18.1	30.1	26.3	21.9	22.3	20.3	20.4	24.8	2,615
350-449	26.0	22.4	22.2	25.6	26.4	18.4	14.0	11.9	23.5	2,475
450-549	14.7	19.2	11.7	16.7	18.6	15.4	9.3	9.6	15.5	1,634
550+	14.1	24.5	15.8	14.4	19.2	22.1	13.1	14.8	17.2	1,819
Kokku Total	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	10,552
Leibkonna netokogutulu mediaan, rubla										
Median total net household income, rouble	364.0	421.0	349.0	374.0	405.5	380.0	279.0	273.0	372.5	10,552
Keskmine leibkonna netokogutulu, rubla										
Mean total net household income, rouble										
Sugu - Sex										
Mees - Male	383.7	464.0	393.5	391.8	435.1	436.5	352.3	226.1	406.1	4,972
Naine - Female	393.0	427.1	372.1	397.5	414.3	386.0	283.0	333.8	390.7	5,580
Põlisus - Nativity										
Põline - Native origin	393.4	441.2	381.4	399.1	417.4	403.6	296.1	295.1	396.0	8,027
Välispäritolu - Foreign origin	369.1	450.6	386.0	380.6	441.4	424.4	388.3	391.9	404.2	2,525
Haridustase - Educational level										
Kõrgem - Higher		453.4	375.6	391.6	423.7	482.2	320.4	353.8	402.3	852
Kesk - Secondary		452.6	385.2	380.0	412.7	452.0	370.2	383.6	408.3	2,784
Põhiharidus - Basic	369.4	434.9	387.5	402.1	437.2	388.8	329.0	262.8	413.0	2,254
Algharidus - Primary	388.3	430.9	362.3	420.3	421.7	388.9	297.6	304.6	383.6	4,662
Kooseluseis - Partnership status										
Kooselus - In partnership		443.6	387.7	425.1	452.5	452.1	349.0	277.0	422.8	5,136
Mittekooselus - No partnership	388.2	443.8	365.4	254.6	275.5	288.8	270.4	317.2	374.4	5,416
Leibkonnatüüp - Household type										
Lastega - W/children	381.5	426.9	374.7	395.1	440.6	497.3			393.8	5,863
Vanuritega - W/elderly		553.7	497.4	396.9	467.6	397.0	272.8	268.9	360.5	1,074
Laste ja vanuritega - W/children and elderly	481.5	524.3	477.7	500.2	502.8	553.5	471.7	475.6	491.0	601
Laste või vanuriteta - WO/children or elderly		435.2	374.0	367.1	406.4	387.6			400.7	3,014
Elukoht - Residence										
Linn - Urban	361.5	430.2	374.5	366.2	419.2	414.2	334.9	343.8	386.4	6,061
Maa - Rural	418.4	462.8	395.4	437.8	431.9	400.6	282.1	274.6	413.5	4,491
Hõive - Employment										
Töötav - Employed		452.7	383.5	395.2	427.2	416.9	327.8	323.4	406.9	6,330
Mittetöötav - Not employed	388.2	434.1	353.3	375.8	355.9	380.8	296.6	306.6	384.5	4,222
Majandussektor - Sector of economy										
Primaar - Primary		467.6	413.6	446.1	449.2	426.2	342.4	341.3	434.5	2,053
Sekundaar - Secondary		461.7	372.4	373.6	433.0	432.5	379.7	557.5	405.1	2,075
Tertsiaar - Tertiary		436.0	369.9	364.2	397.2	392.7	288.8	279.4	382.8	2,202
Mittetöötav - Not employed	388.2	434.1	353.3	375.8	355.9	380.8	296.6	306.6	384.5	4,222
Sissetuleku kvintiiid - Income quintiles										
I	230.8	229.4	210.2	215.8	219.6	166.1	120.6	119.8	207.6	1,930
II	320.3	319.7	295.1	303.8	288.0	262.2	249.2	284.7	303.0	2,158
III	406.5	424.8	368.5	392.7	367.5	345.9	377.7	402.2	389.8	2,263
IV	505.5	513.2	458.0	458.5	447.8	418.7	431.2	492.0	470.3	2,184
V	646.5	672.6	609.4	604.5	579.2	573.6	568.4	700.2	612.3	2,017
Kokku Total	388.2	443.7	382.7	394.8	424.0	408.0	308.6	309.4	397.9	10,552
N	2,682	1,466	1,653	1,592	1,650	811	428	270	10,552	

Tabel 3.25: Leibkonnaliikme brutokogutulu suurus - *Size of gross per capita household income*

Leibkonnaliikme brutokogutulu, rubla %	Vanusrühm - Age group								Σ	N
Gross p.c. household income, rouble	0-14	15-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75+		
0-99	54.0	28.6	39.2	34.7	14.4	14.7	34.8	48.1	35.1	3,701
100-149	36.2	40.4	33.8	38.9	36.0	28.9	36.4	31.9	36.1	3,812
150-199	8.4	20.1	17.2	16.0	28.4	29.8	18.9	15.6	17.9	1,892
200-249	1.2	8.5	6.6	6.4	13.8	16.5	7.2	3.3	7.3	770
250+	0.2	2.5	3.2	4.0	7.5	10.1	2.6	1.1	3.6	377
Kokku Total	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	10,552
Leibkonnaliikme brutokogutulu me- diaan, rubla										
Median total gross per capita household income, rouble	96.1	126.7	112.7	115.8	149.0	160.0	118.6	103.0	117.5	10,552
Keskmine leibkonnaliikme brutokogutu- lu, rubla										
Mean total gross per capita household income, rouble										
Sugu - Sex										
Mees - Male	98.3	139.9	134.0	132.7	156.6	173.6	136.2	98.0	130.6	4,972
Naine -Female	102.2	127.3	114.9	125.9	159.9	161.7	118.1	110.8	126.3	5,580
Põlisus - Nativity										
Põline - Native origin	99.5	131.0	124.1	126.9	158.0	167.1	123.0	106.0	126.9	8,027
Välispäritolu - Foreign origin	102.7	138.5	125.2	136.3	159.4	165.9	136.4	118.6	132.9	2,525
Haridustase - Educational level										
Kõrgem - Higher		134.2	123.1	123.3	152.2	170.3	116.9	117.9	133.5	852
Kesk - Secondary		139.2	122.5	125.3	151.1	172.2	145.6	118.2	134.7	2,784
Põhiharidus - Basic	107.6	127.3	130.3	132.9	164.9	166.2	141.0	109.0	139.4	2,254
Algharidus - Primary	100.2	125.2	120.9	136.5	160.3	164.6	120.5	106.8	118.2	4,662
Kooseluseis - Partnership status										
Kooselus - In partnership		125.0	113.4	123.1	156.5	171.6	131.1	106.7	135.5	5,136
Mittekooselus - No partnership	100.2	135.2	162.4	156.7	168.3	154.1	118.8	108.2	121.5	5,416
Leibkonnatüüp - Household type										
Lastega - W/children	100.2	106.5	105.2	107.7	119.8	116.0			104.9	5,863
Vanuritega - W/elderly		142.0	156.0	142.3	151.3	143.2	129.7	109.1	133.5	1,074
Laste ja vanuritega - W/children and elderly	100.2	99.8	100.3	105.7	112.0	110.5	102.5	103.0	102.9	601
Laste või vanuriteta - WO/children or elderly		156.6	194.5	182.7	179.4	184.4			177.0	3,014
Elukoht - Residence										
Linn - Urban	99.9	131.3	122.7	127.2	154.7	165.1	128.9	113.6	127.8	6,061
Maa - Rural	100.5	135.5	127.0	132.0	164.3	169.0	120.6	102.1	129.0	4,491
Hõive - Employment										
Töötav - Employed		144.2	125.1	129.6	159.9	177.1	151.1	133.0	142.9	6,330
Mittetöötav - Not employed	100.2	121.0	98.3	106.0	124.5	135.2	108.3	102.9	106.4	4,222
Majandussektor - Sector of economy										
Primaar - Primary		150.0	129.3	136.1	166.5	182.0	150.9	134.9	149.5	2,053
Sekundaar - Secondary		147.9	127.5	132.5	161.0	180.2	164.7	149.0	145.1	2,075
Tertsiaar - Tertiary		137.5	119.5	120.1	151.8	168.5	145.1	129.2	134.7	2,202
Mittetöötav - Not employed	100.2	121.0	98.3	106.0	124.5	135.2	108.3	102.9	106.4	4,222
Sissetuleku kvintiilid - Income quintiles										
I	57.7	69.4	67.2	71.3	79.5	76.6	67.8	60.9	65.9	1,930
II	86.0	101.2	95.3	99.8	108.2	114.3	114.7	104.0	97.3	2,158
III	105.8	123.4	118.0	120.4	132.2	139.3	127.2	131.3	119.9	2,263
IV	127.2	149.7	150.2	147.5	159.9	165.7	162.3	149.5	148.8	2,184
V	166.5	204.6	200.7	210.9	227.5	234.2	215.8	206.8	208.5	2,017
Kokku Total	100.2	133.0	124.4	129.1	158.4	166.9	124.8	107.9	128.3	10,552
N	2,682	1,466	1,653	1,592	1,650	811	428	270	10,552	

Tabel 3.26: Leibkonnaliikme netokogutulu suurus - *Size of net per capita household income*

Leibkonnaliikme neto kogutulu, rubla % Net p. c. household income, rouble %	Vanusrühm - Age group								Σ	N
	0-14	15-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75+		
0-99	63.0	34.6	47.6	43.6	18.4	15.9	39.5	51.5	41.9	4,419
100-149	30.1	40.4	32.8	36.1	41.9	34.3	37.4	33.3	35.4	3,738
150-199	5.8	18.2	13.1	13.9	24.1	27.0	15.0	11.5	14.9	1,573
200-249	0.9	5.1	4.4	4.1	10.4	14.3	6.1	3.3	5.3	560
250+	0.1	1.7	2.0	2.3	5.2	8.5	2.1	0.4	2.5	262
Kokku Total	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	10,552
Leibkonnaliikme netokogutulu mediaan, rubla										
Median total net per capita household income, rouble	87.8	115.8	102.7	106.0	136.2	149.5	114.1	96.6	109.0	10,552
Keskmine leibkonnaliikme netokogutulu, rubla										
Mean total gross net capita household income, rouble										
Sugu - Sex										
Mees - Male	90.5	129.0	120.9	117.4	143.6	163.4	130.1	94.9	119.5	4,972
Naine -Female	94.1	117.5	104.4	115.5	147.7	153.6	112.5	103.9	116.8	5,580
Põlisus - Nativity										
Põline - Native origin	92.2	121.6	113.0	115.2	146.1	158.9	117.9	100.8	117.5	8,027
Välispäritolu - Foreign origin	92.6	125.8	111.5	120.4	144.8	154.0	125.7	108.4	120.0	2,525
Haridustase - Educational level										
Kõrgem - Higher		122.6	111.2	109.8	136.9	157.9	108.4	109.8	120.4	852
Kesk - Secondary		127.4	110.3	113.3	137.9	161.3	135.6	110.9	122.6	2,784
Põhiharidus - Basic	96.3	118.3	118.5	119.5	152.1	156.5	134.4	101.4	128.2	2,254
Algharidus - Primary	92.3	118.0	112.0	124.3	149.1	157.0	115.4	101.0	110.0	4,662
Kooseluseis - Partnership status										
Kooselus - In partnership		113.6	102.7	112.2	144.2	162.3	125.9	103.9	124.8	5,136
Mittekooselus - No partnership	92.3	125.2	146.6	135.9	154.1	146.0	112.5	101.4	111.7	5,416
Leibkonnatüüp - Household type										
Lastega - W/children	92.2	98.4	96.0	98.7	110.0	108.0			96.4	5,863
Vanuritega - W/elderly		131.8	143.1	129.2	140.6	136.3	124.0	103.6	125.8	1,074
Laste ja vanuritega - W/children and elderly	93.3	92.3	93.0	97.6	104.5	105.5	95.9	94.7	95.6	601
Laste või vanuriteta - WO/children or elderly		144.2	172.2	160.3	165.0	174.6			162.0	3,014
Elukoht - Residence										
Linn - Urban	89.5	117.9	108.9	111.4	139.1	152.7	120.2	104.2	114.6	6,061
Maa - Rural	95.5	129.6	118.3	124.0	156.8	164.2	117.7	99.6	122.8	4,491
Hõive - Employment										
Töötav - Employed		132.1	113.1	116.7	147.1	167.0	143.8	128.1	130.9	6,330
Mittetöötav - Not employed	92.3	112.7	93.3	101.7	117.8	129.6	103.4	96.6	98.9	4,222
Majandussektor - Sector of economy										
Primaar - Primary		143.6	121.8	127.8	159.4	176.8	146.3	133.5	142.5	2,053
Sekundaar - Secondary		132.4	112.7	115.7	144.1	165.9	154.6	128.4	129.3	2,075
Tertsiaar - Tertiary		124.4	106.5	106.4	137.5	156.0	136.3	121.9	121.5	2,202
Mittetöötav - Not employed	92.3	112.7	93.3	101.7	117.8	129.6	103.4	96.6	98.9	4,222
Sissetuleku kvintiliid - Income quintiles										
I	52.2	62.9	59.4	62.3	70.8	73.5	66.7	58.9	59.9	1,930
II	77.9	92.4	84.9	87.8	99.4	107.7	109.7	97.2	88.2	2,158
III	97.0	113.1	106.9	107.9	120.2	131.2	121.1	122.4	109.5	2,263
IV	117.8	138.3	134.7	134.4	146.8	155.0	152.6	140.5	136.8	2,184
V	158.1	191.0	186.0	194.1	211.7	223.0	203.8	195.4	195.0	2,017
Kokku Total	92.3	122.7	112.6	116.4	145.8	157.9	119.0	101.9	118.1	10,552
N	2,682	1,466	1,653	1,592	1,650	811	428	270	10,552	

Tabel 3.27: Leibkonnaliikme ekvivalentkogutulu suurus - *Size of net equivalised household income*

Leibkonnaliikme suurus, rubla %	ekvivalentkogutulu	Vanusrühm - Age group								Σ	N
		0-14	15-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75+		
Size of net equivalised household income, rouble %											
0-149		38.6	27.7	33.0	29.3	18.2	19.1	44.4	51.5	30.7	3,236
150-199		33.2	28.9	30.3	33.5	26.6	23.3	25.0	23.7	29.8	3,147
200-249		17.3	24.6	20.1	21.5	28.8	25.8	18.5	16.7	21.9	2,309
250-299		7.2	11.9	10.1	9.2	15.6	15.8	7.5	4.1	10.5	1,110
300+		3.7	6.9	6.5	6.5	10.8	16.0	4.7	4.1	7.1	750
Kokku Total		100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	10,552
Leibkonnaliikme mediaan, rubla	ekvivalentkogutulu										
Median net equivalised household income, rouble		166.1	189.1	177.8	183.5	205.8	213.3	162.1	141.1	182.9	10,552
Keskmine leibkonnaliikme ekvivalentkogutulu, rubla											
Mean net equivalised household income, rouble											
Sugu - Sex											
Mees - Male		170.5	203.9	193.7	190.7	215.7	233.3	185.4	128.7	193.3	4,972
Naine -Female		175.6	187.9	179.2	189.7	214.9	212.4	153.9	154.6	187.4	5,580
Põlisus - Nativity											
Põline - Native origin		174.0	194.0	187.1	190.2	214.7	222.2	162.0	145.1	189.6	8,027
Välispäritolu - Foreign origin		169.1	198.3	184.5	190.1	216.8	218.8	188.0	169.6	192.0	2,525
Haridustase - Educational level											
Kõrgem - Higher			192.4	181.8	185.6	209.2	231.6	162.8	163.0	192.5	852
Kesk - Secondary			200.3	185.7	185.4	205.5	233.2	192.2	168.4	195.0	2,784
Põhiharidus - Basic		174.4	190.5	192.6	192.6	223.3	216.9	182.3	143.5	199.3	2,254
Algharidus - Primary		172.9	190.7	180.2	201.8	217.7	217.3	160.2	147.1	182.4	4,662
Kooseluseis - Partnership status											
Kooselus - In partnership			190.8	182.4	193.8	220.5	236.0	182.6	148.3	201.9	5,136
Mittekooselus - No partnership		172.9	196.3	200.0	173.3	187.9	182.5	149.4	148.8	179.0	5,416
Leibkonnatüüp - Household type											
Lastega - W/children		172.8	176.4	175.8	181.2	193.4	194.1			177.2	5,863
Vanuritega - W/elderly			210.9	218.5	190.0	212.9	197.9	163.1	143.1	179.3	1,074
Laste ja vanuritega - W/children and elderly		174.7	168.4	173.4	181.0	186.8	193.5	176.9	171.8	176.6	601
Laste või vanuriteta - WO/children or elderly			210.7	222.3	213.4	227.0	233.3			221.9	3,014
Elukoht - Residence											
Linn - Urban		164.0	186.9	179.7	179.9	207.0	217.1	170.5	156.4	183.6	6,061
Maa - Rural		183.0	206.7	196.9	205.7	228.7	226.8	160.5	141.0	199.1	4,491
Hõive - Employment											
Töötav - Employed			205.5	187.2	190.6	217.0	231.3	191.1	174.4	201.9	6,330
Mittetöötav - Not employed		172.9	184.0	156.5	168.9	177.8	191.3	149.5	143.6	172.5	4,222
Majandussektor - Sector of economy											
Primaar - Primary			222.7	202.7	210.8	233.9	242.8	197.8	184.7	219.0	2,053
Sekundaar - Secondary			205.6	184.1	184.2	213.8	233.3	211.6	219.6	199.2	2,075
Tertsiaar - Tertiary			194.3	177.8	176.3	202.9	215.5	174.7	158.0	188.6	2,202
Mittetöötav - Not employed		172.9	184.0	156.5	168.9	177.8	191.3	149.5	143.6	172.5	4,222
Sissetuleku kvintiilid - Income quintiles											
I		100	101.1	102.4	102.6	105.6	98.2	81.1	74.3	98.5	1,930
II		146.3	147.0	146.0	146.1	146.4	146.6	145.2	142.9	146.2	2,158
III		181.5	182.6	181.0	183.0	182.4	183.0	182.4	183.0	182.1	2,263
IV		220.2	220.9	220.3	219.8	220.7	220.9	220.1	216.9	220.3	2,184
V		292.7	299.1	295.0	302.9	305.1	314.3	292.0	306.2	301.3	2,017
Kokku Total		172.9	195.1	186.4	190.2	215.3	221.5	165.5	148.7	190.2	10,552
N		2,682	1,466	1,653	1,592	1,650	811	428	270	10,552	

Tabel 3.28: Leibkonnaliikme ekvivalentkogutulu suurus enne siirdeid - *Size of net equivalised household income before transfers*

Leibkonnaliikme ekvivalentkogutulu suurus enne siirdeid, rubla %	Vanusrühm - Age group								Σ	N
Size of net equivalised household income before transfers, rouble %	0-14	15-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75+		
0-149	43.5	36.0	38.0	33.5	25.0	45.3	70.6	67.0	39.0	4,119
150-199	31.4	29.8	30.4	34.4	29.3	24.5	17.5	20.7	29.8	3,142
200-249	15.1	20.1	17.1	18.3	25.2	14.9	7.9	7.0	17.7	1,864
250-299	6.5	8.9	8.9	7.9	11.8	8.3	2.6	3.3	8.2	860
300+	3.4	5.3	5.6	6.0	8.7	7.0	1.4	1.9	5.4	567
Kokku Total	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	10,552
Leibkonnaliikme ekvivalentkogutulu mediaan enne siirdeid, rubla										
Median net equivalised household income before transfers, rouble	159.0	172.0	167.1	175.6	193.5	160.7	105.2	111.2	167.1	10,552
Keskmine leibkonnaliikme ekvivalentkogutulu enne siirdeid, rubla										
Mean net equivalised household income before transfers, rouble										
Sugu - Sex										
Mees - Male	162.0	187.4	183.9	183.6	201.7	186.4	115.6	74.4	177.7	4,972
Naine -Female	167.9	173.2	170.6	180.2	198.9	150.3	104.9	119.7	169.5	5,580
Põlisus - Nativity										
Põline - Native origin	165.7	177.7	178.9	181.8	200.9	168.3	104.9	104.9	172.6	8,027
Välispäritolu - Foreign origin	161.5	185.1	172.9	181.8	198.5	157.8	133.9	135.6	175.7	2,525
Haridustase - Educational level										
Kõrgem - Higher		172.2	173.2	177.2	194.8	193.4	101.3	102.6	178.8	852
Kesk - Secondary		185.0	176.4	177.6	189.5	175.0	137.1	111.0	179.5	2,784
Põhiharidus - Basic	163.5	175.4	183.7	183.9	209.5	158.0	116.4	101.2	183.1	2,254
Algharidus - Primary	164.8	173.6	170.5	192.9	202.0	162.2	104.6	109.9	164.0	4,662
Kooseluseis - Partnership status										
Kooselus - In partnership		181.0	177.3	187.5	204.7	178.7	112.0	83.0	184.1	5,136
Mittekooselus - No partnership	164.8	179.3	177.0	155.5	177.0	131.9	105.8	115.8	163.2	5,416
Leibkonnatüüp - Household type										
Lastega - W/children	166.0	165.7	170.4	176.0	182.9	161.0			169.8	5,863
Vanuritega - W/elderly		170.3	170.4	159.2	181.9	129.7	100.9	99.0	129.3	1,074
Laste ja vanuritega - W/children and elderly	148.3	147.2	145.1	155.7	168.8	133.6	145.2	152.4	150.2	601
Laste või vanuriteta - WO/children or elderly		195.3	209.7	205.8	212.4	176.5			200.5	3,014
Elukoht - Residence										
Linn - Urban	155.5	172.4	169.4	171.8	191.8	160.4	114.4	118.2	167.0	6,061
Maa - Rural	175.4	189.8	189.5	196.9	213.9	172.9	103.3	100.7	181.9	4,491
Hõive - Employment										
Töötav - Employed		193.0	178.4	182.7	203.0	178.6	131.1	126.2	185.8	6,330
Mittetöötav - Not employed	164.8	165.3	131.1	142.5	138.9	127.2	94.9	106.1	154.7	4,222
Majandussektor - Sector of economy										
Primaar - Primary		208.6	194.7	202.1	217.1	186.3	134.4	134.4	199.9	2,053
Sekundaar - Secondary		193.0	175.7	176.8	202.6	179.1	148.1	201.4	185.3	2,075
Tertsiaar - Tertiary		183.0	168.1	168.5	188.7	168.8	119.9	109.3	173.0	2,202
Mittetöötav - Not employed	164.8	165.3	131.1	142.5	138.9	127.2	94.9	106.1	154.7	4,222
Sissetuleku kvintiliid - Income quintiles										
I	92.5	92.4	96.0	94.3	97.9	55.1	28.9	33.1	84.2	1,930
II	137.8	133.7	139.5	138.7	134.3	101.6	86.3	107.1	132.9	2,158
III	173.4	167.3	172.1	175.7	170.3	131.4	128.4	144.5	167.5	2,263
IV	211.3	201.5	208.4	209.2	204.8	163.8	159.0	180.1	201.0	2,184
V	285.3	280.1	282.3	294.3	284.9	249.7	230.6	263.5	278.6	2,017
Kokku Total	164.8	179.6	177.2	181.8	200.2	166.1	108.8	109.5	173.3	10,552
N	2,682	1,466	1,653	1,592	1,650	811	428	270	10,552	

Tabel 3.29: Leibkonnaliikme ekvivalentkogutulu vaesusmäära suhtes - *Size of net equivalised household income as relative to poverty line*

Leibkonnaliikme ekvivalentttulu %	Vanusrühm - Age group								Σ	N
Size of net equivalised household income %	0-14	15-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75+		
Allpool vaesuspiiri - Below poverty line	13.4	8.9	10.0	7.9	4.1	5.9	22.4	32.6	10.2	1,080
1-1.9 vaesuspiiri - poverty line	65.3	56.4	60.3	63.9	51.6	46.1	53.7	50.7	58.6	6,185
2-2.9 vaesuspiiri - poverty line	19.2	30.4	26.3	24.2	37.3	37.6	21.3	13.3	26.8	2,828
3+ vaesuspiiri - poverty line	2.2	4.2	3.4	4.0	6.9	10.4	2.6	3.3	4.3	459
Kokku Total	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	10,552
Suhtelise vaesuse määr %										
At-risk-of-poverty rate %										
Sugu - Sex										
Mees - Male	14.3	6.9	8.7	7.8	3.2	4.0	15.2	41.0	9.3	4,972
Naine -Female	12.4	10.8	11.3	8.1	4.9	7.4	27.0	30.1	11.1	5,580
Põlisus - Nativity										
Põline - Native origin	13.9	9.4	11.0	8.5	4.4	6.7	25.7	35.7	11.2	8,027
Välispäritolu - Foreign origin	11.4	8.2	7.4	5.9	3.5	2.9	3.4	15.0	7.2	2,525
Haridustase - Educational level										
Kõrgem - Higher	0.0	6.0	8.9	6.3	2.5	2.0	6.7	0.0	6.1	852
Kesk - Secondary	0.0	9.3	9.1	7.5	5.1	2.9	4.7	15.0	7.8	2,784
Põhiharidus - Basic	20.0	9.0	10.9	8.9	4.2	7.7	12.5	27.3	8.5	2,254
Algharidus - Primary	13.4	10.6	17.5	8.3	4.0	6.9	27.0	34.5	13.4	4,662
Kooseluseis - Partnership status										
Kooselus - In partnership		11.3	9.4	6.0	2.5	3.7	13.9	28.8	6.5	5,136
Mittekooselus - No partnership	13.4	8.5	11.8	17.0	12.8	11.9	30.9	33.5	13.8	5,416
Leibkonnatüüp - Household type										
Lastega - W/children	13.5	12.7	11.7	8.7	6.1	7.3	0.0	0.0	11.5	5,863
Vanuritega - W/elderly	0.0	5.0	3.3	6.9	2.0	10.3	25.6	36.4	18.3	1,074
Laste ja vanuritega - W/children and elderly	12.3	18.0	10.2	7.5	15.6	0.0	9.1	17.0	11.6	601
Laste või vanuriteta - WO/children or elderly	0.0	5.9	4.9	6.4	3.0	4.9	0.0	0.0	4.7	3,014
Elukoht - Residence										
Linn - Urban	12.7	9.2	10.0	6.9	3.4	2.9	13.5	22.8	8.8	6,061
Maa - Rural	14.1	8.9	9.9	9.4	5.3	9.6	31.9	42.5	12.2	4,491
Hõive - Employment										
Töötav - Employed		9.0	9.6	7.8	3.9	3.9	7.3	15.6	7.1	6,330
Mittetöötav - Not employed	13.4	9.2	26.8	12.1	8.3	12.1	32.3	36.0	15.0	4,222
Majandussektor - Sector of economy										
Primaar - Primary	0.0	7.0	8.1	7.4	4.3	6.1	0.0	0.0	7.0	2,053
Sekundaar - Secondary	0.0	6.5	8.4	5.8	2.1	2.4	3.3	0.0	5.3	2,075
Tertsiaar - Tertiary	0.0	12.2	11.7	10.3	5.7	2.5	3.0	5.0	8.9	2,202
Mittetöötav - Not employed	13.4	9.2	26.8	12.1	8.3	12.1	32.3	36.0	15.0	4,222
Sissetuleku kvintiilid - Income quintiles										
I	56.1	52.8	52.4	52.3	45.6	51.6	74.6	80.0	56.2	1,930
II	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2,158
III	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2,263
IV	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2,184
V	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2,017
Kokku Total	13.4	9.1	10.0	7.9	4.1	5.9	22.7	32.6	10.3	10,552
N	2,682	1,466	1,653	1,592	1,650	811	428	270	10,552	

Tabel 3.30: Leibkonnaliikme ekvivalentkogutulu vaesusmäära suhtes enne siirdeid - *Size of net equivalised household income before transfers as relative to poverty line*

Leibkonnaliikme ekvivalenttulu enne siirdeid %	Vanusrühm - Age group								Σ	N
Size of net equivalised household income before transfers %	0-14	15-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75+		
Allpool vaesuspiiri - Below poverty line	13.7	11.5	10.3	8.7	5.9	22.9	46.7	45.6	13.8	1,454
1-1.9 vaesuspiiri - poverty line	58.8	52.0	55.8	56.0	45.8	45.1	40.2	41.1	52.7	5,559
2-2.9 vaesuspiiri - poverty line	23.8	31.0	27.8	29.0	39.2	24.8	11.7	11.5	27.9	2,942
3+ vaesuspiiri - poverty line	3.6	5.5	6.0	6.3	9.1	7.2	1.4	1.9	5.7	597
Kokku Total	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	10,552
Suhtelise vaesuse määr enne sotsiaalseid siirdeid %										
At-risk-of-poverty rate before social transfers %										
Sugu - Sex										
Mees - Male	14.7	9.7	8.5	7.6	4.8	12.4	45.6	65.6	11.8	4,972
Naine -Female	12.7	13.1	12.1	9.7	7.0	31.1	47.4	39.7	15.5	5,580
Põlisus - Nativity										
Põline - Native origin	13.9	12.5	10.6	9.4	6.4	22.9	50.0	48.7	14.8	8,027
Välispäritolu - Foreign origin	13.1	8.9	9.6	6.7	4.8	23.1	25.9	27.5	10.6	2,525
Haridustase - Educational level										
Kõrgem - Higher		6.0	9.6	5.4	3.0	8.2	53.3	75.0	7.6	852
Kesk - Secondary		10.9	8.5	8.6	6.8	16.7	34.9	35.0	10.0	2,784
Põhiharidus - Basic	10.0	12.5	12.7	10.2	6.0	26.9	42.5	54.5	12.4	2,254
Algharidus - Primary	13.7	13.6	19.6	8.7	6.3	25.7	48.5	45.5	17.8	4,662
Kooseluseis - Partnership status										
Kooselus - In partnership		9.7	8.4	6.2	4.5	17.2	46.6	63.5	10.0	5,136
Mittekooselus - No partnership	13.7	12.0	17.2	20.5	13.6	38.4	46.8	41.3	17.4	5,416
Leibkonnatüüp - Household type										
Lastega - W/children	13.5	13.4	11.2	8.8	6.9	15.5			11.7	5,863
Vanuritega - W/elderly		9.9	13.3	12.5	6.1	40.5	53.6	51.6	36.0	1,074
Laste ja vanuritega - W/children and elderly	17.3	21.3	15.3	13.1	17.8	20.0	15.6	20.8	17.0	601
Laste või vanuriteta - WO/children or elderly		9.4	5.5	6.8	4.9	20.5			9.2	3,014
Elukoht - Residence										
Linn - Urban	13.8	11.2	11.2	8.1	5.2	22.2	41.9	40.4	12.9	6,061
Maa - Rural	13.7	12.0	9.0	9.7	7.2	23.8	51.6	50.7	15.0	4,491
Hõive - Employment										
Töötav - Employed		9.1	9.7	8.3	5.0	18.3	37.0	42.2	9.9	6,330
Mittetöötav - Not employed	13.7	14.1	34.1	27.3	26.4	37.4	52.9	46.2	19.6	4,222
Majandussektor - Sector of economy										
Primaar - Primary		8.0	7.9	7.0	5.8	18.7	36.2	39.1	9.7	2,053
Sekundaar - Secondary		5.7	9.5	5.5	2.6	13.3	26.7	0.0	6.7	2,075
Tertsiaar - Tertiary		12.5	11.4	12.6	6.9	21.8	42.4	50.0	13.1	2,202
Mittetöötav - Not employed	13.7	14.1	34.1	27.3	26.4	37.4	52.9	46.2	19.6	4,222
Sissetuleku kvintiliid - Income quintiles										
I	52.2	53.6	47.3	51.9	43.6	84.9	94.6	93.6	57.7	1,930
II	4.8	8.7	4.6	3.3	10.1	51.9	62.5	37.2	10.9	2,158
III	0.3	3.0	1.4	0.3	2.1	22.1	20.5	6.4	3.3	2,263
IV	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.3	0.2	10.5	8.2	2.1	1.4	2,184
V	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2,017
Kokku Total	13.7	11.5	10.3	8.7	5.9	22.9	46.7	45.6	13.8	10,552
N	2,682	1,466	1,653	1,592	1,650	811	428	270	10,552	

Tabel 3.31: Eluaseme tüüp - *Dwelling type*

Eluaseme tüüp % Dwelling type %	Vanusrühm - Age group								Σ	N
	0-14	15-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75+		
Korter - Apartment	72.4	63.6	71.8	71.0	64.2	48.8	48.8	43.0	66.1	6,974
Üldkorter - Shared apartment	3.4	2.5	5.1	3.5	1.9	3.1	2.6	2.6	3.2	342
Koridorsüsteemiga maja - Corridor type house	0.6	0.5	1.1	0.4	0.7	0.5	0.2	0.7	0.6	66
Kelder - Cellar	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.0	1
Barakk - Barracked	0.1	0.1	0.5	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.0	0.2	23
Ühisealamu - Dormitory	2.3	3.7	5.1	1.1	1.2	0.2	0.2	0.0	2.3	240
Isiklik maja - Private house	16.6	25.5	11.9	19.9	28.6	45.0	44.9	51.9	23.7	2,500
Ühiskondlik üüripind - State rental	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.6	0.3	0.4	0.2	0.0	0.5	53
Eraüüripind - Private rental	4.1	3.5	3.9	3.3	2.8	1.7	2.6	1.9	3.3	353
Kokku Total	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	10,552
Peremajas elavate osakaal % Proportion living in family house %										
Sugu - Sex										
Mees - Male	16.6	30.7	13.8	20.2	27.2	48.3	50.6	72.1	24.2	4,972
Naine -Female	16.5	21.3	10.0	19.6	29.9	42.5	41.5	45.9	23.2	5,580
Põlisus - Nativity										
Põline - Native origin	20.3	33.2	15.3	25.3	37.0	55.3	51.4	60.0	29.9	8,027
Väispäritolu - Foreign origin	2.6	4.3	3.0	2.4	6.8	6.9	3.4	5.0	4.0	2,525
Haridustase - Educational level										
Kõrgem - Higher		25.4	9.9	9.4	12.9	26.5	20.0	25.0	12.9	852
Kesk - Secondary		21.9	9.4	18.4	25.3	28.2	16.3	20.0	18.1	2,784
Põhiharidus - Basic	10.0	28.9	16.6	23.1	32.5	42.9	37.5	18.2	27.1	2,254
Algharidus - Primary	16.6	28.8	19.6	26.6	33.1	54.6	50.6	56.6	27.4	4,662
Kooseluseis - Partnership status										
Kooselus - In partnership		11.0	9.4	20.0	29.8	48.3	52.4	73.1	24.6	5,136
Mittekooselus - No partnership	16.6	29.4	20.2	19.4	22.3	36.1	37.7	46.8	22.8	5,416
Leibkonnatüüp - Household type										
Lastega - W/children	14.7	22.3	8.9	16.5	27.9	35.5			16.0	5,863
Vanuritega - W/elderly		36.6	33.3	43.1	38.8	60.3	45.3	53.5	46.2	1,074
Laste ja vanuritega - W/children and elderly	41.9	49.2	30.5	44.9	51.1	40.0	42.9	45.3	43.1	601
Laste või vanuriteta - WO/children or elderly		24.5	15.7	17.6	26.4	43.6			26.7	3,014
Elukoht - Residence										
Linn - Urban	10.6	13.7	9.1	10.3	15.8	23.6	16.7	24.3	13.1	6,061
Maa - Rural	23.3	42.2	16.1	34.4	49.4	71.0	73.2	79.9	38.0	4,491
Hõive - Employment										
Töötav - Employed		20.8	11.6	19.5	28.1	42.7	41.2	62.2	22.9	6,330
Mittetöötav - Not employed	16.6	30.5	22.0	39.4	40.3	52.0	47.1	49.8	24.9	4,222
Majandussektor - Sector of economy										
Primaar - Primary		32.5	16.0	32.1	46.9	67.1	73.9	91.3	38.4	2,053
Sekundaar - Secondary		11.7	6.0	9.7	12.4	26.7	10.0	0.0	11.1	2,075
Tertsiaar - Tertiary		20.6	13.3	16.3	26.5	26.2	21.2	35.0	19.6	2,202
Mittetöötav - Not employed	16.6	30.5	22.0	39.4	40.3	52.0	47.1	49.8	24.9	4,222
Sissetuleku kvintiilid - Income quintiles										
I	14.5	18.3	10.2	19.5	20.1	55.9	51.5	55.5	22.2	1,930
II	12.7	18.2	10.2	15.2	26.2	39.4	38.6	46.5	18.0	2,158
III	15.1	25.0	8.1	18.9	24.8	43.4	41.0	48.9	20.8	2,263
IV	19.3	29.8	12.7	20.2	29.9	33.0	39.7	51.1	24.9	2,184
V	27.6	33.9	19.1	27.8	34.0	53.2	50.8	52.2	33.2	2,017
Kokku Total	16.6	25.5	11.9	19.9	28.6	45.0	44.9	51.9	23.7	10,552
N	2,682	1,466	1,653	1,592	1,650	811	428	270	10,552	

Tabel 3.32: Leibkonna kasutatavate elutubade arv - *No. of living rooms in use*

Leibkonna elutubade arv % Number of living rooms in use %	Vanusrühm - Age group								Σ	N
	0-14	15-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75+		
1	8.8	10.5	17.2	9.4	7.8	9.6	18.2	13.0	10.8	1,142
2	32.0	34.7	37.2	35.2	38.4	39.8	33.2	31.1	35.3	3,726
3	37.0	34.4	29.9	34.4	36.0	31.4	30.4	34.8	34.2	3,613
4	13.9	11.7	8.6	13.0	10.8	12.6	10.7	11.9	11.9	1,251
5+	3.7	4.5	2.5	4.1	3.9	4.4	4.7	7.4	3.9	414
Teadmata - No data	4.6	4.1	4.5	3.9	3.2	2.1	2.8	1.9	3.8	406
Kokku Total	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	10,552
N	2,682	1,466	1,653	1,592	1,650	811	428	270	10,552	
Keskmine elutubade arv										
Mean number of living rooms										
Sugu - Sex										
Mees - Male	2.7	2.7	2.4	2.7	2.7	2.8	2.6	2.7	2.7	4,761
Naine - Female	2.7	2.6	2.4	2.7	2.6	2.5	2.4	2.7	2.6	5,385
Põlisus - Nativity										
Põline - Native origin	2.8	2.8	2.5	2.8	2.8	2.7	2.5	2.8	2.7	7,643
Välispäritolu - Foreign origin	2.3	2.3	2.1	2.3	2.4	2.3	2.5	2.3	2.3	2,503
Haridustase - Educational level										
Kõrgem - Higher		2.9	2.5	2.8	2.9	3.0	3.1	2.2	2.7	831
Kesk - Secondary		2.6	2.4	2.7	2.7	2.8	2.6	2.5	2.6	2,682
Põhiharidus - Basic	2.6	2.7	2.4	2.6	2.6	2.7	2.2	2.2	2.6	2,160
Algharidus - Primary	2.7	2.5	2.3	2.6	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.8	2.6	4,473
Kooseluseis - Partnership status										
Kooselus - In partnership		2.2	2.4	2.8	2.7	2.7	2.7	2.8	2.6	4,954
Mittekooselus - No partnership	2.7	2.7	2.3	2.1	2.1	2.3	2.4	2.7	2.6	5,192
Leibkonnatüüp - Household type										
Lastega - W/children	2.7	2.7	2.4	2.8	2.9	3.0			2.7	5,600
Vanuritega - W/elderly		3.0	2.8	2.8	2.9	2.8	2.4	2.6	2.7	1,056
Laste ja vanuritega - W/children and elderly	3.2	3.1	3.3	3.3	3.2	3.5	3.2	3.2	3.2	597
Laste või vanuriteta - WO/children or elderly		2.5	2.0	2.2	2.5	2.5			2.4	2,893
Elukoht - Residence										
Linn - Urban	2.5	2.5	2.2	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.3	2.5	2.5	5,920
Maa - Rural	3.0	2.8	2.6	3.0	2.8	2.7	2.7	3.0	2.9	4,226
Hõive - Employment										
Töötav - Employed		2.4	2.4	2.7	2.6	2.6	2.5	2.5	2.6	6,089
Mittetöötav - Not employed	2.7	2.9	2.5	2.7	2.7	2.6	2.5	2.8	2.7	4,057
Majandussektor - Sector of economy										
Primaar - Primary		2.5	2.7	3.0	2.8	2.8	2.8	2.7	2.8	1,939
Sekundaar - Secondary		2.3	2.1	2.4	2.5	2.5	2.3	3.0	2.4	2,028
Tertsiaar - Tertiary		2.4	2.4	2.6	2.7	2.5	2.2	2.3	2.5	2,122
Mittetöötav - Not employed	2.7	2.9	2.5	2.7	2.7	2.6	2.5	2.8	2.7	4,057
Sissetuleku kvintilid - Income quintiles										
I	2.5	2.3	2.2	2.5	2.4	2.4	2.2	2.2	2.4	1,813
II	2.6	2.5	2.3	2.5	2.5	2.4	2.5	2.6	2.5	2,083
III	2.8	2.7	2.4	2.7	2.6	2.8	2.7	3.0	2.7	2,178
IV	2.9	2.8	2.5	2.7	2.7	2.5	2.7	3.2	2.7	2,114
V	2.9	2.8	2.6	2.8	2.7	2.8	2.7	3.5	2.8	1,958
Kokku Total	2.7	2.6	2.4	2.7	2.6	2.6	2.5	2.7	2.6	10,146
N	2,559	1,406	1,578	1,530	1,598	794	416	265	10,146	

Tabel 3.33: Leibkonna eluaseme üldpind - *Total floor area*

Eluaseme üldpind %	Vanusrühm - Age group								Σ	N
Total floor area %	0-14	15-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75+		
0-9	0.3	0.2	0.6	0.3	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.3	28
10-19	2.6	4.4	6.4	2.7	1.5	3.0	7.7	5.2	3.6	380
20-29	5.8	6.3	10.3	5.2	5.2	6.2	11.2	8.9	6.7	706
30-39	13.5	14.3	15.4	16.6	17.8	15.2	11.2	13.0	15.1	1,589
40-49	22.7	21.1	22.4	22.7	22.0	21.8	19.9	15.6	22.0	2,317
50+	50.6	49.6	40.4	48.6	50.4	51.7	47.2	55.6	48.6	5,126
Teadmata - No data	4.6	4.1	4.5	3.9	3.2	2.1	2.8	1.9	3.8	406
Kokku Total	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	10,552
N	2,682	1,466	1,653	1,592	1,650	811	428	270	10,552	
Keskmine üldpinna suurus m^2										
Mean size of total floor area m^2										
Sugu - Sex										
Mees - Male	53.7	55.1	48.0	52.6	54.7	58.4	54.7	57.7	53.4	4,761
Naine -Female	53.1	51.7	47.8	53.5	53.7	52.4	49.6	55.0	52.1	5,385
Põlisus - Nativity										
Põline - Native origin	56.0	56.2	50.4	55.7	57.0	57.8	51.9	57.2	55.3	7,643
Välispäritolu - Foreign origin	44.5	45.3	41.6	44.9	47.1	45.1	48.3	46.1	44.8	2,503
Haridustase - Educational level										
Kõrgem - Higher		58.2	51.3	54.7	59.1	61.9	61.2	46.0	55.4	831
Kesk - Secondary		50.1	47.1	53.8	54.2	55.4	51.2	52.1	50.9	2,682
Põhiharidus - Basic	50.6	56.0	47.0	52.5	54.5	56.5	49.1	49.5	53.1	2,160
Algharidus - Primary	53.5	52.7	47.8	51.0	52.2	53.5	51.3	56.3	53.0	4,473
Kooseluseis - Partnership status										
Kooselus - In partnership		44.4	48.5	55.5	56.1	57.7	55.6	56.3	53.5	4,954
Mittekooselus - No partnership	53.5	55.4	45.7	41.8	44.0	47.9	47.5	55.4	51.9	5,192
Leibkonnatüüp - Household type										
Lastega - W/children	52.9	53.7	48.2	54.7	57.6	59.6			52.8	5,600
Vanuritega - W/elderly		62.6	57.4	60.3	60.8	60.2	49.4	54.6	55.8	1,056
Laste ja vanuritega - W/children and elderly	61.1	59.3	61.7	62.8	63.4	65.7	60.7	59.4	61.4	597
Laste või vanuriteta - WO/children or elderly		50.9	41.8	45.6	51.1	52.5			49.6	2,893
Elukoht - Residence										
Linn - Urban	48.3	49.1	44.0	48.7	50.6	49.0	46.2	50.0	48.2	5,920
Maa - Rural	59.5	59.3	54.1	60.0	60.3	62.4	56.8	61.2	59.0	4,226
Hõive - Employment										
Töötav - Employed		48.6	47.9	53.1	54.0	54.6	49.8	51.8	51.5	6,089
Mittetöötav - Not employed	53.5	58.0	48.2	53.0	57.3	56.2	52.4	56.3	54.5	4,057
Majandussektor - Sector of economy										
Primaar - Primary		53.7	54.7	59.5	59.3	62.5	59.5	57.7	58.2	1,939
Sekundaar - Secondary		46.2	42.9	48.3	49.2	50.3	44.2	49.1	47.0	2,028
Tertsiaar - Tertiary		47.2	47.1	51.5	54.2	48.6	42.2	45.3	49.8	2,122
Mittetöötav - Not employed	53.5	58.0	48.2	53.0	57.3	56.2	52.4	56.3	54.5	4,057
Sissetuleku kvintiidid - Income quintiles										
I	49.9	45.6	44.2	51.0	47.2	51.9	44.1	46.2	47.8	1,813
II	51.8	50.5	46.5	50.6	53.7	51.6	52.1	61.6	50.9	2,083
III	53.4	55.2	47.6	53.0	52.5	55.2	52.9	58.7	52.7	2,178
IV	56.0	56.9	49.1	53.8	56.1	52.6	56.6	61.2	54.7	2,114
V	60.4	55.5	52.3	57.4	55.9	59.1	58.0	71.4	56.9	1,958
Kokku Total	53.5	53.2	47.9	53.1	54.2	55.0	51.4	55.6	52.7	10,146
N	2,559	1,406	1,578	1,530	1,598	794	416	265	10,146	

Tabel 3.34: Leibkonna eluaseme elamispind - *Total useful floor area*

Eluaseme elamispind, ruutmeetrit %	Vanusrühm - Age group								Σ	N
Total useful floor area, square metres %	0-14	15-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75+		
0-9	0.5	0.8	1.3	0.9	0.4	0.7	0.5	1.5	0.7	79
10-19	7.9	9.6	15.5	8.2	6.2	8.8	17.8	13.3	9.7	1,026
20-29	21.0	21.1	25.7	22.9	23.4	23.1	21.3	17.4	22.5	2,373
30-39	25.0	22.2	22.7	24.6	25.3	25.2	20.1	22.6	24.0	2,531
40-49	25.4	25.4	20.1	23.9	24.2	18.7	17.8	20.4	23.2	2,450
50+	15.5	16.8	10.3	15.6	17.3	21.5	19.9	23.0	16.0	1,687
Teadmata - No data	4.6	4.1	4.5	3.9	3.2	2.1	2.8	1.9	3.8	406
Kokku Total	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	10,552
N	2,682	1,466	1,653	1,592	1,650	811	428	270	10,552	
Keskmine elamispinna suurus m^2										
Mean size of useful floor area m^2										
Sugu - Sex										
Mees - Male	37.5	38.8	33.4	36.6	38.3	40.4	38.3	38.6	37.2	4,761
Naine -Female	37.3	36.5	33.3	37.1	37.8	36.7	33.9	37.4	36.4	5,385
Põlisus - Nativity										
Põline - Native origin	38.9	39.2	34.8	38.3	39.6	39.9	35.6	38.4	38.3	7,643
Välispäritolu - Foreign origin	31.9	33.1	29.7	32.3	34.0	32.4	35.0	33.3	32.3	2,503
Haridustase - Educational level										
Kõrgem - Higher		40.3	35.4	38.2	40.5	45.2	42.7	34.1	38.4	831
Kesk - Secondary		35.8	33.2	36.9	38.7	39.9	36.6	35.6	35.9	2,682
Põhiharidus - Basic	36.5	39.0	32.1	36.8	37.9	38.4	32.9	32.4	36.9	2,160
Algharidus - Primary	37.4	36.9	33.5	35.6	36.7	36.8	35.4	38.2	37.0	4,473
Kooseluseis - Partnership status										
Kooselus - In partnership		31.3	33.7	38.5	39.4	40.5	38.0	38.7	37.4	4,954
Mittekooselus - No partnership	37.4	39.1	32.0	28.8	30.5	32.5	33.1	37.5	36.2	5,192
Leibkonnatüüp - Household type										
Lastega - W/children	36.9	37.6	33.7	38.0	40.4	42.7			36.9	5,600
Vanuritega - W/elderly		42.9	40.2	38.4	41.6	41.5	33.8	36.5	37.9	1,056
Laste ja vanuritega - W/children and elderly	43.3	44.2	43.3	45.4	44.9	45.1	43.3	42.6	43.9	597
Laste või vanuriteta - WO/children or elderly		36.0	28.9	31.6	36.0	36.5			34.8	2,893
Elukoht - Residence										
Linn - Urban	34.5	35.3	31.3	34.2	36.0	35.3	33.3	34.1	34.3	5,920
Maa - Rural	40.8	40.8	36.6	41.1	41.5	42.0	37.9	41.3	40.3	4,226
Hõive - Employment										
Töötav - Employed		34.4	33.3	36.8	38.0	38.2	34.8	35.7	36.0	6,089
Mittetöötav - Not employed	37.4	40.7	34.7	38.7	38.9	38.8	36.0	38.1	38.0	4,057
Majandussektor - Sector of economy										
Primaar - Primary		37.3	37.3	40.9	40.9	42.3	39.7	40.6	39.9	1,939
Sekundaar - Secondary		33.2	30.0	33.5	35.0	35.4	32.6	36.2	33.1	2,028
Tertsiaar - Tertiary		33.5	33.3	36.1	38.4	35.3	30.7	30.1	35.2	2,122
Mittetöötav - Not employed	37.4	40.7	34.7	38.7	38.9	38.8	36.0	38.1	38.0	4,057
Sissetuleku kvintilid - Income quintiles										
I	34.9	32.3	30.8	34.4	33.6	35.6	31.0	31.5	33.3	1,813
II	36.2	35.3	31.9	35.3	37.5	35.7	36.4	38.9	35.4	2,083
III	37.1	38.1	32.9	36.7	36.4	37.8	35.6	40.0	36.4	2,178
IV	39.6	40.7	35.0	37.7	39.3	36.6	39.4	43.1	38.6	2,114
V	42.2	39.5	36.6	40.2	39.6	41.8	39.0	49.0	40.0	1,958
Kokku Total	37.4	37.5	33.3	36.9	38.0	38.3	35.5	37.7	36.8	10,146
N	2,559	1,406	1,578	1,530	1,598	794	416	265	10,146	

Tabel 3.35: Elamispinna suurus elaniku kohta - *Useful floor area per dweller*

Elamispinna suurus elaniku kohta, ruut-meetrit % Useful floor are per dweller, square metres %	Vanusrühm - Age group								Σ	N
	0-14	15-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75+		
0-4.9	8.3	5.6	7.7	4.5	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.6	5.5	579
5-9.9	54.4	48.4	52.0	44.2	31.9	20.7	23.6	24.8	43.5	4,593
10-14.9	28.8	29.4	26.6	35.0	36.0	31.3	29.0	32.2	30.9	3,258
15-19.9	3.1	7.9	5.6	7.0	13.5	21.7	18.9	14.1	8.7	923
20+	0.7	4.6	3.4	5.4	13.1	21.8	23.4	24.4	7.5	787
Teadmata - No data	4.7	4.1	4.7	3.9	3.2	2.1	2.8	1.9	3.9	412
Kokku Total	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	10,552
N	2,682	1,466	1,653	1,592	1,650	811	428	270	10,552	
Keskmine elamispinna suurus elaniku kohta m^2 Mean size of useful floor area per dweller m^2										
Sugu - Sex										
Mees - Male	8.8	10.7	10.2	11.0	12.5	15.9	15.5	20.1	11.1	4,758
Naine -Female	8.9	10.0	9.2	10.7	13.8	15.8	16.5	14.7	11.3	5,382
Põlisus - Nativity										
Põline - Native origin	9.1	10.8	10.2	11.1	14.1	16.8	16.8	16.8	11.8	7,637
Välispäritolu - Foreign origin	8.0	9.2	8.5	9.9	11.1	12.3	11.7	10.6	9.5	2,503
Haridustase - Educational level										
Kõrgem - Higher		11.2	10.3	11.0	12.9	14.3	15.1	13.1	11.5	831
Kesk - Secondary		10.1	9.3	10.8	13.2	14.8	14.8	12.2	10.9	2,681
Põhiharidus - Basic	9.5	10.5	9.9	10.8	13.5	16.5	14.9	13.8	11.6	2,160
Algharidus - Primary	8.9	9.7	10.6	10.8	13.2	16.2	16.5	16.4	11.2	4,468
Kooseluseis - Partnership status										
Kooselus - In partnership		8.1	8.8	10.0	12.4	14.9	14.9	16.3	11.1	4,952
Mittekooselus - No partnership	8.9	10.9	13.0	14.9	17.4	18.3	17.2	15.8	11.3	5,188
Leibkonnatüüp - Household type										
Lastega - W/children	8.9	8.6	8.6	9.4	10.1	9.6			9.0	5,594
Vanuritega - W/elderly		10.9	12.7	13.3	12.8	15.5	17.7	17.7	15.6	1,056
Laste ja vanuritega - W/children and elderly	8.6	7.7	8.5	9.0	9.2	8.6	8.9	8.7	8.7	597
Laste või vanuriteta - WO/children or elderly		11.9	13.8	14.1	14.9	17.4			14.4	2,893
Elukoht - Residence										
Linn - Urban	8.5	9.5	9.0	10.2	12.1	13.4	13.0	11.8	10.2	5,914
Maa - Rural	9.3	11.5	10.9	11.7	15.2	18.7	19.3	20.1	12.6	4,226
Hõive - Employment										
Töötav - Employed		10.1	9.7	10.8	13.2	16.3	16.9	17.9	11.8	6,087
Mittetöötav - Not employed	8.9	10.5	9.2	10.7	13.3	14.3	15.6	15.5	10.3	4,053
Majandussektor - Sector of economy										
Primaar - Primary		11.7	10.9	11.8	14.6	19.5	19.7	21.7	13.6	1,939
Sekundaar - Secondary		9.5	9.0	10.2	11.7	14.1	13.4	7.9	10.6	2,027
Tertsiaar - Tertiary		9.6	9.5	10.4	13.5	14.3	15.5	14.7	11.3	2,121
Mittetöötav - Not employed	8.9	10.5	9.2	10.7	13.3	14.3	15.6	15.5	10.3	4,053
Sissetuleku kvintiilid - Income quintiles										
I	8.0	8.8	8.7	10.0	12.1	18.3	18.9	19.6	10.8	1,807
II	8.8	9.8	8.8	10.1	13.2	14.8	16.4	12.9	10.3	2,083
III	8.9	10.0	9.5	10.2	12.0	15.6	12.6	14.1	10.5	2,178
IV	9.3	11.2	10.5	11.2	13.0	14.0	15.7	13.0	11.5	2,114
V	10.1	11.4	11.3	12.9	14.7	16.7	14.6	13.7	13.0	1,958
Kokku Total	8.9	10.3	9.7	10.8	13.2	15.8	16.1	15.9	11.2	10,140
N	2,555	1,406	1,576	1,530	1,598	794	416	265	10,140	

Tabel 3.36: Elutubade arv elaniku kohta - *Living rooms per dweller*

Elutubade elaniku kohta % Living rooms per dweller %	Vanusrühm - Age group								Σ	N
	0-14	15-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75+		
0-0.4	17.0	14.3	16.0	9.2	6.7	5.1	4.9	5.6	12.0	1,262
0.5-0.9	64.9	56.1	57.7	58.2	43.8	27.1	29.7	31.1	53.0	5,595
1-1.4	12.7	22.2	18.8	23.1	34.0	43.0	35.5	35.2	23.7	2,501
1.5-1.9	0.7	2.2	1.1	2.6	7.1	12.5	12.9	10.4	3.9	412
2+	0.1	1.2	1.8	3.0	5.3	10.2	14.3	15.9	3.5	370
Teadmata - No data	4.7	4.1	4.7	3.9	3.2	2.1	2.8	1.9	3.9	412
Kokku Total	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	10,552
N	2,682	1,466	1,653	1,592	1,650	811	428	270	10,552	
Alla 1 elutoa isiku kohta, % Less than 1 living room per person, %										
Sugu - Sex										
Mees - Male	15.8	13.3	15.6	9.7	7.2	3.7	7.0	1.6	11.9	4,972
Naine - Female	18.2	15.2	16.3	8.7	6.2	6.1	3.7	6.7	12.0	5,580
Põlisus - Nativity										
Põline - Native origin	13.7	12.7	11.3	8.2	5.6	3.9	4.6	3.9	9.7	8,027
Välispäritolu - Foreign origin	28.8	18.9	28.0	12.3	9.4	9.2	6.9	15.0	19.1	2,525
Haridustase - Educational level										
Kõrgem - Higher		7.5	13.7	8.1	3.0	4.1	0.0	0.0	8.3	852
Kesk - Secondary		16.9	16.5	7.2	5.6	6.3	9.3	15.0	12.2	2,784
Põhiharidus - Basic	20.0	11.8	16.1	10.2	5.7	4.5	5.0	0.0	10.3	2,254
Algharidus - Primary	17.0	19.7	17.5	13.1	9.3	4.9	4.5	5.1	13.2	4,662
Kooseluseis - Partnership status										
Kooselus - In partnership		32.4	18.3	9.8	7.1	5.1	5.8	0.0	11.7	5,136
Mittekooselus - No partnership	17.0	9.5	7.8	6.4	4.5	5.0	4.1	6.9	12.2	5,416
Leibkonnatüüp - Household type										
Lastega - W/children	16.5	22.5	19.4	10.6	12.6	23.6			16.5	5,863
Vanuritega - W/elderly		9.9	6.7	5.6	3.4	2.4	1.7	0.5	3.1	1,074
Laste ja vanuritega - W/children and elderly	23.5	49.2	15.3	21.5	33.3	20.0	19.5	26.4	25.3	601
Laste või vanuriteta - WO/children or elderly		5.2	4.9	3.3	3.2	1.4			3.6	3,014
Elukoht - Residence										
Linn - Urban	20.4	17.6	20.9	10.7	9.0	6.7	7.9	10.3	14.9	6,061
Maa - Rural	13.1	9.7	8.4	6.9	2.9	3.0	1.9	0.7	7.9	4,491
Hõive - Employment										
Töötav - Employed		19.9	15.7	9.0	6.6	4.2	3.0	4.4	10.8	6,330
Mittetöötav - Not employed	17.0	8.3	26.8	15.2	8.3	7.6	6.1	5.8	13.7	4,222
Majandussektor - Sector of economy										
Primaar - Primary		12.5	7.2	7.4	3.9	3.7	1.4	4.3	6.3	2,053
Sekundaar - Secondary		23.9	22.1	10.5	8.1	3.6	3.3	0.0	13.8	2,075
Tertsiaar - Tertiary		21.5	16.4	9.3	7.7	5.4	4.5	5.0	12.1	2,202
Mittetöötav - Not employed	17.0	8.3	26.8	15.2	8.3	7.6	6.1	5.8	13.7	4,222
Sissetuleku kvintiliid - Income quintiles										
I	23.8	24.2	20.3	13.7	13.4	5.4	2.3	4.5	17.8	1,930
II	19.7	14.9	22.3	12.8	8.9	6.7	2.3	7.0	15.5	2,158
III	14.1	11.3	12.4	9.1	6.0	3.4	10.3	6.4	10.4	2,263
IV	14.0	13.4	13.4	7.0	6.4	7.0	8.2	8.5	10.3	2,184
V	7.3	9.7	10.5	3.0	4.1	3.7	3.4	0.0	6.1	2,017
Kokku Total	17.0	14.3	16.0	9.2	6.7	5.1	4.9	5.6	12.0	10,552
N	2,682	1,466	1,653	1,592	1,650	811	428	270	10,552	

Tabel 3.37: Mugavused - *Utilities*

Eluaseme mugavused % Utilities %	Vanusrühm - Age group								Σ	N
	0-14	15-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75+		
Elekter - Electricity	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	99.3	100	10,550
Keskküte - Central heating	52.6	47.5	58.5	53.3	47.1	33.9	27.3	25.2	48.9	5,159
Veevärk - Piped water	74.9	68.3	79.3	74.3	69.9	56.2	48.6	47.8	70.6	7,452
Kanaliseatsioon - Sewer	74.6	67.5	79.1	74.1	69.0	55.0	48.4	47.0	70.1	7,397
Soe vesi - Hot water	43.1	36.8	47.0	42.5	37.0	23.1	19.6	20.4	38.7	4,085
Gaas - Gas	76.8	74.4	75.0	74.9	77.0	67.0	57.2	57.0	73.9	7,794
Vann-dušš - Bath-shower	60.4	51.9	63.4	60.6	52.9	40.0	30.4	28.5	54.9	5,797
Telefon - Telephone	33.3	32.9	29.8	33.3	36.2	34.8	20.3	24.4	32.5	3,430
N	2,682	1,466	1,653	1,592	1,650	811	428	270	10,552	
Keskmine mugavusaste, 1-8 skaala Mean score of utilities, 1-8 scale										
Sugu - Sex										
Mees - Male	5.2	4.5	5.1	5.0	5.0	4.2	3.3	2.5	4.9	4,972
Naine -Female	5.1	5.0	5.5	5.2	4.8	4.0	3.6	3.8	4.9	5,580
Põlisus - Nativity										
Põline - Native origin	4.9	4.3	5.0	4.8	4.4	3.6	3.2	3.1	4.5	8,027
Välispäritolu - Foreign origin	6.0	6.1	6.0	6.2	6.2	6.0	5.7	5.9	6.1	2,525
Haridustase - Educational level										
Kõrgem - Higher		5.6	6.0	6.4	6.4	6.1	6.1	6.2	6.2	852
Kesk - Secondary		5.0	5.6	5.4	5.4	5.5	5.7	4.5	5.4	2,784
Põhiharidus - Basic	5.7	4.6	4.6	4.7	4.9	4.2	3.9	4.3	4.6	2,254
Algharidus - Primary	5.2	3.5	4.1	4.2	4.1	3.3	3.1	3.3	4.5	4,662
Kooseluseis - Partnership status										
Kooselus - In partnership		4.9	5.5	5.3	5.0	4.1	3.3	2.7	5.0	5,136
Mittekooselus - No partnership	5.2	4.8	4.6	4.5	4.3	4.1	3.8	3.7	4.8	5,416
Leibkonnatüüp - Household type										
Lastega - W/children	5.2	4.9	5.5	5.3	5.0	5.0			5.2	5,863
Vanuritega - W/elderly		4.8	4.5	4.3	4.7	3.5	3.3	3.3	3.8	1,074
Laste ja vanuritega - W/children and elderly	4.8	4.2	5.6	4.5	4.6	4.7	4.7	4.4	4.7	601
Laste või vanuriteta - WO/children or elderly		4.8	4.7	5.0	4.9	4.0			4.7	3,014
Elukoht - Residence										
Linn - Urban	5.8	5.8	5.7	5.9	5.9	5.4	5.0	4.8	5.7	6,061
Maa - Rural	4.5	3.4	4.8	4.0	3.2	2.5	2.1	2.1	3.8	4,491
Hõive - Employment										
Töötav - Employed		4.7	5.3	5.2	4.9	4.3	3.5	3.2	5.0	6,330
Mittetöötav - Not employed	5.2	4.9	4.3	3.5	4.2	3.6	3.5	3.6	4.8	4,222
Majandussektor - Sector of economy										
Primaar - Primary		3.3	4.7	4.1	3.5	3.0	2.2	2.1	3.8	2,053
Sekundaar - Secondary		5.4	5.8	5.9	5.9	5.2	5.0	6.5	5.7	2,075
Tertsiaar - Tertiary		5.0	5.4	5.5	5.3	5.1	4.1	4.1	5.3	2,202
Mittetöötav - Not employed	5.2	4.9	4.3	3.5	4.2	3.6	3.5	3.6	4.8	4,222
Sissetuleku kvintiilid - Income quintiles										
I	4.8	4.5	5.0	4.6	4.2	3.0	2.6	2.6	4.4	1,930
II	5.4	5.3	5.5	5.5	5.0	3.8	3.8	4.0	5.2	2,158
III	5.1	4.9	5.5	5.1	5.1	4.3	3.8	4.0	5.0	2,263
IV	5.4	5.0	5.4	5.4	5.1	4.9	4.3	4.2	5.2	2,184
V	5.0	4.4	5.1	4.9	4.7	3.9	3.7	4.4	4.6	2,017
Kokku Total	5.2	4.8	5.3	5.1	4.9	4.1	3.5	3.5	4.9	10,552
N	2,682	1,466	1,653	1,592	1,650	811	428	270	10,552	

Tabel 3.38: Kultuurikaubad - *Recreational goods*

Kultuurikaubad % Recreational goods %	Vanusrühm - Age group								Σ	N
	0-14	15-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75+		
Raadio - Radio set	93.9	93.4	94.2	92.7	93.8	94.6	92.5	93.0	93.6	9,880
Mustvalge televiisor - TV set, black&white	86.4	85.7	81.5	85.4	85.0	87.5	81.1	75.9	84.8	8,944
Värviteleviisor - Color TV set	16.4	14.7	16.9	17.3	16.6	14.1	9.8	10.7	15.8	1,671
Magnetofon - Tape player	50.2	59.1	52.3	51.8	44.4	31.7	22.9	23.7	47.9	5,054
Fotoaparaat - Photo camera	48.5	46.6	47.7	50.1	39.5	34.4	25.9	27.8	44.4	4,686
Kell - Watch	100	100	99.9	100	100	100	100	100	100	10,550
N	2,682	1,466	1,653	1,592	1,650	811	428	270	10,552	
Keskmine kultuurikaupadega varustatus, skaala 1-6 Mean score of recreational goods, scale 1-6										
Sugu - Sex										
Mees - Male	4.0	4.1	4.0	3.9	3.8	3.7	3.4	3.0	3.9	4,972
Naine -Female	4.0	3.9	3.9	4.0	3.8	3.5	3.3	3.4	3.8	5,580
Põlisus - Nativity										
Põline - Native origin	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	3.8	3.6	3.3	3.2	3.9	8,027
Välispäritolu - Foreign origin	3.8	3.9	3.8	3.8	3.7	3.6	3.6	3.7	3.8	2,525
Haridustase - Educational level										
Kõrgem - Higher		4.0	4.2	4.3	4.3	4.4	4.1	3.0	4.2	852
Kesk - Secondary		4.0	4.0	4.1	4.0	4.0	3.9	4.0	4.0	2,784
Põhiharidus - Basic	3.9	4.0	3.7	3.8	3.8	3.6	3.5	3.1	3.8	2,254
Algharidus - Primary	4.0	3.7	3.7	3.6	3.5	3.4	3.2	3.3	3.7	4,662
Kooseluseis - Partnership status										
Kooselus - In partnership		4.1	4.0	4.1	3.9	3.7	3.4	3.2	3.9	5,136
Mittekooselus - No partnership	4.0	4.0	3.6	3.3	3.2	3.3	3.2	3.3	3.8	5,416
Leibkonnatüüp - Household type										
Lastega - W/children	3.9	4.1	4.0	4.1	3.9	4.2			4.0	5,863
Vanuritega - W/elderly		4.0	3.9	3.8	3.7	3.5	3.2	3.1	3.4	1,074
Laste ja vanuritega - W/children and elderly	4.0	4.2	4.1	4.2	4.0	4.0	3.9	4.1	4.1	601
Laste või vanuriteta - WO/children or elderly		3.9	3.7	3.7	3.7	3.5			3.7	3,014
Elukoht - Residence										
Linn - Urban	4.0	4.1	3.9	4.0	3.9	3.8	3.6	3.6	4.0	6,061
Maa - Rural	3.9	3.9	3.9	3.9	3.6	3.5	3.1	3.1	3.7	4,491
Hõive - Employment										
Töötav - Employed		3.9	3.9	4.0	3.8	3.6	3.4	3.1	3.9	6,330
Mittetöötav - Not employed	4.0	4.1	3.5	3.7	3.7	3.7	3.3	3.4	3.9	4,222
Majandussektor - Sector of economy										
Primaar - Primary		3.8	4.0	3.9	3.6	3.5	3.2	3.2	3.8	2,053
Sekundaar - Secondary		4.0	3.9	3.9	3.9	3.7	3.5	3.5	3.9	2,075
Tertsiaar - Tertiary		3.9	4.0	4.2	3.8	3.6	3.4	2.9	3.9	2,202
Mittetöötav	4.0	4.1	3.5	3.7	3.7	3.7	3.3	3.4	3.9	4,222
Sissetuleku kvintiiid - Income quintiles										
I	3.7	3.6	3.7	3.6	3.4	3.1	2.7	2.7	3.5	1,930
II	3.9	3.9	3.8	4.0	3.7	3.4	3.2	3.4	3.8	2,158
III	4.1	4.2	4.1	4.1	3.9	3.8	3.7	3.9	4.0	2,263
IV	4.1	4.1	4.0	4.1	3.9	3.8	3.8	3.8	4.0	2,184
V	4.0	4.1	4.0	4.0	3.8	3.7	3.7	4.1	3.9	2,017
Kokku Total	4.0	4.0	3.9	4.0	3.8	3.6	3.3	3.3	3.9	10,552
N	2,682	1,466	1,653	1,592	1,650	811	428	270	10,552	

Tabel 3.39: Kodumasinad - *Home appliances*

Kodumasinade olemasolu leibkonnas %	Vanusrühm - Age group								Σ	N
Availability of home appliances in household %	0-14	15-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75+		
Külmkapp - Refrigerator	92.2	85.9	89.1	89.9	88.1	80.0	67.5	67.8	87.3	9,211
Pesumasin - Washing machine	86.2	82.0	78.4	83.4	84.4	78.8	67.8	68.9	81.9	8,644
Tolmuimeja - Vacuum cleaner	75.1	70.7	72.1	78.0	76.1	68.2	53.3	49.3	72.5	7,652
Õmblusmasin - Sewing machine	75.5	78.1	69.3	76.8	81.0	79.0	75.9	74.1	76.2	8,040
N	2,682	1,466	1,653	1,592	1,650	811	428	270	10,552	
Keskmine kodumasinatega varustatus, skaala 1-4										
Mean score of home appliances, scale 1-4										
Sugu - Sex										
Mees - Male	3.3	3.2	3.1	3.2	3.3	3.1	2.8	2.4	3.2	4,972
Naine -Female	3.3	3.2	3.1	3.4	3.3	3.0	2.5	2.7	3.2	5,580
Põlisus - Nativity										
Põline - Native origin	3.3	3.1	3.1	3.3	3.3	3.0	2.6	2.5	3.2	8,027
Välispäritolu - Foreign origin	3.2	3.2	3.0	3.2	3.4	3.2	3.2	2.9	3.2	2,525
Haridustase - Educational level										
Kõrgem - Higher		3.2	3.1	3.4	3.5	3.4	3.0	2.5	3.3	852
Kesk - Secondary		3.1	3.2	3.4	3.4	3.5	2.9	3.2	3.3	2,784
Põhiharidus - Basic	3.7	3.3	2.9	3.2	3.3	3.2	2.9	2.5	3.2	2,254
Algharidus - Primary	3.3	2.8	2.8	3.0	3.1	2.8	2.6	2.6	3.1	4,662
Kooseluseis - Partnership status										
Kooselus - In partnership		2.9	3.3	3.5	3.4	3.2	2.9	2.8	3.3	5,136
Mittekooselus - No partnership	3.3	3.2	2.5	2.4	2.6	2.7	2.4	2.6	3.1	5,416
Leibkonnatüüp - Household type										
Lastega - W/children	3.3	3.2	3.2	3.4	3.4	3.3			3.3	5,863
Vanuritega - W/elderly		3.4	3.2	3.0	3.3	3.0	2.5	2.4	2.8	1,074
Laste ja vanuritega - W/children and elderly	3.5	3.6	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5	601
Laste või vanuriteta - WO/children or elderly		3.1	2.4	2.9	3.2	3.0			3.0	3,014
Elukoht - Residence										
Linn - Urban	3.3	3.3	3.1	3.3	3.4	3.2	2.9	2.8	3.3	6,061
Maa - Rural	3.2	3.0	3.1	3.2	3.1	2.9	2.3	2.4	3.1	4,491
Hõive - Employment										
Töötav - Employed		3.0	3.1	3.3	3.3	3.1	2.7	2.4	3.2	6,330
Mittetöötav - Not employed	3.3	3.4	3.0	3.1	3.4	3.0	2.6	2.6	3.2	4,222
Majandussektor - Sector of economy										
Primaar - Primary		2.8	3.1	3.2	3.2	3.0	2.7	2.4	3.1	2,053
Sekundaar - Secondary		2.9	3.0	3.3	3.4	3.2	3.0	4.0	3.2	2,075
Tertsiaar - Tertiary		3.1	3.1	3.3	3.3	3.0	2.6	2.2	3.2	2,202
Mittetöötav - Not employed	3.3	3.4	3.0	3.1	3.4	3.0	2.6	2.6	3.2	4,222
Sissetuleku kvintiilid - Income quintiles										
I	3.0	2.6	2.8	2.9	2.6	2.4	1.8	1.7	2.7	1,930
II	3.3	3.1	3.1	3.3	3.2	2.7	2.8	3.1	3.2	2,158
III	3.4	3.3	3.2	3.3	3.3	3.2	2.9	3.0	3.3	2,263
IV	3.5	3.3	3.2	3.4	3.4	3.3	3.3	3.3	3.4	2,184
V	3.3	3.4	3.2	3.4	3.4	3.3	3.1	3.7	3.3	2,017
Kokku Total	3.3	3.2	3.1	3.3	3.3	3.1	2.6	2.6	3.2	10,552
N	2,682	1,466	1,653	1,592	1,650	811	428	270	10,552	

Tabel 3.40: Transpordivahendid - *Means of transportation*

Transpordivahendi olemasolu leibkon- nas %	Vanusrühm - Age group								Σ	N
Means of transportation in household %	0-14	15-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75+		
Auto - Car	37.5	33.6	30.7	41.9	39.9	33.0	19.6	24.4	35.5	3,749
Mootorratas - Motorcycle	14.4	17.4	12.4	15.3	15.3	11.5	7.7	10.7	14.2	1,496
Moppeed - Moped	53.5	48.6	40.0	54.4	45.6	50.7	45.1	42.6	48.8	5,149
N	2,682	1,466	1,653	1,592	1,650	811	428	270	10,552	
Auto omajate osakaal % Proportion of car owners %										
Sugu - Sex										
Mees - Male	38.6	35.8	31.0	41.7	42.6	45.8	21.5	14.8	37.7	4,972
Naine -Female	36.3	31.8	30.5	42.1	37.5	23.2	18.5	27.3	33.6	5,580
Põlisus - Nativity										
Põline - Native origin	41.4	39.0	34.8	47.9	44.2	36.1	20.3	22.6	39.6	8,027
Mittepõline - Foreign origin	23.1	18.9	20.2	22.3	28.7	22.0	15.5	35.0	22.7	2,525
Haridustase - Educational level										
Kõrgem - Higher		35.8	33.8	54.7	47.3	61.2	20.0	25.0	43.9	852
Kesk - Secondary		29.0	32.4	44.2	49.4	37.4	25.6	30.0	36.8	2,784
Põhiharidus - Basic	70.0	39.9	28.8	36.8	43.3	37.8	20.0	9.1	37.4	2,254
Algharidus - Primary	37.4	16.7	14.4	34.9	28.6	26.4	18.8	24.7	32.4	4,662
Kooseluseis - Partnership status										
Kooselus - In partnership		20.4	33.6	48.8	45.1	39.7	23.1	17.3	39.9	5,136
Mittekooselus - No partnership	37.5	37.2	21.0	9.9	12.5	15.1	16.4	26.1	31.4	5,416
Leibkonnatüüp - Household type										
Lastega - W/children	36.6	37.4	32.3	47.4	45.9	42.7			38.5	5,863
Vanuritega - W/elderly		35.6	20.0	23.6	34.7	27.8	14.2	17.5	22.3	1,074
Laste ja vanuritega - W/children and elderly	49.7	42.6	42.4	58.9	57.8	45.0	44.2	52.8	49.9	601
Laste või vanuriteta - WO/children or elderly		29.5	24.6	28.0	37.0	31.9			31.7	3,014
Elukoht - Residence										
Linn - Urban	35.0	32.1	27.7	38.7	38.9	32.1	21.9	25.7	33.7	6,061
Maa - Rural	40.3	35.8	35.4	46.7	41.5	34.2	17.4	23.1	38.0	4,491
Hõive - Employment										
Töötav - Employed		23.5	30.6	41.9	39.9	34.3	19.4	15.6	34.8	6,330
Mittetöötav - Not employed	37.5	44.5	34.1	39.4	38.9	29.3	19.8	26.2	36.6	4,222
Majandussektor - Sector of economy										
Primaar - Primary		24.0	34.1	48.3	42.8	36.2	17.4	17.4	38.5	2,053
Sekundaar - Secondary		19.8	25.8	36.8	35.9	29.7	20.0	50.0	30.8	2,075
Tertsiaar - Tertiary		26.0	32.4	40.5	41.5	35.6	21.2	10.0	35.2	2,202
Mittetöötav - Not employed	37.5	44.5	34.1	39.4	38.9	29.3	19.8	26.2	36.6	4,222
Sissetuleku kvintiilid - Income quintiles										
I	23.8	19.0	23.5	25.3	24.8	16.1	4.6	5.5	20.7	1,930
II	31.1	29.8	19.9	39.9	32.7	16.3	18.2	27.9	29.4	2,158
III	43.8	38.3	31.5	46.6	38.8	35.2	26.9	34.0	39.5	2,263
IV	46.3	39.5	35.0	46.2	43.7	31.5	26.0	38.3	40.9	2,184
V	53.7	38.1	46.4	47.4	45.6	45.4	37.3	60.9	46.0	2,017
Kokku Total	37.5	33.6	30.7	41.9	39.9	33.0	19.6	24.4	35.5	10,552
N	2,682	1,466	1,653	1,592	1,650	811	428	270	10,552	

Tabel 3.41: Aiamaa olemasolu - *Availability of private plot*

Maa omajaid aiamaa tüübi järgi % Plot owners by type of plot %	Vanusrühm - Age group								Σ	N
	0-14	15-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75+		
Viljapuuad - Fruit garden	23.7	32.9	18.0	27.5	37.5	44.1	43.5	45.2	29.7	3,139
Kartulimaa - Potato field	43.1	43.8	32.8	39.9	44.5	50.4	52.6	51.5	42.5	4,485
Köögiviljamaa - Vegetable field	29.9	31.2	22.5	29.2	32.2	38.6	37.9	38.5	30.4	3,208
Teraviljapõld - Grain field	19.3	18.8	14.3	17.8	18.1	23.3	29.4	23.3	18.9	1,992
Muu põllumajanduskultuur - Other plant field	12.2	15.4	8.7	15.1	18.2	23.2	23.4	23.3	15.1	1,589
N	2,682	1,466	1,653	1,592	1,650	811	428	270	10,552	
Maakasutajate osakaal % Proportion of private plot users %										
Sugu - Sex										
Mees - Male	55.2	57.1	44.1	50.5	56.0	64.4	65.2	78.7	54.3	4,972
Naine -Female	50.3	51.7	39.4	51.1	54.8	58.0	60.0	59.3	51.1	5,580
Põlisus - Nativity										
Põline - Native origin	60.7	65.0	51.1	60.0	66.1	70.5	68.9	70.9	62.0	8,027
Mittepõline - Foreign origin	23.8	24.5	17.4	20.9	27.6	24.9	17.2	22.5	22.9	2,525
Haridustase - Educational level										
Kõrgem - Higher		47.8	36.2	43.5	45.3	42.9	26.7	25.0	41.3	852
Kesk - Secondary		46.8	39.9	48.1	50.6	43.1	34.9	35.0	45.0	2,784
Põhiharidus - Basic	30.0	62.1	46.7	52.6	56.1	59.0	47.5	27.3	55.1	2,254
Algharidus - Primary	52.9	57.6	54.6	61.1	61.4	70.6	68.8	68.5	58.0	4,662
Kooseluseis - Partnership status										
Kooselus - In partnership		42.7	41.9	52.9	57.6	64.7	69.7	80.8	53.1	5,136
Mittekooselus - No partnership	52.8	57.2	41.1	41.3	43.8	50.2	54.5	59.6	52.1	5,416
Leibkonnatüüp - Household type										
Lastega - W/children	52.4	56.9	42.2	51.1	58.4	54.5			51.0	5,863
Vanuritega - W/elderly		60.4	50.0	68.1	58.5	70.6	62.4	64.1	62.7	1,074
Laste ja vanuritega - W/children and elderly	58.1	65.6	45.8	63.6	66.7	35.0	59.7	62.3	59.1	601
Laste või vanuriteta - WO/children or elderly		50.1	37.8	44.0	53.0	60.7			50.8	3,014
Elukoht - Residence										
Linn - Urban	27.4	31.7	20.7	28.8	35.0	35.1	31.2	33.1	29.2	6,061
Maa - Rural	81.5	85.7	74.6	84.0	88.7	92.1	93.0	94.8	84.2	4,491
Hõive - Employment										
Töötav - Employed		47.2	41.3	50.2	54.9	60.0	57.6	66.7	50.0	6,330
Mittetöötav - Not employed	52.8	61.6	61.0	81.8	66.7	63.1	64.6	63.1	56.6	4,222
Majandussektor - Sector of economy										
Primaar - Primary		77.0	74.4	81.1	84.7	91.5	95.7	95.7	82.0	2,053
Sekundaar - Secondary		31.6	22.1	30.4	35.0	38.2	23.3	0.0	30.1	2,075
Tertsiaar - Tertiary		40.5	32.7	38.0	46.6	39.6	33.3	40.0	38.9	2,202
Mittetöötav - Not employed	52.8	61.6	61.0	81.8	66.7	63.1	64.6	63.1	56.6	4,222
Sissetuleku kvintiilid - Income quintiles										
I	49.4	50.0	37.8	46.5	59.7	67.7	60.8	64.5	50.5	1,930
II	46.5	45.8	36.8	44.0	50.4	51.9	54.5	55.8	45.6	2,158
III	51.1	53.0	37.6	46.9	49.0	58.6	64.1	63.8	49.4	2,263
IV	57.4	54.1	44.1	54.7	55.4	45.5	64.4	66.0	53.6	2,184
V	69.5	66.1	54.3	64.8	61.2	74.3	69.5	69.6	64.8	2,017
Kokku Total	52.8	54.2	41.7	50.8	55.4	60.8	61.9	63.7	52.6	10,552
N	2,682	1,466	1,653	1,592	1,650	811	428	270	10,552	

Tabel 3.42: Aiamaa suurus - *Size of private plot*

Aiamaa tüübi järgi, ha By type of private plot, ha	Vanusrühm - Age group								Σ	N
	0-14	15-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75+		
Viljapuuad - Fruit garden	0.04	0.05	0.04	0.05	0.05	0.07	0.08	0.06	0.05	3,139
N	636	483	297	438	619	358	186	122	3,139	
Kartulimaa - Potato field	0.13	0.13	0.11	0.12	0.12	0.13	0.14	0.15	0.13	4,485
N	1,157	642	542	636	735	409	225	139	4,485	
Köögilvjamaa - Vegetable field	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	3,208
N	803	457	372	465	532	313	162	104	3,208	
Teraviljapõld - Grain field	0.24	0.22	0.23	0.24	0.21	0.20	0.21	0.21	0.22	1,992
N	518	276	237	284	299	189	126	63	1,992	
Muude kultuuride all - Other plants field	0.06	0.07	0.05	0.06	0.07	0.08	0.08	0.11	0.07	1,589
N	327	226	143	241	301	188	100	63	1,589	
Keskmine aiamaa suurus Mean size of private plot										
Sugu - Sex										
Mees - Male	0.24	0.27	0.22	0.25	0.23	0.28	0.32	0.33	0.25	2,699
Naine - Female	0.24	0.23	0.20	0.23	0.24	0.29	0.32	0.29	0.25	2,854
Põlisus - Nativity										
Põline - Native origin	0.25	0.26	0.23	0.25	0.25	0.30	0.33	0.31	0.26	4,975
Välispäritolu - Foreign origin	0.18	0.17	0.10	0.13	0.15	0.13	0.14	0.15	0.15	578
Haridustase - Educational level										
Kõrgem - Higher		0.13	0.18	0.19	0.13	0.12	0.10	0.24	0.16	352
Kesk - Secondary		0.22	0.19	0.21	0.18	0.23	0.19	0.05	0.20	1,253
Põhiharidus - Basic	0.21	0.27	0.26	0.26	0.25	0.22	0.19	0.22	0.26	1,242
Algharidus - Primary	0.24	0.33	0.29	0.30	0.28	0.33	0.34	0.31	0.27	2,706
Kooseluseis - Partnership status										
Kooselus - In partnership		0.19	0.20	0.24	0.23	0.28	0.32	0.33	0.24	2,729
Mittekooselus - No partnership	0.24	0.26	0.26	0.27	0.26	0.30	0.32	0.29	0.26	2,824
Leibkonnatüüp - Household type										
Lastega - W/children	0.24	0.26	0.20	0.24	0.24	0.22			0.23	2,993
Vanuritega - W/elderly		0.23	0.30	0.28	0.25	0.30	0.34	0.31	0.30	673
Laste ja vanuritega - W/children and elderly	0.27	0.21	0.18	0.28	0.24	0.49	0.24	0.23	0.25	355
Laste või vanuriteta - WO/children or elderly		0.25	0.24	0.22	0.23	0.29			0.25	1,532
Elukoht - Residence										
Linn - Urban	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.09	0.06	0.06	1,770
Maa - Rural	0.31	0.35	0.28	0.33	0.35	0.39	0.40	0.38	0.33	3,783
Hõive - Employment										
Töötav - Employed		0.24	0.21	0.24	0.23	0.26	0.28	0.32	0.23	3,164
Mittetöötav - Not employed	0.24	0.26	0.32	0.34	0.32	0.35	0.34	0.29	0.26	2,389
Majandussektor - Sector of economy										
Primaar - Primary		0.34	0.29	0.34	0.35	0.36	0.36	0.42	0.34	1,683
Sekundaar - Secondary		0.10	0.09	0.10	0.08	0.09	0.04		0.09	625
Tertsiaar - Tertiary		0.19	0.13	0.12	0.14	0.11	0.13	0.06	0.14	856
Mittetöötav - Not employed	0.24	0.26	0.32	0.34	0.32	0.35	0.34	0.29	0.26	2,389
Sissetuleku kvintiiid - Income quintiles										
I	0.21	0.20	0.21	0.22	0.21	0.32	0.37	0.33	0.24	975
II	0.19	0.22	0.18	0.17	0.22	0.26	0.25	0.24	0.20	983
III	0.23	0.23	0.19	0.24	0.22	0.26	0.27	0.30	0.23	1,118
IV	0.29	0.26	0.22	0.27	0.22	0.24	0.31	0.25	0.25	1,170
V	0.31	0.30	0.26	0.29	0.28	0.31	0.39	0.34	0.29	1,307
Kokku Total										
N	1,416	794	690	809	914	493	265	172	5,553	

Tabel 3.43: Koduloomade esinemine - *Livestock in household*

Koduloomade esinemine %	Vanusrühm - Age group								Σ	N
Livestock in household %	0-14	15-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75+		
Veised - Cattle	14.9	18.8	9.3	14.1	18.1	24.8	24.3	18.9	16.2	1,708
Sead - Pigs	14.1	19.9	8.3	14.8	18.7	23.2	22.2	15.6	15.9	1,675
Lambad-kitsed - Sheep-goats	12.5	17.8	6.5	13.3	17.9	22.7	22.0	16.3	14.5	1,531
Küülikud - Rabbits	3.9	4.6	2.3	3.5	5.0	5.3	3.7	2.6	3.9	412
Kodulinnud - Poultry	13.3	17.1	7.4	12.4	17.1	25.3	26.2	24.1	15.1	1,592
Mesilastarud - Beehives	1.7	2.7	1.2	1.4	3.2	5.2	4.0	4.4	2.4	252
N	2,682	1,466	1,653	1,592	1,650	811	428	270	10,552	
Koduloomapidajate osakaal %										
Proportion of livestock owners %										
Sugu - Sex										
Mees - Male	23.3	33.8	16.7	21.6	29.6	36.4	39.9	39.3	26.0	4,972
Naine -Female	23.9	24.8	13.7	23.5	30.7	35.7	37.0	29.7	25.3	5,580
Põlisus - Nativity										
Põline - Native origin	27.5	36.0	18.9	27.8	37.4	43.3	43.2	37.4	31.1	8,027
Mittepõline - Foreign origin	9.1	9.2	5.7	5.4	11.4	9.2	5.2	0.0	8.1	2,525
Haridustase - Educational level										
Kõrgem - Higher		14.9	8.9	8.1	14.4	10.2	0.0	25.0	10.4	852
Kesk - Secondary		21.6	12.9	18.9	19.7	17.8	2.3	5.0	17.4	2,784
Põhiharidus - Basic	0.0	36.5	22.1	27.3	31.1	28.2	22.5	0.0	29.5	2,254
Algharidus - Primary	23.7	40.9	25.8	35.4	41.6	49.1	46.4	35.7	31.4	4,662
Kooseluseis - Partnership status										
Kooselus - In partnership		13.9	13.7	23.3	31.4	38.5	44.2	48.1	25.4	5,136
Mittekooselus - No partnership	23.6	32.8	20.2	19.1	23.8	29.2	32.3	28.0	25.8	5,416
Leibkonnatüüp - Household type										
Lastega - W/children	23.3	27.6	14.6	22.0	31.0	28.2			22.4	5,863
Vanuritega - W/elderly		28.7	31.7	26.4	34.0	38.9	41.0	33.2	35.6	1,074
Laste ja vanuritega - W/children and elderly	26.8	31.1	13.6	28.0	35.6	30.0	24.7	26.4	26.6	601
Laste või vanuriteta - WO/children or elderly		29.7	14.5	21.9	29.0	37.1			28.1	3,014
Elukoht - Residence										
Linn - Urban	2.5	4.8	2.0	2.1	6.1	4.5	3.7	1.5	3.4	6,061
Maa - Rural	47.4	62.7	35.8	53.3	69.5	74.3	72.8	62.7	55.6	4,491
Hõive - Employment										
Töötav - Employed		23.2	14.6	21.7	29.2	32.8	34.5	35.6	23.5	6,330
Mittetöötav - Not employed	23.6	34.9	39.0	60.6	51.4	46.0	40.3	31.1	28.9	4,222
Majandussektor - Sector of economy										
Primaar - Primary		48.0	36.5	51.5	64.3	67.1	73.9	69.6	53.8	2,053
Sekundaar - Secondary		10.5	4.0	4.7	6.7	10.9	0.0	0.0	6.2	2,075
Tertsiaar - Tertiary		17.4	7.0	8.1	18.5	8.9	9.1	0.0	11.5	2,202
Mittetöötav - Not employed	23.6	34.9	39.0	60.6	51.4	46.0	40.3	31.1	28.9	4,222
Sissetuleku kvintilid - Income quintiles										
I	21.6	21.0	10.5	22.8	28.9	47.3	45.4	31.8	23.8	1,930
II	17.0	22.5	14.5	12.2	27.0	25.0	22.7	25.6	18.4	2,158
III	21.8	25.7	11.0	19.7	26.9	29.0	33.3	31.9	22.1	2,263
IV	29.3	31.3	17.3	26.3	28.8	25.5	39.7	31.9	27.4	2,184
V	36.8	41.3	23.7	35.9	36.0	48.0	49.2	43.5	37.1	2,017
Kokku Total	23.6	28.9	15.2	22.6	30.2	36.0	38.1	31.9	25.6	10,552
N	2,682	1,466	1,653	1,592	1,650	811	428	270	10,552	

Tabel 3.44: Loomade keskmine arv - *Mean number of livestock*

Koduloomade tüübi järgi, keskmine arv Livestock by type, mean number	Vanusrühm - Age group								Σ	N
	0-14	15-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75+		
Veised - Cattle	2.0	2.0	1.8	2.0	1.9	2.0	1.8	1.9	1.9	1,708
N	399	276	154	224	299	201	104	51	1,708	
Sead - Pigs	1.6	1.7	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.8	1.5	1.5	1.6	1,675
N	377	292	137	236	308	188	95	42	1,675	
Lambad ja kitsed - Sheep and goats	3.5	3.7	3.6	3.5	3.6	3.7	3.8	3.9	3.6	1,531
N	334	261	107	211	296	184	94	44	1,531	
Küülikud - Rabbits	10.0	11.0	12.0	7.6	14.3	11.9	10.4	9.9	11.1	412
N	104	67	38	55	82	43	16	7	412	
Kodulinnud - Poultry	14.3	15.4	13.4	13.9	14.2	13.5	10.7	12.2	13.9	1,592
N	357	251	122	198	282	205	112	65	1,592	
Mesilastarud - Beehives	2.9	2.9	3.0	2.5	3.6	4.0	4.6	4.1	3.4	252
N	46	40	20	22	53	42	17	12	252	
Keskmine veiste arv										
Mean number of cattle										
Sugu - Sex										
Mees - Male	2.0	2.0	1.8	2.0	1.9	2.0	1.8	2.0	1.9	827
Naine -Female	2.0	2.0	1.9	2.0	1.9	1.9	1.8	1.8	1.9	881
Põlisus - Nativity										
Põline - Native origin	2.0	2.0	1.8	2.0	1.9	2.0	1.8	1.9	1.9	1,630
Välispäritolu - Foreign origin	1.9	2.1	2.1	1.7	1.9	1.9	1.0		1.9	78
Haridustase - Educational level										
Kõrgem - Higher		2.3	2.1	1.8	2.0	3.0			2.1	35
Kesk - Secondary		2.0	1.6	2.0	2.0	2.0			1.9	270
Põhiharidus - Basic		2.0	1.9	2.1	1.9	2.5	1.8		2.0	449
Algharidus - Primary	2.0	2.3	1.8	2.1	1.9	1.8	1.8	1.9	1.9	954
Kooseluseis - Partnership status										
Kooselus - In partnership		1.5	1.7	2.0	1.9	2.0	1.9	1.9	1.9	814
Mittekooselus - No partnership	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	1.7	1.8	1.7	1.9	2.0	894
Leibkonnatüüp - Household type										
Lastega - W/children	1.9	2.1	1.7	2.0	1.9	2.4			1.9	844
Vanuritega - W/elderly		2.1	1.8	2.0	1.5	2.0	1.8	1.7	1.8	249
Laste ja vanuritega - W/children and elderly	2.6	2.0	2.6	2.6	2.2	2.4	2.3	2.6	2.4	107
Laste või vanuriteta - WO/children or elderly		1.9	2.0	2.0	2.0	1.9			1.9	508
Elukoht - Residence										
Linn - Urban	1.5	1.4	1.7	1.7	1.2	1.0	1.0		1.4	30
Maa - Rural	2.0	2.0	1.8	2.0	1.9	2.0	1.8	1.9	2.0	1,678
Hõive - Employment										
Töötav - Employed		1.9	1.8	2.1	1.9	2.0	1.8	2.0	1.9	904
Mittetöötav - Not employed	2.0	2.1	2.2	1.7	2.0	1.9	1.8	1.9	2.0	804
Majandussektor - Sector of economy										
Primaar - Primary		1.9	1.8	2.1	1.9	2.0	1.8	2.0	2.0	743
Sekundaar - Secondary		1.5	1.8	1.9	2.0	2.7			1.9	42
Tertsiaar - Tertiary		2.0	1.6	1.9	1.8	1.7	1.0		1.8	119
Mittetöötav	2.0	2.1	2.2	1.7	2.0	1.9	1.8	1.9	2.0	804
Sissetuleku kvintilid - Income quintiles										
I	1.9	1.4	1.6	1.9	1.6	1.8	1.6	1.6	1.7	242
II	1.8	1.9	1.7	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.5	2.0	1.8	227
III	2.0	2.0	1.6	1.9	2.0	2.0	2.1	1.8	1.9	334
IV	2.0	2.1	2.1	2.2	1.9	1.9	1.6	2.3	2.0	357
V	2.2	2.2	1.9	2.1	2.0	2.0	2.2	2.2	2.1	548
Kokku Total	2.0	2.0	1.8	2.0	1.9	2.0	1.8	1.9	1.9	1,708
N	399	276	154	224	299	201	104	51	1,708	

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